THE SENATE THIRTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE, 2025 STATE OF HAWAII S.B. NO. 370

JAN 1 5 2025

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO MIDWIVES.

1

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

PART	Ι

2 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Act 32, Session Laws of Hawaii 2019 (Act 32), created a licensure program to regulate 3 4 non-nurse midwives. The intent of the program was to provide 5 the benefits of licensure while also "allow[ing] a woman to 6 choose where and with whom she gives birth." The legislature 7 noted in Act 32 that "mothers and families seek out alternatives 8 to hospital births and they find significant value in community 9 or home birth services." The legislature also found that "these 10 services have been provided by individuals identifying themselves as traditional or cultural practitioners, midwives, 11 12 certified professional midwives, lay midwives, direct entry 13 midwives, birth keepers, or birth attendants." The licensure 14 program established by Act 32, enacted as chapter 457J, Hawaii 15 Revised Statutes (chapter 457J), has run for five years and will 16 sunset on June 30, 2025.

#### SB LRB 25-0268.docx

## S.B. NO. 310

1 Under chapter 457J, only certified midwives and certified 2 professional midwives are eligible for licensure. However, 3 Act 32 noted that "by the end of the three-year period (2022), the legislature intends to enact statutes that will incorporate 4 5 all birth practitioners and allow them to practice to the 6 fullest extent under the law. While significant efforts were 7 made, this goal has not yet been achieved. A temporary exemption for birth attendants other than certified midwives or 8 9 certified professional midwives expired in 2023, and no other 10 exemptions have been implemented.

11 Since the enactment of chapter 457J, more than forty 12 midwives have been licensed, although currently, less than half 13 of these provide full-time midwifery care. Of these forty newly 14 licensed midwives, approximately twenty-two per cent do not 15 currently reside in the State, none are Native Hawaiian, and 16 ninety-seven per cent are not originally from Hawaii. In 2023, 17 midwives attended 1.9 per cent of all births, reflecting a 18 seventy-three per cent increase in the use of midwives. At the 19 same time, since chapter 457J took effect, the number of home 20 births that were unattended or attended by unknown providers 21 have increased by forty-two per cent.

## SB LRB 25-0268.docx

## S.B. NO. 370

The intent of this Act is to continue licensure for 1 2 certified midwives and certified professional midwives, while 3 fulfilling the legislature's original intent to allow all birth practitioners to practice legally. The legislature finds that 4 5 licensure for certified midwives and certified professional midwives is beneficial only if the legislature also creates 6 7 locally accessible pathways to these certifications and clarifies the full scope of practice for certified midwives 8 9 based on national standards.

10 The legislature recognizes that, for many people, decisions 11 about pregnancy and birth are informed by their personal or 12 community history and culture and are experiences of great 13 social, cultural, and spiritual significance. For many people, 14 pregnancy and birth are not primarily medical events. As such, 15 there are a wide range of traditional birth practitioners - for 16 example, pale keiki, lola, and sanba - as well as birth-related 17 service providers like doulas, lactation consultants, birth 18 coaches, and others whose care and advice are important to the 19 well-being of birthing people and their families.

20 The legislature believes that the midwife licensing program
21 established by Act 32 was an important step toward recognizing

## SB LRB 25-0268.docx

## S.B. NO. 370

1 the practice of non-nurse midwifery; however, some changes are 2 still needed. In its review of chapter 457J and its 3 implications, the Hawaii home birth task force's final report 4 reflected unanimous agreement on the need for improved 5 understanding of out-of-hospital births, as well as relationship 6 building. The report also emphasized the need to allow 7 traditional midwives and other birth practitioners to continue 8 to serve their communities. 9 The legislature notes that the implementation of

10 chapter 457J provided valuable insight into the complexity of 11 community birth settings in Hawaii. Some of the urgent needs 12 identified in this process include the following:

13 Safety. Research highlighted by the United States (1) 14 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and in the 15 White House Blueprint for Addressing the Maternal 16 Health Crisis (June 2022) suggests that legal access 17 to culturally responsive care of the birthing person's 18 choosing, including traditional practices of that 19 person's culture, is strongly corelated with increased 20 safety and well-being. Removing barriers to this care 21 is essential. Home birth with either a licensed or

## SB LRB 25-0268.docx

5

1 traditional midwife has been found to be safe, whereas illegality jeopardizes safety. For example, if 2 complications arise during a home birth, effective 3 4 communication during the hospital transport is 5 important. Stigma associated with the illegality of 6 using a chosen birth attendant may cause parents to 7 delay transport or withhold information, impeding 8 communication between providers. Safety is therefore 9 best served by protecting access to all types of 10 birthing assistance.

11 (2)Access to care. There is a severe lack of overall 12 access to maternal health care in Hawaii, which must 13 be considered in the context of environment and 14 culture. Due to extreme provider shortages and 15 limited facilities, many pregnant people on neighbor 16 islands are forced to fly off-island in order to give 17 birth, often with no family or other support. Many 18 pregnant and birthing people have no realistic access 19 to prenatal or postpartum care. In response to this 20 crisis, all three neighbor island counties (Hawaii, 21 Kauai, and Maui) passed resolutions in 2023 urging the

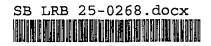


Page 5

legislature to "enact a statute exempting birth attendants from state licensure requirements". Native

3 Hawaiians and other Pacific Islanders have the highest 4 rates of maternal mortality in the United States, 5 according to recent data from the United States 6 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. These statistics have not been associated with 7 8 out-of-hospital births but are strongly correlated 9 with a lack of access to culturally competent care. 10 Access is best served by keeping all care options 11 legally accessible, while long-term comprehensive 12 solutions are developed.

