JAN 1 5 2025

# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO REDRESS FOR WRONGFUL CONVICTION AND IMPRISONMENT.

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Act 156, Session
- 2 Laws of Hawaii 2016, was enacted to monetarily compensate
- 3 individuals who had been wrongfully convicted and imprisoned in
- 4 the Hawaii criminal justice system. The Act created chapter
- 661B, Hawaii Revised Statutes, which is entitled "Redress for 5
- 6 Wrongful Conviction and Imprisonment", and through which the
- 7 compensation scheme has been effect for eight years.
- In enacting Act 156, the legislature found that individuals 8
- 9 who were wrongfully convicted and imprisoned by the State
- 10 deserved "an avenue of redress over and above the existing tort
- remedies to seek compensation for damages from the jurisdiction 11
- 12 that convicted and imprisoned them". Pursuant to section
- 661B-3(b), Hawaii Revised Statutes, if a court finds that a 13
- 14 person has proven a claim for wrongful conviction and
- imprisonment, the court is to award the person \$50,000 for each 15
- year of actual confinement, including time spent awaiting trial. 16
- The legislature recognizes that although the process does not 17



- 1 explicitly require a court trial to determine if a petitioner is
- 2 entitled to compensation and the amount of compensation, in
- 3 practice, petitioners have been subjected to lengthy trials.
- 4 The legislature also recognizes the recent Hawai'i supreme
- 5 court decision in <u>Jardine v. Hawai`i</u>, 155 Haw. 60 (2024). The
- 6 court considered the language of section 661B-1, Hawaii Revised
- 7 Statutes, which in part requires that a petitioner's judgment of
- 8 conviction be reversed or vacated "because the petitioner was
- 9 actually innocent of the crimes for which the petitioner was
- 10 convicted, and the court decision so states". The supreme court
- 11 held that the statute does not require the exact words "actual
- 12 innocence" to appear in the order. However, the court also held
- 13 that the statute "does, however, require that such an order
- 14 state a finding that supports a petitioner's 'actual innocence'
- 15 that is, the order should support the conclusion that the
- 16 petitioner did not commit the crime."
- 17 The purpose of this Act is to make improvements to the
- 18 State's wrongful imprisonment compensation law.
- 19 SECTION 2. Chapter 661B, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 20 amended by adding two new sections to be appropriately
- 21 designated and to read as follows:



1	"§661B- Notice of the right to petition. The State			
2	shall provide written notice of the ability to file a claim			
3	under this chapter to any person:			
4	(1) Whose judgment of conviction was reversed or vacated	<u>1,</u>		
5	and the corresponding order included a finding that			
6	supports the conclusion that the person did not comm	<u>nit</u>		
7	the crime upon which that conviction was based; or			
8	(2) Who was pardoned and the pardon included information	<u>1</u>		
9	that supports the conclusion that the person did not	<u>.</u>		
10	commit the crime for which the person was convicted.	<u> </u>		
11	§661B- Liberal construction. This chapter shall be			
12	liberally construed to ensure that those persons who were			
13	wrongfully convicted and imprisoned by the State receive			
14	compensation."			
15	SECTION 3. Section 661B-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is			
16	amended to read as follows:			
17	"[{] §661B-2[}] Presentation of claim. (a) A petition f	or		
18	relief filed pursuant to this chapter shall be filed in the			
19	circuit court of the circuit in which the petitioner lives, or	<u>-</u>		
20	if the petitioner lives outside the State, in the circuit court			
21	of the first circuit. The petitioner shall serve the petition	1		

