JAN 2 3 2025

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO INTEREST ON INSURANCE PROCEEDS RELATED TO A MORTGAGE LOAN.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. Chapter 412, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by adding to article 14 a new section to be
3	appropriately designated and to read as follows:
4	"§412:14- Interest on insurance proceeds related to a
5	mortgage loan. (a) A Hawaii financial institution shall comply
6	with the following requirements concerning the handling,
7	processing, and disbursement of insurance proceeds paid to
8	satisfy a claim associated with the damage or destruction of a
9	residential property that is the subject of a mortgage,
10	including but not limited to hazard insurance of any kind.
11	(1) No later than thirty days after the Hawaii financial
12	institution receives the insurance proceeds the
13	financial institution must contact the borrower to
14	determine whether or not the proceeds should be
15	applied to the unpaid principal balance of the
16	existing mortgage loan or placed in an escrow account
17	if the homeowner intends to use the insurance proceeds

1		to r	ebuild or disburse funds in excess of the loan
2		bala	nce.
3		(A)	If the insurance proceeds are sufficient to pay
4			off the mortgage loan, then the financial
5			institution, with the borrower's consent, must
6			pay off the mortgage loan and disburse any excess
7			funds to the borrower; or
8		(B)	If the funds are not sufficient to pay off the
9			mortgage loan or the borrower intends to use the
10			insurance proceeds to rebuild, the proceeds must
11			be placed in an escrow account as set forth in
12			paragraph (2).
13		(C)	In accordance with investor guidelines, if the
14			funds exceed the amount of the mortgage loan
15			balance, a mortgage servicer shall disburse to a
16			borrower any amount of insurance proceeds in
17			excess of the remaining amount that the borrower
18			owes on the mortgage.
19	(2)	А На	waii financial institution shall hold in an
20		inte	rest-bearing account, for the benefit of the
21		borr	ower, any insurance proceeds that the financial
22		inst	itution does not immediately disburse to a

1		borrower pending rebuild of a residential property.
2		Such an account must generate interest at a rate that
3		is not less than the national rate for money market
4		accounts, as determined according to title 12 Code of
5		Federal Regulations section 337.7. The financial
6		institution shall ensure that the interest that
7		accrues to the account is credited to the borrower's
8		account monthly.
9	(3)	A financial institution shall not charge the borrower
10		a fee for the maintenance or disbursement of insurance
11		proceeds. Additionally, the financial institution
12		shall not charge the borrower a fee for the
13		maintenance or disbursement of interest earned on the
14		insurance proceeds, as set forth in paragraph (2),
15		held by the financial institution for the benefit of
16		the borrower."
17	SECT	ION 2. Section 454M-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended t	o read as follows:
19	"§45	4M-5, Additional duties of a mortgage servicer; good
20	faith and	fair dealing; disclosures; payments, accounting, and
21	records;	assignment of servicing rights. (a) A mortgage
22	servicer	licensed or acting under this chapter, has a duty of

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and course of dealings with each borrower in connection with the 2 3 servicing of the borrower's mortgage loan. 4 In addition to any other duties imposed by law, a (b) mortgage servicer shall: 5 6 Safeguard and account for any money handled for the 7 borrower; (2) Follow reasonable and lawful instructions from the 8 9 borrower consistent with the underlying note and 10 mortgage; 11 Act with reasonable skill, care, timeliness, (3) 12 promptness, and diligence; Disclose to the commissioner in the servicer's license 13 (4) 14 application and each yearly renewal a complete, 15 current schedule of the ranges of costs and fees it charges borrowers for its servicing-related 16 17 activities; 18 File a report with each yearly renewal statement in a form and format acceptable to the commissioner 19 20 detailing the servicer's activities in this State, 21 including:

good faith and fair dealing in its communications, transactions,

1	(A)	The number of mortgage loans the servicer is
2		servicing;
3	(B)	The type and characteristics of loans serviced in
4		this State;
5	(C)	The number of serviced loans in default, along
6		with a breakdown of thirty-, sixty-, and ninety-
7		day delinquencies;
8	(D)	Information on loss mitigation activities,
9		including details on workout arrangements
10		undertaken;
11	(E)	Information on foreclosures commenced in this
12		State;
13	(F)	The affiliations of the mortgage servicer,
14		including any lenders or mortgagees for which the
15		mortgage servicer provides service, any
16		subsidiary or parent entities of the mortgage
17		servicer, and a description of the authority held
18		by the mortgage servicer through its
19		affiliations; and
20	(G)	Any other information that the commissioner may
21		require; and

