A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO FIREWORKS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds the widespread use of
- 2 illegal fireworks poses an extreme danger and lethal risk to
- 3 public health and safety, resulting in fires, serious burn
- 4 injuries, and fatalities to innocent bystanders. The cost to
- 5 the community far outweighs any intrinsic benefit, as numerous
- 6 lives have been lost over the years from the use of illegal
- 7 fireworks. In addition, the potential for wildfires in this
- 8 time of climate change is a real and present danger and is a top
- 9 priority for all levels of government.
- 10 Tragedies like the New Year's Eve explosion of 2024 have
- 11 injured or claimed the lives of the elderly, adults, and
- 12 children, seriously impacting entire neighborhoods in the middle
- 13 of urban Honolulu and across the State.
- 14 Fireworks also emit excessive smoke and other toxins into
- 15 the air, making breathing difficult for thousands of Hawaii
- 16 residents with respiratory ailments. Noise from loud fireworks
- 17 traumatizes many residents, particularly war veterans who may

- 1 suffer from post-traumatic stress syndrome from being in combat.
- 2 Pets and vulnerable species in their natural habitats also must
- 3 suffer each holiday season when fireworks noise and
- 4 environmental pollution commences.
- 5 With the increase in fireworks-related calls, public safety
- 6 agencies are heavily strained to maintain adequate response
- 7 levels for other critical emergencies, which adds to the cost of
- 8 state and county resources that could be used for natural
- 9 disasters and other emergencies. They are often overwhelmed and
- 10 are not able to stop the thousands of illegal fireworks being
- 11 used, making it a death trap for thousands of innocent lives who
- 12 are not involved in illegal fireworks use.
- 13 The legislature further finds that people in the State
- 14 deserve to live in peace and security without the public safety
- 15 risk and disruptive impact of illegal fireworks. There can be
- 16 no more gray areas when lives are lost while this black market
- 17 flourishes.
- 18 The legislature also finds that improved enforcement of the
- 19 fireworks control laws is necessary, not only to protect
- 20 property from avoidable fire damage, but also to protect the
- 21 community from fire- and explosion-related injuries, respiratory

- 1 distress caused by the air pollution, and recurring trauma to
- 2 afflicted persons due to loud explosions.
- 3 The legislature believes a more robust continuum of
- 4 enforcement mechanisms must be established to promote compliance
- 5 with the fireworks control laws, including graduated penalties
- 6 for repeat or felony level offenses, enhanced penalties for
- 7 offenses that result in injury or death, and a dedicated
- 8 adjudication system for fireworks infractions, similar to the
- 9 existing traffic infraction system. Creating a fireworks
- 10 infractions system will allow law enforcement agencies and the
- 11 judiciary to quickly and efficiently process low-level cases,
- 12 while also allowing them to prioritize higher-level cases as
- 13 appropriate.
- Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to:
- 15 (1) Establish an adjudication system and procedures to
- 16 process fireworks infractions;
- 17 (2) Amend and establish various definitions and penalties
- for firework offenses, including establishing
- heightened penalties under certain circumstances;
- 20 (3) Establish various criminal offenses and penalties
- 21 related to fireworks or articles pyrotechnics; and

1 (4) Appropriate funds. 2 SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by 3 adding a new chapter to title 38 to be appropriately designated 4 and to read as follows: 5 "CHAPTER ADJUDICATION OF FIREWORKS INFRACTIONS 6 7 -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter: 8 "Concurrent trial" means a trial proceeding held in the 9 district or family court in which the defendant is tried 10 simultaneously in a civil case for any charged fireworks 11 infraction and in a criminal case for any related criminal 12 offense, with trials to be held in one court on the same date 13 and at the same time. "Fireworks infraction" means any violation of chapter 132D, 14 15 any rule adopted pursuant to chapter 132D, or any county 16 ordinance or rule enacted pursuant to chapter 132D, for which 17 the prescribed penalties do not include imprisonment and that 18 are not otherwise specifically excluded from coverage of this 19 chapter. "Hearing" means a proceeding conducted by the district 20 court pursuant to section -7 at which the defendant to whom a 21

- 1 notice of infraction was issued either admits to the infraction,
- 2 contests the infraction, or admits to the infraction but offers
- 3 an explanation to mitigate the monetary assessment imposed.
- 4 "Law enforcement officer" means any employee of any
- 5 federal, state, county, or military agency authorized by law to
- 6 issue a notice of infraction.
- 7 "Notice of infraction" means the citation form that is
- 8 issued to the defendant at or after the time of the fireworks
- 9 infraction and notifies the defendant of the infraction the
- 10 defendant is charged with committing.
- 11 "Related criminal offense" means any criminal violation or
- 12 crime, committed in the same course of conduct as a fireworks
- 13 infraction, for which the defendant is arrested or charged.
- "Trial" means a trial conducted by the district court
- 15 pursuant to the rules of the district court and the Hawaii rules
- 16 of evidence.
- 17 § -2 Applicability. (a) All fireworks infractions,
- 18 including fireworks infractions committed by minors, shall be
- 19 adjudicated pursuant to this chapter, except as provided in
- 20 subsection (b). This chapter shall be applied uniformly
- 21 throughout the State and in all counties. No penal sanction

- 1 that includes imprisonment shall apply to a violation of state
- 2 law, or county ordinance or rule, that would constitute a
- 3 fireworks infraction under this chapter. No fireworks
- 4 infraction shall be classified as a criminal offense.
- 5 (b) Where a defendant is charged with a fireworks
- 6 infraction and the fireworks infraction is committed in the same
- 7 course of conduct as a criminal offense for which the offender
- 8 is arrested or charged, the fireworks infraction shall be
- 9 adjudicated pursuant to this chapter; provided that the court
- 10 may schedule any initial appearance, hearing, or trial on the
- 11 fireworks infraction at the same date, time, and place as the
- 12 arraignment, hearing, or trial on the related criminal offense.
- Notwithstanding this subsection or subsection (c), no court
- 14 shall schedule any initial appearance, hearing, or trial on the
- 15 fireworks infraction at the same date, time, and place as the
- 16 arraignment, hearing, or trial on the related criminal offense
- 17 where the related criminal offense is a felony or is a
- 18 misdemeanor for which the defendant has demanded a jury trial.
- 19 (c) If the defendant requests a trial pursuant to
- 20 section -11, the trial shall be held in the district court of
- 21 the circuit in which the fireworks infraction was committed. If

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1 1	the	court	schedules	а	concurrent	trial	pursuant	to	paragra	ph
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- 2 (1), the concurrent trial shall be held in the appropriate
- 3 district or family court of the circuit in which the fireworks
- 4 infraction was committed, whichever has jurisdiction over the
- 5 related criminal offense charged pursuant to the applicable
- 6 statute or rule of court; provided that:
- 7 (1) The district or family court, for the purpose of 8 trial, may schedule a civil trial on the fireworks 9 infraction on the same date and at the same time as a 10 criminal trial on the related criminal offense 11 charged. The court shall enter a civil judgment as to 12 the fireworks infraction and a judgment of conviction 13 or acquittal as to the related criminal offense 14 following the concurrent trial; and
 - (2) If the trial on the fireworks infraction is held separately from and before trial on any related criminal offense, the following shall be inadmissible in the prosecution or trial of the related criminal offense, except as expressly provided by the Hawaii rules of evidence:

		(21)	Any willten of oral statement made by the
2			defendant in proceedings conducted pursuant to
3			section -6(b); and
4		(B)	Any testimony given by the defendant in the trial
5			on the fireworks infraction.
6		Thes	e statements or testimony shall not be deemed as a
7		waiv	er of the defendant's privilege against
8		self	-incrimination in connection with any related
9		crim	inal offense.
10	(d)	In n	o event shall section 701-109 preclude prosecution
11	for a rel	ated •	criminal offense where a fireworks infraction
12	committed	in t	he same course of conduct has been adjudicated
13	pursuant	to th	is chapter.
14	(e)	If t	he defendant fails to appear at any scheduled
15	court date	e bef	ore the date of trial or concurrent trial and:
16	(1)	The	defendant's civil liability for the fireworks
17		infr	action has not yet been adjudicated pursuant to
18		sect	ion -7, the court shall enter a judgment by
19		defa	ult in favor of the State for the fireworks
20		infr	action unless the court determines that good cause

1	or excusable	neglect	exists	for	the	defendant's
2	failure to ap	ppear; or				

- The defendant's civil liability for the fireworks

 infraction has been adjudicated previously pursuant to

 section -7, the judgment earlier entered in favor

 of the State shall stand unless the court determines

 that good cause or excusable neglect exists for the

 defendant's failure to appear.
- 9 (f) If the defendant fails to appear at any scheduled
 10 court date before concurrent trial or fails to appear for
 11 concurrent trial scheduled pursuant to subsection (c)(1), the
 12 court shall enter a disposition pursuant to the Hawaii rules of
 13 penal procedure for the criminal offense.
- § -3 Venue and jurisdiction. (a) All fireworks
 infractions shall be adjudicated in the district and circuit
 where the alleged infraction occurred, except as otherwise
 provided by law.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided by law, jurisdiction is
 in the district court of the circuit where the alleged fireworks
 infraction occurred. Except as otherwise provided in this

- 1 chapter, district court judges shall adjudicate fireworks
- 2 infractions.
- 4 unless contested. (a) The notice of infraction shall include
- 5 the summons for the purposes of this chapter. Whenever a notice
- 6 of infraction is issued, and to the extent practicable, the
- 7 defendant's signature, driver's license number or state
- 8 identification number, current mailing address, and electronic
- 9 mail address shall be included on the notice. If the defendant
- 10 refuses to sign the notice of infraction, or refuses to provide
- 11 any other required information, the law enforcement officer
- 12 shall record this refusal on the notice and issue the notice to
- 13 the defendant. Anyone to whom a notice of infraction is issued
- 14 under this chapter need not be arraigned before the court,
- 15 unless required by rule of the supreme court.
- 16 (b) The form for the notice of infraction shall be
- 17 prescribed by rules of the district court, which shall be
- 18 uniform throughout the State; provided that each judicial
- 19 circuit may include differing statutory, rule, or ordinance
- 20 provisions on its respective notice of infraction.

