S.B. NO. 67

JAN 1 5 2025

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO INCLUSIONARY ZONING.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the State is 2 experiencing an affordable housing crisis. The lack of affordable housing is a major barrier to recruiting and 3 4 retaining a skilled workforce, and one of the primary reasons 5 why Hawaii residents are forced to move to more affordable 6 communities in the continental United States. This trend has 7 severely negatively affected local families and communities that 8 are now separated due to residents being driven out of the State 9 to search for more affordable housing options. Furthermore, 10 many newly available housing units are often purchased by 11 wealthy residents of other states or countries, which can leave 12 many local residents "priced out" and can overwhelm the local market with often vacant vacation homes. 13

14 The legislature further finds that inclusionary zoning is a 15 county-level practice that requires a typically small percentage 16 of units in a new housing development to be reserved for 17 individuals earning incomes within a specified range, but the



length of time that the unit is required to be deed-restricted
 as "affordable" is typically limited. Inclusionary zoning
 requirements by counties, therefore, should not apply to housing
 that is offered exclusively for sale or rent in perpetuity to
 certain residents of the State.

Accordingly, to preserve local communities, the purpose of
this Act is to prohibit any law, ordinance, or rule from
imposing an inclusionary zoning requirement on housing offered
exclusively for sale or rent in perpetuity to buyers or renters
who are residents of the State, are owner- or renter-occupants,
and do not own any other real property.

12 SECTION 2. Section 46-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 13 amended to read as follows:

14 "§46-4 County zoning. (a) This section and any 15 ordinance, rule, or regulation adopted in accordance with this 16 section shall apply to lands not contained within the forest 17 reserve boundaries as established on January 31, 1957, or as 18 subsequently amended.

19 Zoning in all counties shall be accomplished within the 20 framework of a long-range, comprehensive general plan prepared 21 or being prepared to guide the overall future development of the



S.B. NO. 67

1 county. Zoning shall be one of the tools available to the 2 county to put the general plan into effect in an orderly manner. 3 Zoning in the counties of Hawaii, Maui, and Kauai means the 4 establishment of districts of [such] a number, shape, and area, and the adoption of regulations for each district to carry out 5 6 the purposes of this section. In establishing or regulating the 7 districts, full consideration shall be given to all available data as to soil classification and physical use capabilities of 8 9 the land to allow and encourage the most beneficial use of the 10 land consonant with good zoning practices. The zoning power 11 granted in this section shall be exercised by ordinance, which 12 may relate to:

13 (1) The areas [within] in which agriculture, forestry,
14 industry, trade, and business may be conducted;
15 (2) The areas in which residential uses may be regulated
16 or prohibited;
17 (3) The areas bordering natural watercourses, channels,
18 and streams, in which trades or industries, filling or

19 dumping, erection of structures, and the location of20 buildings may be prohibited or restricted;



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S.B. NO. 67

1	(4)	The areas in which particular uses may be subjected to
2		special restrictions;
3	(5)	The location of buildings and structures designed for
4		specific uses and designation of uses for which
5		buildings and structures may not be used or altered;
6	(6)	The location, height, bulk, number of stories, and
7		size of buildings and other structures;
8	(7)	The location of roads, schools, and recreation areas;
9	(8)	Building setback lines and future street lines;
10	(9)	The density and distribution of population;
11	(10)	The percentage of a lot that may be occupied, size of
12		yards, courts, and other open spaces;
13	(11)	Minimum and maximum lot sizes;
14	(12)	The time, place, manner, and duration in which uses of
15		land and structures may take place; and
16	(13)	Other regulations the boards or council of any county
17		find necessary and proper to permit and encourage the
18		orderly development of land resources within their
19		jurisdictions.
20	The	council of any county shall prescribe rules,
21	regulatio	ons, and administrative procedures and provide personnel



S.B. NO. 67

it finds necessary to enforce this section and any ordinance
 enacted in accordance with this section. The ordinances may be
 enforced by appropriate fines and penalties, civil or criminal,
 or by court order at the suit of the county or the owner or
 owners of real estate directly affected by the ordinances.

6 Any civil fine or penalty provided by ordinance under this 7 section may be imposed by the district court, or by the zoning 8 agency after an opportunity for a hearing pursuant to 9 chapter 91. The proceeding shall not be a prerequisite for any 10 injunctive relief ordered by the circuit court.

Nothing in this section shall invalidate any zoning
ordinance or regulation adopted by any county or other agency of
government pursuant to the statutes in effect before July 1,
1957.

15 The powers granted in this section shall be liberally 16 construed in favor of the county exercising them, and in a 17 manner that promotes the orderly development of each county or 18 city and county in accordance with a long-range, comprehensive 19 general plan to ensure the greatest benefit for the State as a 20 whole. This section shall not be construed to limit or repeal 21 any powers of any county to achieve these ends through zoning



S.B. NO. 67

and building regulations, except insofar as forest and water
 reserve zones are concerned and as provided in subsections (c),
 (d), (g), and section 46- .