13 (3) Culture. The need for genuine cultural care, as well 14 as for the revitalization of indigenous traditions and 15 self-determination has been highlighted in data and 16 scholarship produced within the last two years. While 17 Act 32 states that "practicing midwifery according to 18 [the law] does not impede one's ability to incorporate 19 or provide cultural practices," the State's courts 20 have found that, in practice, the transmission of 21 constitutionally protected customs was impeded, and it



6

1

emphasized the importance of protecting endangered indigenous traditions that might be lost. The emergence of a new generation of local birth-related practitioners carrying the traditions of a diverse variety of cultures has also been identified as important.

Licensing equality. In the entire United States, 7 (4) 8 there are only two schools for certified midwives 9 accredited by the Accreditation Commission for 10 Midwifery Education and eight schools for certified 11 professional midwives accredited by the Midwifery 12 Education Accreditation Council. None of these 13 schools are located in Hawaii. Limiting certification 14 pathways to those that are prohibitively difficult for 15 residents of Hawaii to pursue displaces Hawaii 16 practitioners and limits patients' access to 17 culturally informed, community-based care. Balancing 18 equities by assuring access to licensure for Hawaii 19 residents is important. 20 The Hawaii Regulatory Licensing Reform Act, codified as

21 chapter 26H, Hawaii Revised Statutes, requires the State to

## SB LRB 25-0268.docx

### S.B. NO. 370

1 regulate professions only "when the health, safety, or welfare 2 of the consumer may be jeopardized by the nature of the service". The analysis must be based on "evidence of abuses by 3 providers of the service" and other actual evidence to determine 4 5 whether regulation is desirable. Chapter 26H also requires that 6 any professional regulations "not unreasonably restrict entry 7 into professions and vocations by all qualified persons." The 8 law notes that "the purpose of regulation shall be the 9 protection of the public welfare and not that of the regulated 10 profession or vocation". The law also requires regulations to be eliminated "when the legislature determines that they have no 11 12 further benefits to consumers".

13 Based on this analysis, the legislature finds that the 14 regulation of certified midwives and certified professional 15 midwives, who utilize prescription drugs, modern 16 instrumentations, and techniques such as intravenous fluid 17 administration, is reasonable and beneficial to consumers; 18 provided that additional pathways are made available for 19 qualified local Hawaii practitioners to achieve licensure. 20 Regulation by the State of the birth practices of traditional 21 and non-clinical practitioners and extended or hanai family

#### SB LRB 25-0268.docx

members is not supported or required by the Hawaii Regulatory
 Licensing Reform Act.

3 The legislature's intent is to allow a person to choose
4 where and with whom they give birth by ensuring the legality of
5 all practices used by any birthing person, while also building
6 comprehensive solutions that address the complexity of community
7 needs and cultural considerations in Hawaii.

8 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to:

9 (1) Provide for the continued licensure of certified
10 midwives and certified professional midwives by the
11 department of commerce and consumer affairs;

12 (2) Identify the scope of practice for a licensed midwife,
13 including the ability to provide independent midwifery
14 services in hospitals, clinics, freestanding birthing
15 facilities, community birthing settings, and the home;

16 (3) Clarify that the services of licensed midwives are
17 eligible for insurance reimbursement;

18 (4) Prohibit persons from identifying as certified
19 midwives or certified professional midwives, unless
20 those persons are appropriately licensed; and

#### SB LRB 25-0268.docx

## S.B. NO. 370

1 Temporarily re-establish the home birth task force to (5) 2 provide additional recommendations on issues related 3 to home births. 4 PART II 5 SECTION 2. Section 26H-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 6 amended to read as follows: 7 "§26H-4 Repeal dates for newly enacted professional and 8 vocational regulatory programs. [(a)] Any professional or vocational regulatory program enacted after January 1, 1994, and 9 10 listed in this section shall be repealed as specified in this 11 section. The auditor shall perform an evaluation of the 12 program, pursuant to section 26H-5, before its repeal date. 13 [<del>(b) Chapter 457J (midwives) shall be repealed on June 30,</del> <del>2025.</del>]" 14 15 SECTION 3. Chapter 457J, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 16 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and 17 to read as follows: 18 "PART . CERTIFIED MIDWIVES AND CERTIFIED PROFESSIONAL 19 MIDWIVES 20 §457J-A Definitions. As used in this part, unless the 21 context otherwise requires:

#### SB LRB 25-0268.docx

## S.B. NO. 370

1 "American Midwifery Certification Board means the national 2 certifying body for certified midwives and certified 3 nurse-midwives. 4 "American College of Nurse-Midwives" means the professional 5 association that represents certified midwives and certified nurse-midwives in the United States. 6 7 "Department" means the department of commerce and consumer 8 affairs. 9 "Director" means the director of commerce and consumer 10 affairs. 11 "Expedited partner therapy" means the clinical practice of 12 treating the sexual partner of a client diagnosed with a 13 sexually transmitted infection by relaying prescriptions or 14 providing medications for the client to take to their partner, 15 without the prescribing healthcare provider first examining the 16 partner.

17 "Legend drug" means a drug required by state law or
18 pharmaceutical regulations to only be dispensed based on a
19 prescription.

