JAN 1 5 2025

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO WORKERS' COMPENSATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that certain adjustments
2	to Hawai'i's workers' compensation law are necessary to better
3	address issues pertaining to the compensation process, including
4	delays, denial of claims, and required notices. The legislature
5	also finds that California's workers' compensation laws offer
6	guidance and have been identified by some Hawai'i practitioners
7	as a useful model.
8	The purpose of this Act is to incorporate certain aspects
9	of California's workers' compensation laws into the State's
10	workers' compensation law, including:
11	(1) Establishing notice requirements for employers;
12	(2) Requiring employers who deny the compensability of an
13	employee's injury to submit a written report
14	supporting the denial to the director of labor and
15	industrial relations within a specific period;
16	(3) Requiring employers to furnish to the injured employee
17	up to \$10,000 for medical care, services, and supplies

1		for the period immediately following the injury and so
2		long as reasonably needed or until the employer files
3		a written report with the director of labor and
4		industrial relations denying the compensability of the
5		injury, whichever is earlier; and
6	(4)	Clarifying that failure to give an employer notice of
7		an employee's injury does not bar a claim for
8		compensation if any person having authority in the
9		interest of the employer had knowledge of the injury.
10	SECT	ION 2. Chapter 386, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended b	y adding four new sections to be appropriately
12	designate	d and to read as follows:
13	" <u>§38</u>	6- Income and indemnity benefits; temporary
14	disabilit	y; notice by employer. (a) Initial notice of
15	temporary	total or partial disability benefits payment. Except
16	where the	employer denies or otherwise controverts an injured
17	employee'	s right to compensation under this chapter in the
18	employer'	s initial report of industrial injury filed with the
19	director,	the employer shall, no later than ten days after the
20	employer (obtains knowledge of the employee's injury and
21	disabilit	y, provide the injured employee with written notice

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S.B. NO. 402

2 benefits due to the employee, the method by which the amount was calculated, and the duration and schedule of benefit payments. 3 4 (b) Notice of delay in temporary total or partial disability benefits payments. If the employer cannot determine 5 6 the employee's right to any period of temporary total or partial 7 disability benefits within ten days after the employer obtains 8 knowledge of the employee's injury and disability, the employer 9 shall, within the ten-day period, provide the injured employee with written notice informing the employee of the delay; the 10 reasons for the delay; the need, if any, for additional 11 information required to make a determination; and when a 12 13 determination is likely to be made. If the employer cannot make a determination by the date 14 specified in the notice, the employer shall send a subsequent 15 notice to the employee no later than the determination date 16 specified in the previous notice, notifying the employee of the 17

revised date by which the employer expects the determination to

be made. Any notices sent after the initial notice shall comply

with all requirements for the initial notice.

stating the amount of temporary total or partial disability

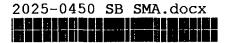
1	<u>If t</u>	he re	eason for the delay is related to a medical issue
2	and the e	mploy	ver is requesting or has requested the director to
3	issue an	order	requiring the employee to submit to a medical
4	examinati	on pu	rsuant to section 386-79, the delay notice shall
5	include o	ne of	the following statements:
6	<u>(1)</u>	If t	the employee has already submitted to a medical
7		exam	ination pursuant to section 386-79, the notice
8		shal	1 state that:
9		<u>(A)</u>	The employee may be asked to return to the
10			physician or surgeon who conducted the
11			examination for a new examination; or
12		<u>(B)</u>	The employee shall contact the employer to
13			arrange for the employee to return to the
14			physician or surgeon who conducted the
15			examination for a new examination, if possible;
16			<u>or</u>
17	(2)	If t	he employee has not yet submitted to a medical
18		exam	ination pursuant to section 386-79, the notice
19		shal	l state that if the employee disagrees with the
20		resu	lts of the examination, the employee shall, no
21		late	r than thirty days after the employee's receipt or

1	the medical examination report, contact the employer
2	to obtain a form prescribed by the director to request
3	the director to appoint a duly qualified, impartial
4	physician to examine the employee pursuant to section
5	386-80.
6	(c) Notice of denial of temporary total or partial
7	disability benefits payment. If the employer denies or
8	otherwise controverts liability for the payment of any temporary
9	total or partial disability benefits for any period for which an
10	employee claims indemnity for temporary total or partial
11	disability, the employer shall, no later than thirty days after
12	the filing of the employer's initial report of industrial
13	injury, provide the employee and the director with a written
14	notice of the employer's denial of liability and the reasons for
15	the denial; provided that, if the employer's denial is based on
16	a medical report, the notice shall be provided no later than
17	thirty days after the employer's receipt of the report,
18	accompanied by a copy of the report, except for psychiatric
19	reports that the psychiatrist has recommended not be provided to
20	the employee.

