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# STATE OF HAWAI'I | KA MOKU'ĀINA O HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF ACCOUNTING AND GENERAL SERVICES | KA 'OIHANA LOIHELU A LAWELAWE LAULĀ

#### OFFICE OF ENTERPRISE TECHNOLOGY SERVICES | KE'ENA HO'OLANA 'ENEHANA

P.O. BOX 119, HONOLULU, HAWAII 96810-0119

October 1, 2024

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi President of the Senate and Members of the Senate Thirty-Second State Legislature State Capitol, Room 409 Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813 The Honorable Scott K. Saiki Speaker and Members of the House of Representatives Thirty-Second State Legislature State Capitol, Room 431 Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Aloha Senate President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

Pursuant to HRS section 27-43.6, which requires the Chief Information Officer to submit applicable independent verification and validation (IV&V) reports to the Legislature within 10 days of receiving the report, please find attached the report the Office of Enterprise Technology Services received for the State of Hawai'i, Department of Attorney General (AG), Child Enforcement Agency (CSEA).

In accordance with HRS section 93-16, this report may be viewed electronically at <a href="http://ets.hawaii.gov">http://ets.hawaii.gov</a> (see "Reports").

Sincerely,

Christine M. Sakuda Chief Information Officer State of Hawai'i

Attachments (2)



MONTHLY IV&V REVIEW REPORT

August 31, 2024 | Version 1.0



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## **BACKGROUND**

The State of Hawaii (State), Department of Attorney General (AG), Child Support Enforcement Agency (CSEA) contracted Protech Solutions, Inc. (Protech) on October 2, 2023, to replatform the KEIKI System and provide ongoing operations support. Protech has subcontracted One Advanced and DataHouse to perform specific project tasks related to code migration, replatforming services, and testing. Department of AG contracted Accuity LLP (Accuity) to provide Independent Verification and Validation (IV&V) services for the project.

Our initial assessment of project health was provided in the first Monthly IV&V Review Report as of October 31, 2023. Monthly IV&V review reports will be issued through September 2024 and build upon the initial report to continually update and evaluate project progress and performance.

Our IV&V Assessment Areas include People, Process, and Technology. Each month we will select specific IV&V Assessment Areas to perform more focused IV&V activities on a rotational basis.

The IV&V Dashboard and IV&V Summary provide a quick visual and narrative snapshot of both the project status and project assessment as of August 31, 2024. Ratings are provided monthly for each IV&V Assessment Area (refer to Appendix A: IV&V Criticality and Severity Ratings). The overall rating is assigned based on the criticality ratings of the IV&V Assessment Categories and the severity ratings of the underlying observations.

TEAMWORK AND PERSERVERANCE

"'A'ohe hana nui ke alu 'ia." No Task is too big when done together by all.

(Olelo Noeau #142, Pukui)



# **PROJECT ASSESSMENT**

August 2024

## **SUMMARY RATINGS**

**OVERALL RATING** 



Deficiencies were observed that merit attention. Remediation or risk mitigation should be performed in a timely manner.

PEOPLE



**PROCESS** 



**TECHNOLOGY** 



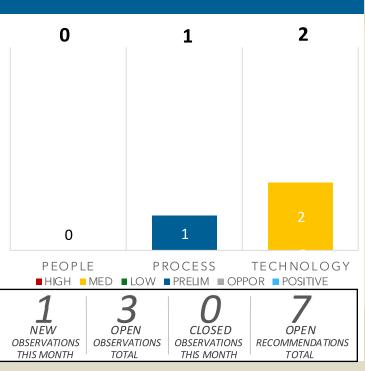
CRITICALITY RATINGS

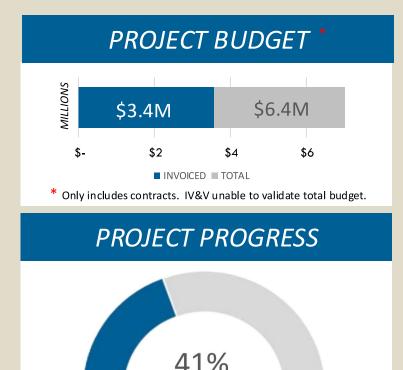
**MFDIUM** 



LOW

## **IV&V OBSERVATIONS**

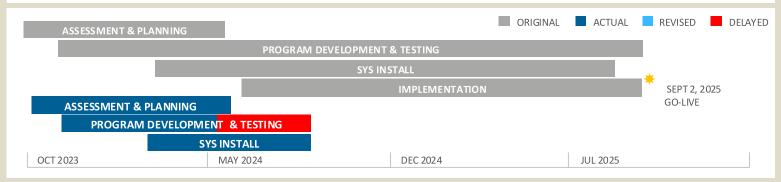




ACTUAL PROGRESS

## **KEY PROGRESS & RISKS**

- The project team's continued collaboration and shared commitment foster solutioning and help the project move forward to resolve issues.
- System testing continues and it is scheduled to run until March 2025.
- Testing report metrics should include overall performance metrics to provide more transparency on project progress.
- There are 2 blockers to the final decision on test data delivery, date/time issue and packed binary fields. The key decision on selection of the method for performing data extracts is pending.
- The project schedule is contingent upon the resolution of the data delivery testing method. Increased project risk has been noted.