20 "Midwife preceptor" means a licensed midwife, licensed
21 maternal health professional, or preceptor registered with a

#### SB LRB 25-0268.docx

S.B. NO. 370

1 school accredited by the Midwifery Education Accreditation 2 Council, who participates in the clinical education of persons 3 who are: Enrolled in a school accredited by the Accreditation 4 (1) 5 Commission for Midwifery Education; 6 (2) Enrolled in a midwifery education program offered by 7 the Midwifery Education Accreditation Council; or 8 (3) Working directly under a midwife preceptor registered 9 with the North American Registry of Midwives to 10 acquire certification through the portfolio evaluation 11 process and by meeting other requirements for 12 certification by the North American Registry of 13 Midwives. 14 "Midwifery" means the independent provision of care 15 consistent with a midwife's training, education, and experience. 16 "Midwifery bridge certificate" means a certificate issued 17 by the North American Registry of Midwives to a certified 18 professional midwife who obtains certification through the 19 portfolio evaluation process, upon the certified professional 20 midwife's completion of at least fifty hours of additional 21 accredited education in specific subjects, as required by the

### SB LRB 25-0268.docx

## S.B. NO. 310

North American Registry of Midwives. The bridge certificate
 demonstrates a blended training pathway of both apprenticeship
 and accredited education.

4 "Midwifery Education Accreditation Council" means the
5 independent, non-profit organization recognized by the United
6 States Department of Education as the accrediting agency of
7 direct-entry midwifery institutions and programs.

8 "North American Registry of Midwives" means the national
9 certifying body for certified professional midwives.

10 "Portfolio evaluation process" is an apprenticeship-model 11 educational process that includes the verification of the 12 applicant's knowledge and skills by a qualified North American 13 Registry of Midwives preceptor. Completion of this process 14 qualifies an applicant to sit for the North American Registry of 15 Midwives written examination.

16 "Practice of midwifery" means midwifery as practiced by a 17 certified midwife and encompasses the independent provision of 18 care during pregnancy, childbirth, and the postpartum period and 19 care related to sexual and reproductive health, gynecology, 20 family planning, and preconception. A certified midwife may 21 also provide primary care for a person from adolescence

## SB LRB 25-0268.docx

## S.B. NO. 370

throughout the person's lifespan, as well as for a healthy
 newborn or infant during the newborn or infant's first
 twenty-eight days of life.

4 "Practice of certified professional midwifery" means 5 midwifery as practiced by a certified professional midwife and 6 encompasses the independent provision of care during pregnancy, 7 childbirth, and the postpartum period and care related to sexual 8 and reproductive health, gynecology, family planning, and 9 preconception. A certified midwife may also provide primary 10 care for a healthy newborn or infant during the newborn or 11 infant's first twelve weeks of life.

12 "Student midwife" means a person who is:

13 (1) Enrolled in a school accredited by the Accreditation
14 Commission for Midwifery Education;

15 (2) Enrolled in a midwifery education program offered by
16 the Midwifery Education Accreditation Council; or
17 (3) Working directly under a midwife preceptor registered

18 with the North American Registry of Midwives to
19 acquire certification through the portfolio evaluation
20 process and by meeting other requirements for

## SB LRB 25-0268.docx

## S.B. NO. 370

1 certification by the North American Registry of 2 Midwives. 3 "Traditional birth attendant" means a person who is not 4 licensed under this part but who uses traditional skills and 5 techniques to assist with the birthing process. "Unlicensed assistive person" means a person who is not 6 7 licensed to practice certified midwifery or certified 8 professional midwifery but who can competently perform tasks 9 delegated by a licensed midwife. 10 **§457J-B Midwives licensing program.** (a) To obtain a 11 license under this part, the applicant shall provide: 12 An application for licensure; (1) 13 (2) The required fees; and 14 (3) Proof of current, unencumbered certification as a: 15 (A) Certified midwife; or 16 (B) Certified professional midwife. 17 (b) To obtain a license to practice as a certified midwife 18 pursuant to this part, in addition to meeting the requirements 19 in subsection (a), the applicant shall establish to the 20 satisfaction of the department that the person:

#### SB LRB 25-0268.docx

# S.B. NO. 370

1	(1)	Holds a valid graduate degree in midwifery from a
2		program accredited by the Accreditation Commission for
3		Midwifery Education, or its successor;
4	(2)	Has successfully passed the certification exam
5		administered by the American Midwifery Certification
6		Board, or its successor; and
7	(3)	Is at least twenty-one years of age by the date the
8		licensure application is submitted.
9	(c)	To obtain a license to practice as a certified
10	professio	nal midwife under this part, in addition to meeting the
11	requireme	nts in subsection (a), the applicant shall provide:
12	(1)	Proof that the person has successfully completed
13		midwifery education and training by:
14		(A) Becoming certified through an educational program
15		that is accredited by the Midwifery Education
16		Accreditation Council;
17		(B) Becoming certified by completing the portfolio
18		evaluation process, obtaining a midwifery bridge
19		certificate from the North American Registry of
		certificate from the North American Registry of