1	(0)	A notice of infraction that is generated by the use of
2	electroni	c equipment or that bears the electronically stored
3	image of	any defendant's signature, or both, shall be valid
4	under thi	s chapter.
5	(d)	The notice of infraction shall include the following:
6	(1)	A statement of the specific fireworks infraction for
7		which the notice was issued;
8	(2)	A brief statement of the facts;
9	(3)	A statement of the total amount to be paid for each
10		fireworks infraction, which shall include any fee,
11		surcharge, or cost required by statute, ordinance, or
12		rule, and any monetary assessment established pursuant
13		to section -8 , to be paid by the defendant to whom
14		the notice was issued, which shall be uniform
15		throughout the State;
16	(4)	A statement of the options provided in
17		section -5 (b) for answering the notice and the
18		procedures necessary to exercise the options;
19	(5)	A statement that the defendant to whom the notice is
20		issued shall answer, choosing one of the options

1		specified in section $-5(b)$, within twenty-one days
2		of issuance of the notice;
3	(6)	A statement that failure to answer the notice within
4		twenty-one days of issuance shall result in the entry
5		of judgment by default for the State and may result in
6		the assessment of a late penalty;
7	(7)	A statement that, at a hearing requested to contest
8		the notice, pursuant to section -7, no law
9		enforcement officer shall be present unless the
10		defendant timely requests the court to have the law
11		enforcement officer present, and that the standard of
12		proof to be applied by the court is whether a
13		preponderance of the evidence proves that the
14		specified fireworks infraction was committed;
15	(8)	A statement that, at a hearing requested for the
16		purpose of explaining mitigating circumstances
17		surrounding the commission of the fireworks infraction
18		or in consideration of a written request for
19		mitigation, the defendant shall be considered to have
20		committed the fireworks infraction;

1	(9)	A space in which the signature of the defendant to
2		whom the notice of infraction was issued may be
3		affixed; and

- 4 (10) The date, time, and place at which the defendant to
 5 whom the notice was issued shall appear in court, if
 6 the defendant is required by the notice to appear in
 7 person at the hearing.
- 8 (e) A citation shall not be dismissed for failure to9 include any information described in subsection (d).
- 15 (b) A defendant shall have the following options in
 16 answering a notice of infraction if the notice of infraction
 17 does not require an appearance in person at a hearing as set
 18 forth in section -4(d)(10):
- 19 (1) Admit the commission of the fireworks infraction in 20 one of the following manners:

1		(A)	By mail or in person, by completing the
2			appropriate portion of the notice of infraction
3			or preaddressed envelope and submitting it to the
4			authority specified on the notice together with
5			payment of the total amount stated on the notice
6			of infraction. Payment by mail shall be in the
7			form of a check, money order, or by an approved
8			credit or debit card. Payment in person shall be
9			in the form of United States currency, check,
10			money order, or by an approved credit or debit
11			card; or
12		(B)	Via the Internet or by telephone, by submitting
13			payment of the total amount stated on the notice
14			of infraction. Payment via the Internet or by
15			telephone shall be by an approved credit or debit
16			card;
17	(2)	Deny	the commission of the fireworks infraction and
18		reque	est a hearing to contest the fireworks infraction
19		by co	ompleting the appropriate portion of the notice of

infraction or preaddressed envelope and submitting it,

either by mail or in person, to the authority

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1	specified on the notice. In lieu of appearing in
2	person at a hearing, the defendant may submit a
3	written statement of grounds on which the defendant
4	contests the notice of infraction, which shall be
5	considered by the court as a statement given in court
6	pursuant to section $-6(b)(2)$; or

- 7 (3) Admit the commission of the fireworks infraction and 8 request a hearing to explain circumstances mitigating 9 the fireworks infraction by completing the appropriate 10 portion of the notice of infraction or preaddressed 11 envelope and submitting it, either by mail or in 12 person, to the authority specified on the notice. 13 lieu of appearing in person at a hearing, the 14 defendant may submit a written explanation of the mitigating circumstances, which shall be considered by 15 16 the court as a statement given in court pursuant to 17 -6(c)(2). section
- (c) When answering the notice of infraction, the defendant shall affix the defendant's signature to the answer and shall state the address at which the defendant will accept future

- 1 mailings from the court. No other response shall constitute an
- 2 answer for purposes of this chapter.
- 3 § -6 Court action after answer or failure to answer.
- 4 (a) When an admitting answer is received, the court shall enter
- 5 judgment in favor of the State in the total amount specified in
- 6 the notice of infraction.
- 7 (b) When a denying answer is received, the court shall
- 8 proceed as follows:
- 9 (1) In the case of a fireworks infraction where the
- defendant requests a hearing at which the defendant
- will appear in person to contest the fireworks
- infraction, the court shall notify the defendant in
- writing of the date, time, and place of hearing to
- 14 contest the notice of infraction. The notice of
- hearing shall be mailed to the address stated in the
- denying answer, or if none was given, to the address
- 17 stated on the notice of infraction. If no address was
- 18 provided, an electronic copy of the notice of hearing
- may be sent to the electronic mail address stated on
- the notice of infraction. The notification shall also
- 21 advise the defendant that if the defendant fails to

1		appear at the hearing, the court shall enter judgment
2		by default in favor of the State, as of the date of
3		the scheduled hearing, and that the total amount
4		specified in the default judgment shall be paid within
5		thirty days of entry of default judgment; and
6	(2)	When a denying answer is accompanied by a written
7		statement of the grounds on which the defendant
8		contests the notice of infraction, the court shall
9		proceed as provided in section $-7(a)$ and shall
10		notify the defendant of its decision, including the
11		total amount assessed, if any, by mailing the notice
12		of entry of judgment within forty-five days of the
13		postmarked date of the answer to the address provided
14		by the defendant in the denying answer, or if none was
15		given, to the address given when the notice of
16		infraction was issued. If no address was provided, an
17		electronic copy of the notice of entry of judgment may
18		be sent to the electronic mail address stated on the
19		notice of infraction. The notice of entry of judgment
20		shall also advise the defendant, if it is determined
21		that the fireworks infraction was committed and

judgment is entered in favor of the State, that the
defendant has the right, within thirty days of entry
of judgment, to request a trial and shall specify the
procedures for doing so. The notice of entry of
judgment shall also notify the defendant, if an amount
is assessed by the court for monetary assessments,
fees, surcharges, or costs, that if the defendant does
not request a trial within the time specified in this
paragraph, the total amount assessed shall be paid
within thirty days of entry of judgment.

- (c) When an answer admitting commission of the firework infraction but seeking to explain mitigating circumstances is received, the court shall proceed as follows:
- (1)In the case of a fireworks infraction where the defendant requests a hearing at which the defendant will appear in person to explain mitigating circumstances, the court shall notify the defendant in writing of the date, time, and place of the hearing to explain mitigating circumstances. The notice of hearing shall be mailed to the address stated in the answer, or if none was given, to the address stated on

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1		the notice of infraction. If no address was provided,
2		an electronic copy of the notice of hearing may be
3	÷	sent to the electronic mail address stated on the
4		notice of infraction. The notification shall also
5		advise the defendant that if the defendant fails to
6		appear at the hearing, the court shall enter judgment
7		by default in favor of the State, as of the date of
8		the scheduled hearing, and that the total amount
9		stated in the default judgment shall be paid within
10		thirty days of entry of default judgment; and
11	(2)	If a written explanation is included with an answer

(2) If a written explanation is included with an answer admitting commission of the fireworks infraction, the court shall enter judgment for the State and, after reviewing the explanation, determine the total amount of the monetary assessments, fees, surcharges, or costs to be assessed, if any. The court shall then notify the defendant of the total amount to be paid for the fireworks infraction, if any. There shall be no appeal from the judgment. If the court assesses an amount for monetary assessments, fees, surcharges, or costs, the court shall also notify the defendant that

- 1 the total amount shall be paid within thirty days of
 2 entry of judgment.
- (d) If the defendant fails to answer within twenty-one
 days of issuance of the notice of infraction, the court shall
 take action as provided in subsection (e).
- 6 Whenever judgment by default in favor of the State is 7 entered, the court shall mail a notice of entry of default 8 judgment to the address provided by the defendant when the 9 notice of infraction was issued, or if none was provided, to the 10 electronic mail address stated on the notice of infraction. 11 notice of entry of default judgment shall advise the defendant **12** that the total amount specified in the default judgment shall be 13 paid within thirty days of entry of default judgment and shall 14 explain the procedure for setting aside a default judgment.
- (f) Judgment by default for the State entered pursuant to
 this chapter may be set aside pending final disposition of the
 fireworks infraction upon written application of the defendant
 and posting of an appearance bond equal to the amount of the
 total amount specified in the default judgment and any other
 assessment imposed pursuant to section -8. The application
 shall show good cause or excusable neglect for the defendant's

