JAN 1 5 2025

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CONDOMINIUMS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is to promote the use
- 2 of alternative dispute resolution methods for condominium-
- 3 related disputes. The legislature finds that the amendment of
- 4 part VI, chapter 514B, Hawaii Revised Statutes, pursuant to this
- 5 Act will promote the use of alternative dispute resolution
- 6 methods for condominium-related disputes. Corresponding changes
- 7 to other parts of chapter 514B, Hawaii Revised Statutes, will
- 8 serve the same purpose.
- 9 SECTION 2. Chapter 514B, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 10 amended by adding two new sections to subpart C of part VI to be
- 11 appropriately designated and to read as follows:
- "§514B-A Attorneys' fees and costs. (a) In any action or
- 13 proceeding concerning the:
- (1) Collection of any delinquent assessments;
- 15 (2) Foreclosure of any lien on an owner's unit; or

1	(3) Interpretation of enforcement of the declaration,
2	bylaws, house rules, and this chapter, or the rules of
3	the commission,
4	the prevailing party shall be awarded all reasonable attorneys'
5	fees and costs.
6	(b) Attorneys' fees and costs assessed to a unit owner,
7	except pursuant to the judgment of a court or the award of an
8	arbitrator, may be disputed in accordance with section 514B-146.
9	(c) A party that participates in the early neutral
10	evaluation of a condominium-related dispute, and that expressly
11	accepts the whole of the evaluation in writing, and complies
12	with the terms thereof, shall not be subject to any further
13	claim of attorneys' fees and costs in connection with the
14	dispute.
15	§514B-B Fines; when collectable. (a) An association may
16	impose fines for the violation of the declaration, the bylaws,
17	and the house rules adopted pursuant to this chapter, subject to
18	the following requirements:
19	(1) The amount of the fine shall be reasonable;
20	(2) Notice of imposition of the fine shall include:

1		(A)	A general description of the act or omission for
2			which the fine is imposed;
3		<u>(B)</u>	Reference to one or more provisions of the
4			declaration, the bylaws, or the house rules,
5			violated by act or omission; and
6		<u>(C)</u>	Notice of an appeal procedure that may be
7			initiated within thirty days after imposition of
8			the fine and that provides an aggrieved person
9			with a reasonable opportunity to challenge the
10			fine and be heard by the board regarding the
11			challenge;
12	<u>(3)</u>	Subj	ect to its jurisdictional limits, the small claims
13		<u>divi</u>	sion of the district court in the circuit where
14		the	condominium is located may finally determine the
15		<u>vali</u>	dity and the amount of a fine if the person first
16		time	ly appeals imposition of a fine to the board and
17		<u>init</u>	iates an action within thirty days after receipt
18		of n	otice of disposition of the appeal; and
19	(4)	<u>A fi</u>	me shall be deemed to be collectable once the:
20		<u>(A)</u>	Time to initiate an appeal has expired and an
21			appeal has not been initiated;

1	<u>(B)</u>	Fine has been upheld following a timely appeal
2		and a small claims court action has not been
3		timely initiated; or
4	<u>(C)</u>	Small claims court has not invalidated the fine
5		within ninety days after timely initiation of a
6		small claims court action.
7	(b) No a	ttorneys' fees with respect to a fine shall be
8	charged by an	association to any unit owner or tenant before the
9	time when a fi	ne is deemed to be collectable.
10	(c) The	imposition of a fine, and the determination of a
11	small claims c	ourt, if any, shall be without prejudice to the
12	exercise of an	y other remedy available to an association."
13	SECTION 3	. Chapter 514B, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended by add	ing a new subpart to part VI to be appropriately
15	designated and	to read as follows:
16		"ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION
17	§514B-C	Methods of dispute resolution. The condominium
18	education trus	t fund may be used to provide support for the
19	following meth	ods of alternative dispute resolution in
20	connection wit	h any condominium-related dispute:
21	(1) Medi	ation;

1	(2)	Binding	arbitration;	and
<u>.</u>	4	DTHATHA	albiclation,	and

- 2 (3) Early neutral evaluation.
- 3 §514B-D Mediation. (a) The mediation of a condominium-
- 4 related dispute described in subsection (b) shall be mandatory
- 5 upon the written request of a party to the dispute.
- 6 Participation in mediation of a condominium-related dispute may
- 7 be compelled pursuant to the procedures described in this
- 8 section.
- 9 (b) A condominium-related dispute subject to mandatory
- 10 mediation shall be any dispute that involves the interpretation
- 11 or enforcement of the association's declaration, bylaws, or
- 12 house rules.
- 13 (c) The mediation of a condominium-related dispute shall
- 14 not be mandatory if the dispute involves:
- 15 (1) Threatened property damage or the health or safety of
- unit owners or any other person;
- 17 (2) Assessments, except as provided in section 514B-146;
- 18 (3) Personal injury claims;
- 19 (4) Matters that would affect the availability of any
- 20 coverage pursuant to an insurance policy obtained by
- or on behalf of an association;

