A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TRANSIT-ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Hawaii faces a
2	persistent housing crisis. Demand for housing significantly
3	outpaces supply, particularly in urban areas. Transit-oriented
4	development districts present a critical opportunity for
5	efficient land use by promoting higher-density development near
6	public transit infrastructure, thereby maximizing the value of
7	public investments. Higher residential density in transit-
8	oriented development districts increases public transit
9	ridership, thus reducing dependency on private automobiles and
10	lowering greenhouse gas emissions, which supports the State's
11	climate resilience and sustainability objectives.
12	The legislature established transit-oriented development
13	infrastructure improvement districts to foster community
14	development by strategically investing in infrastructure
15	improvements through Act 184, Session Laws of Hawaii 2022. The
16	legislature found that transit-oriented development promotes
17	development patterns that enhance residents' quality of life;

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- 1 preserve the natural environment; provide a range of housing
- 2 choices for residents; and encourage walking, biking, and the
- 3 use of mass transit. Furthermore, the legislature concluded
- 4 that the State plays an important role in overcoming barriers to
- 5 transit-oriented development by encouraging needed investments
- 6 in improving regional infrastructure such as roads, sewers,
- 7 power, communication, and storm water management systems.
- 8 The legislature further recognizes that the ready
- 9 availability of affordable workforce housing near transit hubs
- 10 reduces transportation costs and improves access to employment,
- 11 education, and other essential services, especially for low- and
- 12 moderate-income households, thereby advancing social and
- 13 economic equity for the people of Hawaii.
- 14 The underutilization of land in transit-oriented
- 15 development districts, due partially to restrictive development
- 16 standards, undermines the economic and environmental benefits of
- 17 state investments in county-designated transit-oriented
- 18 development infrastructure improvement districts, contributes to
- 19 urban sprawl, and increases infrastructure costs and
- 20 environmental degradation.

1	The legislature finds that numerous jurisdictions,	
2	including California, Oregon, and Washington, have adopted	
3	minimum density standards for transit-oriented developments,	
4	demonstrating the effectiveness of these measures in increasi	ng
5	housing supply while bolstering transit systems. Transit-	
6	oriented development infrastructure improvement districts can	
7	increase residential density near transit hubs in order to	
8	foster vibrant, walkable communities; support local businesse	s;
9	and generate higher property tax revenues, contributing to	
10	Hawaii's fiscal and economic vitality.	
11	Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to:	
12	(1) Amend the funding priorities of the rental housing	
13	revolving fund to incentivize development in areas	
14	that satisfy transit-supportive density requirement	s;
15	(2) Allocate a minimum percentage of the rental housing	
16	revolving fund for certain mixed-income rental hous	ing
17	projects;	
18	(3) Require the transit-oriented development	
19	infrastructure improvement district board to consid	er
20	the infrastructure needs of transit-supportive dens	ity
21	requirements; and	

requirements; and

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1	(4) Require the strategic plan developed by the Hawaii
2	interagency council for transit-oriented development
3	to delineate transit-oriented development areas for
4	each county.
5	SECTION 2. Section 201H-202, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended to read as follows:
7	"\$201H-202 Rental housing revolving fund. (a) There is
8	established the rental housing revolving fund to be administered
9	by the corporation.
10	(b) An amount from the fund, to be set by the corporation
11	and authorized by the legislature, may be used for
12	administrative expenses incurred by the corporation in
13	administering the corporation's housing finance programs;
14	provided that fund moneys shall not be used to finance day-to-
15	day administrative expenses of projects allotted fund moneys.
16	(c) The following may be deposited into the fund:
17	[appropriations]
18	(1) Appropriations made by the legislature[, conveyance];
19	(2) Conveyance taxes pursuant to section 247-7[, private];
20	(3) Private contributions[, repayment];

- 1 (4) Repayment of loans, interest, other returns[7]; and [moneys]
- 3 (5) Moneys from other sources.
- 4 (d) The fund shall be used to provide loans for the
- 5 development, pre-development, construction, acquisition,
- 6 preservation, and substantial rehabilitation of rental housing
- 7 units. The corporation shall not forgive any loan made from the
- 8 fund unless the corporation forecloses on the project.
- 9 Permitted uses of the fund may include but are not limited to
- 10 planning, design, land acquisition, costs of options, agreements
- 11 of sale, downpayments, equity financing, capacity building of
- 12 nonprofit housing developers, credit enhancement, gap financing,
- 13 or other housing development services or activities as provided
- 14 in rules adopted by the corporation pursuant to chapter 91. The
- 15 rules may provide for a means of recapturing loans or grants
- 16 made from the fund if a rental housing project financed under
- 17 the fund is refinanced or sold at a later date. The rules may
- 18 also provide that moneys from the fund shall be leveraged with
- 19 other financial resources to the extent possible.
- (e) Moneys available in the fund shall be used for the
- 21 purpose of providing, in whole or in part, loans for rental