# AUGUST 2024 · KROM PROJECT

JUN	JULY	AUG	IV&V ASSESSMENT AREA	IV&V SUMMARY
•		Y	Overall	Project Schedule: There are increased concerns for schedule slippage if the following blockers are not immediately addressed. The blockers are: binary positions in packed binary fields; and the Date/Time issue. Once these blockers are resolved a key decision on test data delivery can be concluded.  Project Costs: Contract invoices received to-date are within total contract costs.  Quality: The testing status reports should be highly transparent for metrics which would assist CSEA in tracking real time progress. Protech is reporting quality metrics such as the system testing results with the number of defects reported and fixed, however full metrics is a QA standard and should be added. Regular risk meetings are held every other week, in which the project schedule for upcoming deadlines and activities are tracked and presented.  Project Success: Application Code Delivery (1.0.0.9) – Delivered on 8/22/24. Deployment was completed on 8/23/24. A new version of eavfileConverter was delivered on 8/28/24.
G	G	G	People Team, Stakeholders, & Culture	<ul> <li>The Monthly Steering Committee (ESC) convened in August, and the CSEA Project Manager played an active role in presenting project risks and key success metrics (2023.10.002 and 2024.03.002).</li> <li>Project team members are working collaboratively to make progress in the system testing phase. They are actively addressing questions and issues that arise during the testing process.</li> <li>CSEA and Protech continue to work together to refine the data extraction process, enhance the effectiveness of data validation and meet daily to resolve data challenges, focusing on optimization of extraction times to minimize downtime during system cut-over (2024.06.001).</li> <li>CSEA continues to meet monthly with external Departments and works with Protech to identify external project stakeholders and communication activities.</li> <li>ETS' new Chief Data Officer attended the Stakeholders meeting on 8/30/24 and is now aligned as a key stakeholder. She is in the process of focusing on data governance policies and interface concerns with the EFS team (2024.07.001.R1).</li> </ul>

# AUGUST 2024 · KROM PROJECT

JUN	JULY	AUG	IV&V ASSESSMENT AREA	IV&V SUMMARY
•	•	•	Process Approach & Execution	<ul> <li>Weekly Meetings: The team continues to have weekly recurring meetings where the Protech PM provides status updates, describing the current focus of the week, updates on production test data, system testing, user interface, as well as updates on schedule, delivery status, key decisions, and change requests.</li> <li>Risks continue to be logged and actively discussed during weekly risk meetings, utilizing a RAID log to track risks, actions, issues, and decisions, with updates written for each item.</li> <li>The Data Extract Process is ongoing, with CSEA agreeing to extract 206 tables using advanced extract programs, while 22 KFR tables will not be extracted due to data being static.</li> <li>SQL replication will be used for 146 tables, including 8 binary tables, while DDI will load 206 tables and reload the 22 KFR tables, for a total of 228 tables, including 19 binary tables.</li> <li>CSEA is working with Protech to finalize the method of test data delivery. This will be recorded as a Key Decision once finalized, based on resolving the date/time issue and the packed binary fields.</li> </ul>
<b>Y</b>			Technology System, Data, & Security	<ul> <li>The data extraction process is facing delays due to shared mainframe resources, inefficiencies, and lengthy download/upload times. CSEA is currently evaluating a SQL replication strategy, involving two dedicated resources and daily meetings to address these issues, with the goal of completing validation by July 31st (2024.06.001). This goal was not met. The date/time issue and packed binary cells remain blockers.</li> <li>The UI Refinement Plan and its Proof of Concept are in progress, aiming to optimize user interface development and testing. This effort is currently behind schedule.</li> <li>The current focus is on Production test data, System Testing, Resolution of Production test data delivery (in progress) and Development of the UI Refinement Plan (in progress), UI Refinement proof of concept (in progress), and identification of data layout for the packed data fields containing binary data.</li> <li>According to IEEE 1012-2016 Verification of Data Extraction and Conversion will be key to mitigating risk, along with Validation of Data Consistency, Risk Management for Binary and Ascii file handling, Resource Management and Resource/Space availability assessments (Observation ID 2024.06.001).</li> <li>Application Code Delivery (1.0.0.9) – Delivered on 8/22/24, Deployment was completed on 8/23/24.</li> <li>A new version of eavfileConverter was delivered on 8/28/24.</li> <li>Backup and restore process testing ensures reliability, aligning with stewardship and measurement principles. Consider conducting resource and space assessments early to ensure efficient use and availability of resources (Observation ID 2024.06.001).</li> <li>The separate weekly test report provides insights into the status of the test cases, as well as defects that were opened and closed during the week and it is recommended that testing metrics for percentage of completion, with further description of fail details with resolution forecasts be described for use in risk mitigation activities (Observa</li></ul>

### IV&V ASSESSMENT AREAS

People

**Process** 

**Technology** 

OBSERVATION #: 2024.08.001

STATUS: N/A

TYPE: PRELIMINARY

SEVERITY: N/A

#### TITLE: TESTING REPORT METRICS

**Observation:** The current weekly testing report does not offer enough specific information to afford a clear visualization of risk potential for CSEA's understanding of the possible impact to the project schedule.

