JOSH GREEN, M.D. GOVERNOR KE KIA'ÅINA



GOV. MSG. NO. 1371

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS KE KE'ENA O KE KIA'ĂINA

July 2, 2025

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi President of the Senate, and Members of the Senate Thirty-Third State Legislature State Capitol, Room 409 Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813 The Honorable Nadine Nakamura Speaker, and Members of the House of Representatives Thirty-Third State Legislature State Capitol, Room 431 Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Aloha President Kouchi, Speaker Nakamura, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on July 2, 2025, the following bill was signed into law:

H.B. NO. 422, H.D. 1, S.D. 2, C.D. 1 RELATING TO SCHOOL IMPACT FEES. ACT 268

Mahalo,

nh Mreen M.D.

Josh Green, M.D. Governor, State of Hawai'i

Approved by the Governor

on JUL 2 2025

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES THIRTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE, 2025 STATE OF HAWAII

ACT 26 8 H.B. NO. 422 H.D. 1 S.D. 2 C.D. 1

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO SCHOOL IMPACT FEES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that school impact fees 2 add to the cost of residential housing development, potentially 3 adding thousands of dollars to each new unit of housing constructed in affected districts. These costs are passed on to 4 5 renters and buyers, leading to higher rental and for-sale In some cases, high impact fees can result in a project 6 prices. becoming financially untenable and the units are never built. 7 This contributes to a scarce housing market, driving up the 8 9 market price of housing. 10 The legislature further finds that auditor report no. 19-13 is the most comprehensive analysis of school impact fees to 11 date. The report's summary of findings are as follows: 12 The department of education's designation of school 13 (1)14 impact districts lacks well-defined policies and procedures and the district boundaries designated to 15 16 date raise concerns as to whether constitutional 17 "nexus" requirements have been adequately addressed;

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1	(2)	The department of education's calculation of fees has
2		been inconsistent and at times based on questionable
3		assumptions, and updates to formula factors as well as
4		other requirements of the school impact fee law have
5		not been met;
6	(3)	Gaps, that is delays, between designation of school
7		impact districts and collection of fees have resulted
8		in loss of fee revenue; and
9	(4)	The department of education cannot adequately account
10		for fair share and school impact fee cash and land
11		contributions.
12	In i	ts report, the auditor also found that in twelve years
13	following	the enactment of the school impact fee law, the
14	departmen	t of education collected only \$5,342,886 in school
15	impact fe	es. The auditor further found that this collection
16	would not	have been enough to build a single elementary school.
17	For examp	le, the auditor found that Hookele elementary school
18	cost \$55,	000,000 to build and further found that the department
19	estimated	it would cost approximately \$80,000,000 to build a
20	single ne	w elementary school. The auditor found that none of
21	the schoo	l impact fees collected had been used for the

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construction of new schools and \$17,600,340 of collected fees 1 2 remain unused in a special fund. 3 The legislature also finds that as of January 1, 2025, 4 \$21,118,831.74 remains unused in a special fund. The legislature further finds that school impact fees are a 5 6 burden on aspiring homeowners and renters and the collection of 7 these fees does not provide a clear benefit to the community. 8 The purpose of this Act is to reduce the cost of housing 9 by: 10 (1)Eliminating the construction cost component of the 11 school impact fee; 12 (2) Exempting additional projects from school impact fees, 13 including certain affordable, government, and Hawaiian 14 home lands developments and single-room dwellings; 15 (3) Requiring the school facilities authority to adopt 16 rules governing the collection of impact fees; 17 (4) Increasing the minimum number of units in a 18 development to trigger land dedication provisions of 19 the land component impact fee; and

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(5) Requiring the school facilities authority to report to 1 2 the legislature on the benefits and impacts of this 3 Act before its repeal. 4 SECTION 2. Section 302A-1601, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 5 amended to read as follows: "\$302A-1601 Findings. New residential developments within 6 7 identified school impact districts create additional demand for 8 public school facilities. As such, once school impact districts are identified, new residential developments shall be required 9 10 to contribute toward the construction of new or expansion of 11 existing public school facilities through [+ (1) The] the land requirement, either through an in lieu 12 13 fee or actual acreage (unless land is not required in 14 the school impact district), based on each new 15 residential development's proportionate share of the need to provide additional public school sites [; and 16 17 (2) The construction requirement either through an in lieu 18 fee or actual construction based on each new 19 residential development's proportionate share of the 20 need-to-construct additional school facilities].