SB LRB 25-0268.docx

# S.B. NO. 310

1		administered by the North American Registry of
2		Midwives, or its successor; or
3		(C) Maintaining a current license in a state that
4		does not require accredited education and
5		obtaining a midwifery bridge certificate issued
6		by the North American Registry of Midwives;
7	(2)	If applicable, evidence of any licenses currently or
8		previously held in other jurisdictions, including
9		proof of the status of the license and documentation
10		of any disciplinary proceedings pending or taken by
11		the jurisdiction;
12	(3)	Information regarding any criminal conviction that has
13		not been annulled or expunged; and
14	(4)	Any other information the department may require to
15		investigate the applicant's qualifications for
16		licensure.
17	§457	J-C Powers and duties of the director. In addition to
18	any other	powers and duties authorized by law, the director:
19	(1)	May grant permission to a person to use the title
20		"licensed midwife" pursuant to this part and any rules
21		adopted pursuant to this part;



Page 18

1	(2)	May adopt, amend, or repeal rules pursuant to chapter
2		91 to carry out the purposes of this part;
3	(3)	Shall administer, coordinate, and enforce this part
4		and any rules adopted pursuant to this part;
5	(4)	Shall discipline a licensee for any cause described by
6		this part and any violation of the rules adopted
7		pursuant to this part;
8	(5)	May refuse to license a person for failure to meet the
9		licensing requirements or for any cause that would be
10		grounds for disciplining a licensee;
11	(6)	Shall appoint an advisory committee pursuant to
12		section 457J-D to assist with the implementation of
13		this part and any rules adopted pursuant to this part.
14	§457	J-D Midwives licensing advisory committee. (a) The
15	director	shall establish a midwives licensing advisory committee
16	to assist	with the implementation of this part. The following
17	members s	hall be selected by the director and invited to
18	participa	te:
19	(1)	Three certified professional midwives;
20	(2)	One member who is, in order of preference:
<b>2</b> 1		

# SB LRB 25-0268.docx

# S.B. NO. 370

1		(B) A certified nurse midwife who works in the
2		community birth setting; or
3		(C) A certified professional midwife;
4	(3)	Two members of the public, at least one of whom has
5		used home birth services;
6	(4)	One traditional birth attendant; and
7	(5)	Two active practitioners of Native Hawaiian customary
8		practices related to pregnancy, birth, and infancy.
9	(b)	The committee shall elect a chairperson from among its
10	members.	
11	(c)	The members of the advisory committee shall serve
<b>12</b>	without c	ompensation but shall be reimbursed for expenses
13	including	travel expenses necessary for the performance of their
14	duties.	
15	§457	J-E Scope of practice; licensed midwives; licensed
16	certified	midwives; licensed certified professional midwives.
17	(a) Exce	pt as provided in section 457J-9, no midwife may
18	practice v	without a current and valid certification and license.
19	(b)	Unless authorized to practice as a licensed midwife
20	under this	s part, no person shall use or imply that they are a
21	"licensed	midwife," use any similar title or description of the

٦

## SB LRB 25-0268.docx

#### S.B. NO. 370

person's services, or in any way represent that the person 1 2 practices midwifery as a licensed midwife. 3 (c) Each midwife shall at all times practice within the 4 scope of applicable nationally established standards, including standards deliniated by: 5 The American College of Nurse-Midwives, or its 6 (1) successor, for a licensed certified midwife; and 7 8 (2) The North American Registry of Midwives, for a 9 licensed certified professional midwife. 10 The department may adopt rules, pursuant to (d) 11 chapter 91, clarifying the scope of practice for a licensed 12 midwife; provided that the rules are consistent with applicable 13 national standards pursuant to subsection (c). (e) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a licensed 14 15 midwife may: Order and interpret medical laboratory and diagnostic 16 (1) 17 tests, perform ultrasound screenings, and obtain equipment and supplies necessary for the safe practice 18 of midwifery; 19 Provide comprehensive initial and ongoing assessment, 20 (2) 21 diagnosis, and treatment;

SB LRB 25-0268.docx

# S.B. NO. 370

1	(3)	Conduct physical examinations;
2	(4)	Promote individualized wellness education and
3		counseling for purposes of health promotion, disease
4		prevention, risk assessment, and disease management;
5	(5)	Collaborate with individuals and families in diverse
6		settings, including ambulatory care clinics, private
7		offices, community and public health systems,
8		hospitals, birth centers, and via telehealth and other
9		forms of remote care;
10	(6)	Order medical devices, including durable medical
11		equipment;
12	(7)	Provide evidence-based, client-centered care in
13		collaboration with the client, including, as
14		indicated, providing referrals to other providers and
15		services;
16	(8)	Adopt ethical standards in support of individual
17		rights and self-determination in the context of
18		family, community, and a system of healthcare;
19	(9)	Document client charts to facilitate interprofessional
20		communication and provide clients with a means to
21		access the client's healthcare records; and



21

## S.B. NO. 370

1	(10)	Participate in quality management practices, such as
2		peer review, continuing education, and data analysis
3		to improve the practice of midwifery.
4	(f)	Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a licensed
5	certified	midwife may, in addition to practicing within the
6	scope of	subsection (e):
7	(1)	Obtain limited prescriptive authority to independently
8		prescribe medications, including controlled
9		substances, medications for the treatment of a
10		substance use disorder, and medications for expedited
11		partner therapy;
12	(2)	Admit, manage, and discharge patients to or from a
13		hospital or freestanding birthing facility;
14	(3)	Assist in surgery; provided that this paragraph shall
15		apply only to certified nurse midwives; and
16	(4)	Order home health services.
17	(g)	Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a licensed
1 <b>8</b>	certified	professional midwife may, in addition to practicing
19	within the	e scope of subsection (e):
20	(1)	Obtain limited prescriptive authority to obtain,
21		administer, and independently prescribe medications