1	(5)	The same or substantially similar issues that have
2		already been mediated; or
3	(6)	Issues that are subject to an action or a binding
4		alternative dispute resolution mechanism that has
5		already been commenced.
6	(d)	A unit owner or an association may apply to the
7	circuit c	ourt in the judicial circuit where the condominium is
8	located f	or an order compelling mediation only when:
9	(1)	Mediation of the dispute is mandatory pursuant to
10		subsection (a);
11	(2)	A written request for mediation has been delivered to
12		and received by the other party; and
13	(3)	The parties have not agreed to a mediator or a
14		mediation date within forty-five days after a party
15		receives a written request for mediation.
16	(e)	Any application made to the circuit court pursuant to
17	subsectio	n (d) shall be made and heard in a summary manner and
18	in accord	ance with procedures for the making and hearing of
19	motions.	The prevailing party shall be entitled to an award of

20 all reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

1	(f)	Each party to a mediation shall bear the attorneys'
2	fees and	costs and other expenses of preparing for and
3	participa	ting in mediation incurred by the party, unless
4	otherwise	specified in:
5	(1)	A written agreement that is signed by the parties;
6	(2)	An order of a court in connection with the final
7		disposition of a claim that was submitted to
8		mediation;
9	(3)	An award of an arbitrator in connection with the final
10		disposition of a claim that was submitted to
11		mediation; or
12	(4)	An order of the circuit court in connection with
13		compelled mediation in accordance with subsection (d).
14	(g)	Any individual mediation supported with funds from the
15	condomini	um education trust pursuant to section 514B-71:
16	(1)	Shall include a fee of \$150 to be paid by each party
17		to the mediator; provided that moneys from the fund
18		may be used to pay the fee for each unit owner who
19		demonstrates to the satisfaction of the commission
20		that the fee will pose an unreasonable economic
21		burden;

1	(2)	Shall receive no more from the fund than is
2		appropriate under the circumstances, and in no event
3		more than a total of \$;
4	(3)	May include disputes and parties in addition to those
5		identified in subsection (a); provided that a unit
6		owner or a developer and board are parties to the
7		mediation at all times and the unit owner or developer
8		and board mutually consent in writing to the addition
9		of the disputes and parties; and
10	(4)	May include an evaluation by the mediator of any
11		claims or defenses presented during the mediation;
12		provided that an evaluative form of mediation shall be
13		required whenever requested by a party to a
14		condominium-related dispute.
15	(h)	A court or an arbitrator with jurisdiction may
16	consider	a timely request to stay any action or proceeding
17	concernin	g a dispute that would be subject to mediation pursuant
18	to subsec	tion (a) in the absence of the action or proceeding,
19	and refer	the matter to mediation; provided that:

1	(1)	The court of arbitrator determines that the request is
2	ı	made in good faith and a stay would not be prejudicial
3	t	to any party; and
4	(2) N	No stay shall exceed a period of ninety days.
5	§5 14 B-	E Binding arbitration. (a) Support from the
6	condominium	n education trust fund, for binding arbitration of a
7	condominium	n-related dispute, shall be authorized when:
8	(1)	The dispute has first been submitted to an evaluative
9	f	form of mediation pursuant to section 514B-F; and
10	(2) <i>F</i>	All parties to the dispute agree in writing to be
11	k	bound, in accordance with and subject to chapter 658A.
12	(d)	Support for any individual arbitration shall not
13	exceed what	is appropriate under the circumstances, and in no
14	event shall	exceed a total of \$.
15	§514B-	F Early neutral evaluation. (a) Any party to a
16	condominium	n-related dispute that is subject to mandatory
17	mediation m	may request that the dispute be submitted to a process
18	of early ne	eutral evaluation following participation in
19	mediation.	Participation in early neutral evaluation of a
20	condominium	n-related dispute subject to mandatory mediation may
21	be compelle	ed pursuant to this section.

1	(b)	A unit owner or an association may apply to the
2	circuit c	court in the judicial circuit where the condominium is
3	located f	for an order compelling early neutral evaluation only
4	when:	
5	(1)	Mediation of the dispute pursuant to section 514B-C
6		has been completed;
7	(2)	A written request for early neutral evaluation has
8		been delivered to and received by the other party or
9		parties; and
10	(3)	The parties have not agreed to an evaluator or a
11		hearing date within forty-five days after a party
12		receives a written request for early neutral
13		evaluation.
14	(c)	Any application made to the circuit court pursuant to
15	subsectio	on (b) shall be made and heard in a summary manner and
16	in accord	lance with procedures for the making and hearing of
17	motions.	The prevailing party shall be entitled to an award of
18	all reaso	nable attorneys' fees and costs.

(d) Each party to an early neutral evaluation shall bear

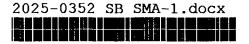
the attorneys' fees and costs and other expenses of preparing



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- 1 for and participating in the evaluation process incurred by the
- 2 party, unless otherwise specified in:
- 3 (1) A written agreement that is signed by the parties;
- 4 (2) An order of the circuit court in connection with
- 5 compelled participation in the evaluation process, in
- 6 accordance with subsection (c); or
- 7 (3) An evaluator's timely written evaluation, as provided
- in subsection (g).
- 9 (e) A party to the dispute that has received a request for
- 10 early neutral evaluation in accordance with this section shall
- 11 not initiate an action in any court regarding the subject matter
- 12 of the dispute until ninety-one days after completion of the
- 13 hearing described in subsection (f), except as may be reasonably
- 14 required to preserve any claim or defense. Any action so
- 15 initiated shall be stayed pending completion of the evaluation
- 16 process, except pursuant to the order of a court.
- 17 (f) The evaluation process shall be determined by the
- 18 evaluator; provided that every evaluation process shall include
- 19 the reasonable opportunity for each party to the dispute to:
- 20 (1) Submit a written position statement, together with
- 21 supporting declarations or exhibits;