- 1 failure to take action necessary to prevent entry of judgment by
- 2 default. Thereafter, the court shall determine whether good
- 3 cause or excusable neglect exists for the defendant's failure to
- 4 take action necessary to prevent entry of judgment by default.
- 5 If so, the application to set aside default judgment shall be
- 6 granted, the default judgment shall be set aside, and the notice
- 7 of infraction shall be disposed of pursuant to this chapter. If
- 8 not, the application to set aside default judgment shall be
- 9 denied, the appearance bond shall be forfeited and applied to
- 10 satisfy amounts due under the default judgment, and the notice
- 11 of infraction shall be finally disposed. In either case, the
- 12 court shall determine the existence of good cause or excusable
- 13 neglect and notify the defendant of its decision on the
- 14 application in writing.
- 15 § -7 Hearings. (a) In proceedings to contest a notice
- 16 of infraction where the defendant to whom the notice was issued
- 17 has timely requested a hearing and appears at the hearing:
- 18 (1) In lieu of the personal appearance by the law
- enforcement officer who issued the notice of
- infraction, the court shall consider the notice of
- infraction and any other relevant evidence, together



1	with	any	oral	or	written	state	ment	рà	the	defendant	to
2	whom	the	notio	ce o	of infrac	ction	was :	issu	ied;		

- (2) The court may compel by subpoena the attendance of the officer who issued the notice of fireworks infraction and other witnesses from whom it may wish to hear;
- (3) The standard of proof to be applied by the court shall be whether, by a preponderance of the evidence, the court finds that the fireworks infraction was committed; and
- (4) After due consideration of the evidence and arguments, if any, the court shall determine whether commission of the infraction has been established. Where the commission of the fireworks infraction has not been established, judgment in favor of the defendant, dismissing the notice of infraction or any count therein with prejudice, shall be entered in the record. Where it has been established that the fireworks infraction was committed, the court shall enter judgment in favor of the State and shall assess a monetary assessment pursuant to section -8, together with any fees, surcharges, or costs. The

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1	court also shall inform the person of the right to
2	request a trial pursuant to section -11. If the
3	person requests a trial at the time of the hearing,
4	the court shall provide the person with the trial date
5	as soon as practicable.

- (b) In proceedings to explain mitigating circumstances
 where the person to whom the notice of infraction was issued has
 timely requested a hearing and appears at the hearing:
- 9 (1) The procedure shall be limited to the issue of
 10 mitigating circumstances. A person who requests to
 11 explain the circumstances shall not be permitted to
 12 contest the notice of infraction;
 - (2) After the court has received the explanation, the court may enter judgment in favor of the State and may assess a monetary assessment pursuant to section 8, together with any fees, surcharges, or costs;
 - (3) The court, after receiving the explanation, may vacate the admission and enter judgment in favor of the defendant, dismissing the notice of infraction or any count therein with prejudice, where the explanation establishes that the infraction was not committed; and

- 1 (4) There shall be no appeal from the judgment.
- 2 (c) If a person for whom a hearing has been scheduled to
- 3 contest the notice of infraction or to explain mitigating
- 4 circumstances fails to appear at the hearing, the court shall
- 5 enter judgment by default for the State and take action as
- **6** provided in section -6(e).
- 8 have committed a fireworks infraction shall be assessed a
- 9 monetary assessment not to exceed the maximum fine specified in
- 10 the law or rule defining the fireworks infraction. The court
- 11 shall consider the defendant's financial circumstances, if
- 12 disclosed, in determining the monetary assessment.
- (b) In addition to any monetary assessment imposed for a
- 14 fireworks infraction, the court may impose additional
- 15 assessments for:
- 16 (1) Failure to pay a monetary assessment by the scheduled
- date of payment; and
- 18 (2) The cost of service of a penal summons issued pursuant
- to this chapter.
- 20 (c) In addition to any monetary assessment imposed for a
- 21 fireworks infraction, the court shall impose an administrative



- 1 fee of \$20 for each fireworks infraction in which judgment is
- 2 entered in favor of the State. The clerk of the district court
- 3 shall deposit the administrative fees collected into the
- 4 judiciary computer system special fund pursuant to section 601-
- **5** 3.7.
- 6 (d) Upon request of a defendant claiming inability to pay
- 7 a monetary assessment, the court may grant an extension of the
- 8 period in which the monetary assessment shall be paid or may
- 9 impose community service in lieu thereof.
- (e) At any point before full payment of a monetary
- 11 assessment, any person who suffers a change in financial
- 12 circumstances may request a hearing to modify the monetary
- 13 assessment or request community service in lieu thereof.
- 14 § -9 Time computation. In computing any period of time
- 15 prescribed or allowed by this chapter, the day of the act,
- 16 event, or default from which the period of time begins to run
- 17 shall not be included. The last day of the period so computed
- 18 shall be included, unless it is a Saturday, Sunday, or state
- 19 holiday, in which event the period runs until the end of the
- 20 next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or state holiday.
- 21 Intermediate Saturdays, Sundays, and state holidays shall be



- 1 included. Whenever an act required to be performed under this
- 2 chapter may be accomplished by mail, the act shall be deemed to
- 3 have been performed on the date of the postmark on the mailed
- 4 article.
- 5 S -10 Powers of the district court judge hearing cases.
- 6 A district court judge hearing cases pursuant to this chapter
- 7 shall have all the powers of a district court judge under
- 8 chapter 604, including the following powers:
- 9 (1) To conduct fireworks infraction hearings and impose
 10 monetary assessments;
- 11 (2) To permit deferral of monetary assessments or impose12 community service in lieu thereof;
- (3) To dismiss a notice of infraction, with or withoutprejudice, or set aside a judgment for the State;
- 15 (4) To issue penal summonses and bench warrants and
 16 initiate contempt of court proceedings in proceedings
 17 conducted pursuant to section -11;
- 18 (5) To issue penal summonses and bench warrants and
 19 initiate failure to appear in proceedings noticed
 20 under section -4(d)(10); and

1 (6) To exercise other powers the court finds necessary and 2 appropriate to carry out the purposes of this chapter. 3 -1.1 Trial and concurrent trial. (a) There shall be 4 no right to trial unless the defendant contests the notice of 5 infraction pursuant to section -7. If after proceedings to 6 contest the notice of infraction a determination is made that 7 the defendant committed the fireworks infraction, judgment shall 8 enter in favor of the State. The defendant may request a trial 9 pursuant to the Hawaii rules of evidence and the rules of the 10 district court; provided that any request for trial shall be 11 made within thirty days of entry of judgment. If after 12 appearing in person at a hearing to contest the notice of 13 infraction the defendant requests a trial at the conclusion of 14 the hearing, the court shall provide the defendant with the 15 trial date as soon as practicable. 16 (b) At the time of trial the State shall be represented by 17 a prosecuting attorney of the county in which the fireworks 18 infraction occurred. The prosecuting attorney shall orally 19 recite the charged fireworks infraction in court before 20 commencement of the trial. Proof of the defendant's commission

- 1 of the fireworks infraction shall be by a preponderance of the
- 2 evidence.
- 3 (c) If trial on the fireworks infraction is held before
- 4 trial on any related criminal offense, the following shall be
- 5 inadmissible in the subsequent prosecution or trial of the
- 6 related criminal offense:
- 7 (1) Any written or oral statement made by the defendant in
- 8 proceedings conducted pursuant to section -6(b);
- 9 and
- 10 (2) Any testimony given by the defendant in the trial on
- 11 the fireworks infraction.
- 12 The statement or testimony, or both, shall not be deemed a
- 13 waiver of the defendant's privilege against self-incrimination
- 14 in connection with any related criminal offense.
- 15 (d) In any concurrent trial, the State shall be
- 16 represented by a prosecuting attorney of the county in which the
- 17 infraction and related crime occurred. Proof of the defendant's
- 18 commission of the infraction shall be by a preponderance of the
- 19 evidence, and proof of the related criminal offense shall be by
- 20 proof beyond a reasonable doubt. The concurrent trial shall be

- 1 conducted pursuant to the rules of the appropriate court, Hawaii
- 2 rules of evidence, and Hawaii rules of penal procedure.
- 3 § -12 Rules. (a) The supreme court may adopt rules of
- 4 procedure for the conduct of all proceedings conducted under
- 5 this chapter.
- 6 (b) Chapter 626 shall not apply in proceedings conducted
- 7 pursuant to this chapter, except for the rules governing
- 8 privileged communications and proceedings conducted under
- 9 section -11.
- 10 (c) Notwithstanding section 604-17, while the court is
- 11 sitting in any matter pursuant to this chapter, the court shall
- 12 not be required to preserve the testimony or proceedings, except
- 13 proceedings conducted pursuant to section -11 and proceedings
- 14 in which the fireworks infraction is heard on the same date and
- 15 time as any related criminal offense.
- (d) The prosecuting attorney shall not participate in
- 17 fireworks infraction proceedings conducted pursuant to this
- 18 chapter, except proceedings pursuant to section -11 and
- 19 proceedings in which a related criminal offense is scheduled for
- 20 arraignment, hearing, or concurrent trial.