1	A study commissioned by the State has identified the land
2	dedication requirement that is consistent with proportionate
3	fair-share principles [and the net capital cost of school
4	facilities, excluding land costs, that is consistent with
5	proportionate fair-share principles].
6	The State determines that new residential developments
7	within designated school impact districts shall provide land for
8	schools or pay a fee in lieu of land proportionate to the
9	impacts of the new residential development on existing school
10	facilities. [The State also determines that new residential
11	developments within designated school impact districts shall
12	also-pay-school-construction-cost-component-impact fees
13	proportionate to their impacts.]
14	In determining the amounts of land component impact fees
15	[and construction cost component impact fees], the intent of the
16	school impact fee calculations is that new residential
17	developments should not be charged for a higher level of service
18	than is being charged to existing developments.
19	This subpart establishes the methodology for developers to
20	provide their proportionate share of the land [and the
21	construction cost of needed for new or expanded school

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1	facilities [needed] to serve new residential developments, as
2	determined in [sections] <u>section</u> 302A-1606 [and 302A-1607,
3	<pre>respectively]."</pre>
4	SECTION 3. Section 302A-1602, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended as follows:
6	1. By adding a new definition to be appropriately inserted
7	and to read:
8	""Board" means the school facilities authority board
9	established by section 302A-1704."
10	2. By deleting the definitions of "construction cost",
11	"construction cost component impact fee", and "cost per
12	student".
13	[" "Construction cost" means the net cost to construct a
14	school, including-without limitation, planning, design,
15	engineering, grading, permits, construction, and construction
16	and project management, but not including the cost to acquire
17	land.
18	"Construction cost component impact fee" means ten per cent
19	of the share of the construction cost for the required new
20	school, the expansion of existing school facilities that is
21	attributable to a specific new residential development, or both.



1	"Cost per student" means the average of actual school
2	construction costs, expressed in current dollars, divided by the
3	respective design enrollments, for schools constructed within
4	approximately the last ten years."]
5	3. By deleting the definition of "revenue credit".
6	[""Revenue credit" means the state general excise tax
7	revenues under chapter 237 that will be generated by a new
8	dwelling unit and used to fund school capital facilities and pay
9	for outstanding debt on existing facilities."]
10	SECTION 4. Section 302A-1603, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended to read as follows:
12	"\$302A-1603 Applicability and exemptions. (a) Except as
13	provided in subsection (b), any person who seeks to develop a
14	new residential development within a designated school impact
15	district requiring:
16	(1) A county subdivision approval;
17	(2) A county building permit; or
18	(3) A condominium property regime approval for the
19	project,
20	shall be required to fulfill the land component impact fee or
21	fee in lieu requirement [and construction cost component impact

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1	fee requi	rement] of the authority[, including all government
2	housing p	rojects and projects processed pursuant to sections 46-
3	15.1 and -	201H-38].
4	(b)	The following shall be exempt from this section:
5	(1)	Any form of housing permanently excluding school-aged
6		children, with the necessary covenants or declarations
7		of restrictions recorded on the property;
8	(2)	Any form of housing that is or will be paying the
9		transient accommodations tax under chapter 237D;
10	(3)	All nonresidential development;
11	(4)	Any development with an executed education
12		contribution agreement or other like document with the
13		agency for the contribution of school sites or payment
14		of fees for school land or school construction; [and]
15	<u>(5)</u>	Any housing project developed by the government;
16	(6)	Any housing project processed pursuant to
17		sections 46-15.1 and 201H-38;
18	<u>(7)</u>	Any housing that meets the definition of affordable
19		housing in sections 46-15.25 or 201H-57;
20	(8)	Any housing that is a single-room dwelling;