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2	any other party; and
3	(3) Set forth the essential points upon which an asserted
4	claim or defense is based at an informal hearing
5	convened by the evaluator; provided that the rules of
6	evidence, except those concerning privileges, shall
7	not apply at the hearing.
8	(g) Within ninety days following completion of the
9	hearing, the evaluator shall provide the parties with a written
10	evaluation of the claims and defenses presented by the parties
11	in their written statements and oral presentations. The
12	evaluation shall consist of:

(2) Submit a written response to the position statement of

- A reasoned decision, determining the prevailing party 13 (1)and what relief, if any, should be granted; and 14
- A separate document, containing an award of reasonable 15 (2) 16 attorneys' fees and costs and other expenses to the prevailing party. 17
- 18 The evaluator's timely written evaluation shall: (h)
- 19 Bind the parties with respect to the evaluator's award (1)of attorneys' fees and costs and other expenses in 20 21 connection with the evaluation process; and

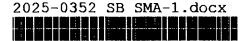
1	(2)	Serve as the basis for an award of all reasonable
2		attorneys' fees and costs and other expenses to the
3		prevailing party in any action or proceeding relating
4		to the subject matter of the dispute whenever that
5		party is also the party determined by the evaluator to
6		have been the prevailing party.
7	(i)	Support for any individual early neutral evaluation of
8	a dispute	shall not exceed what is appropriate under the
9	circumsta	nces, and in no event shall exceed a total of
10	\$	•
11	§5141	B-G Qualifications of mediators, arbitrators, and
12	evaluator	s. The commission may determine the qualifications of
13	any indiv	idual who serves as a mediator, arbitrator, or
14	evaluator	in a matter involving payment from the condominium
15	education	trust fund, provided that:
16	(1)	A mediator shall have a minimum of years full-
17		time experience working with condominiums in a
18		professional capacity;
19	(2)	An arbitrator shall have a minimum of years
20		full-time experience working with condominiums in a

1	(3) An evaluator shall have a minimum of years full-
2	time experience working with condominiums in a
3	professional capacity.
4	Alternatively, the individual may demonstrate other exceptional
5	knowledge and experience, such as by serving as a judge for a
6	similar number of years.
7	§514B-H Disclosures by mediators, arbitrators, and
8	evaluators. (a) Before accepting appointment, an individual
9	who is requested to serve as a mediator or as an evaluator shall
10	disclose to all parties involved in the condominium-related
11	dispute any known facts that a reasonable person would consider
12	likely to affect the impartiality of the mediator or evaluator
13	in the mediation or in the early neutral evaluation process,
14	including but not limited to:
15	(1) A direct and material financial or personal interest
16	in the outcome of the dispute; and
17	(2) An existing or past substantial relationship with any
18	of the parties to the dispute, their counsel or
19	representatives, or a witness.
20	(b) The disclosure obligation of the mediator or evaluator
21	shall continue after appointment and shall apply to any facts

- 1 learned after accepting appointment that a reasonable person
- 2 would consider likely to affect the impartiality of the mediator
- 3 or evaluator.
- 4 (c) An agreement made in mediation shall be voidable if
- 5 the mediator failed to make a disclosure required by subsection
- 6 (a).
- 7 (d) An evaluation made by an evaluator may be excluded
- 8 from consideration in the award of attorneys' fees and costs and
- 9 other expenses if the evaluator failed to make a disclosure
- 10 required by subsection (a).
- 11 (e) Disclosures by arbitrators shall be governed pursuant
- 12 to chapter 658A."
- 13 SECTION 4. Section 421I-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 14 amended to read as follows:
- 15 "\$421I-9 Mediation and arbitration of disputes. At the
- 16 request of any party, any dispute concerning or involving one or
- 17 more shareholders and a corporation, its board of directors,
- 18 managing agent, resident manager, or one or more other
- 19 shareholders relating to the interpretation, application, or
- 20 enforcement of this chapter or the corporation's articles of
- 21 incorporation, bylaws, or rules adopted in accordance with its



- 1 bylaws shall be submitted first to mediation. When all
- 2 reasonable efforts for mediation have been made and the dispute
- 3 is not settled either in conference between the parties or
- 4 through mediation, the dispute shall be submitted to
- 5 [arbitration] alternative dispute resolution in the same manner
- 6 and subject to the same requirements, to the extent practicable,
- 7 which now apply to condominiums under [section 514B 162.]
- 8 subpart of part VI of chapter 514B."
- 9 SECTION 5. Section 514B-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 10 amended by adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted
- 11 and to read as follows:
- ""Condominium-related dispute" means a dispute between:
- (1) A unit owner and the board;
- 14 (2) A unit owner and the managing agent; or
- 15 (3) Board members and the board."
- 16 SECTION 6. Section 514B-71, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 17 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- 18 "(a) The commission shall establish a condominium
- 19 education trust fund that the commission shall use for
- 20 educational purposes. Educational purposes shall include
- 21 financing or promoting:



1	(1)	Education and research in the field of condominium
2		management, condominium project registration, and real
3		estate, for the benefit of the public and those
4		required to be registered under this chapter;
5	(2)	The improvement and more efficient administration of
6		associations;
7	(3)	Expeditious and inexpensive procedures for resolving
8		association disputes; and
9	(4)	Support for [mediation of condominium related
10		disputes; and
11	(5)	Support for voluntary binding arbitration between
12		parties in condominium related disputes, pursuant to
13		section 514B 162.5.] alternative dispute resolution,
14		as described in subpart of part VI of this
15		chapter."
16	SECT	ION 7. Section 514B-72, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended by	y amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
18	"(a)	Each project or association with more than five units
19	shall pay	to the department of commerce and consumer affairs:
20	(1)	A condominium education trust fund fee within one year
21		after the recordation of the purchase of the first

1		unit or within thirty days of the association's first
2		meeting, and thereafter, on or before June 30 of every
3		odd-numbered year, as prescribed by rules adopted
4		pursuant to chapter 91; and
5	(2)	Beginning with the July 1, 2015, biennium
6		registration, an additional annual condominium
7		education trust fund fee in an amount equal to the
8		product of \$1.50 times the number of condominium units
9		included in the registered project or association to
10		be dedicated to supporting [mediation or voluntary
11		binding arbitration of condominium related disputes.]
12		alternative dispute resolution, as described in
13		subpart of part VI of this chapter. The
14		additional condominium education trust fund fee shall
15		total \$3 per unit until the commission adopts rules
16		pursuant to chapter 91. On June 30 of every odd-
17		numbered year, any unexpended additional amounts paid
18		into the condominium education trust fund and
19		initially dedicated to supporting [mediation or
20		voluntary binding arbitration] alternative dispute
21		resolution of [condominium related] condominium-

1		related disputes, as required by this paragraph, shall
2		be used for educational purposes as provided in
3		section 514B-71(a)(1), (2), and (3)."
4	SECT	ION 8. Section 514B-104, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended b	y amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
6	" (a)	Except as provided in section 514B-105, and subject
7	to the pr	ovisions of the declaration and bylaws, the
8	associati	on, even if unincorporated, may:
9	(1)	Adopt and amend the declaration, bylaws, and rules and
10		regulations;
11	(2)	Adopt and amend budgets for revenues, expenditures,
12		and reserves and collect assessments for common
13		expenses from unit owners, subject to section
14		514B-148;
15	(3)	Hire and discharge managing agents and other
16		independent contractors, agents, and employees;
17	(4)	Institute, defend, or intervene in litigation or
18		administrative proceedings in its own name on behalf
19		of itself or two or more unit owners on matters
20		affecting the condominium. For the purposes of

1		actions under chapter 480, associations shall be
2		deemed to be "consumers";
3	(5)	Make contracts and incur liabilities;
4	(6)	Regulate the use, maintenance, repair, replacement,
5		and modification of common elements;
6	(7)	Cause additional improvements to be made as a part of
7		the common elements;
8	(8)	Acquire, hold, encumber, and convey in its own name
9		any right, title, or interest to real or personal
10		property; provided that:
11		(A) Designation of additional areas to be common
12		elements or subject to common expenses after the
13		initial filing of the declaration or bylaws shall
14		require the approval of at least sixty-seven per
15		cent of the unit owners;
16		(B) If the developer discloses to the initial buyer
17		in writing that additional areas will be
18		designated as common elements whether pursuant to
19		an incremental or phased project or otherwise,
20		the requirements of this paragraph shall not
21		apply as to those additional areas; and

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1		(C) The requirements of this paragraph shall not
2		apply to the purchase of a unit for a resident
3		manager, which may be purchased with the approval
4		of the board;
5	(9)	Subject to section 514B-38, grant easements, leases,
6		licenses, and concessions through or over the common
7		elements and permit encroachments on the common
8		elements;
9	(10)	Impose and receive any payments, fees, or charges for
10 .		the use, rental, or operation of the common elements,
11		other than limited common elements described in
12		section 514B-35(2) and (4), and for services provided
13		to unit owners;
14	(11)	Impose charges and penalties, including late fees and
15		interest, for late payment of assessments and levy
16		reasonable fines for violations of the declaration,
17		bylaws, rules, and regulations of the association,
18		[either] in accordance with [the bylaws or, if the
19		bylaws are silent, pursuant to a resolution adopted by
20		the board that establishes a fining procedure that
21		states the basis for the fine and allows an appeal to

1		the board of the fine with notice and an opportunity
2		to be heard and providing that if the fine is paid,
3		the unit owner shall have the right to initiate a
4		dispute resolution process as provided by sections
5		514B 161, 514B 162, or by filing a request for an
6		administrative hearing under a pilot program
7		administered by the department of commerce and
8		consumer affairs; subpart of part VI of this
9		chapter and this section;
10	(12)	Impose reasonable charges for the preparation and
11		recordation of amendments to the declaration,
12		documents requested for resale of units, or statements
13		of unpaid assessments;
14	(13)	Provide for cumulative voting through a provision in
15		the bylaws;
16	(14)	Provide for the indemnification of its officers,
17		board, committee members, and agents, and maintain
18		directors' and officers' liability insurance;
19	(15)	Assign its right to future income, including the right
20		to receive common expense assessments, but only to the
21		extent section 514B-105(e) expressly so provides;