1	(e) Chapter 91 shall not apply in proceedings before the
2	court.
3	(f) Except as otherwise provided in section -2, chapter
4	571 and the Hawaii family court rules shall not apply in any
5	proceedings conducted pursuant to this chapter."
6	SECTION 3. Chapter 132D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended by adding seven new sections to be appropriately
8	designated and to read as follows:
9	"§132D-A General fireworks or articles pyrotechnic
10	prohibitions in the second degree. (a) A person commits the
11	offense of general fireworks or articles pyrotechnic
12	prohibitions in the second degree if the person intentionally,
13	knowingly, or recklessly sets off, ignites, discharges, or
14	otherwise causes to explode any aerial devices, display
15	fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic:
16	(1) Within one thousand feet of any operating hospital,
17	licensed convalescent home, licensed home for the
18	elderly, zoo, licensed animal shelter, or licensed
19	animal hospital;

1	(2)	In any school building, or on any school grounds or
2		yards without first obtaining authorization from
3		appropriate school officials;
4	(3)	On any highway, alley, street, sidewalk, other public
5		way, or public beach;
6	(4)	In any park or officially designated forest or
7		wildlife preserve;
8	(5)	Within fifty feet of a canefield;
9	(6)	Within one thousand feet of any building used for
10		public worship during the periods when services are
11		held; or
12	(7)	Within five hundred feet of any dwelling.
13	(b)	The state of mind requirement for the offense under
14	subsection	n (a)(1), (3), (4), (5), (6), and (7) shall not be
15	applicable	e to whether the person was aware that the person was
16	within the	e designated distance from an operating hospital,
17	licensed	convalescent home, licensed home for the elderly, zoo,
18	licensed a	animal shelter, or licensed animal hospital, canefield,
19	building	used for public worship, or hotel. A person shall be
20	strictly	liable with respect to the attendant circumstance that

- 1 the person was within the designated distance from a prohibited
- place, at the time of incident.
- 3 (c) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the
- 4 offense of general fireworks or articles pyrotechnic
- 5 prohibitions in the second degree shall be a misdemeanor.
- 6 (d) The offense of general fireworks or articles
- 7 pyrotechnic prohibitions in the second degree shall be a class C
- $oldsymbol{8}$ felony if the person has been convicted one or more times for
- 9 any offense under this chapter within ten years of the current
- 10 offense.
- 11 (e) The offense of general fireworks or articles
- 12 pyrotechnic prohibitions in the second degree shall be a class B
- 13 felony if any of the aerial devices, display fireworks, or
- 14 articles pyrotechnic set off, ignited, discharged, or otherwise
- 15 caused to explode in the commission of the offense cause
- 16 substantial bodily injury to another person.
- 17 (f) The offense of general fireworks or articles
- 18 pyrotechnic prohibitions in the second degree shall be a class A
- 19 felony if any of the aerial devices, display fireworks, or
- 20 articles pyrotechnic set off, ignited, discharged, or otherwise

- 1 caused to explode in the commission of the offense cause serious
- 2 bodily injury or death to another person.
- 3 (g) The state of mind requirement for subsections (e) and
- 4 (f) shall not be applicable to whether the person was aware the
- 5 aerial devices, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic
- 6 caused or would cause the injury or death. A person shall be
- 7 strictly liable with respect to the result that the aerial
- 8 devices, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic caused the
- 9 injury or death.
- 10 §132D-B Sending or receiving fireworks or articles
- 11 pyrotechnic by air delivery; prohibited. (a) A person commits
- 12 the offense of sending or receiving fireworks or articles
- 13 pyrotechnic by air delivery if the person intentionally,
- 14 knowingly, or recklessly sends or receives any amount of
- 15 consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display fireworks, or
- 16 articles pyrotechnic via any form of air delivery, including but
- 17 not limited to any private courier, commercial carrier, or mail
- 18 or postal services.
- (b) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (d), the
- 20 offense of sending or receiving fireworks or articles
- 21 pyrotechnic by air delivery shall be a class C felony.

1	(c)	The offense of sending or receiving fireworks or
2	articles	pyrotechnic by air delivery shall be a class B felony
3	<u>if:</u>	
4	(1)	The person has been convicted one or more times for
5		any offense under this chapter within ten years of the
6		current offense; or
7	(2)	The total weight of the consumer fireworks, aerial
8		devices, display fireworks, and articles pyrotechnic
9		sent or received in the commission of the offense is
10		five pounds or more but less than twenty-five pounds.
11	<u>(d)</u>	The offense of sending or receiving fireworks or
12	articles	pyrotechnic by air delivery shall be a class A felony
13	if the to	tal weight of the consumer fireworks, aerial devices,
14	display f	ireworks, and articles pyrotechnic sent or received in
15	the commi	ssion of the offense is twenty-five pounds or more.
16	<u>§132</u>	D-C Distributing fireworks or articles pyrotechnic to
17	non-permi	t holder. (a) A person commits the offense of
18	distribut	ing fireworks or articles pyrotechnic to non-permit
19	holder wh	en the person, who holds a valid license required
20	pursuant	to section 132D-7, intentionally, knowingly, or
21	recklessl	y distributes consumer fireworks, aerial devices,

1	display f	ireworks, or articles pyrotechnic to another person who
2	does not	have a valid permit required pursuant to sections 132D-
3	10 and 13	32D-16.
4	(b)	Except as provided in subsection (c) and (d), the
5	offense o	of distributing fireworks or articles pyrotechnic to
6	non-permi	t holder shall be a class C felony.
7	(c)	The offense of distributing fireworks or articles
8	pyrotechn	ic to non-permit holder shall be a class B felony if:
9	(1)	The person has been convicted one or more times for
10		any offense under this chapter within ten years of the
11		current offense; or
12	(2)	Any of the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display
13		fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic distributed in the
14		commission of the offense cause substantial bodily
15		injury to another person.
16	<u>(d)</u>	The offense of distributing fireworks or articles
17	pyrotechn	ic to non-permit holder shall be a class A felony if
18	any of th	e consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display
19	fireworks	, or articles pyrotechnic distributed in the commission
20	of the of	fense cause serious bodily injury or death to another
21	person.	

1	(e) The state of mind requirement for subsections (c)(2)
2	and (d) shall not be applicable to whether the person was aware
3	the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display fireworks, or
4	articles pyrotechnic caused or would cause the injury or death.
5	A person shall be strictly liable with respect to the result
6	that the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display fireworks,
7	or articles pyrotechnic caused the injury or death.
8	§132D-D Removal or extraction of pyrotechnic contents;
9	prohibited. Any person who removes or extracts the pyrotechnic
10	contents from any consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display
11	fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic shall be guilty of a class C
12	felony.
13	§132D-E Consumer fireworks prohibitions. (a) It shall be
14	unlawful for any person to:
15	(1) Purchase, possess, set off, ignite, discharge, or
16	otherwise cause to explode any consumer fireworks
17	without a permit required pursuant to section 132D-10
18	<u>or</u>
19	(2) Set off, ignite, discharge, or otherwise cause to
20	explode any consumer fireworks at any time not within
21	the periods for use prescribed in section 132D-3.

1	(b)	It shall be unlawful for any person to distribute
2	consumer	fireworks:
3	(1)	More than five calendar days before the time periods
4		for permissible use under section 132D-3; or
5	(2)	After 12:01 a.m. on New Year's Day, 6:00 p.m. on
6		Chinese New Year's Day, or 8:00 p.m. on the Fourth of
7		July.
8	<u>(c)</u>	The state of mind requirement for the offense under
9	subsectio	ns (a)(2) and (b) shall not be applicable to whether
10	the perso	n was aware of the date or time at the time of offense,
11	or whethe	r the date and time of offense fell within the
12	prohibite	d periods. A person shall be strictly liable with
13	respect t	o the date and time of any act proven to have occurred,
14	and with	respect to the attendant circumstance that the date and
15	time fell	within the prohibited dates and times provided in
16	subsectio	ns (a)(2) and (b).
17	(d)	Any person who violates:
18	(1)	Subsection (a) shall be subject to a \$200 fine;
19	(2)	Subsection (b) shall be subject to a \$1,000 fine; and
20	(3)	This section shall be subject to proceedings under
21		chapter ;

- 1 provided that nothing in this section shall be construed to
- 2 prohibit prosecution under section 132D-7, 132D-8.6, or any
- 3 other provision under this chapter.
- 4 §132D-F Refusal to provide identification. (a) Except as
- 5 provided in subsection (b), any person detained for violating
- 6 this chapter shall provide the person's name and current mailing
- 7 address, or any proof thereof, upon the lawful order or
- 8 direction of any law enforcement officer in the course and scope
- 9 of the officer's duties to enforce this chapter.
- 10 (b) If the officer has reasonable grounds to believe that
- 11 the person is being deceptive or misleading in providing the
- 12 person's name or address, the person shall provide proof
- 13 thereof, upon the lawful order or direction of the law
- 14 enforcement officer.
- (c) Refusal to provide identification pursuant to this
- 16 section shall be a petty misdemeanor.
- 17 §132D-G Requirements of carrier. (a) Any carrier or
- 18 person shipping consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display
- 19 fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic:
- 20 (1) Into the State shall notify the appropriate county
- official and designated state law enforcement agencies

1		at the time the booking is made and, in any case, no
2		later than fourteen days before arrival into the
3		State; or
4	(2)	Interisland within the State shall notify the
5		appropriate county official and designated state law
6		enforcement agencies at the time the booking is made
7		and, in any case, no later than five days before
8		departing from the island of origin;
9	provided	that the notification shall include, when applicable,
10	the conta	iner identification number, manifest, bill of lading,
11	consignee	, freight forwarder, sailing vessel name, route number
12	date of d	eparture, and estimated date of arrival.
13	(b)	For a first offense, or any offense not committed
14	within fi	ve years of a prior judgment for the State under this
15	section,	the carrier or person shall be subject to a \$1,000
16	fine.	
17	<u>(c)</u>	For a second offense committed within five years of a
18	prior jud	gment for the State under this section, the carrier or
19	person sh	all be subject to a \$2,000 fine.
20	(d)	For a third or subsequent offense committed within
21	five year	s of two or more prior judgements for the State under