4 Neither this section nor any ordinance enacted pursuant to 5 this section shall prohibit the continued lawful use of any 6 building or premises for any trade, industrial, residential, 7 agricultural, or other purpose for which the building or premises is used at the time this section or the ordinance takes 8 9 effect; provided that a zoning ordinance may provide for 10 elimination of nonconforming uses as the uses are discontinued, 11 or for the amortization or phasing out of nonconforming uses or 12 signs over a reasonable period of time in commercial, 13 industrial, resort, and apartment zoned areas only. In no event 14 shall the amortization or phasing out of nonconforming uses apply to any existing building or premises used for residential 15 16 (single-family or duplex) or agricultural uses; provided that 17 uses that include the furnishing or offering of transient accommodations shall not be considered residential or 18 19 agricultural uses and may be phased out or amortized in any 20 zoning district by county zoning regulations; provided further 21 that a zoning ordinance may provide that transient



S.B. NO. 67

accommodations may be furnished to a transient for a period of
 less than one hundred eighty consecutive days. Nothing in this
 section shall affect or impair the powers and duties of the
 director of transportation as set forth in chapter 262.

For purposes of this subsection, "transient accommodations"
has the same meaning as defined in section 237D-1. "Transient
accommodations" includes uses that require the payment of
transient accommodations taxes.

9 (b) Any final order of a zoning agency established under
10 this section may be appealed to the circuit court of the circuit
11 in which the land in question is found. The appeal shall be in
12 accordance with the Hawaii rules of civil procedure.

13 (c) Except as provided in section 46- , each county may 14 adopt reasonable standards to allow the construction of two 15 single-family dwelling units on any lot where a residential 16 dwelling unit is permitted.

17 (d) Neither this section nor any other law, county 18 ordinance, or rule shall prohibit group living in facilities 19 with eight or fewer residents for purposes or functions that are 20 licensed, certified, registered, or monitored by the State; 21 provided that a resident manager or a resident supervisor and



S.B. NO. 67

1 the resident manager's or resident supervisor's family shall not 2 be included in this resident count. These group living 3 facilities shall meet all applicable county requirements not 4 inconsistent with the intent of this subsection, including but 5 not limited to building height, setback, maximum lot coverage, 6 parking, and floor area requirements.

(e) Neither this section nor any other law, county
ordinance, or rule shall prohibit the use of land for employee
housing and community buildings in plantation community
subdivisions as defined in section 205-4.5(a)(12); in addition,
no zoning ordinance shall provide for the elimination,
amortization, or phasing out of plantation community
subdivisions as a nonconforming use.

(f) Neither this section nor any other law, county
ordinance, or rule shall prohibit the use of land for medical
cannabis production centers or medical cannabis dispensaries
established and licensed pursuant to chapter 329D; provided that
the land is otherwise zoned for agriculture, manufacturing, or
retail purposes.

20 (g) Notwithstanding any other law, county charter, county
21 ordinance, or rule, any administrative authority to accept,



S.B. NO. 67

1 reject, and approve or deny any application for subdivision, 2 consolidation, or resubdivision of a parcel of land that has 3 been fully zoned for residential use within the state urban 4 district designated pursuant to section 205-2 shall be vested 5 with the director of the county agency responsible for land use 6 or a single county officer designated by ordinance; provided 7 that: 8 (1) The parcel of land being subdivided is not located on 9 a site that is: 10 (A) Designated as important agricultural land 11 pursuant to part III of chapter 205; 12 (B) On wetlands, as defined in the United States Fish 13 and Wildlife Service Manual, Part 660 FW2; 14 (C) Within a floodplain as determined by maps adopted 15 by the Federal Emergency Management Agency; 16 A habitat for protected or endangered species; (D) 17 Within a state historic district: (E) 18 (i) Listed on the Hawaii register of historic 19 places or national register of historic 20 places;



1		(ii)	Listed as a historic property on the Hawaii
2			register of historic places or the national
3			register of historic places; or
4		(iii)	During the period after a nomination for
5			listing on the Hawaii register of historic
6			places or national register of historic
7			places is submitted to the department of
8			land and natural resource's state historic
9			preservation division and before the Hawaii
10			historic places review board has rendered a
11			decision; or
12		(F) With	in lava zone 1 or lava zone 2, as designated
13		by t	he United States Geological Survey;
14	(2)	Any appro	val under this subsection shall be consistent
15		with all	county zoning, development standards, and
16		requirement	nts pursuant to part II of chapter 205A; and
17	(3)	This subs	ection shall not apply to county powers
18		within sp	ecial management areas delineated pursuant to
19		part II o	f chapter 205A.
20	Neit	her this s	ubsection, any permit issued in accordance
21	with this	subsection	n, [or structures] <u>nor any structure</u>



S.B. NO. 67

1	developed pursuant to this subsection shall create any vested				
2	rights for any applicant, permit holder, or land owner.				
3	(h) Neither this section nor any other law, county				
4	ordinance, or rule shall impose an inclusionary zoning				
5	requirement on housing offered exclusively for sale or rent in				
6	perpetuity to buyers or renters who:				
7	(1) Are residents of the State;				
8	(2) Are owner-occupants or renters; and				
9	(3) Do not own any other real property.				
10	As used in this subsection, "inclusionary zoning				
11	requirement" means any requirement to set aside a fraction of a				
12	housing development to be sold or rented at below market				
13	prices."				
14	SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that				
15	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were				
16	begun before its effective date.				
17	SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed				
18	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.				



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1 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY:



Report Title:

Housing; Development; Counties; Inclusionary Zoning; Exemption

Description:

Prohibits any law, ordinance, or rule from imposing an inclusionary zoning requirement on housing offered exclusively for sale or rent in perpetuity to buyers or renters who are residents of the State, are owner-occupants or renters, and do not own any other real property.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