1	<u>If t</u>	he employer's denial of liability is related to a
2	medical i	ssue, the notice shall include one of the following
3	statement	<u>s:</u>
4	<u>(1)</u>	If the denial is based on a medical examination
5		conducted pursuant to section 386-79 or 386-80, the
6		notice shall state that if the employee disputes the
7		results of the examination, the employee may:
8		(A) File a claim for workers' compensation benefits
9		using a form prescribed by the director; or
10		(B) Contact the employer to arrange for the employee
11		to return to the physician or surgeon who
12		conducted the examination for a new examination
13		if possible;
14	(2)	If the denial is based on the treating physician's
15		evaluation of the employee's temporary total or
16		partial disability status and the employer agrees with
17		the treating physician's findings, the notice shall
18		state that if the employee disagrees with the results
19		of the evaluation, the employee shall, no later than
20		thirty days after the employee's receipt of the
21		evaluation report, contact the employer to obtain a

1		form prescribed by the director to request the
2		director for an appointment of a duly qualified,
3		impartial physician to examine the injured employee
4		pursuant to section 386-80; or
5	(3)	If the denial is based on the treating physician's
6		evaluation of the employee's temporary total or
7		partial disability status and the employer disagrees
8		with the treating physician's findings, the notice
9		shall state that the employer disputes the result of
10		the evaluation and if the employee disagrees with the
11		results of the evaluation, the employee shall, no
12		later than thirty days after the employee's receipt of
13		the evaluation report, contact the employer to obtain
14		a form prescribed by the director to request the
15		director to appoint a duly qualified, impartial
16		physician to examine the injured employee pursuant to
17		section 386-80.
18	(d)	Notice of changes to temporary total or partial
19	disabilit	y benefit rate, payment amount, or payment schedule.
20	Upon any	changes to the benefit rate, payment amount, or payment
21	schedule	for temporary total or partial disability benefits,

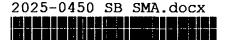
- 1 before or at the same time as the new payment, the employer
- 2 shall provide written notice to the employee stating the new
- 3 benefit rate, new payment amount, and new payment schedule, as
- 4 applicable, and the reason for the change.
- 5 (e) Notice of intent to terminate temporary total or
- 6 partial disability benefits payment. When the employer is of
- 7 the opinion that the payment of temporary total or partial
- 8 disability benefits should be terminated, the employer shall, in
- 9 accordance with section 386-31(b), provide written notice to the
- 10 employee and the director of the employer's intent to terminate
- 11 the benefits.
- 12 (f) Notice of resumed temporary total or partial
- 13 disability benefits payment. If the payment of temporary total
- 14 or partial disability benefits is resumed after the termination
- 15 of any disability benefits, the employer shall, no later than
- 16 ten days after the employer obtains knowledge of the employee's
- 17 entitlement to additional benefits, provide written notice to
- 18 the injured employee advising the employee of the amount of
- 19 temporary total or partial disability benefits due to the
- 20 employee, the method by which the amount was calculated, and the
- 21 duration and schedule of benefit payments.



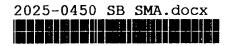
1	<u>§386</u>	Income and indemnity benefits; permanent
2	disabilit	y; notice by employer. (a) Notice of monitoring until
3	medical s	tabilization. If the employee's injury has resulted or
4	may resul	t in permanent total or partial disability but the
5	employee'	s medical condition is not stabilized, the employer
6	shall, wi	th the final payment of temporary total or partial
7	disabilit	y benefits, provide the employee with a written notice
8	stating t	hat:
9	(1)	The employee may be eligible to receive permanent
10		total or partial disability benefits, but the amount
11		cannot be determined because the employee's medical
12		condition has not yet stabilized;
13	(2)	The employee's medical condition will be monitored
14		until the employer obtains information indicating that
15		the employee's medical condition is stabilized, at
16		which time the employer will request the director for
17		a declaration of medical stability pursuant to section
18		386-31(b); and
19	<u>(3)</u>	The estimated date when a determination is likely to
20		be made.

1	If the determination of medical stability is not made by
2	the date specified in the notice, the employer shall send a
3	subsequent notice to the employee no later than the
4	determination date specified in the previous notice, notifying
5	the employee of the revised date by which the employer expects
6	the determination to be made. Any notices sent after the
7	initial notice shall comply with all requirements for the
8	initial notice.
9	(b) Notice of first permanent total or partial disability
10	benefit payment. The employer shall, with the first payment of
11	permanent total or partial disability benefits, provide the
12	injured employee with written notice stating the weekly amount
13	of permanent total or partial disability benefits due to the
14	employee, how the amount was calculated, the duration and
15	schedule of benefit payments, and the employer's reasonable
16	estimate of permanent total or partial disability benefits to be
17	paid.
18	(c) Notice of changes to permanent total or partial
19	disability benefit rate, payment amount, or payment schedule.
20	Upon any changes to the benefit rate, payment amount, or payment
21	schedule for permanent total or partial disability benefits.