# SB LRB 25-0268.docx

1 and therapies for the prevention and treatment of 2 outpatient conditions that do not constitute a 3 significant deviation from normal midwifery care 4 during pregnancy or the postpartum period, based on 5 current evidence and practice, including medication 6 for expedited partner therapy; 7 (2) Prescribe other medications and devices that are used 8 within the safe practice of certified professional 9 midwifery; 10 (3)Admit, manage, and discharge patients to and from a 11 birthing facility or birthing home in the community 12 setting; and (4) Obtain medical devices, durable medical equipment, and 13 14 any supplies necessary for the safe practice of 15 certified professional midwifery. 16 **S457-F** Delegation of tasks. (a) A licensed midwife may 17 delegate to any licensed, certified, registered, or unlicensed 18 assistive person, any tasks within the licensed midwife's scope 19 of practice; provided that the authority to select medications 20 shall not be delegated unless the delegate is independently 21 authorized by law to select medications.

#### SB LRB 25-0268.docx

1 (b) No delegated task shall require the delegate to 2 exercise the judgment required of a licensed midwife. 3 (C) Before delegating any task, the licensed midwife shall make a determination that, in the licensed midwife's 4 professional judgement, the delegated task can be safely and 5 6 properly performed by the delegate and that the delegation is in 7 accordance with the patient's safety and welfare. 8 (d) The delegating licensed midwife shall be solely 9 responsible for determining the degree of supervision the 10 delegate requires, with consideration given to: 11 (1)The stability of the patient's condition; 12 (2)The delegate's training and abilities; and 13 The nature of the task being delegated. (3) 14 The employer of a licensed midwife may establish (e) 15 policies, procedures, protocols, or standards of care that limit 16 or prohibit the delegation of certain tasks by the licensed 17 midwife, or the delegation of tasks in certain circumstances. 18 The department shall adopt rules pursuant to (f) 19 chapter 91 as necessary to implement this section, including: 20 Standards for assessing the proficiency of a delegate (1) 21 to perform certain tasks; and

#### SB LRB 25-0268.docx

## S.B. NO. 370

1 (2) Accountability standards for a licensed midwife who 2 delegates tasks. 3 §457J-G Limited prescriptive authority; certified 4 midwives. (a) The department may authorize a certified midwife 5 to prescribe certain controlled substances or prescription 6 drugs; provided that the certified midwife: 7 (1) Is in good standing, without disciplinary sanctions; 8 (2) Has fulfilled the requirements of this part; and (3) 9 Has fulfilled any requirements established by the 10 department pursuant to this part. 11 (b) Any prescriptive authority granted to a certified 12 midwife shall be limited to the midwife's scope of practice and 13 for patients appropriate to the scope of practice. 14 (c) A certified midwife to whom the department has granted 15 the authority to prescribe prescription drugs and controlled 16 substances may advise the certified midwife's patients of the 17 option to have the symptom or purpose for which a prescription 18 is being issued included on the prescription order. A certified midwife having prescriptive authority 19 (d) shall maintain national certification, as required by section 20 21 457J-B, unless the department grants an exception.

#### SB LRB 25-0268.docx

## S.B. NO. 310

(e) Each certified midwife granted prescriptive authority
 by the department shall be assigned a specific identifier, which
 shall be made available to the Hawaii medical board and the
 state board of pharmacy. The department shall establish a
 mechanism to ensure that the prescriptive authority of a
 certified midwife may be readily verified using this specific
 identifier.

8 (f) The prescriptive authority granted to a certified 9 midwife may be limited or withdrawn, and the certified midwife 10 may be subject to further disciplinary action, if the certified 11 midwife prescribes outside the certified midwife's scope of 12 practice, for patients other than those appropriate to the 13 certified midwife's scope of practice, or for other than 14 therapeutic purposes.

(g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require
a certified midwife to obtain prescriptive authority to order
anesthesia care.

18 (h) No certified midwife shall accept any direct or
19 indirect benefit from a pharmaceutical manufacturer or
20 pharmaceutical representative for prescribing a specific
21 medication to a patient. For purposes of this section, a direct

#### SB LRB 25-0268.docx

Page 27

or indirect benefit does not include a benefit offered to a
 certified midwife, regardless of whether a specified medication
 is prescribed.

4 (i) A pharmacist who dispenses drugs and devices to a
5 certified midwife as authorized by this section and in
6 conformity with chapter 461 shall not be liable for any adverse
7 reactions caused by the midwife's administration of legend drugs
8 and devices.

9 §457J-H Limited prescriptive authority; certified
10 professional midwives. (a) The department may authorize a
11 certified professional midwife to prescribe certain controlled
12 substances or prescription drugs; provided that the certified
13 professional midwife:

14 (1) Is in good standing, without disciplinary sanctions;
15 (2) Has fulfilled the requirements of this part; and
16 (3) Has fulfilled any requirements established by the
17 department pursuant to this part.
18 (b) Any prescriptive authority granted to a certified

19 professional midwife shall be limited to the midwife's scope of20 practice and for patients appropriate to the scope of practice.

#### SB LRB 25-0268.docx

## S.B. NO. 370

(c) A certified professional midwife to whom the
 department has granted the authority to prescribe prescription
 drugs and controlled substances may advise the certified
 professional midwife's patients of the option to have the
 symptom or purpose for which a prescription is being issued
 included on the prescription order.