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1	(9) Any form of housing developed by the department of
2	Hawaiian home lands for use by beneficiaries of the
3	Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, as amended; and
4	[[(5)]] <u>(10)</u> Any form of development by the Hawaii community
5	development authority pursuant to part XII of chapter
6	206E.
7	(c) The authority shall adopt rules in accordance with
8	chapter 91 governing the collection of school impact fees."
9	SECTION 5. Section 302A-1606, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended as follows:
11	1. By amending subsection (c) to read:
12	"(c) The procedure for determining whether the dedication
13	of land is required or a payment of a fee in lieu is required
14	for a new school facility or to satisfy the land component
15	impact fee shall be as follows:
16	(1) A new residential development with [fifty] one hundred
17	or more units shall include a written agreement
18	between the owner or developer of the property and the
19	authority, executed prior to issuance of a building
20	permit, under which the owner or developer has:



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1		(A) Agreed to designate an area to be dedicated for
2		one or more schools for the development, subject
3		to approval by the authority; or
4		(B) Agreed to pay to the authority, at a time
5		specified in the agreement, a fee in lieu of land
6		dedication;
7	[-(2)	A new residential development with less than fifty
8		units shall include a written agreement between the
9		owner or the developer of the property and the
10		authority, executed prior to the issuance of the
11		building permit, under which the owner or developer
12		has agreed to a time specified for payment for the fee
13		in licu;
14	(3)]	(2) Prior to approval of any change of zoning,
15		subdivision, or any other approval for a:
16		(A) Residential development with [fifty] one hundred
17		or more units; or
18		(B) Condominium property regime development of
19		[fifty] one hundred or more units,
20		the authority shall notify the approving entity of its
21		determination on whether it will require the



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1		deve	lopment to dedicate land, pay a fee in lieu
2		ther	eof, or a combination of both for the provision of
3		new	school facilities;
4	[(4)]	(3)	The authority's determination to require land
5		dedi	cation or the payment of a fee in lieu, or a
6		comb	ination of both, shall be guided by the following
7		crit	eria:
8		(A)	The topography, geology, access, value, and
9			location of the land available for dedication;
10		(B)	The size and shape of the land available for
11			dedication;
12		(C)	The location of existing or proposed schooling
13			facilities; and
14		(D)	The availability of infrastructure;
15	[-(5)]	(4)	The determination of the authority as to whether
16		land	s shall be dedicated or whether a fee in lieu
17		shal	l be paid, or a combination of both, shall be
18		fina	1;
19	[(6)]	<u>(5)</u>	When land dedication is required, the land shall
20		be c	onveyed to the State upon completion of the



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1	subdivision improvements and any offsite
2	infrastructure necessary to serve the land; and
3	[(7)] <u>(6)</u> When the payment of a fee in lieu is required,
4	the fee in lieu shall be paid based on the terms
5	contained in the written agreement."
6	2. By amending subsection (e) to read:
7	"(e) The developer or owner of new residential
8	developments of [fifty] one hundred or more units shall either
9	pay the fee in lieu based on the land value as determined in
10	subsection (d) or convey appropriate acreage as determined in
11	subsection (b). [When conveying the fee simple interest for the
12	new or expanded school facility, the developers shall be
13	credited-the difference between the fair market fee-simple value
14	of the property and the developers' proportionate share of the
15	value of the land as determined in subsection (d) against any
16	construction cost component impact fee. Any excess may be
17	transferred and used as credit against any future land or
18	construction cost requirements on any other development of the
19	State.]"
20	SECTION 6. Section 302A-1608, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
21	amended to read as follows:

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"\$302A-1608 Accounting and expenditure requirements. (a)
 Each designated school impact district shall be a separate
 benefit district. Fees collected within each school impact
 district shall be spent only within the same school impact
 district for the purposes collected.

6 (b) Land dedicated by the developer shall be used only as 7 a site for the construction of one or more new schools or for 8 the expansion of existing school facilities. If the land is 9 never used for the school facility, it shall be returned to the 10 developer, or the developer's successor in interest. Once used, 11 the land may be sold, with the proceeds used to acquire land for 12 school facilities in the same school impact district.

(c) If the land is not used for a school facility within
twenty years of its dedication, it shall be returned to the
developer, or the developer's successor in interest.

(d) Once used for school facilities, all or part of the
17 land may be later sold. Proceeds from the sale shall be used
18 [to acquire] for land acquisition for school facilities in the
19 same school impact district.

