A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO COGNITIVE ASSESSMENTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	PART I
2	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that families caring for
3	individuals with Alzheimer's disease and related dementias face
4	many challenges when attempting to balance their professional
5	lives with the provision of care to their loved ones.
6	Caregivers often must choose between continuing their careers or
7	becoming full-time caregivers. According to the Alzheimer's
8	Association, Hawaii has approximately sixty thousand family
9	caregivers providing ninety-one million hours of unpaid care
10	valued at \$1,900,000,000.
11	The legislature further finds that 6.7 per cent of
12	individuals aged forty-five or older experience subjective
13	cognitive decline. After age sixty-five, the risk of
14	Alzheimer's disease doubles every five years, with individuals
15	on medicare considered at higher risk of having or developing
16	dementia. According to the federal Centers for Disease Control
17	and Prevention, by 2060, nearly fourteen million adults in the

- 1 United States are projected to have Alzheimer's disease.
- 2 Nationwide, the costs to care for individuals living with
- 3 Alzheimer's disease and related dementias is significant, with
- 4 the total cost of care for Alzheimer's disease projected to
- 5 increase to more than \$1,100,000,000,000 by 2050. However, a
- 6 2018 report from the Alzheimer's Association indicated that
- 7 early diagnosis and treatment of dementia could save the nation
- 8 as much as \$7,900,000,000,000 in medical and care costs over
- 9 thirty years.
- 10 The treatment and prevention of Alzheimer's disease and
- 11 related dementias is of pressing concern to the State. Per the
- 12 department of business, economic development, and tourism,
- 13 nearly one in five residents in Hawaii is sixty-five years of
- 14 age or older, with this age group rapidly expanding in size.
- 15 Annually, Alzheimer's and related dementias cost the State's
- 16 medicaid program \$285,000,000. In the Hawaii 2025: State Plan
- 17 on Alzheimer's Disease and Related Dementias: 2020 Update, the
- 18 executive office on aging found that medicare costs for the
- 19 Alzheimer's disease and related dementias population are nearly
- 20 \$10,000 higher in comparison to the non-Alzheimer's disease and
- 21 related dementias population. The legislature also finds that

- 1 early detection of Alzheimer's disease and related dementias can
- 2 reduce costs, manage comorbid conditions, delay disease
- 3 progression, and allow better care planning. However, data from
- 4 the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's
- 5 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System found that over
- 6 two-thirds of people with memory problems in Hawaii have not
- 7 talked to their health care provider. Cost may be one factor
- 8 behind why individuals have not discussed their cognitive health
- 9 with their health care providers. According to the Individuals'
- 10 Interest in Cognitive Screening, Dementia Diagnosis, and
- 11 Treatment: New Estimates from a Population-Representative
- 12 Sample report published by the RAND Corporation on December 3,
- 13 2024, eighty per cent of study respondents said they would
- 14 undergo a cognitive assessment if doing so were free. The
- 15 legislature notes that medicare beneficiaries who have opted to
- 16 take medicare part B coverage already receive an annual
- 17 cognitive assessment as part of their supplemental coverage.
- 18 This assessment can be performed by any practitioner eligible to
- 19 report evaluation and management services under medicare,
- 20 including physicians, physician assistants, nurse practitioners,
- 21 and clinical nurse specialists. However, this assessment

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- 1 protocol is severely underutilized. The legislature also finds
- 2 that broadening the use of cognitive assessments is an important
- 3 strategy to identify patients who may benefit from current and
- 4 future treatments for Alzheimer's disease and related dementias,
- 5 as assessments provide individuals with information that may
- 6 facilitate actions to prepare for the future.
- 7 The legislature additionally finds that offering cognitive
- 8 assessments for medicare beneficiaries aged sixty-five or older
- 9 is a necessary component of the State's strategic plan to
- 10 address Alzheimer's disease and related dementias. The
- 11 legislature believes that simultaneously increasing access to
- 12 cognitive assessments that are already part of many
- 13 beneficiaries' supplemental medicare coverage in conjunction
- 14 with the public health awareness campaign on Alzheimer's disease
- 15 and related dementias conducted by the executive office on aging
- 16 as part of the State's strategic plan will significantly improve
- 17 the health outcomes for Hawaii's older residents.
- 18 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to improve the
- 19 detection and treatment of Alzheimer's disease and related
- 20 dementias in Hawaii by:

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1	(1)	Standardizing the use of a valid cognitive assessment		
2		tool during annual wellness visits covered by medicare		
3		part B and part C; and		
4	(2)	Establishing a dementia data pilot program within the		
5		executive office on aging to collect and analyze		
6		cognitive assessment data across the State.		
7		PART II		
8	SECT	ION 2. Chapter 349, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
9	amended b	y adding a new part to be appropriately designated and		
10	to read as follows:			
11	"PART	. COGNITIVE ASSESSMENTS FOR MEDICARE BENEFICIARIES		
12	§349	-A Definitions. For the purposes of this part:		
13	"Ann	ual wellness visit" means a preventive service visit		
14	covered by	y medicare part B between a medicare beneficiary and a		
15				
	primary c	are provider that occurs once every twelve months and		
16		are provider that occurs once every twelve months and developing or updating a personalized prevention plan		
16 17	includes			
	includes	developing or updating a personalized prevention plan rming a health risk assessment but does not include a		
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- 1 "Medicare" means the program established under title XVIII
- 2 of the Social Security Act of 1935, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1395
- 3 et seq.).
- 4 "Medicare part B" means the voluntary supplementary medical
- 5 insurance benefits program provided under title XVIII of the
- 6 Social Security Act of 1935, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1395; to
- $7 \quad 1395w-6)$.
- 8 "Medicare part C" means the medicare advantage program
- 9 provided under title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1935,
- 10 as amended (42 U.S.C. 1395w-21 to 1395w-28).
- "Qualified patient" means an individual medicare
- 12 beneficiary, including but not limited to an individual with
- 13 developmental disabilities who is predisposed to early cognitive
- 14 decline, and who has coverage under medicare part B or medicare
- 15 part C.
- 16 §349-B Cognitive assessments for qualified patients. (a)
- 17 The cognitive assessment provided to qualified patients at an
- 18 annual wellness visit shall be conducted using standardized,
- 19 validated assessment tools.

1	(b)	A qualified patient may decline the use of a
2	standardi	zed, validated cognitive assessment tool after being
3	informed	of its purpose, benefits, and any risks.
4	§3 4 9	-C Exemptions. This part shall not apply to:
5	(1)	Health care providers who do not accept medicare
6		insurance;
7	(2)	Qualified patients who have already received a
8		diagnosis of dementia or mild cognitive impairment;
9		and
10	(3)	Qualified patients who are unable to undergo a
11		cognitive assessment due to a physical or mental
12		impairment or disability."
13		PART III
14	SECT	ION 3. (a) There is established a dementia data pilot
15	program w	ithin the executive office on aging to collect and
16	analyze c	ognitive assessment data for the purposes outlined in
17	the Hawai	i 2035: State Strategic Plan on Alzheimer's Disease
18	and Relat	ed Dementias.
19	(b)	The executive office on aging may collaborate with a
20	health ca	re system to identify health care providers to

participate in the pilot program.

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1	(C)	A health care provider participating in the pilot
2	program m	may provide a report to the executive office on aging no
3	later tha	n October 1 of each year. The report may include but
4	not be li	mited to:
5	(1)	Whether the qualified patient declined the cognitive
6		assessment;
7	(2)	Whether the qualified patient is exempt from a
8		cognitive assessment and the reason for the exemption;
9	(3)	The date of the cognitive assessment;
10	(4)	The address where the cognitive assessment was
11		conducted and whether the cognitive assessment was
12		conducted in person or via telehealth;
13	(5)	The qualified patient's age, zip code, race, and
14		gender;
15	(6)	The type of cognitive assessment administered;
16	(7)	The result of the cognitive assessment; and
17	(8)	Any follow-up actions taken, including subsequent
18		referrals and further diagnosis and treatment.
19	(d)	The executive office on aging may secure the
20	transmiss	ion and storage of the information reported pursuant to
21	subsectio	n (c) for the purposes of the pilot program.

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- 1 (e) The executive office on aging shall provide a report
- 2 summarizing the information collected pursuant to subsection (c)
- 3 to the legislature no later than twenty days prior to the
- 4 convening of the regular sessions of 2027 and 2028. The report
- 5 shall be made available to the public on the department of
- 6 health's website.
- 7 (f) Any reports submitted to the legislature and subject
- 8 to publication under this Act shall be limited to aggregated
- 9 data and shall not directly contain or indirectly result in the
- 10 disclosure of personally identifiable information.
- 11 (g) The identity, or any group of facts or any system of
- 12 records that may lead to the identity, of any qualified patient
- 13 who has received a cognitive assessment pursuant to this Act
- 14 shall be confidential and shall not be revealed in any report,
- 15 release, or publication.
- (h) The dementia data pilot program shall be dissolved two
- 17 years from its start date.
- 18 (i) For the purposes of this part, "qualified patient" has
- 19 the same meaning as defined in section 349-A, Hawaii Revised
- 20 Statutes.

21 PART IV

2025-3310 HB700 CD1 HMS0

- 1 SECTION 4. In codifying the new sections added by
- 2 section 2 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
- 3 appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
- 4 the new sections in this Act.
- 5 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

Report Title:

Cognitive Assessments; Medicare Beneficiaries; Annual Wellness Visits; Alzheimer's Disease and Related Dementias; Dementia Data Pilot Program; Reporting Requirements; Executive Office on Aging

Description:

Establishes, with certain exceptions, standardized cognitive assessments for qualified Medicare beneficiaries. Establishes a two-year Dementia Data Pilot Program within the Executive Office on Aging to collect and analyze cognitive assessment data. Requires the Executive Office on Aging to report de-identified aggregated data to the Legislature. (CD1)

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