- 1 this section, the carrier or person shall be subject to a \$5,000
- 2 fine.
- 3 (e) All violations of this section shall be subject to
- 4 proceedings under chapter . Nothing in this section shall be
- 5 construed to prohibit criminal prosecution under section 132D-
- 6 8.6 or any other section of this chapter."
- 7 SECTION 4. Section 132D-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 8 amended as follows:
- 9 1. By adding five new definitions to be appropriately
- 10 inserted and to read:
- ""Carrier" means any shipper or anyone who transports
- 12 goods, merchandise, property, or people by rail car, aircraft,
- 13 motor vehicle, or vessel.
- "Distribute" or "distribution" means to sell, transfer,
- 15 deliver to another, give or deliver to another, or to leave,
- 16 barter, exchange with another, or to offer or agree to do the
- 17 same.
- "Dwelling" means a building that is used or usually used by
- 19 a person for lodging.
- 20 "Serious bodily injury" means bodily injury that creates a
- 21 substantial risk of death or which causes serious, permanent



1 disfigurement, or protracted loss or impairment of the function 2 of any bodily member or organ. 3 "Substantial bodily injury" means bodily injury that causes 4 a: 5 Major avulsion, laceration, or penetration of the (1) 6 skin; 7 (2) Burn of at least second degree severity; 8 (3) Bone fracture; 9 (4) Serious concussion; or 10 (5) Tearing, rupture, or corrosive damage to the 11 esophagus, viscera, or other internal organs." By amending the definition of "aerial device" to read: 12 13 ""Aerial device" means any fireworks [containing one 14 hundred thirty milligrams or less of explosive materials that 15 produces an audible or visible effect and is designed to rise] 16 that upon ignition, discharge, or otherwise being set off rises 17 more than twelve feet into the air and [explode or detonate] 18 then combusts, explodes, deflagrates, or detonates in the air, 19 shoots, or emits flaming balls, or [to fly about above the ground, and that is prohibited for use by any person who does **20** 21 not have a permit for display issued by a county under section

- 1 132D-16.] shoots or emits sparks. "Aerial devices" includes
- 2 classified as fireworks under UN0336 and UN0337 by the United
- 3 States Department of Transportation as set forth in Title 49
- 4 Code of Federal Regulations [include], which contains one
- 5 hundred thirty milligrams or less of explosive materials,
- 6 including firework items commonly known as bottle rockets, sky
- 7 rockets, missile-type rockets, helicopters, torpedoes, daygo
- 8 bombs, roman candles, flying pigs, and jumping jacks that move
- 9 about the ground farther than a circle with a radius of twelve
- 10 feet as measured from the point where the item was placed and
- 11 ignited, aerial shells, and mines."
- 12 3. By amending the definition of "consumer fireworks" to
- 13 read:
- ""Consumer fireworks" means any fireworks [designed
- 15 primarily for retail sale to the public during authorized dates
- 16 and times, that upon ignition, discharge, or otherwise being
- 17 set off, produces visible or audible effects [by combustion,]
- 18 and that [is designed to remain] remains on or near the ground
- 19 and, while stationary or spinning rapidly on or near the ground,
- 20 emits smoke, a shower of colored sparks, whistling effects,
- 21 flitter sparks, or balls of colored sparks, and includes



- 1 combination items that [contain] produce one or more of these
- 2 effects. "Consumer fireworks" [shall comply] includes any
- 3 firework that complies with the construction, chemical
- 4 composition, and labeling regulations of the United States
- 5 Consumer Product Safety Commission as set forth in Title 16 Code
- 6 of Federal Regulations and fireworks classified as UN0336 and
- 7 UN0337 by the United States Department of Transportation as set
- 8 forth in Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations. "Consumer
- 9 fireworks" [include] further includes firework items commonly
- 10 known as firecrackers that are single paper cylinders not
- 11 exceeding one and one-half inches in length excluding the fuse
- 12 and one-quarter of an inch in diameter [and contain a charge of
- 13 not more than fifty milligrams of pyrotechnic composition],
- 14 snakes, sparklers, fountains, and cylindrical or cone fountains
- 15 that emit effects up to a height not greater than twelve feet
- 16 above the ground, illuminating torches, bamboo cannons,
- 17 whistles, toy smoke devices, wheels, and ground spinners that
- 18 when ignited remain within a circle with a radius of twelve feet
- 19 as measured from the point where the item was placed and
- 20 ignited, novelty or trick items, combination items, and other

- 1 fireworks of like construction that are designed to produce the
- 2 same or similar effects."
- 3 4. By amending the definitions of "display fireworks",
- 4 "fireworks", and "import" to read:
- 5 ""Display fireworks" means any fireworks designed primarily
- 6 for exhibition display by producing visible or audible effects
- 7 and classified as display fireworks or contained in the
- 8 regulations of the United States Department of Transportation
- 9 and designated as UN0333, UN0334, or UN0335, and includes
- 10 salutes containing more than two grains (one hundred and thirty
- 11 milligrams) of explosive materials, aerial shells containing
- 12 more than forty grams of pyrotechnic compositions, and other
- 13 display pieces which exceed the limits of explosive materials
- 14 for classification as "consumer fireworks". This term also
- 15 includes fused [setpieces] set pieces containing components,
- 16 which together exceed fifty milligrams of salute [power.]
- 17 powder. The use of display fireworks shall be prohibited for
- 18 use by any person who does not have a display permit issued by a
- 19 county.
- 20 "Fireworks" means any combustible or explosive composition,
- 21 or any substance or combination of substances, [or article



1 prepared for the purpose of producing] that produces a visible 2 or audible effect by combustion, explosion, deflagration, or 3 detonation [and that meets the definition of aerial device or 4 consumer or display fireworks as defined by this section and 5 contained], including aerial devices, consumer fireworks, or 6 display fireworks. "Fireworks" includes aerial devices, 7 consumer fireworks, or display fireworks, as defined in the 8 regulations of the United States Department of Transportation as 9 set forth in Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations. The term 10 "fireworks" shall not include any explosives or pyrotechnics 11 regulated under chapter 396 or automotive safety flares, nor 12 shall the term be construed to include toy pistols, toy cannons, 13 toy guns, party poppers, pop-its, or [other] similar devices 14 [which contain twenty-five hundredths of a grain or less of 15 explosive substance]. **16** "Import" (and any nounal, verbal, adjectival, adverbial, **17** and other equivalent form of the term used interchangeably in 18 this chapter) means to bring or attempt to bring [fireworks] 19 into the State or to cause [fireworks] to be brought into the 20 State $[\tau]$ any aerial devices, articles pyrotechnic, consumer 21 fireworks, or display fireworks, as defined in this section or

- 1 as defined by the United States Department of Transportation as
- 2 set forth in Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations, and includes
- 3 [fireworks] any aerial devices, articles pyrotechnic, consumer
- 4 fireworks, or display fireworks labeled or designated as
- 5 samples, even if not intended for retail sale."
- 6 5. By amending the definition of "pyrotechnic composition"
- 7 or "pyrotechnic contents" to read:
- 8 ""Pyrotechnic composition" or "pyrotechnic contents" means
- 9 the combustible or explosive component of consumer fireworks [-],
- 10 aerial devices, display fireworks, and articles pyrotechnic."
- 11 6. By repealing the definition of "law enforcement or fire
- 12 officer".
- 13 [""Law enforcement or fire officer" means any law
- 14 enforcement officer having police power or county fire
- 15 department officer, including firefighters."
- 16 SECTION 5. Section 132D-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 17 amended to read as follows:
- 18 "§132D-5 General fireworks or articles pyrotechnic
- 19 prohibitions[-] in the first degree. (a) It shall be unlawful
- 20 for any person [without a permit issued under section 132D-10 by
- 21 a county fire department | to:



1	[(1)	Remo	ve or extract the pyrotechnic contents from any
2		fire	works;
3	(2)]	<u>(1)</u>	Throw, catapult, or otherwise manually propel any
4		igni	ted [fireworks:] consumer fireworks, aerial
5		<u>devi</u>	ces, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic:
6		(A)	From, at, or into a vehicle;
7		(B)	At a person or an animal; [and] or
8		(C)	From above the first floor of any building; or
9	[(3)]	(2)	Set off, ignite, discharge, or otherwise cause to
10		expl	ode any [fireworks: consumer fireworks, aerial
11		devi	ces, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic:
12		(A)	[Above] From above the first floor of any
13			building;
14		(B)	In any vehicle;
15		(-(C) -	At any time not within the periods for use
16			prescribed in section 132D-3;
17		(D) -	Within one thousand feet of any operating
18			hospital, licensed convalescent home, licensed
19			home for the elderly, zoo, licensed animal
20			shelter, or licensed animal hospital;

1	(E)	In any school building, or on any school grounds
2		and yards without first obtaining authorization
3		<pre>from appropriate school officials;</pre>
4	(F)	On any highway, alley, street, sidewalk, or other
5		public way; in any park; on any public beach; in
6		any officially designated forest or wildlife
7		preserve; within fifty feet of a canefield; or
8		within one thousand feet of any building used for
9		public worship during the periods when services
10		are held; and
11	(G)	Within five hundred feet of any hotel.
12	(b) It-s	hall be unlawful to purchase consumer fireworks
13	more than five	calendar days before the time periods for
14	permissible us	e under section 132D-3.
15	(c) It s	hall be unlawful to sell consumer fireworks after
16	12:01 a.m. on	New Year's Day, 6:00 p.m. on Chinese New Year's
17	Day, and 8:00	p.m. on the Fourth of July.] or
18	(C)	In any building; provided that firecrackers shall
19		be permitted if used in accordance with sections
20	ń	132D-3 and 132D-10 and all other applicable state
21		and county laws, ordinances, and rules.