20 (e) Fee in lieu funds may be used for school site land
21 acquisition and related expenses, including surveying,

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1	appraisals, and legal fees. With the exception of urban
2	Honolulu, fee in lieu funds shall not be used for the
3	maintenance or operation of existing schools in the district;
4	[construction costs, including] planning, design, engineering,
5	grading, construction, construction and project management,
6	architectural, permitting, or financing costs; or for
7	administrative expenses.
8	(f) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, fee in
9	lieu funds from projects within a county-designated transit
10	oriented development zone may also be used to purchase completed
11	construction, construct new school facilities in new or existing
12	school sites, improve or renovate existing structures for school
13	use, or lease land or facilities for school use within a
14	county-designated transit oriented development zone.
15	<pre>[+](g)[+] Notwithstanding subsection (e), in urban</pre>
16	Honolulu, fee in lieu funds may be used to purchase completed
17	construction, construct new school facilities, improve or
18	renovate existing structures for school use, or lease land or
19	facilities for school use.
20	[{h}Construction cost component impact fees shall be used
21	only:



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1	(1)	For the costs of new school facilities that expand the
2		student-capacity-of-existing-schools-or-adds-student
3		capacity in new schools; or
4	-(2) -	To-improve or renovate existing structures for school
5		use.
6	Construct:	ion cost component impact fees shall not be used to
7	replace a	n existing school located within the same school impact
8	district,	either on the same site or on a different site.
9	[(i)	} Eligible construction costs include planning,
10	engineeri	ng, architectural, permitting, financing, and
11	administra	ative expenses, and any other capital equipment
12	expenses j	pertaining to educational facilities.
13	(j)	Construction cost component impact fees shall not be
14	expended :	for the maintenance or operation of existing schools in
15	the distr:	ict.
16	[-(k)-] If a closure, demolition, or conversion of an
17	existing]	permanent-department facility within a school impact
18	district -	that-has-the-effect-of-reducing student capacity
19	occurs, a	n amount of new student capacity in permanent buildings
20	cquivalen	t to the lost capacity shall not be funded with school
21	impact fe	28.



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1		the school impact district, as authorized by the
2		developer or the developer's successor."
3	SECT	ION 8. Section 302A-1612, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended t	o read as follows:
5	"§30	2A-1612 Use of data reflecting recent conditions in
6	impact fe	e calculations. (a) Every three years beginning in
7	2010, the	authority shall [concurrently] update the [following:
8	(1)	School] <u>school</u> site area averages, using the total
9		school land requirement for each individual in a
10		school impact district as calculated pursuant to
11		section 302A-1606(b)[+
12	(2)	Elementary, middle or intermediate, and high school
13		permanent facility construction costs per student, as
14		provided under section 302A-1607; and
15	(3)	Revenue credit per unit figures provided pursuant to
16		section 302A-1607(e)].
17	(b)	Every three years following the initial determinations
18	made purs	uant to section 302A-1604, the authority shall update
19	the follo	wing:
20	(1)	Student generation rates for each established school
20	(1)	Student generation rates for each established school

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1	(2) The statewide level of service.
2	[(C) Every three years beginning in 2010, the authority
3	shall, where appropriate, update the list of cost factors for
4	the twenty-six geographically limited cost districts, as
5	provided in section 302A-1607(d), by incorporating any changes
6	to the cost factors that have been made by the department of
7	accounting and general services.
8	(d) <u>(c)</u> If any data update required by this section is
9	not completed within the specified time, the most current data
10	shall be used until the update is completed."
11	SECTION 9. Section 302A-1607, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12	repealed.
13	[" §302A-1607 Construction cost component impact fee;
14	determining the amount of the fee. (a) The construction cost
15	component-impact-fees shall be calculated using the following
16	factors:
17	(1) For new school construction, the cost per student for
18	each school type (elementary, middle or intermediate,
19	and high-school) shall be based on the ten-year
20	average construction of a new school facility using
21	the Honolulu assessment district in 2006 as the base.