**Industry Standards and Best Practices:** IEEE 730-2014 standard recommends that status reports include certain key information to ensure effective communication of testing and quality assurance activities.

**Analysis:** There is currently a weekly testing report provided to the Project Team. The report conveys the number of testing scenarios in process, however the report does not offer a total number of test cases to be processed for each workstream, nor does it convey full metrics, such as percentage of completion of the total scope within the testing categories and how those align with the project schedule parameters. This can contribute to risk when total transparency is not displayed.

IV&V will continue to monitor this preliminary concern as additional information is discovered.

#### Recommendation:

2024.08.001.R1 – The report should outline recommended actions based on the current state of testing, as well as the next steps for future testing activities. Ensure that key stakeholders can easily understand the report's findings and implications.

#### - Metrics and Measurements:

The separate weekly test report should provide metrics that reflect the quality of the software, such as pass/fail rates, coverage of tests (e.g., percentage of test cases executed), and other relevant testing metrics, i.e., total scenarios to be tested, percentage of completion and timeline for completion.

#### - Schedule and Milestones:

The current status of the testing schedule should be reported, noting any deviations from planned milestones and deadlines. The report should reflect the current state of testing completion tracking as aligned with the project schedule.

#### - Decisions and Change Requests:

Any key decisions made during the testing phase, including approved or pending change requests that impact testing or quality assurance activities, should be included.



## Appendix A: IV&V Criticality and Severity Ratings

#### **IV&V CRITICALITY AND SEVERITY RATINGS**

Criticality and severity ratings provide insight on where significant deficiencies are observed and immediate remediation or risk mitigation is required. Criticality ratings are assigned to the overall project as well as each IV&V Assessment Area. Severity ratings are assigned to each risk or issue identified.

## **Criticality Rating**

The criticality ratings are assessed based on consideration of the severity ratings of each related risk and issue within the respective IV&V Assessment Area, the overall impact of the related observations to the success of the project, and the urgency of and length of time to implement remediation or risk mitigation strategies. Arrows indicate trends in the project assessment from the prior report and take into consideration areas of increasing risk and approaching timeline. Up arrows indicate adequate improvements or progress made. Down arrows indicate a decline, inadequate progress, or incomplete resolution of previously identified observations. No arrow indicates there was neither improving nor declining progress from the prior report.

#### **TERMS**

#### **RISK**

An event that has not happened yet.

#### **ISSUE**

An event that is already occurring or has already happened.



















A RED, high criticality rating is assigned when significant severe deficiencies were observed, and immediate remediation or risk mitigation is required.

A YELLOW, medium criticality rating is assigned when deficiencies were observed that merit attention. Remediation or risk mitigation should be performed in a timely manner.

A GREEN, low criticality rating is assigned when the activity is on track and minimal deficiencies were observed. Some oversight may be needed to ensure the risk stays low and the activity remains on track.

A GRAY rating is assigned when the category being assessed has incomplete information available for a conclusive observation and recommendation or is not applicable at the time of the IV&V review.





#### **Severity Rating**

Once risks are identified and characterized, Accuity will examine project conditions to determine the probability of the risk being identified and the impact to the project, if the risk is realized. We know that a risk is in the future, so we must provide the probability and impact to determine if the risk has a Risk Severity, such as Severity 1 (High), Severity 2 (Moderate), or Severity 3 (Low).

While a risk is an event that has not happened yet, an issue is something that is already occurring or has already happened. Accuity will examine project conditions and business impact to determine if the issue has an Issue Severity, such as Severity 1 (High/Critical Impact/System Down), Severity 2 (Moderate/ Significant Impact), or Severity 3 (Low/Normal/Minor Impact/ Informational).

Observations that are positive, preliminary concerns, or opportunities are not assigned a severity rating.



**SEVERITY 1:** High/Critical level



**SEVERITY 2:** Moderate level



**SEVERITY 3:** Low level

# PRELIMINARY

performance or project

**TERMS** 

**POSITIVE** 

successes.

**CONCERN** 

Celebrates high

Potential risk requiring further analysis.