- 1 before or at the same time as the new payment, the employer
- 2 shall provide written notice to the employee stating the new
- 3 benefit rate, new payment amount, and new payment schedule, as
- 4 applicable, and the reason for the change.
- 5 (d) Notice to terminate permanent total or partial
- 6 disability benefits payment. When the employer is of the
- 7 opinion that the payment of permanent total or partial
- 8 disability benefits should be terminated because the injured
- 9 employee is able to resume work, the employer shall provide
- 10 written notice to the employee and the director of the
- 11 employer's intent to terminate the benefits no later than two
- 12 weeks before the date when the final payment is to be made;
- 13 provided that if the decision to terminate payment of benefits
- 14 was made after the final payment, the employer shall send the
- 15 notice no later than ten days after the final payment. The
- 16 notice shall state the reason for stopping payment; make an
- 17 accounting of all benefits paid to or on behalf of the employee,
- 18 including the dates and amounts paid and any related penalties;
- 19 and inform the employee that the employee may file a written
- 20 request with the director for a hearing if the employee
- 21 disagrees with the employer.



1	If the en	ployer's determination to terminate payment is
2	based on a med	dical report, a copy of the medical report shall be
3	provided with	the notice, except for psychiatric reports that
4	the psychiatri	st has recommended not be provided to the
5	employee.	
6	If the en	ployer's determination to terminate payment is
7	related to a m	medical issue, the notice shall include one of the
8	following stat	cements:
9	<u>(1)</u> <u>If t</u>	the termination is based on a medical examination
10	cond	ducted pursuant to section 386-79 or 386-80, the
11	<u>noti</u>	ce shall state that, if the employee disputes the
12	resu	alts of the examination, the employee may:
13	<u>(A)</u>	File a written request with the director for a
14		hearing using a form prescribed by the director;
15		<u>or</u>
16	<u>(B)</u>	Contact the employer to arrange for the employee
17		to return to the physician or surgeon who
18		conducted the examination for a new examination
19		if possible; or
20	(2) If t	the termination is based on the treating
21	phys	cician's evaluation of the employee's permanent



1	total or partial disability status, the notice shall
2	state that, if the employee disagrees with the results
3	of the evaluation, the employee shall, no later than
4	thirty days after the employee's receipt of the
5	evaluation report, contact the employer to obtain a
6	form prescribed by the director to request the
7	director for an appointment of a duly qualified
8	impartial physician to examine the injured employee
9	pursuant to section 386-80.
10	(e) Notice of resumed permanent total or partial
11	disability benefit payments. If the payment of permanent total
12	or partial disability benefits is resumed after the termination
13	of any disability benefits, the employer shall, no later than
14	ten days after the employer obtains knowledge of the employee's
15	right to additional benefits, provide the injured employee with
16	written notice stating the amount of permanent total or partial
17	disability benefit due to the employee, the method by which the
18	amount was calculated, and the duration and schedule of benefit
19	payments.
20	§386- Income and indemnity benefits; death; notice by
21	employer. (a) Where a work injury for which compensation is



- 1 payable under this chapter causes death of an employee or where
- 2 an employee who is entitled to weekly permanent total or partial
- 3 disability benefits dies from any cause other than the
- 4 compensable work injury, the employer shall provide written
- 5 notice to the employee's dependents regarding the status of any
- 6 benefits to which the dependents may be entitled or have claimed
- 7 as a result of the employee's death, including funeral and
- 8 burial allowance pursuant to section 386-41(a). The employer
- 9 shall send to each dependent a copy of all notices concerning
- 10 benefits claimed by, or which may be payable to, the dependent,
- 11 including notices sent to other dependents if the benefit amount
- 12 payable to the different dependent affects payments made to
- 13 other dependents. If the employer discovers a new dependent
- 14 after having sent a notice, the employer shall send to that
- 15 dependent copies of each prior notice concerning benefits to
- 16 which the newly-discovered dependent may be entitled.
- (b) Notice of death benefits. If the employer pays death
- 18 benefits, the employer shall, no later than ten days after the
- 19 employer obtains knowledge of the employee's death and the
- 20 identity and address of dependents affected by the death,
- 21 provide written notice to each affected dependent stating the



- 1 amount of death benefits due to the dependent, the method by
- 2 which the amount was calculated, the duration and schedule of
- 3 benefit payments, and any other information as deemed
- 4 appropriate by the director.
- 5 (c) Notice of delay in determining death benefits. If the
- 6 employer cannot determine the right of dependents to some or all
- 7 death benefits no later than ten days after the employer obtains
- 8 knowledge of the employee's death, the identity and address of
- 9 dependents affected by the death, and the nature of the benefit
- 10 claimed or which might be due, the employer shall, within the
- 11 ten-day period, provide written notice informing each affected
- 12 dependent of any delay; the reasons for the delay; the need, if
- any, for additional information required to make a
- 14 determination; and when a determination is likely to be made.
- 15 If the employer cannot make a determination by the date the
- 16 employer specified in the initial notice, the employer shall, no
- 17 later than the determination date specified in the previous
- 18 notice, notify the affected dependents in writing of the revised
- 19 date by which the employer expects the determination to be made.
- 20 Any notices sent after the initial delay notice shall include