1	(10)	Exercise any other powers contelled by the declaration
2		or bylaws;
3	(17)	Exercise all other powers that may be exercised in
4		this State by legal entities of the same type as the
5		association, except to the extent inconsistent with
6		this chapter;
7	(18)	Exercise any other powers necessary and proper for the
8		governance and operation of the association; and
9	(19)	By regulation, subject to [sections] section
10		514B-146[, 514B 161, and 514B 162,] and
11		subpart of part VI of this chapter, require that
12		disputes between the board and unit owners or between
13		two or more unit owners regarding the condominium be
14		submitted to nonbinding alternative dispute resolution
15		in the manner described in the regulation as a
16		prerequisite to commencement of a judicial
17		proceeding."
18	SECT	ION 9. Section 514B-105, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended by	y amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
20	"(c)	Any payments made by or on behalf of a unit owner
21	shall fir	st be applied to outstanding common expenses that are

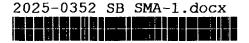
- 1 assessed to all unit owners in proportion to the common interest
- 2 appurtenant to their respective units, including commercial
- 3 property assessed financing assessment expenses incurred for
- 4 improvements financed pursuant to section 196-64.5. Only after
- 5 the outstanding common expenses have been paid in full may the
- 6 payments be applied to other charges owed to the association,
- 7 including assessed charges to the unit such as ground lease
- 8 rent, utility sub-metering, storage lockers, parking stalls,
- 9 boat slips, insurance deductibles, and cable. After these
- 10 charges are paid, other charges, including unpaid late fees,
- 11 legal fees, collectable fines, and interest, may be assessed in
- 12 accordance with an application of payment policy adopted by the
- 13 board; provided that if a unit owner has designated that any
- 14 payment is for a specific charge that is not a common expense as
- 15 described in this subsection, the payment may be applied in
- 16 accordance with the unit owner's designation even if common
- 17 expenses remain outstanding."
- 18 SECTION 10. Section 514B-106, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 19 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- "(a) Except as provided in the declaration, the bylaws,
- 21 subsection (b), or other provisions of this chapter, the board

- 1 may act in all instances on behalf of the association. In the
- 2 performance of their duties, officers and members of the board
- 3 shall owe the association a fiduciary duty and exercise the
- 4 degree of care and loyalty required of an officer or director of
- 5 a corporation organized under chapter 414D. [Any violation by a
- 6 board or its officers or members of the mandatory provisions of
- 7 section 514B 161 or 514B 162 may constitute a violation of the
- 8 fiduciary duty owed pursuant to this subsection; provided that a
- 9 board member may avoid liability under this subsection by
- 10 indicating in writing the board member's disagreement with such
- 11 board action or rescinding or withdrawing the violating conduct
- 12 within forty five days of the occurrence of the initial
- 13 violation. "
- 14 SECTION 11. Section 514B-146, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 15 amended to read as follows:
- 16 "\$514B-146 Association fiscal matters; lien for
- 17 assessments. (a) All sums assessed by the association but
- 18 unpaid for the share of the common expenses chargeable to any
- 19 unit shall constitute a lien on the unit with priority over all
- 20 other liens, except:

1	(1)	Liens for real property taxes and assessments lawfully
2		imposed by governmental authority against the unit;
3		and
4	(2)	Except as provided in subsection (j), all sums unpaid
5		on any mortgage of record that was recorded before the
6		recordation of a notice of a lien by the association,
7		and costs and expenses including attorneys' fees
8		provided in the mortgages;
9	provided	that a lien recorded by an association for unpaid
10	assessmen	ts shall expire six years from the date of recordation
11	unless pr	oceedings to enforce the lien are instituted before the
12	expiratio	n of the lien; provided further that the expiration of
13	a recorde	d lien shall in no way affect the association's
14	automatic	lien that arises pursuant to this subsection or the
15	declarati	on or bylaws. Any proceedings to enforce an
16	associati	on's lien for any assessment shall be instituted within
17	six years	after the assessment became due; provided that if the
18	owner of	a unit subject to a lien of the association files a
19	petition	for relief under the United States Bankruptcy Code (11
20	U.S.C. §1	01 et seq.), the period of time for instituting
21	proceeding	gs to enforce the association's lien shall be tolled

- 1 until thirty days after the automatic stay of proceedings under
- 2 section 362 of the United States Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C.
- **3** §362) is lifted.
- 4 The lien of the association may be foreclosed by action or
- 5 by nonjudicial or power of sale foreclosure, regardless of the
- 6 presence or absence of power of sale language in an
- 7 association's governing documents, by the managing agent or
- 8 board, acting on behalf of the association and in the name of
- 9 the association; provided that no association may exercise the
- 10 nonjudicial or power of sale remedies provided in chapter 667 to
- 11 foreclose a lien against any unit that arises solely from fines,
- 12 penalties, legal fees, or late fees, and the foreclosure of the
- 13 lien shall be filed in court pursuant to part IA of chapter 667.
- In any foreclosure described in this section, the unit
- 15 owner shall be required to pay a reasonable rent for the unit,
- 16 if so provided in the bylaws or the law, and the plaintiff in
- 17 the foreclosure shall be entitled to the appointment of a
- 18 receiver to collect the rent owed by the unit owner or any
- 19 tenant of the unit. If the association is the plaintiff, it may
- 20 request that its managing agent be appointed as receiver to
- 21 collect the rent from the tenant. The managing agent or board,