# Appendix B: Industry Standards and Best Practices

STANDARD	DESCRIPTION
ADA	Americans with Disabilities Act
ADKAR®	Prosci ADKAR: Awareness, Desire, Knowledge, Ability, and Reinforcement
BABOK® v3	Business Analyst Body of Knowledge
DAMA-DMBOK® v2	DAMA International's Guide to the Data Management Body of Knowledge
PMBOK® v7	Project Management Institute (PMI) Project Management Body of Knowledge
SPM	PMI The Standard for Project Management
PROSCI ADKAR®	Leading organization providing research, methodology, and tools on change management practices
SWEBOK v3	Guide to the Software Engineering Body of Knowledge
IEEE 828-2012	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) Standard for Configuration Management in Systems and Software Engineering
IEEE 1062-2015	IEEE Recommended Practice for Software Acquisition
IEEE 1012-2016	IEEE Standard for System, Software, and Hardware Verification and Validation
IEEE 730-2014	IEEE Standard for Software Quality Assurance Processes
ISO 9001:2015	International Organization for Standardization (ISO) Quality Management Systems – Requirements
ISO/IEC 25010:2011	ISO/International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) Systems and Software Engineering — Systems and Software Quality Requirements and Evaluation (SQuaRE) — System and Software Quality Models
ISO/IEC 16085:2021	ISO/IEC Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Processes – Risk Management
IEEE 16326-2019	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard — Systems and Software Engineering — Life Cycle Processes — Project Management
IEEE 29148-2018	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard — Systems and Software Engineering — Life Cycle Processes — Requirements Engineering

STANDARD	DESCRIPTION
IEEE 15288-2023	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – System Life Cycle Processes
IEEE 12207-2017	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Software Life Cycle Processes
IEEE 24748-1-2018	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Management – Part 1: Guidelines for Life Cycle Management
IEEE 24748-2-2018	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Management – Part 2: Guidelines for the Application of ISO/IEC/IEEE 15288 (System Life Cycle Processes)
IEEE 24748-3-2020	IEEE Guide: Adoption of ISO/IEC TR 24748-3:2011, Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Management – Part 3: Guide to the Application of ISO/IEC 12207 (Software Life Cycle Processes)
IEEE 14764-2021	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard for Software Engineering – Software Life Cycle Processes – Maintenance
IEEE 15289-2019	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Content of Life Cycle Information Items (Documentation)
IEEE 24765-2017	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Vocabulary
IEEE 26511-2018	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Requirements for Managers of Information for Users of Systems, Software, and Services
IEEE 23026-2015	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Engineering and Management of Websites for Systems, Software, and Services Information
IEEE 29119-1-2021	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Software and Systems Engineering – Software Testing – Part 1: Concepts and Definitions
IEEE 29119-2-2021	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Software and Systems Engineering – Software Testing – Part 2: Test Processes
IEEE 29119-3-2021	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Software and Systems Engineering – Software Testing – Part 3: Test Documentation
IEEE 29119-4-2021	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Software and Systems Engineering – Software Testing – Part 4: Test Techniques
IEEE 1484.13.1-2012	IEEE Standard for Learning Technology – Conceptual Model for Resource Aggregation for Learning, Education, and Training
ISO/IEC TR 20000-11:2021	ISO/IEC Information Technology – Service Management – Part 11: Guidance on the Relationship Between ISO/IEC 20000-1:2011 and Service Management Frameworks: ITIL®
ISO/IEC 27002:2022	Information Technology – Security Techniques – Code of Practice for Information Security Controls

STANDARD	DESCRIPTION
FIPS 199	Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) Publication 199, Standards for Security Categorization of Federal Information and Information Systems
FIPS 200	FIPS Publication 200, Minimum Security Requirements for Federal Information and Information Systems
NIST 800-53 Rev 5	National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Security and Privacy Controls for Federal Information Systems and Organizations
NIST Cybersecurity Framework v1.1	NIST Framework for Improving Critical Infrastructure Cybersecurity
LSS	Lean Six Sigma