7 (d) A certified professional midwife having prescriptive
8 authority shall maintain national certification, as required by
9 section 457J-B, unless the department grants an exception.

(e) Each certified professional midwife granted
prescriptive authority by the department shall be assigned a
specific identifier, which shall be made available to the Hawaii
medical board and the state board of pharmacy. The department
shall establish a mechanism to ensure that the prescriptive
authority of a certified professional midwife may be readily
verified using this specific identifier.

(f) The prescriptive authority granted to a certified
professional midwife may be limited or withdrawn, and the
certified professional midwife may be subject to further
disciplinary action, if the certified professional midwife
prescribes outside the certified professional midwife's scope of

#### SB LRB 25-0268.docx

S.B. NO. 370

practice, for patients other than those appropriate to the
 certified professional midwife's scope of practice, or for other
 than therapeutic purposes.

(g) No certified professional midwife shall accept any
direct or indirect benefit from a pharmaceutical manufacturer or
pharmaceutical representative for prescribing a specific
medication to a patient. For purposes of this section, a direct
or indirect benefit does not include a benefit offered to a
certified professional midwife, regardless of whether a
specified medication is prescribed.

(h) A pharmacist who dispenses drugs and devices to a certified midwife as authorized by this section and in conformity with chapter 461 shall not be liable for any adverse reactions caused by the certified professional midwife's administration of legend drugs and devices.

16 §457J-I License required. (a) Beginning July 1, 2025, 17 except as provided in this part, no person in the State shall 18 use the title "licensed midwife," or the abbreviation "L.M.," or 19 any other words, letters, abbreviations, or insignia indicating 20 or implying that the person is a licensed midwife, unless the 21 person holds a valid license issued pursuant to this part.

## SB LRB 25-0268.docx

## S.B. NO. 370

1 (b) No person shall use the title "certified midwife" or 2 "certified professional midwife" without a valid certification. 3 Nothing in this section shall preclude a person (c) 4 holding a national midwife certification from identifying as a 5 person holding this certification; provided that the person 6 shall not profess to be licensed to practice midwifery in Hawaii 7 unless the person is licensed in accordance with this part. 8 (d) Nothing in this part shall be construed to prohibit traditional Native Hawaiian healing practices related to 9 10 prenatal, maternal, or child care. Nothing in this part shall 11 be construed to limit, alter, or otherwise adversely impact any 12 traditional Native Hawaiian practices related to pregnancy or 13 birth that are protected by the Constitution of the State of 14 Hawaii.

15 (e) This part does not require a midwifery license if the16 person is a:

17 (1) Certified nurse-midwife holding a valid license under
18 chapter 457;

19 (2) Student midwife;

## SB LRB 25-0268.docx

## S.B. NO. 310

.

1	(3)	Member of a profession that overlaps with the practice
2		of midwifery who is licensed and performing work
3		within the scope of the person's position and duties;
4	(4)	Person providing limited parinatal support services
5		that are not subject to state licensing requirements,
6		including childbirth education, lactation support, or
7		doula care;
8	(5)	Person rendering emergency aid;
9	(6)	Person administering care to the person's immediate or
10		extended family, including hanai family;
11	(7)	Person engaged in birth-related practices in
12		connection or accordance with the tenets and practices
13		of any ethnic culture; provided that the person shall
14		not claim to practice as a certified midwife,
15		certified professional midwife, or licensed midwife
16		unless licensed pursuant to this part;
17	(8)	Person engaged in birth-related practices related to
18		healing by prayer or spiritual means in connection or
19		accordance with the tenets and practices of any
20		well-recognized church or religious denomination;
21		provided that the person shall not claim to practice



## S.B. NO. 370

.

1		as a cert	ified midwife, certified professional		
2		midwife,	midwife, or licensed midwife unless licensed pursuant		
3		to this p	art;		
4	(9)	Person ac	ting as a traditional birth attendant who:		
5		(A) Does	not use legend drugs or devices, the use of		
6		whic	h requires a license under the laws of the		
7		Stat	e;		
8		(B) Does	not advertise themselves as a licensed		
9		midw	ife;		
10		(C) Disc	loses to the patient verbally and in writing		
11		at t	he time that care is first initiated:		
12		(i)	That the person does not possess a		
13			professional license issued by the State to		
14			provide health or maternity care to women or		
15			infants;		
16		(ii).	The person's education and training;		
17		(iii)	That person's education and training		
18			qualifications have not been reviewed by the		
19			State;		



1	(iv)	That the person is not authorized to
2		acquire, carry, administer or direct others
3		to administer legend drugs;
4	(v)	The details of any judgement, award,
5		disciplinary sanction, order, or other
6		determination by a licensing or regulatory
7		authority, territory of the United States,
8		state, or any other jurisdiction, that
9		adjudges or finds that the person has
10		committed misconduct or is criminally or
11		civilly liable for conduct relating to
12		midwifery; and
13	(vi)	A plan for transporting the patient to the
14		nearest hospital if a problem arises during
15		the patient's care; and
16	(D) Main	tains a copy of the written disclosure
17	requ	ired by subparagraph (C) for at least ten
18	year	s and makes the form available for inspection
19	by t	he department upon request.
20	§457J-J Fees.	(a) Each applicant shall pay a licensing
21	fee upon application	n for an initial license or for the renewal