- 1 acting on behalf of the association and in the name of the
- 2 association, unless prohibited by the declaration, may bid on
- 3 the unit at foreclosure sale, and acquire and hold, lease,
- 4 mortgage, and convey the unit. Action to recover a money
- 5 judgment for unpaid common expenses shall be maintainable
- 6 without foreclosing or waiving the lien securing the unpaid
- 7 common expenses owed.
- 8 (b) Except as provided in subsection (j), when the
- 9 mortgagee of a mortgage of record or other purchaser of a unit
- 10 obtains title to the unit as a result of foreclosure of the
- 11 mortgage, the acquirer of title and the acquirer's successors
- 12 and assigns shall not be liable for the share of the common
- 13 expenses or assessments by the association chargeable to the
- 14 unit that became due [prior to] before the acquisition of title
- 15 to the unit by the acquirer. The unpaid share of common
- 16 expenses or assessments shall be deemed to be common expenses
- 17 collectible from all of the unit owners, including the acquirer
- 18 and the acquirer's successors and assigns. The mortgagee of
- 19 record or other purchaser of the unit shall be deemed to acquire
- 20 title and shall be required to pay the unit's share of common
- 21 expenses and assessments beginning:



1	(1)	Thirty-six days after the order confirming the sale to
2		the purchaser has been filed with the court;
3	(2)	Sixty days after the hearing at which the court grants
4		the motion to confirm the sale to the purchaser;
5	(3)	Thirty days after the public sale in a nonjudicial
6		power of sale foreclosure conducted pursuant to
7		chapter 667; or
8	(4)	Upon the recording of the instrument of conveyance;
9	whichever	occurs first; provided that the mortgagee of record or
10	other pur	chaser of the unit shall not be deemed to acquire title
11	under para	agraph (1), (2), or (3), if transfer of title is
12	delayed pa	ast the thirty-six days specified in paragraph (1), the
13	sixty day:	s specified in paragraph (2), or the thirty days
14	specified	in paragraph (3), when a person who appears at the
15	hearing or	n the motion or a party to the foreclosure action
16	requests	reconsideration of the motion or order to confirm sale,
17	objects to	the form of the proposed order to confirm sale,
18	appeals th	ne decision of the court to grant the motion to confirm
19	sale, or	the debtor or mortgagor declares bankruptcy or is
20	involunta	rily placed into bankruptcy. In any [such] case, the
21	mortgagee	of record or other purchaser of the unit shall be

1	deemed to	acquire title upon recordation of the instrument of
2	conveyanc	e.
3	[-(c) -	A unit owner who receives a demand for payment from
4	an associ	ation and disputes the amount of an assessment may
5	request a	written statement clearly indicating:
6	(1)	The amount of common expenses included in the
7		assessment, including the due date of each amount
8		claimed;
9	(2)	The amount of any penalty or fine, late foe, lien
10		filing fee, and any other charge included in the
11		assessment that is not imposed on all unit owners as a
12		common expense; and
13	(3)	The amount of attorneys' fees and costs, if any,
14		included in the assessment.
15	(d)	A unit owner who disputes the information in the
16	written s	tatement received from the association pursuant to
17	subsection	n (c) may request a subsequent written statement that
18	additiona	lly informs the unit owner that:
19	(1)	Under Hawaii law, a unit owner has no right to
20		withhold common expense assessments for any reason;

1	(2)	A unit owner has a right to demand mediation or
2		arbitration to resolve disputes about the amount or
3		validity of an association's common expense
4		assessment; provided that the unit owner immediately
5		pays the common expense assessment in full and keeps
6		common expense assessments current;
7	(3)	Payment in full of the common expense assessment shall
8		not prevent the owner from contesting the common
9		expense assessment or receiving a refund of amounts
10		not owed; and
11	(1)	If the unit owner contests any penalty or fine, late
12		fee, lien filing fee, or other charges included in the
13		assessment, except common expense assessments, the
14		unit owner may demand mediation as provided in
15		subsection (g) prior to paying those charges.
16	(e) -	No unit owner shall withhold any common expense
17	assessmen	t claimed by the association. Nothing in this section
18	shall lim	it the rights of an owner to the protection of all fair
19	debt colle	ection procedures mandated under federal and state law.
20	(£)- -	A unit owner who pays an association the full amount
21	of the co	mmon expenses claimed by the association may file in

1	small claims court or require the association to mediate to
2	resolve any disputes concerning the amount or validity of the
3	association's common expense claim. If the unit owner and the
4	association are unable to resolve the dispute through mediation,
5	either party may file for arbitration under section 514B-162;
6	provided that a unit owner may only file for arbitration if all
7	amounts claimed by the association as common expenses are paid
8	in full on or before the date of filing. If the unit owner
9	fails to keep all association common expense assessments current
10	during the arbitration, the association may ask the arbitrator
11	to temporarily suspend the arbitration proceedings. If the unit
12	owner pays all association common expense assessments within
13	thirty days of the date of suspension, the unit owner may ask
14	the arbitrator to recommence the arbitration proceedings. If
15	the unit owner fails to pay all association common expense
16	assessments by the end of the thirty-day period, the association
17	may ask the arbitrator to dismiss the arbitration proceedings.
18	The unit owner shall be entitled to a refund of any amounts paid
19	as common expenses to the association that are not owed.
20	(g) A unit owner who contests the amount of any attorneys!
21	fees and costs, penalties or fines, late fees, lien filing fees,