- Maintain an office in the State that is staffed by at 1 (6) 2 least one agent or employee for the purposes of addressing consumer inquiries or complaints and 3 accepting service of process; provided that the 4 mortgage servicer's business constitutes at least a 5 6 twenty per cent share of the portion of the total 7 mortgage loan service market in the State that was serviced by mortgage servicers licensed under this 8 9 chapter within the previous calendar year; and 10 provided further that nothing in this section shall 11 prohibit a mortgagee as defined by section 667-1 or a 12 mortgage servicer from contracting with a licensee that maintains an office in this State in conformity 13 14 with this section for the purposes of addressing 15 consumer inquiries or complaints and accepting service 16 of process.
- (c) A mortgage servicer shall comply with the following requirements concerning handling and processing of mortgage payments:
- 20 (1) Except as provided in paragraph (4), all payments
 21 received by a mortgage servicer on a mortgage loan at
 22 the address where the borrower has been instructed in

1		writing to make payments shall be accepted and
2		credited, or treated as credited, on the business day
3		received, to the extent that the borrower has provided
4		sufficient information to credit the account. For all
5		mortgage loans originated after July 1, 2015, except
6		where inconsistent with federal law or regulation,
7		payments shall be credited to the principal and
8		interest due on the home loan before crediting the
9		payments to taxes, insurance, or fees;
10	(2)	Methods of payment and payment instruments shall be
11		reasonable;
12	(3)	If a mortgage servicer specifies in writing
13		requirements for the borrower to follow in making
14		payments, but accepts a payment that does not conform
15		to the requirements, the mortgage servicer shall
16		credit the payment as soon as commercially
17		practicable, but in no event later than three business
18		days after receipt;
19	(4)	Late payments of principal and interest shall be
20		credited before any late charge is collected; and
21	(5)	If the mortgage servicer receives any payment on a
22		mortgage loan and suspenses the payment, does not

1 credit the payment, or does not treat the payment in 2 accordance with this section, the mortgage servicer, 3 within ten days of receipt, shall send the borrower 4 notice by mail at the borrower's last known address 5 indicating the reason the payment was suspensed or was 6 not credited or treated as credited to the account, 7 and specifying any actions by the borrower necessary to make the loan current. 8

- 9 (d) A mortgage servicer shall comply with the following
 10 requirements concerning escrows for the payment of taxes and
 11 insurance:
- 12 Any mortgage servicer who receives funds from a (1) 13 borrower to be held in escrow for payment of taxes and 14 insurance premiums shall pay the taxes and insurance 15 premiums of the borrower to the appropriate taxing 16 authority and insurance company in the amount required 17 and at the time the taxes and insurance premiums are 18 due, in accordance with the requirements of the Real 19 Estate Settlement Procedures Act, including title 12 20 C.F.R. section 1024.17, and shall be liable to the 21 borrower as provided therein;

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(2) If the amount held in the escrow account as of the date the taxes and insurance premiums are due is insufficient to pay the taxes and insurance premiums, the mortgage servicer shall pay the taxes and insurance premiums from the mortgage servicer's own funds; provided that the borrower has paid to the mortgage servicer the amounts required to be paid into the escrow account, as determined by the mortgage servicer, for all amounts scheduled to be paid to the mortgage servicer prior to the date the taxes and insurance premiums are due; and

(3) Where an escrow account has been established and a

(3) Where an escrow account has been established and a mortgage servicer advances funds in paying a disbursement that is not the result of a borrower's payment default under the underlying mortgage document, the mortgage servicer shall conduct an escrow account analysis to determine the reasons for and extent of the deficiency and shall provide a written explanation to the borrower before seeking repayment of the funds from the borrower. The mortgage servicer shall then give the borrower the option of paying the shortage over a period of not

less than one year. The mortgage servicer shall not
charge or collect interest on any shortage during the
payment period.
Any mortgage servicer who violates any provision of this
subsection shall be liable to the borrower: for any penalties,
interest, or other charges levied by the taxing authority or
insurance company as a result of any violation; any actual
damages suffered by the borrower as a result of the violation,
including any amount that would have been paid by an insurer for
a casualty or liability claim had the insurance policy not been
canceled for nonpayment by the mortgage servicer; and, in the
case of any successful action to enforce the foregoing
liability, the costs of the action together with reasonable
attorney's fees as determined by the court.
(e) A mortgage servicer shall comply with the following
requirements concerning the handling, processing, and
disbursement of insurance proceeds paid to satisfy a claim
associated with the damage or destruction of a residential
property that is the subject of a mortgage, including but not
limited to hazard insurance of any kind.
(1) No later than thirty days after the mortgage servicer
receives the insurance proceeds a mortgage servicer