SB LRB 25-0268.docx

Page 33

Page 34

1

## S.B. NO. 370

2 by rule adopted under this section, shall be nonrefundable. 3 (b) Pursuant to section 26-9(1), the director may 4 establish fees to restore a license, penalty fees, and any other 5 fees required for the administration of this part. 6 (c) All fees collected pursuant to this part shall be 7 deposited into the compliance resolution fund established 8 pursuant to section 26-9(o). 9 (d) Fees assessed pursuant to this part shall be used to 10 defray costs incurred by the department in implementing this 11 part. 12 (e) The director may assess fees as provided in this part 13 and section 26-9 and, notwithstanding any other law to the 14 contrary, may change the amount of the fees at any time without 15 regard to chapter 91 if the director: 16 (1) Holds at least one public hearing to discuss the fee 17 change and to receive testimony on the issue; and

of a license. Any fees collected pursuant to this section, or

18 (2) Provides public notice at least thirty days prior to19 the date of the public hearing.

#### SB LRB 25-0268.docx

S.B. NO. 370

§457J-K Issuance of a license. The director may issue a
 license to any person who meets all licensure requirements and
 pays the appropriate fees.

4 §457J-L Renewal of a license. (a) Each license issued
5 under this part shall be renewed every three years on or before
6 June 30. Failure to renew a license shall result in a
7 forfeiture of the license.

8 (b) A license that has been forfeited may be restored 9 within one year of the expiration date upon payment of renewal 10 and penalty fees. Failure to restore a forfeited license within 11 one year of the date of its expiration shall result in the 12 automatic termination of the license.

(c) Re-licensure after termination shall require the
person to apply as a new applicant and to again satisfy all
licensing requirements that are in place at the time of the new
application.

17 §457J-M Grounds for refusal to grant, renew, reinstate, or
18 restore a license or to revoke, suspend, deny, or place
19 conditions on a license. In addition to any other conditions
20 provided by law, the director may refuse to grant, renew,

#### SB LRB 25-0268.docx

S.B. NO. 370

1	reinstate	, or restore a license, or may deny, revoke, suspend,
2	or place	conditions on a license if the applicant or licensee:
3	(1)	Fails to meet or maintain the conditions and
4		requirements necessary to qualify for the granting of
5		a license;
6	(2)	Fails to notify the department in writing within
7		thirty days of the change in status if a licensee's
8		certification as a certified midwife or certified
9		professional midwife is no longer current or is
10		encumbered;
11	(3)	Engages in false, fraudulent, or deceptive
12		advertising, or makes untruthful or improbable
13		statements;
14	(4)	Is addicted to, dependent on, or a habitual user of a
15		narcotic, barbiturate, amphetamine, hallucinogen,
16		opium, cocaine, or other drugs or drug derivatives of
17		a similar nature;
18	(5)	Practices as a licensed midwife while impaired by
19		alcohol, drugs, a physical disability, or mental
20		instability;



## S.B. NO. 370

1	(6)	Procures a license through fraud, misrepresentation,
2		or deceit;
3	(7)	Engages in professional misconduct as defined by the
4		licensing program in accordance with its own rules,
5		demonstrates gross negligence, or is manifestly
6		incapable in the practice of midwifery;
7	(8)	Fails to maintain a record or history of competency,
8		trustworthiness, fair dealing, or financial integrity;
9	(9)	Engages in conduct or practices contrary to recognized
10		standards of ethics for the practice of midwifery;
11	(10)	Violates any condition or limitation upon which a
12		conditional license was issued;
13	(11)	Engages in business under a past or present license
14		issued pursuant to this part in a negligent manner
15		that causes injury to one or more members of the
16		<pre>public;</pre>
17	(12)	Fails to comply, observe, or adhere to any law in such
18		a manner that the director deems the applicant or
19		licensee to be an unfit or improper person to hold a
20		license;



## S.B. NO. 310

1 (13) Is subject to a revocation, suspension, or other 2 disciplinary action by a territory of the United 3 States, or by another state or federal agency, based 4 on any reason provided by this state's licensing laws, 5 including this part; 6 (14)Has been convicted, whether by nolo contendre or 7 otherwise, of a penal offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a licensed 8 9 midwife; 10 (15)Fails to notify the department in writing within 11 thirty days of any disciplinary decision issued 12 against the applicant or licensee in another 13 jurisdiction; 14 (16)Violates this part, any other applicable licensing 15 laws, or any rule or order of the director; or 16 (17)Uses or removes without authorization any controlled 17 substances or drugs, or diverts or attempts to divert 18 controlled substances or drugs for unauthorized use. 19 §457J-N Reimbursement for licensed midwives. Any health 20 benefit plan or health insurance reimbursement, including the 21 medicaid program, shall provide coverage for services rendered

## SB LRB 25-0268.docx

#### S.B. NO. 370

by a licensed midwife if the services rendered are within the
 scope of practice for a certified midwife or certified
 professional midwife, without regard to the location where the
 services were provided.

5 §457J-O Penalties. Any person who violates this part or
6 rules adopted pursuant to this part shall be subject to a fine
7 of not more than \$1,000 for each separate offense, in addition
8 to any disciplinary actions taken by the director.

