A Bill for an Act Relating to Motor Vehicle Safety.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Hawaii:

SECTION 1. Section 287-20, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

"(a) Whenever a driver's license has been suspended or revoked pursuant to part XIV of chapter 286, or upon a conviction of any offense pursuant to law, or in the case of minors, suspended or revoked pursuant to part V of chapter 571, the license shall not at any time thereafter be issued to the person whose license has been suspended or revoked, nor shall the person thereafter operate a motor vehicle, unless and until the person has furnished and thereafter maintains proof of financial responsibility; provided that this section shall not apply to any conviction of a moving violation or any administrative license suspension pursuant to chapter 291A, Nonresident Violator Compact. Whenever by reason of a conviction of, or adjudication under part V of chapter 571 by reason of, any of the offenses listed in this section, under the laws of the State or ordinances of any political subdivision, a court of competent jurisdiction has discretion to revoke or suspend a driver's license but does not revoke or suspend the license, the administrator shall nevertheless after the expiration of thirty days from the date of conviction or adjudication suspend the license and shall keep the same suspended, and the person so convicted or adjudicated shall not thereafter operate a motor vehicle, unless and until the person so convicted or adjudicated furnishes and thereafter maintains proof of financial responsibility. The offenses referred to are:

 Reckless or inattentive driving, driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, driving while under the influence of drugs, and driving while that person's license has been suspended or revoked; and

(2) Conviction or adjudication under part V of chapter 571 by reason of any moving violation offense involving a motor vehicle if the motor vehicle is in any manner involved in an accident in which any person is killed or injured, or in which damage to property results to an apparent extent in excess of \$1,000 and there are reasonable grounds for the administrator to believe that the defendant is at fault[; and

(3) Failure to have an effective no-fault insurance policy]."

SECTION 2. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed. New statutory material is underscored.

SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

(Approved June 21, 1994.)