1	must	contact the borrower to determine whether or not
2	the	proceeds should be applied to the unpaid principal
3	bala	nce of the existing mortgage loan or placed in an
4	escr	ow account if the homeowner intends to use the
5	insu	rance proceeds to rebuild or disburse funds in
6	exce	ss of the loan balance.
7	(A)	If the insurance proceeds are sufficient to pay
8		off the mortgage loan, then the servicer, with
9		the borrower's consent, must pay off the mortgage
10		loan and disburse any excess funds to the
11		borrower; or
12	(B)	If the funds are not sufficient to pay off the
13		mortgage loan or the borrower intends to use the
14		insurance proceeds to rebuild, the proceeds must
15		be placed in an escrow account in accordance to
16		paragraph (2); and
17	<u>(C)</u>	In accordance with investor guidelines, if the
18		funds exceed the amount of the mortgage loan
19		balance, a mortgage servicer shall disburse to a
20		borrower any amount of insurance proceeds in
21		excess of the remaining amount that the borrower
22		owes on the mortgage.

1	(2)	A mortgage servicer shall hold in an interest-bearing
2		account, for the benefit of the borrower, any
3 .		insurance proceeds that the mortgage servicer does not
4		immediately disburse to a borrower pending rebuild of
5		a residential property. Such an account must generate
6		interest at a rate that is not less than the national
7		rate for money market accounts, as determined
8		according to title 12 C.F.R. section 337.7. A
9		mortgage servicer shall ensure that the interest that
10		accrues to the account is credited to the borrower's
11		account monthly.
12	(3)	A mortgage servicer shall not charge the borrower a
13		fee for the maintenance or disbursement of insurance
14		proceeds. Additionally, the mortgage servicer shall
15		not charge the borrower a fee for the maintenance or
16		disbursement of interest earned from an interest-
17		bearing account established pursuant to section 454M:-
18		<u>5(e)(2).</u>
19	[(e)]	(f) A mortgage servicer shall comply with the
20	following	requirements concerning statements of account:
21	(1)	At least once annually, within thirty days of the end
22		of the computation year, a mortgage servicer shall

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1 deliver to the borrower a plain language statement of 2 the borrower's account showing the unpaid principal 3 balance of the mortgage loan at the end of the 4 immediately preceding twelve-month period, the 5 interest paid during that period, and the amounts 6 deposited into escrow and disbursed from escrow during 7 the period. The annual escrow statement may be 8 provided separately from the annual statement showing 9 the unpaid principal and interest paid. The format 10 and content of the annual escrow statement shall 11 comply with the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act, 12 including title 12 C.F.R. section 1024.17; 13 (2) A mortgage servicer shall promptly provide a borrower 14 with an accurate accounting in plain English of the 15 debt owed when requested by the borrower or borrower's 16 authorized representative. Within thirty days of 17 receipt of a request from the borrower or the 18 borrower's authorized representative, a mortgage 19 servicer shall deliver to the borrower a payment 20 history for the last thirty-six months of the 21 borrower's account, unless a different period is

requested, showing the date and amount of all payments

1		made or credited to the account and the total unpaid
2		balance. The mortgage servicer shall have sixty days
3		to deliver a payment history where the request is for
4		a period longer than the last thirty-six months;
5	(3)	A fee shall not be charged to the borrower for the
6		annual escrow statement or for one payment history
7		furnished to a borrower in a twelve-month period; and
8	(4)	A shortage, surplus, or deficiency in the escrow
9		account shall be handled in accordance with the Real
10		Estate Settlement Procedures Act, including title 12
11		C.F.R. section 1024.17. Alternatively, with the
12		consent of the borrower, an excess balance may be
13		applied to the principal balance.
14	[(£)] (g) Except where inconsistent with the automatic
15	stay prov	isions of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to a
16	borrower	in a pending bankruptcy proceeding, a mortgage servicer
17	shall sen	d a payment reminder notice to a borrower at the
18	borrower'	s last known address no later than seventeen days after
19	the paymen	nt becomes due and remains unpaid; provided that a
20	mortgage	servicer is not required to send a separate payment
21	reminder	notice for each consecutive month in which the mortgage
22	loan cont	inues to remain unpaid