1	housing p	rojects demonstrating project readiness, efficiency,
2	and feasi	bility acceptable to the corporation in the following
3	order of	priority:
4	(1)	For projects that were awarded low-income housing
5		credits pursuant to paragraph (2), priority shall be
6		given to projects with a perpetual affordability
7		commitment;
8	(2)	Projects or units in projects that are allocated low-
9		income housing credits pursuant to the state housing
10		credit ceiling under section 42(h) of the Internal
11		Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or projects or units
12		in projects that are funded by programs of the United
13		States Department of Housing and Urban Development and
14		United States Department of Agriculture Rural
15		Development wherein:
16		(A) At least fifty per cent of the available units
17		are for persons and families with incomes at or
18		below eighty per cent of the median family income
19		of which at least five per cent of the available

units are for persons and families with incomes

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1		at or below thirty per cent of the median family
2		income; and
3		(B) The remaining units are for persons and families
4		with incomes at or below one hundred per cent of
5		the median family income;
6		provided that the corporation may establish rules to
7		ensure full occupancy of fund projects; [and]
8	(3)	Mixed-income rental projects or units in a mixed-
9		income rental project in an area that satisfies:
10		(A) Transit-supportive density requirements; and
11		(B) Standards for project readiness, efficiency, and
12		feasibility,
13		wherein all of the available units are for persons and
14		families with incomes at or below one hundred forty
15		per cent of the median family income[-]; and
16	(4)	Mixed-income rental projects or units in a mixed-
17		income rental project wherein all of the available
18		units are for persons and families with incomes at or
19		below one hundred forty per cent of the median family
20		income.

(f) At least per cent of the moneys in the fund used 1 2 for mixed-income rental projects or units in a mixed-income 3 rental project shall be prioritized for a county that has 4 expended funds pursuant to section 46-16.8(f); provided that the 5 majority of county-designated transit-oriented development areas surrounding stations of a locally preferred alternative for a 6 mass transit project satisfy transit-supportive density 7 8 requirements. $\left[\frac{f}{f}\right]$ (g) There is established within the fund a bond 9 10 volume cap recycling program subaccount. The bond volume cap 11 recycling program subaccount shall be maintained as a reserve for the bond volume cap recycling program established pursuant 12 13 to section 39B-2(f). $\left[\frac{g}{g}\right]$ (h) The corporation shall submit an annual report to 14 the legislature no later than twenty days prior to the convening 15 of each regular session describing the projects funded and, with 16 respect to rental housing projects targeted for persons and 17 18 families with incomes at or below thirty per cent of the median family income, its efforts to develop those rental housing 19 projects, a description of proposals submitted for this target 20

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- 1 group and action taken on the proposals, and any barriers to
- 2 developing housing units for this target group.
- 3 [(h)] (i) For the purposes of this subpart, the applicable
- 4 median family income shall be the median family income for the
- 5 county or standard metropolitan statistical area in which the
- 6 project is located as determined by the United States Department
- 7 of Housing and Urban Development, as adjusted from time to time.
- 8 $\left[\frac{(i)}{(i)}\right]$ (j) The corporation may provide loans under this
- 9 section; provided that the corporation shall establish loan-to-
- 10 value ratios to protect the fund from inordinate risk and that
- 11 under no circumstances shall the rules permit the loan-to-value
- 12 ratio to exceed one hundred per cent; provided further that the
- 13 underwriting guidelines include a debt-coverage ratio of no less
- 14 than 1.0 to 1.
- 15 $\left[\frac{1}{2}\right]$ (k) For the period commencing July 1, 2005, through
- 16 June 30, 2009, the fund may be used to provide grants for rental
- 17 units set aside for persons and families with incomes at or
- 18 below thirty per cent of the median family income in any project
- 19 financed in whole or in part by the fund in proportion of those
- 20 units to the total number of units in the project. At the
- 21 conclusion of the period described in this subsection, the