§ §457J-P Annual reporting requirement. No later than
twenty days before the convening of each regular session the
department of commerce and consumer affairs shall submit to the
legislature a report that shall include:

13 (1) The total number of midwives currently licensed in the
14 State;

- 15 (2) The number of certified midwives newly licensed in the16 previous year;
- 17 (3) The number of licensed certified professional midwives
  18 who, in the previous year, passed the exam
  19 administered by the North American Registry of
  20 Midwives after completing an educational pathway



## S.B. NO. 370

1		accredited by the Midwifery Education Accreditation
2		Council;
3	(4)	The number of licensed certified professional midwives
4		who, in the previous year, passed the exam
5		administered by the North American Registry of
6		Midwives after completing the portfolio evaluation
7		pathway;
8	(5)	The total number of complaints filed in the previous
9		year against midwives licensed in the State;
10	(6)	The total number of complaints filed in the previous
11		year against persons who engaged in midwifery without
12		a license;
13	(7)	The total number of complaints filed in the previous
14		year against traditional birthing attendants who
15		failed to comply with statutory requirements;
16	(8)	The status and resolution of each complaint filed in
17		the previous year; and
18	(9)	Any recommendations for proposed legislation."



.

1	PART III							
2	SECTION 4. (a) There is established a home birth task							
3	force, within the department of health for administrative							
4	purposes.							
5	(b)	Notw	ithstanding subsection (d), the task force shall					
6	comprise r	no mo	re than seventeen members, including:					
7	(1)	The	director of commerce and consumer affairs, or the					
8		dire	ctor's designee;					
9	(2)	The e	director of health, or the director's designee;					
10	(3)	A re	presentative from the med-QUEST division of the					
11		depa	rtment of human services;					
12	(4)	The :	following members, who shall be selected by the					
13		director of commerce and consumer affairs and invited						
14		to pa	articipate:					
15		(A)	An active practitioner of Native Hawaiian					
16			customary practices related to pregnancy, birth,					
17			and infancy;					
18		(B)	A representative from the Hawaii section of the					
19			American College of Obstetricians and					
20			Gynecologists, or another physician who is					
21			licensed in Hawaii;					



# S.B. NO. 370

1	(C)	A re	presentative from emergency medical services;
2	(D)	A re	presentative from the Hawaii Hospital
3		Asso	ciation;
4	(E)	A re	presentative from the Hawaii affiliate of the
5		Amer	ican College of Nurse-Midwives, or another
6		cert	ified midwife or certified nurse midwife who
7		is l	icensed in Hawaii;
8	(F)	A re	presentative from the Hawaii chapter of the
9		Nati	onal Association of Certified Professional
10		Midw	ives;
11	(G)	Eigh	t members recommended by the Hawaii Home
12		Birt	h Collective who represent the following
13		stak	eholder groups:
14		(i)	Certified midwives;
15		(ii)	Certified professional midwives;
16	(	iii)	Home birth elders;
17		(iv)	Traditional or cultural birthing attendants;
18			and
19		(v)	Members of the public who have used home
20			birth services.



# S.B. NO. 310

(c) The task force shall elect a chairperson from among
 its members.

3 (d) The task force may recommend additional members having4 appropriate expertise, to be approved by the chairperson.

5 (e) The task force shall include representation from all6 counties.

7 (f) The task force shall discuss matters relating to home
8 births and shall make recommendations to improve the
9 coordination of care and sharing of information across the
10 maternal health system. Issues discussed by the task force
11 shall include:

12 (1) The education and training of birth practitioners;

13 (2) Public health education and information regarding home
14 birth practices;

- 15 (3) Data and information regarding home births and16 maternal and infant health;
- 17 (4) Issues arising when transport is needed from home
  18 births to hospital care; and
- 19 (5) Proposed actions to improve public health and safety20 in relation to home births.



## S.B. NO. 370

1	(g) The members of the task force shall serve without
2	compensation but shall be reimbursed for expenses, including
3	travel expenses, necessary for the performance of their duties.
4	(h) No member of the task force shall be made subject to
5	section 84-17, Hawaii Revised Statutes, solely based on the
6	member's participation on the task force.
7	(i) The department of health shall provide any
8	administrative or clerical support required by the task force.
9	(j) The home birth task force shall submit a report of its
10	findings and recommendations, including any proposed
11	legislation, to the legislature no later than twenty days prior
12	to the convening of the regular session of 2026.
13	(k) The home birth task force shall dissolve on
14	June 30, 2026.
15	PART IV
16	SECTION 5. Chapter 457J, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended by designating sections $457J-1$ to $457J-13$ as part I,
18	entitled "Midwives".
19	SECTION 6. Part I of Chapter 457J, Hawaii Revised
20	Statutes, is repealed.

# SB LRB 25-0268.docx

1	PART V
2	SECTION 7. In codifying the new sections added by section
3	3 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
4	appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
5	the new sections in this Act.
6	SECTION 8. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
7	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
8	begun before its effective date.
9	SECTION 9. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
10	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
11	SECTION 10. This Act shall take effect upon its approval;
12	provided that section 2 shall take effect on June 29, 2025.
13	
	INTRODUCED BY: Chrol Julianage



#### Report Title:

DCCA; Licensed Midwives; Licensed Certified Midwives; Licensed Certified Professional Midwives; Task Force; Reports

#### Description:

Establishes a licensing scheme for licensed certified midwives and licensed certified professional midwives, to be overseen by the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs. Re-establishes the home birth task force to provide recommendations on issues related to home births. Dissolves the task force on 6/30/2026. Requires reports to the Legislature.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