Appendix C: Prior Findings Log



### Appendix C: Prior Findings Log

			ORIGINAL	CURRENT							
								STATUS		CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
ASSESSMENT AREA Technology	OBSERVATION   2024.06.001	ID TYPE RISK	SEVERITY Moderate	SEVERITY  Moderate		The data extraction process is critical for the cutover activities and current projections show potential for significant delays. This issue results from reliance on shared mainframe resources, inefficiencies in data extraction programs, and long download/upload times. Each time new data is needed for testing, the entire database must be extracted, which is time-consuming. CSEA is evaluating a SQI replication strategy to replace the current process and has assigned two dedicated resources to identify and test this approach. Daily meetings with DDI and CSEA have been established to collaborate on this issue. The target for validating this approach is July 31st.  The static data collected from the data extract process projects a worst-case scenario of 12 to 36 days to fully extract ADABAS data to the 374 flat files, including downloading and uploading the files. This arises due to: 1) CSEA uses a shared downloading and uploading the files. This arises due to: 1) CSEA uses a shared mainframe, 2) inefficiencies of data extraction programs, 3) download/upload times. The data extract process is central to the cutover activities completing over Fri/Sat/Sun. If not improved, CSEA may face 4/5 days operational downtime for cutover weekend.	to subsequent phases of the project to avoid potential issues in later stages.  2024.08.001.R2 - Validation of Extracted Data Consistency  • Standard(s): IEEE 1012-2016 Emphasis: Validation ensures that the system meets its	<u>STATUS</u> Open	7/31/24: CSEA is still investigating and testing the SQL to SQL solution, however, the testing results are still not meeting CSEA's expectations. CSEA's decision is due during the first week of August. Because of CSEA's concern that this issue is still unresolved, the potential impact on the schedule, the severity has been raised to high.  8/30/24: The key decision to determine and finalize the method of test data delivery is now anticipated for September and the outcome is now based upon the solution for the date/time issue and the packed binary fields. CSEA and Protech have worked diligently to clear the other issue of nulls.	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Technology	2024.03.001	Risk	Moderate	Moderate	The timing of other State of Hawaii modernization projects impacts the ability to properly design KEIK system interfaces and will necessitate the need for interface modifications after its deployment, which can lead to additional costs, delays, and disruption to the system.	CSEA's KEIKI system currently relies on a legacy cyberfusion system running on the State's mainframe for system file and data exchanges with multiple State of Hawaii agencies. The timing of multiple agencies moving off the mainframe at different times will result in the need to modify KEIK system interfaces after the system has been deployed. Until other State modernization projects are completed, the KEIKI project cannot perform server-based data exchanges and will need to continue to interface via the mainframe.  In addition, as the KEIKI project involves integrating a modernized child support system with existing legacy systems, there may be other technological and architectural gaps that arise. These gaps can include differences in technology stacks, such as programming languages, database systems, and operating environments, as well as the absence of modern application programming interfaces (APIs) in the legacy systems. Based on the timing of concurrent State of Hawaii modernization projects and upgrades, the end-to-end testing of the KEIKI system may necessitate the undertaking of supplementary tasks, allocation of additional resources, and coordination efforts.	And also to meet with the EFS team to identify any potential impacts to CSEA and align with IT policies.	Open	04/30/24: CSEA organized a meeting with other Departments in April to exchange information regarding the status of their respective system modernization efforts, specifically those related to the shared mainframe and dependencies.  05/31/24: Accuity closed one recommendation as CSEA is coordinating regular meetings with impacted State of Hawaii agencies to monitor the status of their modernization projects and mainframe operations. CSEA is planning to develop an inventory of interfaces to share at an upcoming meeting with impacted Departments.  06/30/24: CSEA and Protech agreed to develop a list of interfaces categorized into three groups: 1) Axway (source: AWS vs. Mainframe), 2) Mainframe (group of interfaces on the mainframe with departments pointing to Axway), and 3) Cyberfusion. They also decided to share this list at the next monthly meeting with State Departments.  IV&V will continue to monitor the coordination with other State of Hawaii modernization projects.  7/31/24: The Chief Data Officer and the EFS team have been contacted and will be meeting with CSEA.  8/30/24 ETS' new Chief Data Officer has been aligned as a key stakeholder and is in the process of focusing on data governance policies and interface concerns with the EFS team (2024/0.7001.R1) IV&V will continue to monitor and update as the focus on policies and interface concerns progress.		

