JAN 15 2025

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PUBLIC SAFETY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Act 53, Session Laws
- 2 of Hawaii 2017, extended the prohibition on counties from
- 3 requiring the installation or retrofitting of automatic fire
- 4 sprinklers or automatic fire sprinkler systems in new or
- 5 existing detached residential one- and two-family dwelling units
- 6 and nonresidential agricultural and aquacultural buildings and
- 7 structures located outside of urban areas. Because of their
- 8 reliability and effectiveness in suppressing a fire in its
- 9 initial stages, national residential building codes have
- 10 required residential fire sprinklers since 2009.
- 11 The legislature believes that prohibiting measures to
- 12 improve and enhance fire survivability and reduce fire losses of
- 13 community residents by eighty per cent, which may be considered
- 14 and adopted at the local level, presents a needless risk to
- 15 public fire safety. Further, residential fire sprinklers
- 16 greatly reduce the spread of fire, thereby significantly
- 17 lessening property damage and loss.



S.B. NO. 303

- 1 The legislature further finds that the intensity, severity,
- 2 and spread of fire in residential buildings are directly related
- 3 to the contents and furnishings inside. Although improvements
- 4 have been made in building construction, design, and materials,
- 5 the volatility and toxicity of today's synthetic materials cause
- 6 untenable conditions to be reached more rapidly.
- 7 The legislature recognizes that the counties face unique
- 8 challenges and issues relating to fire protection, including
- 9 population density, proximity of structures, infrastructure,
- 10 access, and limited fire protection resources. Therefore, this
- 11 Act recognizes and establishes individual county authority.
- 12 The legislature notes that, according to a report by the
- 13 National Fire Protection Association's Fire Sprinkler
- 14 Initiative, twenty states currently allow counties to adopt
- 15 codes that require installation and retrofitting of fire
- 16 sprinklers in residential family units.
- 17 The legislature also finds that the state building code
- 18 council is responsible for adopting, amending, and updating
- 19 building codes and standards in the State. In 2024, the state
- 20 building code council adopted the state residential code, which
- 21 requires all state construction of new one- and two-family

S.B. NO. 303

- 1 dwellings to install residential fire sprinklers. The 2024
- 2 international residential code, made part of the state building
- 3 code, requires automatic sprinkler systems to be installed in
- 4 newly constructed residential dwelling units.
- 5 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to amend Act 83,
- 6 Session laws of Hawaii 2012, to repeal section 46-19.8, Hawaii
- 7 Revised Statutes, on June 30, 2025.
- 8 SECTION 2. Act 83, Session Laws of Hawaii 2012, as amended
- 9 by section 1 of Act 53, Session Laws of Hawaii 2017, is amended
- 10 by amending section 3 to read as follows:
- "SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2012;
- 12 provided that on June 30, $[\frac{2027}{7}]$ 2025, this Act shall be
- 13 repealed."
- 14 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 15 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 16 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on June 29, 2025.

17

INTRODUCED BY:

By Request

S.B. NO. 303

Report Title:

State Fire Council Package; Public Safety; Fire Sprinklers; Counties; Residences

Description:

Amends the sunset date of Act 83, Session Laws of Hawaii 2012, to repeal section 46-19.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, on June 29, 2025.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.