1	(b) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (d), the
2	offense of general fireworks or pyrotechnic prohibitions in the
3	first degree shall be a class C felony.
4	(c) If in the commission of the offense of general
5	fireworks or articles pyrotechnic prohibitions in the first
6	degree the person negligently causes substantial bodily injury
7	to another person, the person shall be guilty of a class B
8	felony.
9	(d) If in the commission of the offense of general
10	fireworks or articles pyrotechnic prohibitions in the first
11	degree the person negligently causes serious bodily injury or
12	death to another person, the person shall be guilty of a class A
13	felony."
14	SECTION 6. Section 132D-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended to read as follows:
16	"\$132D-6 Exceptions. The prohibitions in [section]
17	sections 132D-5, 132D-A, and 132D-D do not apply to:
18	(1) The use of flares, noisemakers, or signals for
19	warning[$_{ au}$] or pest control, or illumination purposes
20	by police and fire departments, utility companies,
21	transportation agencies, and other governmental or



1		private agencies of persons, including agricultural
2		operations, in connection with emergencies, their
3		duties, or business;
4	(2)	The sale or use of blank cartridges for a show or
5		theater, or for signal, commercial, or institutional
6		purposes in athletics or sports;
7	(3)	The purchase and use of consumer fireworks, aerial
8		devices, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic:
9		(A) In a movie, television production, or theatrical
10		production for which valid permits have been issued
11		by a county pursuant to section 132D-10; and
12		(B) In a movie or television production for which
13		valid permits have been issued by the department
14		of business, economic development, and tourism
15		pursuant to section 201-14, or for which permits
16		have been approved by the authority having
17		jurisdiction; and
18	(4)	The testing, disposal, or destruction of [illegal] any
19		fireworks or articles pyrotechnic by an agency with
20		authority to enforce this chapter."

1	SECT	ION 7. Section 132D-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended t	o read as follows:
3	"§13	2D-7 License or permit required. A person shall not:
4	(1)	Import, store, [offer to sell, or sell,] or
5		distribute, including at wholesale or retail, any
6		aerial devices, display fireworks, articles
7		pyrotechnic, or consumer fireworks unless the person
8		has a valid license issued [by the county;] pursuant
9		to this chapter; or
10	(2)	Possess any aerial devices, display fireworks, or
11		articles pyrotechnic without a valid license to
12		import, store, or [sell] distribute aerial devices,
13		display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic, or a valid
14		display permit [as provided for in] issued pursuant to
15		this chapter."
16	SECT	ION 8. Section 132D-8.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended b	y amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
18	"(a)	Any person who has obtained a license [under]
19	required	pursuant to section 132D-7 and ships fireworks or
20	articles	pyrotechnic into the State shall:

1	(1)	Clearly designate the types of fireworks or articles
2		pyrotechnic in each shipment on the bill of lading or
3		shipping manifest with specificity;
4	(2)	Declare on the bill of lading or shipping manifest the
5		gross weight of consumer fireworks, display fireworks,
6		articles pyrotechnic, and aerial devices to be
7		imported in each shipment and the location of the
8		storage facility, if applicable, in which the
9		fireworks or articles pyrotechnic are to be stored;
10	(3)	[Prior to] Before shipment and when booking each
11		shipment of fireworks, display fireworks, articles
12		pyrotechnic, or aerial devices notify the [appropriate
13		county official as determined by the county] Hawaii
14		state fire marshal regarding whether the shipment will
15		be distributed from:
16		(A) Pier to pier;
17		(B) Pier to warehouse or storage facility; or
18		(C) Pier to redistribution;
19	(4)	[Prior to] <u>Before</u> booking the shipment, provide to the
20		[applicable county fire chief:] Hawaii state fire
21		marshal:

1		(A)	Written documentation regarding the proposed
2	,		display event or events and related contact
3			information to allow the fire chief to validate
4			the importation of a three-month or six-month
5			inventory under section 132D-8.5; and
6		(B)	An inventory breakdown for each proposed display;
7			and
8	(5)	At t	he time shipping is booked, the importer or
9		cons	ignee shall notify [the appropriate county
10		offi	cial as determined by the county] Hawaii state
11		fire	marshal in writing of the expected shipment's
12		land	ing date[+]; provided that:
13		<u>(A)</u>	Notifications shall be made through a system
14			designated by the Hawaii state fire marshal; and
15		<u>(B)</u>	If a licensee fails to notify the Hawaii state
16			fire marshal two or more times within one year of
17			the issuance of a license, the license may be
18			revoked."
19	SECT	ION 9	. Section 132D-10, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	amended t	o rea	d as follows:

I	213	2D-10 Permits. (a) A permit shall be required for
2	the purch	ase and use of:
3	(1)	Any consumer fireworks commonly known as firecrackers
4		upon payment of a fee of \$25;
5	(2)	Any aerial devices, display fireworks, or articles
6		pyrotechnic for the purposes of section 132D-16 upon
7		payment of a fee of \$110; and
8	(3)	Any consumer fireworks [for the purposes of section
9		132D-5 or] for cultural uses that occur at any time
10		other than during the periods prescribed in section
11		132D-3(1) upon a payment of a fee of \$25.
12	(b)	Each person may purchase a maximum of fifty permits
13	per year.	п
14	SECT	ION 10. Section 132D-12, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended t	o read as follows:
16	"§13	2D-12 [Sale] Distribution to minors; [sale by minors;]
17	prohibite	d. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to [offer
18	for sale,	sell, or give] distribute any consumer fireworks,
19	aerial de	vices, display fireworks or articles pyrotechnic to
20	minors [and for any minor to neggees numbers gold or get

1	off, ignit	ce, or otherwise cause to explode any fireworks or
2	articles p	oyrotechnic, except as provided in section 132D-13.
3	(b)	Any person who violates this section shall be guilty
4	of a class	s C felony."
5	SECT	ION 11. Section 132D-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended to	read as follows:
7	"§132	2D-13 Liability of parents or guardians. [The
8	parents,	(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), it shall be
9	unlawful f	or a parent, guardian, [and] or other [persons] person
10	having the	e custody or control of any minor[, who] to knowingly
11	permit the	e minor to [possess,]:
12	(1)	Possess or purchase[, or set] any consumer fireworks,
13		aerial devices, display fireworks, or articles
14		pyrotechnic; or
15	(2)	Set off, ignite, discharge, or otherwise cause to
16		explode any consumer fireworks, aerial devices,
17		display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic[, shall be
18		deemed to be in violation of this chapter and shall be
19		subject to the penalties thereunder, except that the
20		parents].

1 (b) The parent or guardian may allow the minor to use 2 consumer fireworks while under the immediate supervision and 3 control of the parent or quardian, or under the immediate 4 supervision and control of another adult. 5 (c) Separate and apart from any civil liability that may 6 result from this or any related incident, and except as provided 7 in subsections (d) and (e), the violation of subsection (a) 8 shall be a misdemeanor. 9 (d) If any of the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, 10 display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic set off, ignited, 11 discharged, or otherwise caused to explode in violation of 12 subsection (a)(2) cause substantial bodily injury to another 13 person, the violation of subsection (a) shall be a class C 14 felony. 15 (e) If any of the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, 16 display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic set off, ignited, 17 discharged, or otherwise caused to explode in violation of 18 subsection (a)(2) cause serious bodily injury or death to 19 another person, the violation of subsection (a) shall be a class 20 B felony.

1	(f) The state of mind requirement for subsections (d) and
2	(e) shall not be applicable to whether the person was aware that
3	the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display fireworks, or
4	articles pyrotechnic caused or would cause the injury or death.
5	A person shall be strictly liable with respect to the result
6	that the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display fireworks,
7	or articles pyrotechnic caused the injury or death."
8	SECTION 12. Section 132D-14, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	amended to read as follows:
10	"\$132D-14 Penalty. (a) [Any] Except as provided in
11	subsections (b) and (c), any person:
12	(1) Importing, storing, or distributing consumer
13	fireworks, aerial devices, display fireworks, or
14	articles pyrotechnic without having a valid license
15	[under] as required pursuant to section 132D-7
16	[shall] <u>:</u>
17	(A) Shall be guilty of a class C felony; and
18	(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), if the total
19	weight of the consumer fireworks, aerial devices,
20	display fireworks, and articles pyrotechnic is

1			twenty-five pounds or more, shall be guilty of a
2			class B felony; and
3	(2)	Purch	nasing, possessing, setting off, igniting, or
4		disch	narging, or otherwise causing to explode aerial
5		devic	ces, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic
6		witho	out a valid permit [under] required pursuant to
7		secti	ons 132D-10 and 132D-16[, or storing, selling, or
8		posse	essing aerial devices, display fireworks, or
9		artic	eles pyrotechnic without a valid license under
10		secti	on 132D-7, or allowing an individual to possess,
11		set c	off, ignite, discharge, or otherwise cause to
12		explo	de any aerial device in violation of section
13		132D-	· 14.5]:
14		(A)	If the total weight of the aerial devices,
15			display fireworks, and articles pyrotechnic is
16			fifty pounds or more, shall be guilty of a class
17			B felony;
18	[-	(A)]	(B) If the total weight of the aerial devices,
19			display fireworks, [or and articles pyrotechnic
20			is more than twenty-five pounds [or more,] but

1			less than fifty pounds, shall be guilty of a
2			class C felony; [or
3		(B) -]	(C) If the total weight of the aerial devices,
4			display fireworks, [or] and articles pyrotechnic
5			is [less than twenty-five pounds,] more than five
6			pounds but less than twenty-five pounds, shall be
7			guilty of a misdemeanor; and
8		(D)	If the total weight of the aerial devices,
9			display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic is
10			less than five pounds and if the total weight
11			cannot be determined, shall be fined \$300 and
12			subject to proceedings under chapter .
13	[-(3) -	₩ho	transfers or sells aerial devices, display
14		fire	works, or articles pyrotechnic to a person who
15		does	not have a valid permit under sections 132D-10
16		and :	132D-16, shall be guilty of a class C felony; and
17	(4)	Who :	removes or extracts the pyrotechnic contents from
18		any :	fireworks or articles pyrotechnic and uses the
19		cont	ents to construct fireworks, articles pyrotechnic,
20		or a	fireworks or articles pyrotechnic related device
21		shal:	l be guilty of a misdemeanor.]