- 1 the dependents' remedies and comply with all requirements for
- 2 the initial notice.
- 3 (d) Notice of denial of death benefits payment. If the
- 4 employer denies or otherwise controverts liability for the
- 5 payment of any or all death benefits, the employer shall, no
- 6 later than ten days after the determination to deny liability
- 7 was made, provide each affected dependent with written notice
- 8 informing the dependent of the denial; the reasons for the
- 9 denial; and that if the dependent disagrees with the employer,
- 10 the dependent may file a written request with the director for a
- 11 hearing.
- 12 (e) Notice of changes to death benefit rate, payment
- 13 amount, or payment schedule. Upon any changes to the benefit
- 14 rate, payment amount, or payment schedule for death benefits,
- 15 the employer shall provide written notice to each affected
- 16 dependent stating the new benefit rate, new payment amount, and
- 17 new payment schedule, as applicable, and the reason for the
- 18 change. The notice may be sent before or with the changed
- 19 payment, but no later than ten days after the payment of
- 20 benefits made immediately before the change.

1	(f) Notice to terminate death benefits payment. When the
2	employer is of the opinion that the payment of death benefits
3	should be terminated for a dependent, the employer shall, no
4	later than ten days before the date when the final payment is to
5	be made, notify the affected dependent and the director in
6	writing of the employer's intent to terminate the benefits;
7	provided that if the decision to terminate payment of benefits
8	was made after the final payment, the employer shall send the
9	notice no later than ten days after the final payment. The
10	notice shall state the reason for stopping payment; make an
11	accounting of all benefits paid to or on behalf of the
12	dependent, including the dates and amounts paid and any related
13	penalties; and state that if the dependent disagrees with the
14	employer, the dependent may file a written request with the
15	director for a hearing.
16	§386- Provisions common to benefits for disability;
17	notice by employer. (a) Notice of delay in determining all
18	liability. If the employer cannot determine whether the
19	employer has any liability for an injury other than an injury
20	causing death, the employer shall, no later than ten days after
21	the employer obtains knowledge of injury, provide the injured

2	delay; the reasons for the delay; the need, if any, for
3	additional information required to make a determination; and
4	when a determination is likely to be made.
5	If the employer cannot make a determination by the date the
6	employer specified in the notice, or if the reason for the delay
7	has changed, the employer shall send a subsequent notice to the
8	employee as soon as reasonably practical but in no event later
9	than the determination date specified in the previous notice,
10	stating the reason for the additional delay and revised date
11	when the employer expects the determination to be made. Any
12	notices sent after the initial notice shall comply with all
13	requirements for the initial notice.
14	Any notice that is provided to the injured employee with a
15	copy of the employer's report of industrial injury sent to the
16	employee in compliance with section 386-95, shall include an
17	explanation that:
18	(1) Any employer who denies or otherwise controverts the
19	compensability of an injury shall submit a written
20	report to the director supporting the denial no later
21	than thirty days after the date on which the employer

employee with written notice informing the employee of the

1		filed the employer's initial report of industrial
2		injury; provided that the director may, upon showing
3		of good cause in writing, extend the submittal period;
4	(2)	The employer's failure to submit the written report
5		within the required period shall be deemed as the
6		employer's acceptance of compensability, which
7		establishes a presumption that the injury is
8		compensable, which may be rebutted only by evidence
9		discovered after the expiration of the period to file
10		the written report; and
11	<u>(3)</u>	Section 386-21.1 requires an employer to furnish the
12		employee with all medical care, services, and supplies
13		as the nature of the injury requires, immediately
14		after a work injury is sustained by the employee and
15		so long as reasonably needed, or until the employer
16		files a written report with the director denying or
17		otherwise controverting the compensability of the
18		injury, whichever is earlier, up to \$10,000.
19	If th	ne reason for the delay is related to a medical issue
20	and the en	mployer is requesting or has requested a medical
21	examinatio	on of the injured employee conducted by a duly

1	qualified physician, the notice shall be accompanied by the form
2	prescribed by the director to request the director to appoint a
3	duly qualified, impartial physician to examine the injured
4	employee pursuant to section 386-80; and include the following
5	statement printed in no smaller than ten point in size with the
6	phrase "TEN DAYS" in a bold typeface print:
7	Enclosed is a form that you must submit to the
8	Disability Compensation Division of the
9	Department of Labor and Industrial Relations
10	within TEN DAYS to request the Director of
11	Labor and Industrial Relations to appoint a
12	duly qualified impartial physician to conduct
13	your medical examination. If you do not
14	submit the form within TEN DAYS, we will have
15	the right to request the Director of Labor and
16	Industrial Relations to order you to submit to
17	a medical examination conducted by a duly
18	qualified physician or surgeon designated and
19	paid by us. In addition, within TEN DAYS after
20	the Director of Labor and Industrial Relations

appoints a duly qualified, impartial

21 .