ASSESSMENT AREA	OBSERVATION ID	TYPE	ORIGINAL SEVERITY	CURRENT	OBSERVATION	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATIONS	STATUS	STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Process	2024.06.002	Risk	Moderate	Moderate	extensive costs for delivering the necessary data to test the refactored KEIKI application, potentially leading to delays in the project timeline and increased budget constraints. Despite discussions with Protech and AWS,	has engaged AWS for options, but AWS indicates the issue is billing-related, not technical. The cost of delivering data for testing is critical for the KEIKI project, but CSEA finds the current cost prohibitive. Discussions with Protech and AWS indicate the need to resolve the billing issue rather than technical challenges. Without a resolution, this issue could impact the project timeline and budget. CSEA continues to engage ETS to negotiate a cost cap and explore alternative solutions.	2024.07.002.R1 – Continue negotiations with ETS to secure financial support for data delivery.  Engage in discussions to find a feasible cost structure that aligns with project budgets.  Ensure clear communication of cost concerns and impacts to ETS.  2024.07.002.R2 – Explore alternative solutions with Protech and AWS. Investigate potential cost-saving measures or alternative technical approaches. ■ Seek AWS assistance to better understand and manage billing concerns.  2024.07.002.R3 – Improve performance of data extraction programs to minimize timing and associated costs. ® Work with Protech to identify and implement optimizations in the data extraction process.		7/31/24: The SQL to SQL method for data extraction and transfer has been confirmed. CSEA has addressed the issue of cost.		The SQL to SQL method for data extraction and transfer will be used.CSEA has confirmed that the costs have been addressed.
Process	2024.03.002	Issue	Moderate	Moderate	inadequate schedule and resource management practices may lead to project delays, missed project activities, unrealistic schedule forecasts, or unidentified causes for delays.	the delay in the assessment validation which was completed in February. It is crucial for the Protech and CSEA project managers to both take active roles in tracking and monitoring project activities, especially delayed and upcoming tasks, to collaborate on ways to get the project back on track.  Although the project metrics are showing a 17-day variance, some project tasks are delayed 1 to 2 months from the approved baseline including building the KEIKI database, developing system test scripts, UI design, UI development, code	2024.03.002.R1 – Based on the complexity of the KEIKI project, review and refine the schedule regularly with detailed tasks, realistic durations, and adequate resources.  * The project managers should meet weekly to discuss the project schedule, continue to identify detailed-level tasks based on high-level timelines, and identify schedule and resource related risks.  * The CSEA project manager should conduct independent reviews of the schedule and project metrics, proactively communicate upcoming State tasks to CSEA stakeholders, create State specific detailed schedules, and communicate any concerns with the quality of vendor execution.  * The Protech project manager should be executing tasks based on the approved schedule, identify schedule variances, ensure all project resources are on track, and report on quality and project metrics to ensure the project is meeting its objectives and goals.		04/30/24: Project managers started meeting regularly to review the project schedule. The project managers will do a deeper analysis of the upcoming technical tasks, and then recalibrate the project schedule in May.  05/31/24: Protech delivered a draft of the replanned project schedule and analysis for CSEA's feedback and approval. The revised schedule maintains the original Go-Live date.  06/30/24: Issue closed. The schedule was updated and the 17-day variance was successfully mitigated, ensuring the project remained on track. The project schedule continues to be discussed weekly.  1/8V encourages the CSEA PM to conduct independed reviews of the schedule and project metrics. IV&V will continue to monitor progress made on schedule and resource management practices.	6/30/2024	The schedule was updated and the 17-day variance was successfully mitigated, ensuring the project remained on track. The project schedule continues to be discussed weekly.
Process	2024.02.001	Preliminary	N/A	N/A	Additional information is needed regarding Protech's program development and testing approach.	In February, Protech delivered the System Requirements Document and Test Plan which are still under review. CSEA already provided a number of comments for both deliverables requesting additional documentation. Both deliverables requesting additional documentation. Both deliverables do not provide sufficient understanding of Protech and One Advanced's approach for the program development and testing phase. There need to be a clearer mutual understanding of how Protech's development and testing approach will ensure that the new system and user interface will maintain the same functionality, data, and system interfaces as the old system. The System Requirements Definition deliverable is high-level documentation of items such as source code, data component, and interface tables but does not actually capture the required functionality using industry standard format for requirements. Documenting requirements is especially important for the development of the new front-end user interface (UI). The System Requirements Definition deliverable included a User Interface section but does not include sufficient information regarding. UI requirements. Protech has another UI Refinement plan deliverable uin May 2024, however, it is unclear if UI requirements will be included in that deliverable.  If system requirements will not be used to manage development of UI as well as replatforming and refactoring of code work, then it is important to understand how Protech and One Advanced are planning to manage and report on development progress. Additionally, without documented system requirements, testing will be even more critical for identifying gaps in or issues with functionality during the development process. CSEA also has a number of comments and questions on the Protech and One Advanced are planning to manage and report on development progress. Additionally, without documented system requirements, testing will be even more critical for identifying gaps in or issues with functionality during the development process. CSEA also h	s ·	Closed	03/31/24: Protech is planning on a presentation in April or May to explain how their testing approach will ensure that the new system and user interface will maintain the same functionality as the old system. Without documented requirements, it is still unclear how program development progress, testing, and acceptance will be managed and monitored.  04/30/24: Protech will present their testing approach in May. The presentation is important as test scripts are finalized, and system testing is approaching.  05/31/24: Protech's testing approach presentation was pushed back to June. The presentation is critical as test scripts are finalized and system testing begins in June.  06/30/24: Preliminary closed. CSEA acknowledged the risk associated with not having defined UI system requirements. Instead, the test scripts are used as the requirements. The teams collaborate closely and hold regular test meetings to ensure alignment and thorough testing.  IV&V will continue to monitor the clarification of the program development and testing approach.	6/30/2024	CSEA acknowledged the risk of not having defined UI system requirements and addressed it by using test scripts as the requirements. Additionally, the teams collaborated closely and held regular test meetings to ensure alignment and thorough testing. This approach mitigates the risk by ensuring that the testing process is comprehensive and that any issues are promptly identified and resolved through ongoing communication and collaboration.