1	<u>(b)</u>	Any person who would otherwise be subject to
2	sentencin	g for a criminal offense under subsection (a) shall be
3	guilty of	an offense one class or grade higher, as the case may
4	be, than	that provided in subsection (a) if:
5	<u>(1)</u>	The person has been convicted one or more times for
6		any offense under this chapter within ten years of the
7		instant offense; or
8	(2)	Any of the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display
9		fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic imported, stored,
10		distributed, purchased, possessed, set off, ignited,
11		discharged, or otherwise caused to explode in the
12		commission of the offense under subsection (a) cause
13		substantial bodily injury to another person.
14	<u>(c)</u>	Any person who would otherwise be subject to
15	sentencin	g for a criminal offense under subsection (a) shall be
16	guilty of	an offense two classes or grades higher, as the case
17	may be, t	han that provided in subsection (a) if any of the
18	consumer	fireworks, aerial devices, display fireworks, or
19	articles	pyrotechnic imported, stored, distributed, purchased,
20	possessed	, set off, ignited, discharged, or otherwise caused to
21	explode i	n the commission of the offense under subsection (a)

- 1 cause serious bodily injury or death to another person. For an
- 2 offense already classified as a class B felony, the person shall
- 3 be guilty of a class A felony if any of the consumer fireworks,
- 4 aerial devices, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic
- 5 imported, stored, distributed, purchased, possessed, set off,
- 6 ignited, discharged, or otherwise caused to explode in the
- 7 commission of the offense under subsection (a) cause serious
- 8 bodily injury or death to another person.
- 9 (d) The state of mind requirement for subsections (b) and
- 10 (c) shall not be applicable to whether the person was aware that
- 11 any of the consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display
- 12 fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic caused or would cause the
- 13 injury or death. A person shall be strictly liable with respect
- 14 to the attendant circumstance that the consumer fireworks,
- 15 aerial devices, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic
- 16 caused the injury or death.
- 17 [(b)] (e) Except as provided in subsection (a), (b), or
- 18 (c), or as otherwise specifically provided for in this chapter,
- 19 any person violating any other provision of this chapter, shall
- 20 be guilty of a violation and fined no less than \$500 and no more
- 21 than \$5,000 for each violation. [Notwithstanding any provision



1	to the contrary in this section, any person violating section
2	132D-14.5 shall be fined at least \$500 and no more than \$5,000.
3	[(c)] <u>(f)</u> The court shall collect the fines imposed in
4	subsections (a) [and], (b), (c), and (e), for violating this
5	chapter and, of the fines collected, shall pay twenty per cent
6	to the State and eighty per cent to the county in which the fine
7	was imposed, which shall be expended by the county for law
8	enforcement purposes.
9	[(d)] <u>(g)</u> Notwithstanding any penalty set forth herein,
10	violations of subsection (a)(1) $[\frac{or}{(3)}]$ may be subject to
11	nuisance abatement proceedings provided in part V of chapter
12	712.
13	[(e) For the purposes of this section:
14	(1) Each type of prohibited firework imported, purchased,
15	sold, possessed, set off, ignited, or discharged shall
16	constitute a separate violation for each unopened
17	package; and
18	(2) Each separate firework imported, purchased, sold,
19	possessed, set off, ignited, or discharged shall be a
20	separate violation if the package is opened or the
21	firework is not in a package.

1	(f)	For	the purposes of this section, "package":
2	(1)	Mean	s any aerial device, display firework, or article
3		pyro	technic:
4		(A)	Enclosed in a container or wrapped in any manner
5			in advance of wholesale or retail sale; and
6		(B)	With a weight or measure determined in advance of
7			wholesale or retail sale; and
8	(2)	Does	not mean:
9		(A)	Inner wrappings not intended to be individually
10			sold to the customer;
11		(B)	Shipping containers or wrapping used solely for
12			the transportation of any commodities in bulk or
13			in quantity;
14		(C)	Auxiliary containers or outer wrappings used to
15			deliver commodities if the containers or
16			wrappings bear no printed matter pertaining to
17			any particular aerial device, display firework,
18			or article pyrotechnic;
19		(D)	Containers used for retail tray pack displays
20			when the container itself is not intended to be
21			sold; or

1	(E) Open carriers and transparent wrappers or
2	carriers for containers when the wrappers or
3	carriers do not bear printed matter pertaining to
4	any particular aerial devices, display fireworks,
5	or articles pyrotechnic.]"
6	SECTION 13. Section 132D-14.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7	amended to read as follows:
8	"[$\{\}$ \$132D-14.5[$\}$] Liability of homeowner, renter, or
9	person otherwise responsible for real property. (a) A
10	homeowner, renter, or person otherwise responsible for [the]
11	real property who intentionally, knowingly, $[\frac{\partial r}{\partial t}]$ recklessly
12	[allows], or negligently:
13	(1) Allows an individual, while on the real property, to
14	possess, set off, ignite, discharge, or otherwise
15	cause to explode any aerial [device] devices, display
16	fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic without a permit
17	issued pursuant to this chapter shall be [deemed to be
18	in violation of this chapter and shall be subject to
19	the penalties specified in section 132D-14(a)(2) and
20	(b).] guilty of a petty misdemeanor;

1	<u>(2)</u>	Allows any aerial devices, display fireworks, articles
2		pyrotechnic, or pyrotechnic composition to be stored
3		in the real property without a license issued pursuant
4		to this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and
5	(3)	Notwithstanding paragraph (2), allows aerial devices,
6		display fireworks, articles pyrotechnic, or
7		pyrotechnic composition to be stored in the real
8		property, if the total weight of the aerial devices,
9		display fireworks, articles pyrotechnic, and
10		pyrotechnic composition is twenty-five pounds or more
11		without a license issued pursuant to this chapter,
12		shall be guilty of a class C felony.
13	(b)	Any person who would otherwise be subject to
14	sentencin	g under subsection (a) shall be guilty of an offense
15	one class	or grade higher, as the case may be, than that
16	provided	in subsection (a) if:
17	(1)	The person has been convicted one or more times for
18		any offense under this chapter within ten years of the
19		instant offense; or
20	(2)	Any of the aerial devices, display fireworks, articles
21		pyrotechnic or pyrotechnic composition possessed, set

1	off, ignited, discharged, otherwise caused to explode,
2	or stored in the violation of subsection (a) cause
3	substantial bodily injury to another person.
4	(c) Any person who would otherwise be subject to
5	sentencing under subsection (a) shall be guilty of an offense
6	two classes or grades higher, as the case may be, than that
7	provided in subsection (a) if any of the aerial devices, display
8	fireworks, articles pyrotechnic, or pyrotechnic composition
9	possessed, set off, ignited, discharged, otherwise caused to
10	explode, or stored in the violation of subsection (a) cause
11	serious bodily injury or death to another person.
12	(d) The state of mind requirement for subsections (b) and
13	(c) shall not be applicable to whether the person was aware that
14	any of the aerial devices, display fireworks, articles
15	pyrotechnic or pyrotechnic composition caused or would cause the
16	injury or death. A person shall be strictly liable with respect
17	to the attendant circumstance that the aerial devices, display
18	fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic caused the injury or death."
19	SECTION 14. Section 132D-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	amonded to read as fellows.