1	physician, you must make an appointment with
2	that physician for an examination and inform
3	us of your appointment date and time. If you
4	do not inform us of your appointment, we will
5	make an appointment on your behalf.
6	(b) Notice accompanying the form to request the director
7	for appointment of a duly qualified, impartial physician. An
8	employee may object to a medical determination made by a
9	treating physician by requesting the employer for a form
10	prescribed by the director to request the director to appoint a
11	duly qualified, impartial physician to examine the injured
12	employee. Upon receiving a request from an employee, the
13	employer shall, no later than ten days after the request,
14	acknowledge receipt of the employee's objection and provide the
15	employee with a copy of the form with a written notice including
16	the following statements printed in no smaller than ten point in
17	size with the phrase "TEN DAYS" in a bold typeface print:
. 18	If you wish to receive a medical examination
19	conducted by a duly qualified, impartial
20	physician, enclosed is a form that you must
21	submit to the Disability Compensation Division

1		or the bepartment of habor and industrial
2		Relations within TEN DAYS to request the
3		Director of Labor and Industrial Relations to
4		appoint a duly qualified impartial physician
5		to conduct your medical examination. If you
6		do not submit the form within TEN DAYS, we
7		will have the right to request the Director of
8		Labor and Industrial Relations to order you to
9		submit to a medical examination conducted by
10		a duly qualified physician or surgeon
11		designated and paid by us. In addition,
12		within TEN DAYS after the Director of Labor
13		and Industrial Relations appoints a duly
14		qualified, impartial physician, you must make
15		an appointment with that physician for an
16		examination and inform us of your appointment
17		date and time. If you do not inform us of
18		your appointment, we will make an appointment
19		on your behalf.
20	<u>(c)</u>	Notice denying liability for all compensation
21	benefits.	If the employer denies liability for the payment

of

1	all workers' compensation benefits for any claim except a claim
2	for death benefits, including claims limited to the furnishing
3	of medical care, services, and supplies, the employer shall, no
4	later than ten days after the denial determination was made,
5	provide written notice informing the employee of the denial and
6	the reasons for the denial.
7	If the employer's denial of liability is based on a medical
8	report, a copy of the medical report shall be provided with the
9	notice, except for psychiatric reports that the psychiatrist has
10	recommended not be provided to the employee.
11	If the employer's denial of liability is related to a
12	medical issue, the notice shall include one of the following
13	statements:
14	(1) If the denial is based on a medical examination
15	conducted pursuant to section 386-79 or 386-80, the
16	notice shall state that, if the employee disputes the
17	results of the examination, the employee may:
18	(A) File an employee's claim for workers'
19	compensation benefits using a form prescribed by
20	the director; or

1		(B) Contact the employer to arrange for the employee
2		to return to the physician or surgeon who
3		conducted the examination for a new examination
4		if possible; or
5	(2)	If the employee has not submitted to a medical
6		examination pursuant to section 386-79, the notice
7		shall be accompanied by a form prescribed by the
8		director to request the director to appoint a duly
9		qualified, impartial physician to examine the employee
10		pursuant to section 386-80, and include the following
11		statement printed in no smaller than ten point in size
12		with the phrase "TEN DAYS" in a bold typeface print:
13		If you disagree with the decision to deny
14		your claim and wish to receive a medical
15		examination conducted by a duly qualified
16		impartial physician, enclosed is a form
17		that you must submit to the Disability
18		Compensation Division of the Department
19		of Labor and Industrial Relations within
20		TEN DAYS to request the Director of Labor
21		and Industrial Relations to appoint a

1		duly qualified, impartial physician to
2		conduct your medical examination. If you
3		do not submit the form within TEN DAYS,
4		we will have the right to request the
5		Director of Labor and Industrial
6		Relations to order you to submit to a
7		medical examination conducted by a duly
8		qualified physician or surgeon
9		designated and paid by us. In addition,
10		within TEN DAYS after the Director of
11		Labor and Industrial Relations appoints
12		a duly qualified, impartial physician,
13		you must make an appointment with that
14		physician for an examination and inform
15		us of your appointment date and time. If
16		you do not inform us of your appointment,
17		we will make an appointment on your
18		behalf.
19	A copy of	the notice denying liability for all compensation
20	benefits shall	be sent to all lien claimants; all claimants for
21	costs; and all	persons authorized by the employer to furnish

1 benefits, goods, or services for which a lien or claim for costs may be approved by the director or, if appealed, by the appeals 2 3 board or court deciding the appeal." 4 SECTION 3. Section 386-21.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 5 amended to read as follows: 6 "[+]\$386-21.1[+] Medical care, services, and supplies for 7 controverted claims[-]; notice; limitations. [In the event of a 8 controverted claim, the injured employee's private health care 9 plan shall pay for or provide medical care, services, and 10 supplies in accordance with the private health care contract. 11 When the claim is accepted or determined to be compensable, the 12 employer shall reimburse the private health care plan and the 13 injured employee in amounts as authorized by this chapter and 14 rules adopted by the director.] (a) Immediately after a work 15 injury sustained by an employee and so long as reasonably needed 16 or until the employer files a written report with the director 17 pursuant to section 386-95(c) denying or otherwise controverting 18 the compensability of the injury, whichever is earlier, the 19 employer shall furnish to the employee all medical care, 20 services, and supplies as the nature of the injury requires; 21 provided that the amount of the employer's liability for the