ASSESSMENT AREA	OBSERVATION ID	TYPE	ORIGINAL SEVERITY	CURRENT SEVERITY	OBSERVATION	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATIONS	STATUS	STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Process	2024.01.001	Risk	Moderate	Low	Ineffective project status meetings and reports can lead to delayed decision-making, lack of accountability, and reduced morale.	Weekly status reports are provided with a dashboard of the project status, high level schedule, late tasks, tasks planned this week, open tasks, 30-day look ahead, deliverable status, risks log, ky decisions, hange requests, and other project information. Despite numerous data points, the weekly project status reports may not give a complete picture of the project's progress. To get a better understanding of any delays, risks, issues, or action items, additional research and analysis of past reports, review of the Microsoft Project schedule, and inquiry with project members is necessary. For example, late project deliverables may be listed as simply "in progress"; however, one is unable to determine how many additional days the deliverable was pushed back without checking the previous weekly status report and the reason for additional time is not discussed or disclosed.	CSEA could solicit feedback prior to meetings so the team can be prepared to ask	Closed	02/29/24: A new recommendation was added and two recommendations were closed. Two recommendations were closed as CSEA and Protech worked together to improve project status reports to be more clear, meaningful, and relevant to the audience. The streamlined status reports are facilitating greater understanding and allowing more time for meaningful discussion amongst project stakeholders.  03/31/24: Although improvements were made to project status reports, they could be further improved by outlining delayed tasks and upcoming activities to ensure stakeholders are adequately prepared. CSEA continued to refine success metrics to prepare for reporting which will begin next month.  04/30/24: Accuity closed two recommendations. Project status reports continue to be refined and now clearly report tasks that have been rescheduled from the previous week's reporting period. CSEA did not start reporting on success metrics in April as planned.  05/31/24: Accuity decreased the severity rating from Level 2 (Moderate) to Level 3 (Low). The CSEA PM presented some of the project's key success metrics at the May Steering Committee Meeting. High-level pre-delivery testing metrics were provided in May.  06/30/24: Risk closed. As system testing started in June, the team started adding a Weekly Test Report. The report outlines the testing scope, the defects that were retested and validated, and gives a summary of the progress of all test cases.	6/30/2024	Test reports were added to the weekly status meetings. The report contains testing and defect metrics.
Process	2023.10.002	Risk	Prelim	Moderate	Untimely project management responsibilities may impact effective project execution.	The Protech Project Manager provided a draft project schedule; however, it was incomplete and listed due dates that were already missed for several deliverables. The implementation of strong schedule and resource management practices early will help the project start off right and stay on track. Protech's Project Manager is experienced with similar implementations and is working collaboratively with the project team to address feedback.  Possible root causes or contributing factors are turnover of project managers, an aggressive project timeline, and need for additional project management support. Another possible root cause is Protech's need to revisit the project RFP and submitted proposal to reduce the misalignment of expectations, creating longer deliverable review cycles.  Feedback on preliminary deliverables does not appear to be adequately addressed. For example, the need for a resource loaded schedule was communicated verbally and in meetings repeatedly.	CLOSED: 2023.10.002.R1 – Improve the project schedule to address schedule comments.  • Develop a detailed plan with assigned resources to complete project tasks.  • Provide the appropriate detail of tasks, durations, due dates, milestones, and key work products for various parties. CSEA assigned tasks should also be clearly reflected in the project schedule.  • Obtain agreement on the baseline schedule and then hold parties accountable for tasks and deadlines.  CLOSED: 2023.10.002.R2 – Determine the root causes of delays and develop plans to address them.  • Perform a root cause analysis including defining the problem, brainstorming possible causes, and developing a plan to address the root cause of the problem such as resource constraints and undefined tasks.  • Based on the experience of the last two months, create a realistic schedule based on the time and resources needed to perform tasks.  CLOSED: 2023.10.002.R3 – Assess the need for additional Protech resources for project management support.  CLOSED: 2023.10.002.R4 – Have the CSEA and Protech Project Managers adopt a more joint, collaborative approach.  • Have the PMs clearly define their roles and responsibilities in project management responsibilities.  • Actively plan, share and execute project responsibilities.	Closed	11/30/23: This was originally reported in the October 2023 IV&V Monthly Report as a preliminary concern but was upgraded to and rewritten as a risk this month with recommendations. The project is still challenged with insufficiently updating deliverables and continued delays in the proposed project schedule.  12/31/23: Accuity increased the severity rating from Level 3 (Low) to Level 2 (Moderate). More rigor on foundational project management practices is needed to prevent further delays and increase the quality of project execution. The approved project schedule still lacks detailed tasks to adequately plan project resources and monitor project performance. Although the project schedule has some percentage completion, the process to monitor and calculate metrics is unclear.  01/31/24: Despite several meetings, there is still a need for a greater shared understanding of schedule concerns between Protech and CSEA. This risk will continue to be evaluated with the recent addition of Protech resources to improve the timeliness of project execution, a recommendation was added that project managers can adopt a more joint, collaborative approach to share and clearly delineate project management responsibilities.  02/29/24: The project schedule does not include all project tasks and is being updated to include more granular-level project activities. One recommendation was closed as Protech added additional project management resources.  03/31/24: Closed two recommendations as a new, separate observation with recommendations related to schedule and resource management was opened. Refer to observation 2023.03.002. Project managers should prioritize working closely together to assess upcoming activities, the impact of project delays, and determine if any changes are needed to the overall project timeline.  04/30/24: The CSEA project manager still needs to independently validate the variance and critical path. For monthly steering committee and project status meetings, it would be beneficial for CSEA to take a more active		Closed as the project managers are working more collaboratively to share and execute project responsibilities.