- 1 "[+] \$132D-15[+] Notice requirements. Each licensed retail
- 2 outlet shall post adequate notice that clearly cautions each
- 3 person purchasing consumer fireworks of the prohibitions,
- 4 liabilities, and penalties incorporated in sections 132D-12,
- 5 132D-13, [and] 132D-14[-], and 132D-E."
- 6 SECTION 15. Section 132D-17.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 "[+]\$132D-17.5[<math>+] County ordinances. (a) Nothing in this
- 9 chapter shall be construed to supersede or in any manner affect
- 10 a county fireworks ordinance; provided that the ordinance is at
- 11 least as stringent in the control or prohibition of consumer
- 12 fireworks, aerial devices, display fireworks, and articles
- 13 pyrotechnic as the law under this chapter.
- 14 (b) Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit a county from
- 15 enacting ordinances that are more stringent in the control or
- 16 prohibition of consumer fireworks, aerial devices, display
- 17 fireworks, and articles pyrotechnic than this chapter."
- 18 SECTION 16. Section 132D-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 19 amended to read as follows:
- 20 "\$132D-21 Health care facilities; report of fireworks and
- 21 articles pyrotechnic incidents. (a) Health care facilities in



- 1 this State shall report all incidents of serious injuries and
- 2 fatalities caused by legal and illegal consumer fireworks,
- 3 aerial devices, display fireworks, or articles pyrotechnic to
- 4 the department of health and the police department of the county
- 5 in which the person was attended or treated. All reports shall
- 6 be in writing or in the manner specified by the department of
- 7 health.
- 8 (b) As used in this section, "health care facilities"
- 9 includes any outpatient clinic, emergency room, or physician's
- 10 office, private or public, whether organized for profit or not,
- 11 used, operated, or designed to provide medical diagnosis,
- 12 treatment, nursing, rehabilitative, or preventive care to any
- 13 person or persons. The term includes but is not limited to
- 14 health care facilities that are commonly referred to as
- 15 hospitals, extended care and rehabilitation centers, nursing
- 16 homes, skilled nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities,
- 17 hospices for the terminally ill that require licensure or
- 18 certification by the department of health, kidney disease
- 19 treatment centers, including freestanding hemodialysis units,
- 20 outpatient clinics, organized ambulatory health care facilities,
- 21 emergency care facilities and centers, home health agencies,

- 1 health maintenance organizations, and others providing similarly
- 2 organized services regardless of nomenclature."
- 3 SECTION 17. Section 132D-22, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended to read as follows:
- 5 "[+]\\$132D-22[+] Entry onto premises; inspection of
- 6 premises, books, and records; obstructing [law enforcement or
- 7 fire department] inspector operations; penalty. (a) Any [law
- 8 enforcement or fire officer] inspector may, at reasonable hours,
- 9 enter and inspect the premises of a licensee or permittee and
- 10 any relevant books or records therein to verify compliance with
- 11 this chapter and the conditions of the license or permit.
- 12 (b) Upon a request by any [law enforcement or fire
- 13 officer] inspector to enter and inspect the premises of a
- 14 licensee or permittee at reasonable hours, the licensee, the
- 15 permittee, or an employee of the licensee or permittee shall
- 16 make available for immediate inspection and examination the
- 17 premises and all relevant books and records therein.
- 18 (c) Any licensee or permittee who refuses the [law
- 19 enforcement or fire officer] inspector entry or access to the
- 20 premises, books, or records shall be in violation of the
- 21 conditions of the license or permit. After a hearing, the



- 1 issuing department shall suspend or revoke the license or permit
- 2 for refusing entry or access or for violations of any other
- 3 requirement or condition of the license or permit or any
- 4 provision of this chapter or rule adopted pursuant to this
- 5 chapter. The issuing department shall provide the licensee or
- 6 permittee with a written notice and order describing the basis
- 7 for the suspension or revocation. Any person aggrieved by the
- 8 suspension or revocation determination may request a contested
- 9 case hearing pursuant to chapter 91. To request a contested
- 10 case hearing, the person shall submit a written request to the
- 11 issuing department within thirty calendar days of the date of
- 12 the notice and order of the suspension or revocation. Appeal to
- 13 the circuit court under section 91-14, or any other applicable
- 14 statute, shall only be taken from the issuing department's final
- 15 order pursuant to a contested case.
- 16 (d) Any licensee, permittee, employee of a licensee or
- 17 permittee, or other person who:
- 18 (1) Threatens with the use of violence, force, or physical
- interference or obstacle, or hinders, obstructs, or
- prevents any [law enforcement or fire officer.]
- inspector, or any person assisting [a law enforcement



1 or fire officer, an inspector, from entering into the premises of the licensee or permittee; or 2 3 (2) Opposes, obstructs, or molests [a law enforcement or 4 fire officer] an inspector in the [officer's] 5 inspector's enforcement of this chapter, 6 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of no 7 more than \$2,000 or imprisonment for no more than one year, or 8 both. 9 If any [law enforcement or fire officer,] inspector 10 having demanded admittance onto the premises of a licensee or permittee and declared the [officer's] inspector's name and 11 12 office, is not admitted by the licensee, permittee, or person in 13 charge of the premises, the [officer] inspector may use force to 14 enter the premises. 15 "Inspector" means any county fire department officer, 16 17 including firefighters. 18 "Premises of a licensee or permittee" does not include the 19 licensee's or permittee's private residence or a dwelling that 20 is considered to be the person's [home,] dwelling, including a

- 1 [single family] single-family house, apartment unit,
- 2 condominium, townhouse, or cooperative unit."
- 3 SECTION 18. Section 571-41, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended by amending subsection (f) to read as follows:
- 5 "(f) The judge, or the senior judge if there is more than
- 6 one, may by order confer concurrent jurisdiction on a district
- 7 court created under chapter 604 to hear and dispose of cases of
- 8 violation of traffic laws, traffic ordinances, [or] emergency
- 9 period rules, or fireworks infractions established pursuant to
- 10 chapter , by children, provision to the contrary in section
- 11 571-11 or elsewhere notwithstanding. The exercise of
- 12 jurisdiction over children by district courts shall,
- 13 nevertheless, be considered noncriminal in procedure and result
- 14 in the same manner as though the matter had been adjudicated and
- 15 disposed of by a family court."
- 16 SECTION 19. Section 601-3.7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 17 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- "(a) There is established in the state treasury a special
- 19 fund to be known as the judiciary computer system special fund,
- 20 which shall contain the following:

1	(1)	Moneys collected from administrative fees pursuant to
2		section 287-3(a);
3	(2)	Fees prescribed by the supreme court by rule of court
4		for electronic document certification, electronic
5		copies of documents, and for providing bulk access to
6		electronic court records and compilations of data; and
7	(3)	Fees pursuant to sections $\frac{-8(c)}{,}$ 607-4(b)(10), and
8		607-5(c)(32)."
9	SECT	ION 20. Section 712-1270, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended t	o read as follows:
11	"§71	2-1270 Places used to commit offenses against public
12	health an	d morals or other offenses, a nuisance. Every
13		
	building,	premises, or place used for the purpose of violating:
14	building,	premises, or place used for the purpose of violating: Those laws pertaining to offenses against public
14 15		
		Those laws pertaining to offenses against public
15		Those laws pertaining to offenses against public health and morals contained in this chapter, except
15 16		Those laws pertaining to offenses against public health and morals contained in this chapter, except offenses under part IV that do not involve the
15 16 17		Those laws pertaining to offenses against public health and morals contained in this chapter, except offenses under part IV that do not involve the manufacture or distribution of drugs and activities

1	(3)	Any offense under part II of chapter 708 that involve		
2		a person unlawfully residing on or otherwise occupying		
3		real property to which the person has no title, lease		
4		or other legal claim,		
5	and every	building, premises, or place in or upon which		
6	violation	as of any of the laws set forth in paragraph (1), (2),		
7	or (3) ar	e held or occur, is a nuisance that shall be enjoined,		
8	abated, a	and prevented, regardless of whether it is a public or		
9	private nuisance."			
10	SECT	TION 21. Section 712-1270.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes,		
11	is amende	ed to read as follows:		
12	"§71	.2-1270.3 Citizen's rights. Any citizen who brings a		
13	nuisance	abatement suit against a place used for the purpose of		
14	committin	ag:		
15	(1)	Fireworks related offenses contained in section 132D-		
16		14(a)(1) [or (3)]; or		
17	(2)	Drug offenses under part IV of this chapter or who		
18		files a complaint with the local police or drug		
19		nuisance abatement unit of the department of the		
20		attorney general,		

- 1 shall be entitled to the same rights and protections of victims
- 2 and witnesses in criminal proceedings in accordance with chapter
- **3** 801D."
- 4 SECTION 22. Section 712-1281, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 5 amended to read as follows:
- 6 "[+]\$712-1281 Forfeiture; fireworks.[+] In addition to
- 7 any other penalty that may be imposed for violation of section
- 8 132D-14(a)(1) [or (3)], any property used or intended for use in
- 9 the commission of, attempt to commit, or conspiracy to commit an
- 10 offense under section 132D-14(a)(1) [or (3)], or that
- 11 facilitated or assisted such activity, and any proceeds or other
- 12 property acquired or maintained with the proceeds from violation
- of section 132D-14(a)(1) [or (3)] may be subject to forfeiture
- 14 pursuant to chapter 712A."
- 15 SECTION 23. There is appropriated out of the general
- 16 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
- 17 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2025-2026 and
- 18 the same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal
- 19 year 2026-2027 to carry out the purposes of this Act, including
- 20 to update the judiciary information management system to

- 1 implement the adjudications process established by section 2 of
- 2 this Act.
- 3 The sums appropriated shall be expended by the judiciary
- 4 for the purposes of this Act.
- 5 SECTION 24. In codifying the new sections added by section
- 6 3 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
- 7 appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
- 8 the new sections in this Act.
- 9 SECTION 25. This Act does not affect rights and duties
- 10 that matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that
- 11 were begun before its effective date.
- 12 SECTION 26. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 13 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 14 SECTION 27. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

15

INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 2 3 2025

Report Title:

Fireworks; Adjudication; Criminal Offenses; Penalties; Infractions; Appropriation

Description:

Establishes an adjudication system and procedures to process fireworks infractions. Amends multiple definitions and penalties for fireworks offenses, including heightened penalties if another person suffers substantial bodily injury, serious bodily injury, or death as a result of the fireworks offenses. Establishes various criminal offenses and penalties related to fireworks or articles pyrotechnics. Appropriates funds.

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