- 1 medical care, services, and supplies under this section shall be
- 2 limited to \$10,000. The liability for the medical care,
- 3 services, and supplies shall be subject to the deductible under
- 4 section 386-100.
- 5 (b) An employer, upon obtaining knowledge of an employee's
- 6 injury, shall provide the employee with a written instruction to
- 7 submit all bills for medical care, services, and supplies
- 8 provided between the date the employee was injured and the date
- 9 the employer submitted a written report to the director pursuant
- 10 to section 386-95(c) denying or otherwise controverting the
- 11 employer's liability, unless the employee has done so already.
- 12 The employer shall also inform the employee that the maximum
- 13 payment for medical care, services, and supplies that were
- 14 provided in compliance with the requirements of this chapter is
- **15** \$10,000.
- 16 (c) The furnishing of medical care, services, and supplies
- 17 under subsection (a) shall not give rise to a presumption of
- 18 liability on the part of the employer."
- 19 SECTION 4. Section 386-31, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 20 amended to read as follows:

1 "§386-31 Total disability. (a) Permanent total 2 disability. Where a work injury causes permanent total disability, the employer shall pay the injured employee a weekly 3 benefit equal to sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the 4 employee's average weekly wages, subject to the following 5 6 limitation: Beginning January 1, 1975, and during each succeeding 7 twelve-month period thereafter, not more than the state average 8 weekly wage last determined by the director, rounded to the 9 nearest dollar, nor less than \$38 or twenty-five per cent of the 10 foregoing maximum amount, rounded to the nearest dollar, 11 whichever is higher. 12 In the case of the following injuries, the disability 13 caused thereby shall be deemed permanent and total: 14 The permanent and total loss of sight in both eyes; 15 (1) The loss of both feet at or before the ankle; 16 (2) The loss of both hands at or above the wrist; 17 (3) The loss of one hand and one foot; 18 (4)An injury to the spine resulting in permanent and 19 (5) 20 complete paralysis of both legs or both arms or one 21 leg and one arm; and

1 An injury to the skull resulting in incurable (6) 2 imbecility or insanity. 3 In all other cases the permanency and totality of the 4 disability shall be determined on the facts. No adjudication of 5 permanent total disability shall be made until after [two weeks] 6 ten days from the date of the injury. 7 Temporary total disability. Where a work injury (b) causes total disability not determined to be permanent in 8 9 character, the employer, for the duration of the disability, but not including the first three calendar days thereof, shall pay 10 11 the injured employee a weekly benefit at the rate of sixty-six and two-thirds per cent of the employee's average weekly wages, 12 subject to the limitations on weekly benefit rates prescribed in 13 subsection (a), or if the employee's average weekly wages are 14 15 less than the minimum weekly benefit rate prescribed in subsection (a), at the rate of one hundred per cent of the 16 17 employee's average weekly wages. If an employee is unable to complete a regular daily work 18 19 shift due to a work injury, the employee shall be deemed totally

disabled for work for that day.

20

1 The employer shall pay temporary total disability benefits 2 promptly as they accrue to the person entitled thereto without 3 waiting for a decision from the director, unless this right is 4 controverted by the employer in the employer's initial report of 5 industrial injury. The first payment of benefits shall become 6 due and shall be paid no later than on the tenth day after the 7 employer has been notified of the occurrence of the total 8 disability, and thereafter the benefits due shall be paid weekly 9 except as otherwise authorized pursuant to section 386-53. 10 The payment of these benefits shall only be terminated upon 11 order of the director or if the employee is able to resume work. 12 When the employer is of the opinion that the payment of 13 temporary total disability benefits should be terminated because 14 the injured employee is able to resume work, the employer shall 15 notify the employee and the director in writing of [an] the 16 employer's intent to terminate the benefits [at least two weeks 17 prior to no later than ten days before the date when the [last] final payment is to be made [-]; provided that if the decision to 18 19 terminate payment of benefits was made after the final payment, 20 the employer shall send the notice no later than ten days after the final payment. The notice shall [give] state the reason for 21