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1	corporation shall report to the legislature on the number and
2	use of grants provided and whether the grants were an effective
3	use of the funds for purposes of developing rental housing for
4	families at or below thirty per cent of the median family
5	income.
6	(1) For the purposes of this section:
7	"County-designated transit-oriented development area" has
8	the same meaning as defined in section 226-63(d).
9	"Floor area ratio" means the quotient, expressed as a
10	decimal number, that results from dividing a structure's total
11	floor area by the total area of the lot or parcel on which the
12	structure is located.
13	"Ministerial" means a permit process based upon standards
14	established through county ordinance or rule and issued by the
15	director of the county agency responsible for land use or a
16	single county officer designated by ordinance.
17	"Transit-supportive density" means a county-designated
18	transit-oriented development area:
19	(1) With development standards that allow a floor area
20	ratio of at least:

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(A) 4.0 for all uses that are permitted in a county-
designated transit-oriented development area or
by the underlying county zoning;
(B) 6.0 for all uses that are permitted in a county-
designated transit-oriented development area
within one-half mile of a station of a locally
preferred alternative for a mass transit project;
and
(C) For all uses that are permitted within one-
quarter mile of a station of a locally preferred
alternative for a mass transit project, whichever
is greater:
<u>(i)</u> 7.0;
(ii) The maximum floor area ratio allowed by the
adopted transit-oriented development special
district; or
(iii) The maximum floor area ratio allowed by the
applicable transit-oriented development
plan;

1	<u>(Z)</u>	For which permits for development are processed as a
2		ministerial permit subject to applicable objective
3		design standards;
4	<u>(3)</u>	Where there is no imposition of a development standard
5		that renders it impracticable to build a usable
6		structure for the permitted uses at the applicable
7		transit-supportive density; and
8	(4)	Where funds collected pursuant to section 46-16.8 have
9		been expended in the county-designated transit-
10		oriented development area in which the development is
11		<pre>located."</pre>
12	SECT	ION 3. Section 206E-246, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
13	amended by	y amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
14	"(a)	The board shall develop a transit-oriented
15	developmer	nt infrastructure improvement district program to
16	identify :	infrastructure improvements within each district. In
17	determinir	ng the required infrastructure improvements to be
18	undertaker	n, the board shall consider the infrastructure needs of
19	transit-su	apportive density requirements as defined under section
20	201H-202(l), the strategic plan prepared by the Hawaii
21	interagend	cy council for transit-oriented development pursuant to

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- 1 section 226-63(c), and subsequent plans and studies prepared to
- 2 further implement the strategic plan and the transit-oriented
- 3 development projects therein."
- 4 SECTION 4. Section 226-63, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 5 amended to read as follows:
- 6 "[[+]] \$226-63[] Hawaii interagency council for transit-
- 7 oriented development[-]; transit-oriented development planning
- 8 and implementation. (a) There is established the Hawaii
- 9 interagency council for transit-oriented development, which
- 10 shall be an advisory body exempt from section 26-34, to
- 11 coordinate and facilitate state agency transit-oriented
- 12 development planning, and facilitate consultation and
- 13 collaboration between the State and the counties on transit-
- 14 oriented development initiatives. The Hawaii interagency
- 15 council for transit-oriented development shall be established
- 16 within the department of business, economic development, and
- 17 tourism for administrative purposes.
- 18 (b) The Hawaii interagency council for transit-oriented
- 19 development shall:
- 20 (1) Serve as the State's transit-oriented development
- 21 planning and policy development entity with

1		representation from state and county government and
2		the community;
3	(2)	Formulate and advise the governor on the
4		implementation of a strategic plan to [address] plan
5		for and implement transit-oriented development
6		projects, including [mixed use] mixed-use and
7		affordable <u>for-sale</u> and rental housing projects, on
8		[state] lands in county-designated transit-oriented
9		development areas in each county;
10	(3)	Facilitate the acquisition of funding and resources
11		for state and county transit-oriented development
12		programs, including affordable for-sale and rental
13		housing projects, on state and county lands;
14	(4)	Monitor the preparation and conduct of plans and
15		studies to facilitate implementation of state transit-
16		oriented development plans prepared pursuant to this
17		section, including but not limited to the preparation
18		of site or master plans and implementation plans and
19		studies;
20	(5)	Review all capital improvement project requests to the
21		legislature for transit-oriented development projects,

