JAN 2 3 2025

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE LEGISLATURE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The Hawaii state legislature currently meets 2 for a sixty-day regular legislative session each year, generally 3 stretching from the third Wednesday in January until early May, 4 or approximately three and a half months. To ensure that 5 legislation remains on track to pass all required legislative 6 committees and satisfy all constitutional requirements during 7 this short timeframe, the legislature sets multiple self-imposed 8 deadlines that bills must meet to advance through the legislative process. Unfortunately, this often means that bills 9 10 must be rushed to meet these deadlines.

11 One potential way to alleviate this rushed scenario and 12 allow for a more deliberate and mindful legislative process is 13 by providing more time in the legislative calendar, specifically 14 by thoroughly examining the merits and costs of transitioning 15 the Hawaii state legislature's regular session from a 16 three-and-a-half-month session to one that meets on a year-round 17 basis.

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1 In particular, requiring the legislature to be in session 2 throughout the whole year could improve many facets of the 3 legislative process, including bill drafting, community 4 engagement, and emergency response. For example, extending the 5 legislative session could allow legislators and stakeholders the 6 additional time needed to craft more thoughtful and effective 7 legislation that better meets the needs of Hawaii residents and 8 businesses. Legislators would have additional opportunities to 9 engage constituents and work through the multitude of issues 10 facing the State. The legislature notes that state legislatures 11 with longer legislative sessions may be more likely to craft 12 policies that address the specific concerns of their states, 13 rather than simply applying policies from other states and 14 national lobbying organizations.

In addition, a year-round legislature would allow the State to more quickly and effectively address natural disasters and other emergencies. Many natural disasters that the State has experienced occurred when the legislature was not in regular session, including hurricane Iniki, the 2018 Kilauea eruption that destroyed much of Kapoho, and the 2023 Maui wildfires. Had

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1 the legislature been a year-round body, the State may have been 2 able to better address those events.

The legislature notes that a year-round legislative session would require additional staffing and resources. These potential costs have not been studied in-depth, and there is not yet a good understanding of the potential financial burden that a year-round legislature would place on taxpayers.

8 However, there are analogues that the State can look to as 9 it studies this issue. The National Conference of State 10 Legislatures classifies California, Michigan, New York, and 11 Pennsylvania as "full-time" legislatures due to the length of 12 their legislative sessions, the amount of time legislators spend 13 on the job, the pay that legislators receive, and the size of 14 the legislature's staff. The National Conference of State 15 Legislatures also notes that several other state legislatures 16 meet throughout the year, including in Illinois, Massachusetts, 17 New Jersey, Ohio, and Wisconsin. Moreover, locally, the 18 legislative bodies of the State's counties also meet throughout 19 the year.

In 2024, the Hawaii state legislature adopted House
Concurrent Resolution No. 138, Senate Draft 1, which requested

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1 the legislative reference bureau to "conduct a study of a 2 continuous legislative session, extending the legislative 3 session, and adding additional recess days." Commissioning this 4 study was an important first step in examining this issue. The 5 legislature finds that the next step in this process is to bring 6 together relevant stakeholders to examine the feasibility of 7 transitioning to a year-round legislature and to create a plan 8 to initiate this transition.

9 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to establish a 10 temporary working group to study the feasibility of 11 transitioning the Hawaii state legislature's regular session 12 from one that meets for three and a half months, from 13 mid-January to early May, to one that meets on a year-round 14 basis.

15 SECTION 2. (a) There is established a temporary working 16 group to study the feasibility of transitioning the Hawaii state 17 legislature's regular session from one that meets for 18 approximately three and a half months from mid-January to early 19 May, to one that meets on a year-round basis.

20

(b) The members of the working group shall include:

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1	(1)	One member of the senate, to be selected by the
2		president of the senate, and who shall serve as
3		co-chair of the working group;
4	(2)	One member of the house of representatives, to be
5		selected by the speaker of the house of
6		representatives, and who shall serve as co-chair of
7		the working group;
8	(3)	One person to be selected by the governor;
9	(4)	The attorney general or the attorney general's
10		designee;
11	(5)	The chief clerk of the senate or the chief clerk's
12		designee;
13	(6)	The chief clerk of the house of representatives or the
14		chief clerk's designee;
15	(7)	One representative from the League of Women Voters of
16		Hawaii, who shall be invited to serve by the co-chairs
17		of the working group;
18	(8)	One representative from Common Cause Hawaii, who shall
19		be invited to serve by the co-chairs of the working
20		group; and

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1	(9)	One representative from the Hawaii State Association
2		of Counties, who shall be invited to serve by the
3		co-chairs of the working group.
4	(c)	The working group may invite to serve on the working
5	group any	other persons whom the working group believes have
6	expertise	that would be helpful fulfilling the working group's
7	duties pu	rsuant to subsection (d).
8	(d)	The working group shall:
9	(1)	Study the feasibility of transitioning the Hawaii
10		state legislature's regular session from one that
11		meets for approximately three and a half months from
12		mid-January to early May, to one that meets on a
13		year-round basis;
14	(2)	Analyze the financial impact and necessary costs to
15		operate a year-round legislative session, including
16		staffing requirements, changes to legislative
17		services, operational costs, office space needs, and
18		impacts on legislation;
19	(3)	Analyze and recommend any constitutional and statutory
20		changes necessary to implement a year-round
21		legislative session; and

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1 (4) Examine other states that have transitioned to a 2 year-round legislature and the impact those 3 transitions have had on the states and their 4 communities. For the purposes of this paragraph, the 5 working group shall examine California, Michigan, New 6 York, Pennsylvania, and any other state deemed 7 appropriate by the working group. In performing its duties under this subsection, the working 8 9 group shall consider any findings and recommendations made by 10 the legislative reference bureau in its report to the 11 legislature to be submitted pursuant to House Concurrent Resolution No. 138, Senate Draft 1, adopted during the regular 12 13 session of 2024. The working group shall submit a report of its 14 (e) 15 findings and recommendations, including any proposed legislation, to the legislature no later than twenty days prior 16 17 to the convening of the regular session of 2026. The legislative reference bureau: 18 (f) 19 (1) Shall provide administrative assistance to the working 20 group;

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 (2) Shall assist the working group in preparing and submitting the report required by subsection (e); and
 (3) May retain a contractor or consultant to assist the working group perform its duties under this section.
 (g) The working group shall cease to exist on June 30,
 2026.

7 SECTION 3. There is appropriated out of the general 8 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so much 9 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2025-2026 for the 10 purposes of the working group, including procuring services for 11 the study and facilitating working group meetings; provided that 12 the contracting of services using funds appropriated under this 13 section shall be exempt from chapter 103D, Hawaii Revised 14 Statutes.

15 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the legislative 16 reference bureau for the purposes of this Act.

17 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

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INTRODUCED BY: ______

By Request



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Report Title:

Working Group; Year-Round Legislative Session; LRB; Report; Appropriation

Description:

Establishes a temporary working group to study the feasibility of transitioning the Hawaii State Legislature's regular session from one that meets for 3.5 months from mid-January to early May, to one that meets on a year-round basis. Requires the Legislative Reference Bureau to provide administrative support to the working group. Requires report to Legislature. Appropriates moneys.

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