or any other charges, except common expense assessments, may make a domand in writing for mediation on the validity of those 2 charges. The unit owner has thirty days from the date of the 3 written statement requested pursuant to subsection (d) to file demand for mediation on the disputed charges, other than common 5 expense assessments. If the unit owner fails to file for 6 7 mediation within thirty days of the date of the written statement requested pursuant to subsection (d), the association 8 9 may proceed with collection of the charges. If the unit owner 10 makes a request for mediation within thirty days, the 11 association shall be prehibited from attempting to collect any 12 of the disputed charges until the association has participated in the mediation. The mediation shall be completed within sixty 13 days of the unit owner's request for mediation; provided that if 14 15 the mediation is not completed within sixty days or the parties 16 are unable to resolve the dispute by mediation, the association 17 may proceed with collection of all amounts due from the unit owner for attorneys' fees and costs, penalties or fines, late 18 fees, lien filing fees, or any other charge that is not imposed 19 20 en all unit ewners as a common expense.

1	<u>(c)</u>	A unit owner shall have no right to withhold payment
2	of a comm	on expense assessment for any reason; provided that a
3	unit owne	r may dispute the obligation to pay a common expense
4	assessmen	t after payment in full of the assessment.
5	(d)	A unit owner may dispute other assessments, apart from
6	a common	expense assessment, before making payment. A unit
7	owner who	disputes an assessment may request a written statement
8	clearly d	etailing:
9	<u>(1)</u>	The common expenses included in an assessment and
10		stating the due date of each amount of common expense
11		assessed;
12	(2)	The amount of any charge included in the assessment
13		that is not imposed on all unit owners as a common
14		expense, such as a fine or penalty, or a late fee or
15		filing fee; and
16	(3)	The amount of attorneys' fees and costs, if any,
17		included in the assessment.
18	In respon	ding to the request, the association shall include a
19	disclaime	r that under state law, a unit owner has no right to
20	withhold	payment of a common expense assessment for any reason,
21	but that	the obligation to pay a common expense assessment may

1	be disputed after the assessment has been paid in full. The
2	association shall also include in the disclaimer that a unit
3	owner may dispute other assessments, apart from a common expense
4	assessment, before making payment, and that the rights to
5	contest assessments are described in section 514B-D and this
6	section.
7	(e) Nothing in this section shall limit the rights of an
8	owner to the protection of all fair debt collection procedures
9	mandated under federal and state law.
10	(f) A unit owner may file an action in any court with
11	jurisdiction, or may request mediation, to contest:
12	(1) A paid assessment; or
13	(2) An unpaid assessment other than a common expense
14	assessment or fine. Fines shall be subject to section
15	<u>514B-B.</u>
16	A unit owner who elects to request mediation shall do so
17	within thirty days after the date of the statement described in
18	subsection (d). A timely demand for mediation shall stay an
19	association's effort to collect the contested assessment for
20	sixty days.

1	The unit owner shall be entitled to a refund of any amounts
2	paid that are determined to have not been owed.
3	(g) An association may defend an assessment in court and
4	in mediation. The association may proceed to collect an unpaid
5	assessment by any legal means except when collection efforts are
6	stayed pursuant to subsection (f).
7	(h) In conjunction with or as an alternative to
8	foreclosure proceedings under subsection (a), where a unit is
9	owner-occupied, the association may authorize its managing agent
10	or board to, after sixty days' written notice to the unit owner
11	and to the unit's first mortgagee of the nonpayment of the
12	unit's share of the common expenses, terminate the delinquent
13	unit's access to the common elements and cease supplying a
14	delinquent unit with any and all services normally supplied or
15	paid for by the association. Any terminated services and
16	privileges shall be restored upon payment of all delinquent
17	assessments but need not be restored until payment in full is
18	received.
19	(i) Before the board or managing agent may take the
20	actions permitted under subsection (h), the board shall adopt a

written policy providing for [such] the actions and have the

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- 1 policy approved by a majority vote of the unit owners at an
- 2 annual or special meeting of the association or by the written
- 3 consent of a majority of the unit owners.
- 4 (j) Subject to this subsection, and subsections (k) and
- 5 (1), the board may specially assess the amount of the unpaid
- 6 regular monthly common assessments for common expenses against a
- 7 mortgagee or other purchaser who, in a judicial or nonjudicial
- 8 power of sale foreclosure, purchases a delinquent unit; provided
- 9 that the mortgagee or other purchaser may require the
- 10 association to provide at no charge a notice of the
- 11 association's intent to claim lien against the delinquent unit
- 12 for the amount of the special assessment, prior to the
- 13 subsequent purchaser's acquisition of title to the delinquent
- 14 unit. The notice shall state the amount of the special
- 15 assessment, how that amount was calculated, and the legal
- 16 description of the unit.
- 17 (k) The amount of the special assessment assessed under
- 18 subsection (j) shall not exceed the total amount of unpaid
- 19 regular monthly common assessments that were assessed during the
- 20 six months immediately preceding the completion of the judicial
- 21 or nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure.