1	stopping payment; make an accounting of all benefits paid to or
2	on behalf of the employee, including the dates and amounts paid
3	and any related penalties; and [shall] inform the employee that
4	the employee may [make] file a written request [te] with the
5	director for a hearing if the employee disagrees with the
6	employer.
7	If the employer's determination to terminate payment is
8	based on a medical report, a copy of the medical report shall be
9	provided with the notice, except for psychiatric reports that
10	the psychiatrist has recommended not be provided to the
11	employee.
12	If the employer's determination to terminate payment is
13	related to a medical issue, the notice shall include one of the
14	following statements:
15	(1) If the termination is based on a medical examination
16	conducted pursuant to section 386-79 or 386-80, the
17	notice shall state that, if the employee disputes the
18	results of the examination, the employee may:
19	(A) File a written request with the director for a
20	hearing using a form prescribed by the director;
21	<u>or</u>



1		(B) Contact the employer to arrange for the employee
2		to return to the physician or surgeon who
3		conducted the examination for a new examination
4		if possible; or
5	(2)	If the termination is based on the treating
6		physician's evaluation of the employee's temporary
7		disability status, the notice shall state that if the
8		employee disagrees with the results of the evaluation,
9		the employee shall, no later than thirty days after
10		the employee's receipt of the evaluation report,
11		contact the employer to obtain a form prescribed by
12		the director to request the director for an
13		appointment of a duly qualified, impartial physician
14		to examine the injured employee pursuant to section
15		386-80.
16	Upon	receipt of the request for a hearing from the
17	employee,	the director shall conduct a hearing as expeditiously
18	as possib	le and render a prompt decision as specified in section
19	386-86.	If the employee is unable to perform light work, if
20	offered,	temporary total disability benefits shall not be

- 1 discontinued based solely on the inability to perform or
- 2 continue to perform light work.
- 3 [An employer or insurance carrier who fails to comply with
- 4 this section shall pay not more than \$5,000 into the special
- 5 compensation fund upon the order of the director, in addition to
- 6 other penalties prescribed in section 386 92.
- 7 (1) (c) The employer, upon obtaining information
- 8 indicating that the injured employee's medical condition may be
- 9 stabilized, shall file a written request to the director for a
- 10 declaration of medical stability. If the director determines,
- 11 based upon a review of medical records and reports and other
- 12 relevant documentary evidence, that an injured employee's
- 13 medical condition may be stabilized and the employee is unable
- 14 to return to the employee's regular job, the director shall
- 15 issue a preliminary decision regarding the employee's
- 16 entitlement and limitation to benefits and rights under Hawaii's
- 17 workers' compensation laws. The preliminary decision shall be
- 18 sent to the affected employee [and], the employee's designated
- 19 representative [and], the employer, and the employer's
- 20 designated representative, and shall state that any party
- 21 disagreeing with the director's preliminary findings of medical



stabilization and work limitations may request a hearing 1 2 [within] no later than twenty days [ef] after the date of the decision. [The] During the twenty-day period, the director 3 shall be available to answer any questions [during the twenty-4 day period from the injured employee and affected employer. If 5 6 neither party requests a hearing challenging the director's finding, the determination shall be deemed accepted and binding 7 upon the parties. In any case where a hearing is held on the 8 9 preliminary findings, any person aggrieved by the director's decision and order may appeal under section 386-87. 10 11 A preliminary decision of the director shall inform the injured employee and the employer of the following 12 responsibilities, benefits, and limitations on vocational 13 rehabilitation benefits that are designed to facilitate the 14 injured employee's early return to suitable gainful employment: 15 [(A)] (1) That the injured employee may invoke the employee's 16 rights under section 378-2, 378-32, or 386-142, or all 17 of them, in the event of unlawful discrimination or 18 other unlawful employment practice by the employer; 19 20 and

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     [<del>(B)</del>] (2) That after termination of temporary total disability
 2
               benefits, an injured employee who resumes work may be
 3
               entitled to permanent partial disability benefits,
 4
               which if awarded, shall be paid regardless of the
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               earnings or employment status of the disabled employee
 6
               at the time.
 7
          [\frac{(2)}{2}] If the rehabilitation unit determines that an
 8
    injured employee is not a feasible candidate for rehabilitation
 9
    and that the employee is unable to resume the employee's regular
10
    job, it shall promptly certify the same to the director.
11
    thereafter, the director shall conduct a hearing to determine
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    whether the injured employee remains temporarily totally
13
    disabled, or whether the employee is permanently partially
14
    disabled, or permanently totally disabled.
15
         (d) An employer or insurance carrier who fails to comply
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    with this section shall pay not more than $5,000 into the
17
    special compensation fund upon the order of the director, in
    addition to other penalties prescribed in section 386-92."
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19
         SECTION 5. Section 386-81, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
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    amended to read as follows:
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1	"\$386-81 Notice of injury; waiver. (a) No proceedings
2	for compensation under this chapter shall be maintained unless
3	written notice of the injury claimed to have caused the
4	disability or death of the employee has been given to the
5	employer as soon as practicable after the [happening thereof.]
6	occurrence of the injury. The notice may be given by the
7	injured employee or by some other person on the employee's
8	behalf.
9	(b) Failure to give [such] notice pursuant to subsection
10	(a) shall not bar a claim under this chapter if [+]:[+]
11	(1) The employer [ex], the injured employee's supervisor,
12	the employer's agent in charge of the work in the
13	place where the injury was sustained, or any other
14	person having authority in the interest of the
15	employer, had knowledge of the injury[$\dot{\tau}$] or knowledge
16	of the assertion of a claim of injury sufficient to
17	afford the employer an opportunity to investigate the
18	<pre>matter;</pre>
19	(2) Medical, surgical, or hospital service and supplies
20	have been furnished to the injured employee by the
21	employer; or