1	[(g)] <u>(h)</u> A mortgage servicer shall provide a clear,
2	understandable, and accurate statement of the total amount that
3	is required to pay off the mortgage loan as of a specified date,
4	within a reasonable time, but in any event no more than five
5	business days after receipt of a request from the borrower or
6	borrower's authorized representative. No borrower shall be
7	charged a fee for being informed or receiving a payoff statement
8	or for being provided with a release upon full prepayment;
9	provided that a mortgage servicer may charge a reasonable fee
10	for providing a payoff statement after five or more requests in
11	any calendar year.
12	$\left[\frac{(h)}{(i)}\right]$ A mortgage servicer shall comply with the
13	following requirements concerning handling consumer complaints
14	and inquiries:
15	(1) A mortgage servicer shall follow the requirements of
16	the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act, including
17	requests for error and information resolution
18	procedures under title 12 C.F.R. sections 1024.35 and
19	1024.36;
20	(2) In addition to the requirements of the Real Estate
21	Settlement Procedures Act, a mortgage servicer shall
22	establish and maintain a system to respond to and

1		resolve borrower inquiries and complaints in a prompt
2		and appropriate manner;
3	(3)	Within ten business days of receiving a request in
4		writing from a borrower or the borrower's authorized
5		representative, a mortgage servicer shall provide the
6		borrower with the name, address, phone number, or
7		electronic mail address, if available, and other
8		relevant contact information for the owner or assignee
9		of the mortgage loan; and
10	(4)	In addition to the information required to be
11		disclosed under this section, a mortgage servicer may,
12		at its option, provide any other information regarding
13		the servicing of the loan that the mortgage servicer
14		believes would be helpful to a borrower; provided that
15		any additional information does not contradict or
16		obscure the required disclosures.
17	[(i)	(j) A mortgage servicer shall comply with the
18	following	requirements concerning fees:
19	(1)	A mortgage servicer shall maintain and keep current a
20		schedule of standard or common fees that the mortgage
21		servicer charges borrowers for the servicer's
22		servicing-related activities, such as nonsufficient

1		fund fees. The schedule shall identify each fee,
2		provide a plain English explanation of the fee, and
3		state the amount of the fee or range of amounts. If
4		there is no standard fee, the schedule shall explain
5		how the fee is calculated or determined. A mortgage
6		servicer shall make its schedule available on the
7		mortgage servicer's website and to the borrower or the
8		borrower's authorized representative upon request;
9	(2)	A mortgage servicer may only collect a fee if the fee
10		is for services actually rendered and one of the
11		following conditions is met:
12		(A) The fee is clearly and conspicuously disclosed by
13		the loan instruments and not prohibited by law;
14		(B) The fee is expressly permitted by law and not
15		prohibited by the loan instruments; or
16		(C) The fee is not prohibited by law or the loan
17		instruments and is a reasonable fee for a
18		specific service requested by the borrower that
19		is assessed only after clear and conspicuous
20		disclosure of the fee is provided to the borrower
21		and the borrower expressly consents to pay the
22		fee in exchange for the services;

1	(3)	In addition to the limitations in paragraph (2),
2		attorneys' fees charged in connection with a
3		foreclosure action shall not exceed reasonable and
4		customary fees for the work. If a foreclosure action
5		or proceeding is terminated prior to the public sale
6		because of a loss mitigation option, a reinstatement,
7		or payment in full, the borrower shall only be liable
8		for reasonable and customary fees for work actually
9		performed; and
10	(4)	A mortgage servicer shall not impose any late fee or
11		delinquency charge when the only delinquency is
12		attributable to late fees or delinquency charges
13		assessed on an earlier payment and the payment is
14		otherwise a full payment for the applicable period and
15		is paid on its due date or within any applicable grace
16		period. Late charges shall not be:
17		(A) Based on an amount greater than the past due
18		amount;
19		(B) Collected from the escrow account or from escrow
20		surplus without the approval of the borrower; or
21		(C) Deducted from any regular payment.