1	(1)	For purposes of subsections (j) and (k), the following
2	definitio	ns shall apply, unless the context requires otherwise:
3	"Com	pletion" means:
4	(1)	In a nonjudicial power of sale foreclosure, when the
5		affidavit after public sale is recorded pursuant to
6		section 667-33; and
7	(2)	In a judicial foreclosure, when a purchaser is deemed
8		to acquire title pursuant to subsection (b).
9	"Reg	ular monthly common assessments" does not include:
10	(1)	Any other special assessment, except for a special
11		assessment imposed on all units as part of a budget
12		adopted pursuant to section 514B-148, including
13		commercial property assessed financing assessments
14		imposed pursuant to section 196-64.5;
15	(2)	Late charges, fines, or penalties;
16	(3)	Interest assessed by the association;
17	(4)	Any lien arising out of the assessment; or
18	(5)	Any fees or costs related to the collection or
19		enforcement of the assessment, including attorneys'
20		fees and court costs.

1	(m)	The cost of a release of any lien filed pursuant to
2	this secti	on shall be paid by the party requesting the release.
3	(n)	After any judicial or nonjudicial foreclosure
4	proceeding	g in which the association acquires title to the unit,
5	any excess	rental income received by the association from the
6	unit shall	be paid to existing lien holders based on the
7	priority o	of lien, and not on a pro rata basis, and shall be
8	applied to	the benefit of the unit owner. For purposes of this
9	subsection	n, excess rental income shall be any net income
10	received b	by the association after a court has issued a final
11	judgment d	determining the priority of a senior mortgagee and
12	after payi	ng, crediting, or reimbursing the association or a
13	third part	cy for:
14	(1)	The lien for delinquent assessments pursuant to
15		subsections (a) and (b);
16	(2)	Any maintenance fee delinquency against the unit;
17	(3)	Attorney's fees and other collection costs related to
18		the association's foreclosure of the unit; or
19	(4)	Any costs incurred by the association for the rental,
20		repair, maintenance, or rehabilitation of the unit
21		while the association is in possession of the unit

1	including monthly association maintenance fees,
2	management fees, real estate commissions, cleaning and
3	repair expenses for the unit, and general excise taxes
4	paid on rental income;
5	provided that the lien for delinquent assessments under
6	paragraph (1) shall be paid, credited, or reimbursed first."
7	SECTION 12. Section 514B-148, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended by amending subsection (g) to read as follows:
9	"(g) Subject to the procedures of section $[\frac{514B-157}{2}]$
10	$\underline{\text{514B-A}}$ and any rules adopted by the commission, any unit owner
11	whose association board fails to comply with this section may
12	enforce compliance by the board. In any proceeding to enforce
13	compliance, a board that has not prepared an annual operating
14	budget and reserve study shall have the burden of proving it has
15	complied with this section."
16	SECTION 13. Section 514B-157, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	repealed.
18	[" [\$514B-157] Attorneys' fees, delinquent assessments, and
19	expenses of enforcement. (a) All costs and expenses, including
20	reasonable attorneys' fees, incurred by or on behalf of the
21	association for:

1	(1)	Collecting any delinquent assessments, including
2		commercial property assessed financing assessments
3		imposed pursuant to section 196 64.5, against any
4		owner's unit;
5	(2)	Foreclosing any lien thereon; or
6	(3)	Enforcing any provision of the declaration, bylaws,
7		house rules, and this chapter, or the rules of the
8		real estate commission;
9	against a	n owner, occupant, tenant, employee of an owner, or any
10	other per	son who may in any manner use the property, shall be
11	promptly	paid on demand to the association by the person or
12	persons;	provided that if the claims upon which the association
13	takes any	action are not substantiated, all costs and expenses,
14	including	reasonable attorneys' fees, incurred by any applicable
15	person or	persons as a result of the action of the association,
16	shall be	promptly paid on demand to the person or persons by the
17	associati	on.
18	(b)	If any claim by an owner is substantiated in any
19	action ag	ainst an association, any of its officers or directors,
20	or its bo	ard to enforce any provision of the declaration,
21	bylaws, h	ouse rules, or this chapter, then all reasonable and

1	necessary expenses, costs, and attorneys! fees incurred by an
2	owner shall be awarded to such owner; provided that no such
3	award shall be made in any derivative action unless:
4	(1) The owner first shall have demanded and allowed
5	reasonable time for the board to pursue such
6	enforcement; or
7	(2) The owner demonstrates to the satisfaction of the
8	court that a demand for enforcement made to the board
9	would have been fruitless.
10	If any claim by an owner is not substantiated in any court
11	action against an association, any of its officers or directors
12	or its board to enforce any provision of the declaration,
13	bylaws, house rules, or this chapter, then all reasonable and
14	necessary expenses, costs, and attorneys' fees incurred by an
15	association shall be awarded to the association, unless before
16	filing the action in court the owner has first submitted the
17	claim to mediation, or to arbitration under subpart D, and made
18	a good faith effort to resolve the dispute under any of these
19	procedures."]
20	SECTION 14. Chapter 514B, part VI, subpart D, Hawaii
21	Revised Statutes, is repealed.

- 1 SECTION 15. In codifying the new sections added by
- 2 sections 2 and 3 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall
- 3 substitute appropriate section numbers for the letters used in
- 4 designating the new sections in this Act.
- 5 SECTION 16. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 6 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 7 SECTION 17. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

8

INTRODUCED BY:

Report Title:

Condominiums; Alternative Dispute Resolution; Mediation

Description:

Amends the conditions and procedures of alternative dispute resolution methods for condominium-related disputes.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.