			ORIGINAL	CURRENT							
ASSESSMENT AREA	OBSERVATION ID	TYPE	SEVERITY	SEVERITY	OBSERVATION	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATIONS	STATUS	STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Technology	2023.12.001	Positive	Moderate	N/A	The Automated Application Assessment process was well planned and executed.	Protech's partner, Advanced, worked closely with CSEA's technical SMEs and outlined a clear, well-defined process to collect and assess the KEIKI mainframe application in preparation for the migration and code conversion. Advanced's weekly status updates and follow-ups helped all stakeholders understand their roles, responsibilities, outstanding tasks, and status of activities. Their final assessment report was comprehensive, data-driven and insightful, and prepared the project team well as they begin the next phase of legacy code and data system migration.	N/A	Closed	N/A	01/31/24	Closed as this is a positive observation.
Technology	2023.11.001	Risk	Moderate	Moderate	Complex data system migration requirement combined with incomplete documentation and the absence of a formalized process for non-code tasks, may lead to project delays, unmet contract requirements, and quality issues.	and batch files. The absence of a separate, formalized process and reliance on	processes for non-code elements.  • A separate implementation plan should be clearly outlined, determining the timeline,		12/31/23: CSEA appointed two dedicated Data System Migration Leads. It is unclear if Protech also appointed a dedicated lead. A clear plan is still missing, and CSEA documented a formal issue related to the lack of information coordination and redundant requests related to the data system migration requirements.  01/31/24: Risk closed as the inventory of non-code and ancillary elements including hardware, software, interfaces, and batch files was completed and will be validated as part of the technical architecture and system requirements documentation.	01/31/24	Risk closed as the inventory of non-code and ancillary elements was completed.
People	2023.10.001	Positive	N/A	N/A		The CSEA SMEs appear to be engaged in ongoing Assessment sessions and accountable for timely completing required tasks, providing information, and responding to questions. The project team members regularly seek feedback, input and clarification in an open and respectful manner. The experience and knowledge of Protech team members combined with the dedication and high level of engagement from CSEA SMEs support the positive project team environment.		Closed	N/A	11/30/23	Closed as this is a positive observation.

Appendix D: Comment Log on Draft Report



# **Comment Log on Draft Report**

### **KROM Project: IV&V Document Comment Log**





ID#	Page #	Comment	Commenter's Organization	Accuity Resolution
1	7	Observation #2024.08.001. Title: Testing Report Metrics. The comment regarding insufficient testing metrics is unfounded. The quoted IEEE standard is being satisfied and more. There is detailed visibility into the testing process, even into areas that are not typically reported on in other projects.	CSEA-ITO	We understand the importance of thoroughness in this area and raised the observation with the intent of offering support and suggestions. This observation did not impact the risk rating.  IV&V's observation is based on this IEEE standard. If the vendor could provide the State or IV&V with visibility into Jira, this finding could be addressed. Currently, IV&V does not have access into Jira and is unable to verify. IV&V's observations are based on the information available to validate.  This unique and complex effort is a migration and replatforming of an existing mainframe system that requires a processing platform, where the primary goal is to ensure that the platforming process is successful and that all subsystems are tested.  • Other types of typical software implementation projects normally focus on a specific contract requirements matrix for deliverable scope which does not exist in this effort due to the unique circumstances.  To support the development and assess progress, additional testing report metrics were recommended.

ID#	Page #	Comment	Commenter's Organization	Accuity Resolution
2	4	Histogram of IV&V Observations shows four observations in Technology that are red for the first time, but there is no identification of what these observations are that are rated high, and why they are red. There are entries in Appendix C, Prior Findings, but it requires unnecessary investigation into prior reports to be able to identify which findings were upgraded in status.	CSEA-ITO	Based upon the discussion in the IV&V draft review meeting, Accuity agrees that the risk severity level is a moderate (yellow) status.
3	5		DDI	<ul> <li>The reports currently offer a great deal of information. Kindly allow a few suggestions during the current development phase that will provide further detail: <ul> <li>Defect Density – helps assess the quality of the build and the effectiveness of the testing process. Defect density = (Number of defects)/(Size of the category or software unit).</li> <li>Test Case Effectiveness – Evaluates the percentage of test cases that successfully identified defects. Test Case Effectiveness = (Number of Defects Detected by Test Cases)/(Total number of Defects).</li> <li>Mean Time to Detect (MTTD) – A quick MTTD indicates fast detection of issues during the testing phase, which reduces downtime and risk. MTTD = (Total Detection Time for All Defects)/(Number of Defects).</li> <li>Mean Time to Repair (MTTR) – Measures the average time taken to resolve identified defects. MTTR = (Total Time to Resolve Defects)/(Number of Defects).</li> </ul> </li> <li>In the future testing phases, CSEA may want to consider adding a defect rejection rate to understand the percentage of reported defects that are not valid. This can assist in identifying test cases that may be inaccurate or miscommunications between testers and developers.</li> </ul>
4	6 Technology Bullet 8	The project is currently in the development phase where defects are normally reported internally to the developers. During the UAT phase, defects are usually reported to the client and tracked. However, we are reporting these development defects now in the spirit of transparency, while the development team works to ensure the application will be ready for UAT.	DDI	Transparency in this development phase is a good practice considering the replatforming effort, processing platform and the testing of sub systems required. It affords high collaboration amongst team members and a historical knowledge share of the effort. Aligning knowledge proactively contributes to expedient progress and change management.

ID#	Page #	Comment	Commenter's Organization	Accuity Resolution
5		In the IV&V Observation chart, the 'Technology' bar originally showed 4 high risk and 2 moderate observations.		Due to a clerical error, the Observation chart reflected the total number of Technology <i>recommendations</i> . The IV&V Observation chart has been updated to include two Technology <i>observations</i> . Based on the comments and resolution in ID #2, these are categorized as moderate risk.



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