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- 1 [(j)] (k) Each mortgage servicer licensee shall maintain 2 adequate records of each residential mortgage loan transaction 3 at the office named in the mortgage servicer license for seven 4 years. 5 $\left[\frac{k}{k}\right]$ (1) Upon assignment of servicing rights on a 6 residential mortgage loan, the mortgage servicer shall disclose 7 to the borrower: 8 Any notice required by the Real Estate Settlement 9 Procedures Act, including title 12 C.F.R. section 10 1024.33, within the time periods prescribed therein; 11 and 12 A schedule of the ranges and categories of the (2) 13 mortgage servicer's costs and fees for the servicer's 14 servicing-related activities, which shall comply with 15 state and federal law and, if the disclosure is made 16 by a mortgage servicer licensee, shall not exceed 17 those reported to the commissioner in accordance with 18 this chapter. 19 $[\frac{1}{1}]$ (m) At the time a servicer accepts assignment of 20 servicing rights for a mortgage loan, the servicer shall 21 disclose to the borrower all of the following:
 - (1) Any notice required by the Real Estate Settlement

1		Procedures Act;	
2	(2)	A schedule of the ranges and categories of its costs	
3		and fees for its servicing-related activities,	
4		which shall comply with this chapter and which shall	
5		not exceed those reported to the commissioner; and	
6	(3)	A notice in a form and content acceptable to the	
7		commissioner that the servicer is licensed by the	
8		commissioner and that complaints about the servicer	
9		may be submitted to the commissioner.	
10	[-(m) -	<u>(n)</u> Where this chapter requires a person to comply	
11	with procedures, actions, standards, disclosures, notices,		
12	format, content, or other requirements of the Real Estate		
13	Settlement Procedures Act, the required compliance applies to		
14	any person subject to this chapter, whether or not the Real		
15	Estate Settlement Procedures Act applies to that person or		
16	transaction."		
17	SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed		
18	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.		
19	SECT:	ION 4. This Act, upon its approval, shall take effect	
20	on July 1, 2025.		
21	INTRODUCED BY:		
22		BY REQUEST	

Report Title:

Interest on Insurance Proceeds; Mortgage Loans; Mortgage Servicers Financial Institutions

Description:

Supports mortgagors during disasters and other instances of damage to property by requiring licensed mortgage servicers and financial institutions to pay interest on insurance proceeds held for the benefit of consumers. Provides that a fee shall not be charged to the borrower in connection with the maintenance or disbursement of insurance proceeds received by the financial institution. Provides that the minimum interest rate paid on insurance proceeds be based on the national rate for money market accounts, as determined according to title 12 C.F.R. section 337.7 and will be credited to the borrower monthly.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT: Commerce and Consumer Affairs

TITLE: A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO INTEREST ON

INSURANCE PROCEEDS RELATED TO A MORTGAGE

LOAN.

PURPOSE: To support mortgagors during disasters and

other instances of damage to property by requiring licensed mortgage servicers and financial institutions to pay interest on insurance proceeds held in escrow for the benefit of consumers; and provide that a fee shall not be charged to the borrower in connection with the maintenance or disbursement of insurance proceeds received by the financial institution. The minimum interest rate paid on insurance proceeds will be based on the national rate for money

market accounts, as determined according to title 12 C.F.R. section 337.7 and will be

credited to the borrower monthly.

MEANS: Add a new section to article 14 of chapter

412, and amend section 454M-5, Hawaii

Revised Statutes (HRS).

JUSTIFICATION:

The August 8, 2023, wildfires in the counties of Hawaii and Maui caused extensive loss of life and damage. Destruction of infrastructure has hindered victims' ability to rebuild, leaving insurance proceeds sitting in escrow accounts until the rebuilding process is possible. Local banks have been offering interest on the insurance proceeds, but it is not required by law, and consumers with out-of-state mortgage servicers and banks have not been offered the same because current laws do not require insurance proceeds to be held in interestbearing accounts. This bill will increase consumer protection in cases of damage or destruction to a mortgagor's property by requiring that all licensed Hawaii mortgage servicers and financial institutions contact

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the consumer and provide them with an option of putting their insurance proceeds in an interest-bearing account.

Impact on the public: This bill will increase consumer protection by requiring that financial institutions and mortgage servicers contact the consumer in the event of damage and the receiving of insurance proceeds to provide options within thirty days.

Impact on the department and other agencies:
None.

GENERAL FUND:

None.

OTHER FUNDS:

None.

PPBS PROGRAM

DESIGNATION:

CCA-104.

OTHER AFFECTED

AGENCIES:

None.

EFFECTIVE DATE:

July 1, 2025.