1		including [mixed-use] mixed-use and affordable for-
2		<pre>sale and rental housing projects, on [state] lands</pre>
3		within county-designated transit-oriented development
4		[zones] areas or within a one-half-mile radius of
5		public transit stations, if a county has not
6		designated transit-oriented development zones;
7	(6)	Recommend policy, regulatory, and statutory changes,
8		and identify resource strategies for the successful
9		execution of the strategic plan;
10	(7)	Assemble accurate fiscal and demographic information
11		to support policy development and track outcomes;
12	(8)	Consider collaborative transit-oriented development
13		initiatives of other states that have demonstrated
14		positive outcomes; and
15	(9)	Report annually to the governor, the legislature, and
16		the mayor of each county on the progress of its
17		activities, including formulation and progress on the
18		strategic plan no later than twenty days prior to the
19		convening of each regular session.
20	(c)	The strategic plan developed by the Hawaii interagency
21	council fo	or transit-oriented development shall:

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2		development;
3	(2)	For each county, compile an inventory of state,
4		county, and [private sector] private-sector transit-
5		oriented development projects lacking infrastructure,
6		identifying the type of infrastructure each project
7		lacks, and the approximate time frame when additional
8		capacity is needed;
9	(3)	Prioritize the development of transit-oriented
10		development projects, including [mixed use] mixed-use
11		and affordable <u>for-sale</u> and rental housing projects,
12		on state and county lands;
13	(4)	Identify financing and prioritize state financing for
14		the public infrastructure, facility, and service
15		investments required to support transit-oriented
16		development, [mixed use,] mixed-use, and affordable
17		<pre>for-sale and rental housing [project plans; and] in</pre>
18		county-designated transit-oriented development areas;
19	(5)	Encourage and promote partnerships between public and
20		private entities to identify, renovate, and secure
21		affordable housing options on state and county lands

(1) Coordinate with the counties on transit-oriented

1		within county-designated transit-oriented development
2		areas or within a one-half-mile radius of public
3		transit stations, if a county has not designated
4		transit-oriented development [zones.] areas; and
5	<u>(6)</u>	Delineate for each county, transit-oriented
6		development areas within which transit-rich,
7		pedestrian-oriented development is desired and
8		investment in transit-oriented development and
9		supporting infrastructure is to be directed.
10	(d)	For the purposes of this section and implementation of
11	the strat	egic plan statewide:
12	"Cou	nty-designated transit-oriented development area" means
13	a geograp	hic area designated by a county for transit-oriented
14	developme	nt by an adopted ordinance, plan, or resolution, and
15	delineate	d in the strategic plan pursuant to this section, that
16	generally	consists of lands within a one-half-mile radius of a
17	transit h	ub or transit station; provided that the actual
18	boundarie	s may differ under specific circumstances.
19	<u>"Tra</u>	nsit-oriented development" means the development of
20	compact,	dense, walkable, pedestrian-oriented, mixed-use
21	neighborh	oods centered around transit stations or transit hubs

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- 1 of public transit systems. Transit-oriented development
- 2 features a mix of uses, such as housing, office, retail, civic
- 3 and institutional, and other services and amenities at densities
- 4 that support transit ridership and walkability.
- 5 "Transit-oriented development project" means a development
- 6 project located within a geographic area designated as a
- 7 transit-oriented development area by the county with a medium-
- 8 to high-density mix of uses, such as housing, office, retail,
- 9 and other amenities, that is designed to promote walkability and
- 10 safe and convenient access to transit services."
- 11 SECTION 5. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 12 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 13 begun before its effective date.
- 14 SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 15 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 16 SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

Report Title:

Transit-Oriented Development; Counties; RHRF; Infrastructure; Transit Supportive Density

Description:

Amends the funding priorities of the Rental Housing Revolving Fund to incentivize development in areas that satisfy transit-supportive density requirements. Allocates a minimum percentage of Rental Housing Revolving Fund moneys for certain mixed-income rental housings projects. Requires the Transit-Oriented Development Infrastructure Improvement District Board to consider the infrastructure needs of transit-supportive density requirements. Requires the strategic plan developed by the Hawaii Interagency Council for Transit-Oriented Development to delineate transit-oriented development areas for each county. Takes effect 7/1/2050. (SD1)

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