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1		Costs for construction completed carlier than 2006
2		shall be escalated to 2006 using the engineering news-
3		record construction cost index;
4	(2)	For expansion of existing school facilities, the cost
5		per_student-for_each-school_type (elementary,_middle
6		or intermediate, and high school) is based on the ten-
7		year average construction of whatever components are
8		required to expand the school using the Honolulu
9		assessment district in 2006 as the base;
10	(3)	The cost per student in other assessment districts
11		shall be the cost per student in the Monolulu
12		assessment district multiplied by the appropriate cost
13		factor in subsection (d). At least every three years,
14		the-authority shall update the cost per student-based
15		on the construction of a new permanent school
16		facility, and present the written analysis to the
17		board for review; and
18	(4)	Student generation rates, as defined in section 302A-
19		1602.
20	- (d) -	The student generation rate for each school type
21	(elementa	ry, middle or intermediate, and high school) shall be

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1	multiplied by the cost per student for each school type
2	(elementary, middle or intermediate, and high school) to
3	determine the cost per-dwelling unit in the development.
4	(c) The construction cost component impact fee shall be
5	based on recent public school construction costs. The 1997 to
6	2007 period school construction costs per student, adjusted for
7	both the year-2007 and for the Honolulu assessment district, are
8	as follows:
9	(1) Elementary schools: \$35,357 per student;
10	(2) Middle and intermediate schools: \$36,097 per student;
11	and
12	(3) High schools: \$64,780 per student.
13	The costs per-student for other assessment districts shall be
14	determined by multiplying the Honolulu assessment district costs
15	per-student by-the applicable cost factor in subsection-(d).
16	These costs per student shall be updated at least every three
17	years, pursuant to the provisions in section 302A-1612.
18	
19	six geographically limited cost districts, and the cost factors
20	listed for each cost district shall be applied to the

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1 calculation of school construction costs per unit pursuant to

2 subsection (c):

3

4	Cost District	School District	Cost Factor
5	Honolulu	Honolulu	1.00
6	Ewa	Leeward/Central	1.00
7	Wahiawa	Central	1.05
8	Waialua	Central	1.10
9	Koolaupoko	Windward	1.00
10	Koolauloa	Windward	1.00
11	Waianae	Leeward	1.10
12	Hilo	Hawaii	1.15
13	Puna	Hawaii	1.20
14	Kona	Hawaii	1.20
15	Hamakua	Hawaii	1.20
16	South Kohala	Hawaii	1.20
17	North Kohala	Hawaii	1.25
18	Pohakuloa	Hawaii	1.25
19	Kau	Hawaii	1.30
20	Wailuku	Maui	$\frac{1.15}{1.15}$
21	Makawao	Maui	1.25
22	Lahaina	Maui	1.30
23	Hana	Maui	1.35
24	Molokai	Molokai	1.30
25	Lanai	Lanai	$\frac{1.35}{1.35}$
26	Lihue	Kauai	$\frac{1.15}{1.15}$
27	Koloa	Kauai	1.20
28	Kawaihau	Kauai	1.20
29	Waimea	Kauai	$\frac{1.25}{1.25}$
30	Hanalei	Kauai	$\frac{1.25}{1.25}$
31			
22			

32 (e) At least every three years, and concurrent with any 33 update of the costs per student, the authority shall update the 34 revenue credits and present the written analysis to the board 35 for review. The calculation of revenue credits shall be



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1	reviewed and calculated recognizing that the impact fee shall be
2	set at one hundred per cent of the fair market value of the land
3	and ten per cent of the total school construction cost.
4	(f) The construction cost component of the impact fees per
5	dwelling unit shall be ten per cent of the amounts calculated
6	according to the following formula:
7	Cost per dwelling unit from subsection (b) minus any amount
8	by which the revenue credit per dwelling unit from
9	subsection (e) exceeds ninety per cent of the per unit
10	construction cost.
11	(g) The amount of the fee shall be adjusted from the date
12	it was determined to the date it is paid using the engineering
13	news-record construction cost index, or an equivalent index if
14	that-index-is-discontinued.
15	(h) Any new residential development shall be required to
16	obtain a written agreement executed between the owner or
17	developer of the property and the authority, prior to the
18	issuance of a building permit, under which the owner or
19	developer has agreed to a time specified for payment of its
20	construction cost component impact-fee."]