ı	(3) For some satisfactory reason the notice could not be
2	given and the employer has not been prejudiced by
3	[such] the failure.
4	(c) Unless the employer is prejudiced thereby, notice of
5	injury pursuant to subsection (a) shall be deemed to have been
6	waived by the employer if objection to the failure to give
7	[such] notice is not raised at the first hearing on a claim in
8	respect [of such] to the injury of which the employer is given
9	reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard."
10	SECTION 6. Section 386-95, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended to read as follows:
12	"§386-95 Reports of injuries[7]; other reports[7];
13	penalty. (a) Every employer shall keep a record of all
14	injuries, fatal or otherwise, [received] incurred by the
15	employer's employees in the course of their employment, when
16	known to the employer or brought to the employer's attention.
17	(b) Within seven working days after the employer [has]
18	obtains knowledge of [such] an employee's injury causing absence
19	from work for one day or more or requiring medical treatment
20	beyond ordinary first aid, the employer shall [make a report

1	thereon t	e] file an employer's report of industrial injury with
2	the direc	tor. The report shall [set forth the] include:
3	<u>(1)</u>	The name, address, and nature of the employer's
4		business [and the];
5	<u>(2)</u>	The name, age, sex, wages, and occupation of the
6		injured employee [and-shall-state the];
7	<u>(3)</u>	The date and hour of the accident[7] if the injury [is
8		produced thereby, the] was incurred as a result
9		thereof;
10	(4)	The nature and cause of the injury[, and such other];
11	(5)	Information on insurance, including the name of the
12		insurance carrier, whether liability is denied, and if
13		liability is denied, the reason for the denial; and
14	(6)	Any other information as the director may require.
15	<u>(c)</u>	Any employer who denies or otherwise controverts the
16	compensab	ility of an injury shall submit a written report to the
17	director	supporting the denial no later than thirty days after
18	the date	on which the employer filed the initial employer's
19	report of	industrial injury; provided that the director may,
20	upon show	ing of good cause in writing, extend the filing
21	deadline.	The employer's failure to submit a written report in

- 1 compliance with this subsection shall be deemed as the
- 2 employer's acceptance of compensability and the injury shall be
- 3 presumed compensable. The presumption of compensability
- 4 established pursuant to this subsection may be rebutted only by
- 5 evidence discovered after the expiration of the period to file
- 6 the written report.
- 7 (d) By January 31 of each year, the employer shall file
- 8 with the director a report with respect to each injury on which
- 9 the employer is continuing to pay compensation, showing all
- 10 amounts paid by the employer on account of the injury.
- 11 (e) The reports required by this section shall be made on
- 12 forms to be obtained from the director pursuant to section 386-
- 13 71 and deposit of reports in the United States mail or by
- 14 electronic means as approved by the director, addressed to the
- 15 director, within the time specified shall be deemed in
- 16 compliance with the requirements of this section.
- 17 (f) When an injury results in immediate death, the
- 18 employer shall within forty-eight hours notify personally or by
- 19 telephone a representative of the department in the county where
- 20 the injury occurred.

1	(g) Within thirty days after final payment of compensation
2	for an injury, the employer shall file a final report with the
3	director showing the total payments made, the date of
4	termination of temporary total disability, and [such] other
5	information as the director may require.
6	(h) Any employer who wilfully refuses or neglects to file
7	any of the reports or give any notice required by this section
8	shall be fined by the director not more than \$5,000.
9	(i) Copies of all reports, other than those of fatal
10	injuries, filed with the director as required by this section
11	shall be sent to the injured employee by the employer."
12	SECTION 7. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
13	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
14	begun before its effective date.
15	SECTION 8. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
16	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
17	SECTION 9. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2025.
18	\/ D 40 . /

INTRODUCED BY:

2025-0450 SB SMA.docx

Report Title:

Workers' Compensation; Disability Benefits; Death Benefits; Notice by Employer; Medical Benefits; Knowledge of Injury

Description:

Establishes notice requirements for employers under Hawaii's Workers' Compensation Law. Requires employers who deny the compensability of an employee's injury to submit a written report supporting the denial to the Director of Labor and Industrial Relations within a specified period. Requires employers to furnish to the injured employee up to \$10,000 for medical care, services, and supplies for the period immediately following the injury and so long as reasonably needed or until the employer files a written report with the Director denying the compensability of the injury, whichever is earlier. Clarifies that failure to give an employer notice of an employee's injury does not bar a claim for compensation if any person having authority in the interest of the employer had knowledge of the injury.

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