- 1 upon the attorney general, and if the prosecuting authority was
- 2 other than the attorney general, upon the prosecuting authority.
- 3 The petition shall set forth the facts and authority that
- 4 support the petitioner's claim.
- 5 (b) The State shall pay advance compensation to any
- 6 petitioner who was convicted in a court of the State and
- 7 imprisoned for at least one year, and who files a petition that
- 8 supports the conclusion that the petitioner did not commit the
- 9 crime for which the person was convicted; provided that neither
- 10 the State nor a county prosecutor have filed new charges based
- 11 on the same alleged act or acts for which the petitioner was
- 12 originally convicted. Within seven days of service of the
- 13 petition, the State shall make a payment of \$5,000 to the
- 14 petitioner. Subsequently, on the first day of every month, the
- 15 State shall make a payment of \$5,000 to the petitioner, until
- 16 the State has paid in the aggregate an amount equal to the
- 17 payment for one year of imprisonment, as specified in section
- 18 661B-3(c); provided the payments shall cease if the State or a
- 19 county prosecutor files new charges based on the same alleged
- 20 act or acts for which the petitioner was originally convicted.
- 21 Any advance compensation paid to the petitioner shall be



- 1 deducted from any compensation to which the petitioner is
- 2 entitled under this chapter.
- 3 [\(\(\frac{(b)}{c}\)] (c) No later than sixty days after service, the
- 4 attorney general shall file with the court an answer that shall
- 5 either admit that the petitioner is entitled to compensation or
- 6 deny the petitioner's claim.
- 7 If the attorney general admits that the petitioner is
- 8 entitled to compensation, the court shall conduct a trial to
- 9 determine the amount of compensation; provided that if the
- 10 attorney general and the petitioner agree on the amount of the
- 11 compensation, the court may issue a final judgment awarding the
- 12 petitioner the amount agreed upon or, in its discretion, conduct
- 13 a trial to determine the amount to award the petitioner.
- 14 If the attorney general denies that the petitioner is
- 15 entitled to compensation, then the court shall conduct a trial
- 16 to determine if the petitioner is entitled to compensation and
- 17 the amount, if any.
- 18 [<del>(c)</del>] (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to
- 19 the contrary, no person shall be allowed to intervene in the
- 20 proceeding; provided that if the attorney general did not obtain
- 21 the conviction of the petitioner, then the prevailing



- 1 prosecuting authority may state its position on the petitioner's
- 2 claim in a statement to the court. If the attorney general did
- 3 not obtain the conviction of the petitioner, then the prevailing
- 4 prosecuting authority shall provide the attorney general with
- 5 any information or assistance that the attorney general may
- 6 request.
- 7 [\(\frac{(d)}{}\)] (e) Any action against the State under this chapter
- 8 shall be tried by the court without a jury; provided that the
- 9 court, with the consent of all the parties, may order a trial
- 10 with a jury whose verdict shall have the same effect as if trial
- 11 by jury had been a matter of right."
- 12 SECTION 4. No later than forty days before the convening
- 13 of each of the regular sessions of 2026, 2027, and 2028, the
- 14 department of the attorney general shall submit to the
- 15 legislature a report on the status of all petitions filed under
- 16 chapter 661B, Hawaii Revised Statutes. The report shall
- 17 include, for each petition:
- 18 (1) The name of the petitioner;
- 19 (2) The date the petition was filed and the circuit in
- which it was filed;

1	(3)	Whether the department granted or denied the petition,
2		and the date the department's response was filed;
3	(4)	Whether any compensation has been made to the
4		petitioner, including any compensation pursuant to
5		section 661B-2(b), Hawaii Revised Statutes, and the
6		dates of the compensation, if any; and
7	(5)	The current status of the petition.
8	SECT	ION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
9	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.
10	SECT	ION 6. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
11		INTRODUCED BY:
		INTRODUCED BY:

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#### Report Title:

Wrongful Convictions; Civil Remedies; Redress; Compensation

### Description:

Requires the State to provide written notice to certain persons regarding the ability to file a claim for redress under applicable wrongful conviction law. Requires the liberal construction of that law. Provides for advance compensation for petitioners under certain circumstances. Requires reports to Legislature from the Department of the Attorney General.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.