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1	SECTION 10. Section 302A-1611, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	repealed.
3	[" \$302A-1611 Credits for excess contributions or advance
4	payment of required construction cost component impact fees.
5	(a) Any owner of a development subject to the construction cost
6	component-impact fee requirements pursuant to this subpart shall
7	receive credit for any similar contribution, payment, or
8	construction of public school facilities accepted and received
9	by the authority for the portion of the development that is in
10	excess of the impact fee required under this subpart for that
11	development. No credit shall be authorized against the impact
12	fees in lieu.
13	(b) A credit may be applied only against school impact
14	fees that would otherwise be due for new residential
15	developments for which the payment or contribution was agreed to
16	in a written educational contribution agreement.
17	(c) Excess contribution credit may be applied to the
18	construction cost component impact fee requirement for any
19	future development by the same owner in the same-school impact
20	district, or with the written approval of the owner of the

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1	eredit, to any future development by a different owner in the
2	same-school-impact-district.
3	(d) In addition to or instead of applying the credits to
4	future developments, the authority may execute with an owner of
5	the credits an agreement to provide for partial or full
6	reimbursement-from the impact fee payments collected from other
7	developers within the same school impact district. The
8	reimbursements shall not exceed the amount of the impact fee
9	revenues available in the account for that school impact
10	district.
11	(e) Any-owner of a development shall receive credit for
12	any part-of its required construction cost component-impact fee
13	that, with the approval of the authority, is paid in advance of
14	the time specified in the written agreement executed in
15	accordance with section 302A-1607(h). The authority shall
16	maintain an accounting of the amount of the credit applicable to
17	the new residential development and shall reduce the amount of
18	the credit-by the amount of the impact fees that would otherwise
19	be due for each building permit issued for the new residential
20	development. After the credit balance is exhausted, no

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1	additional credits shall be applied to subsequent building
2	permits issued within the new residential development.
3	(f) If private construction of school facilities is
4	proposed by a developer after July 1, 2010, if the proposed
5	construction is acceptable to the authority, and if the value of
6	the proposed construction exceeds the total impact fees that
7	would be due from the development, the authority shall execute
8	with the developer an agreement to provide reimbursement for the
9	excess credit from the impact fees collected from other
10	developers within the same benefit district. For the purposes
11	of this section, the private construction of school facilities
12	is a "public work" pursuant to chapter 104."]
13	SECTION 11. No later than December 15, 2026, the school
14	facilities authority shall submit a report to the legislature on
15	its findings, recommendations, and evaluation of the benefits
16	and impacts of subpart B of part VI of chapter 302A, Hawaii
17	Revised Statutes, as amended by this Act. The report shall
18	include:
19	(1) The authority's efforts and progress in addressing the
20	recommendations set forth in auditor's report no.
1 1	10 -12

21 19-13;

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1 (2) A thorough review of the currently established impact 2 fee districts; and 1 3 (3) An assessment of the need for new school construction 4 based on demographic projections over the next 5 twenty-five years, as provided by the state land use 6 commission. 7 SECTION 12. Notwithstanding any provision of this Act to 8 the contrary, any existing educational contribution agreement or 9 agreement that has been executed with the department of 10 education or the school facilities authority pursuant to subpart 11 B of part VI of chapter 302A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, prior to 12 the effective date of this Act shall remain effective unless the 13 parties to the agreement mutually agree to terminate or 14 renegotiate the agreement. 15 SECTION 13. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 16 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. 17 SECTION 14. This Act shall take effect upon its approval, 18 and shall apply to new residential developments permitted or 19 approved on or before June 30, 2029; provided that this Act 20 shall be repealed on July 1, 2029, and sections 302A-1601, 302A-1602, 302A-1603, 302A-1606, 302A-1607, 302A-1608, 302A-1609, 21

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- 1 302A-1611, and 302A-1612, Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall be
- 2 reenacted in the form in which they read prior to the effective
- 3 date of this Act.



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APPROVED this 2nd day of July , 2025

Johne

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: April 30, 2025 Honolulu, Hawaii

We hereby certify that the above-referenced Bill on this day passed Final Reading in the

House of Representatives of the Thirty-Third Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2025.

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Nadini K. Makin

Nadine K. Nakamura Speaker House of Representatives

Mil. Det

Brian L. Takeshita Chief Clerk House of Representatives

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THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I

Date: April 30, 2025 Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Final Reading in the Senate

of the Thirty-Third Legislature of the State of Hawai'i, Regular Session of 2025.

President of the Senate

Quint Clerk of the Senate