HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES THIRTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE, 2025 STATE OF HAWAII H.B. NO. 1369

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. Section 196-6.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

On or after January 1, 2010, no building permit shall 3 "(a) 4 be issued for a new single-family dwelling that does not include 5 a solar water heater system that meets the standards established pursuant to section 269-44, unless the chief energy officer of 6 7 the Hawaii state energy office approves a variance. A variance 8 application shall only be accepted if submitted by an architect 9 or mechanical engineer licensed under chapter 464, who attests 10 that:

11 (1) Installation is impracticable due to poor solar 12 resource;

13 (2) Installation is cost-prohibitive based upon a life
14 cycle cost-benefit analysis that incorporates the
15 average residential utility bill and the cost of the
16 new solar water heater system with a life cycle that
17 does not exceed fifteen years;



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1	(3)	A renewable energy technology $system[_{ au} as defined in]$
2		section $235-12.5_r$] is substituted for use as the
3		primary energy source for heating water[+]. For the
4		purposes of this paragraph, "renewable energy
5		technology system" means a new system that captures
6		and converts a renewable source of energy, such as
7		solar or wind energy, into:
8		(A) A usable source of thermal or mechanical energy;
9		(B) Electricity; or
10		(C) <u>Fuel;</u> or
11	(4)	A demand water heater device approved by Underwriters
12		Laboratories, Inc., is installed; provided that at
13		least one other gas appliance is installed in the
14		dwelling. For the purposes of this paragraph, "demand
15		water heater" means a gas-tankless instantaneous water
16		heater that provides hot water only as it is needed."
17	SECT	ION 2. Section 201-113, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended b	y amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
19	"(a)	There is established in the state treasury the Hawaii
20	film and	creative industries development special fund into which
21	shall be d	deposited:



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1	(1)	Appropriations by the legislature;
2	(2)	Donations and contributions made by private
3		individuals or organizations for deposit into the
4		fund;
5	(3)	Grants provided by governmental agencies or any other
6		source;
7	[-(4)-	Effective January 2, 2023, all revenues, fees, and
8		charges from the processing of the motion picture,
9		digital media, and film production income tax credit
10		pursuant to section 235-17;] and
11	[(5)]	(4) Effective July 1, 2022, all existing and future
12		revenues, fees, and income received by the department
13		from its management of public facilities that support
14		media and entertainment workforce and business
15		development, with the exception of the Hawaii film
16		studio."
17	SECT	ION 3. Section 235-2.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended by	y amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
19	"(b)	The following Internal Revenue Code subchapters,
20	parts of s	subchapters, sections, subsections, and parts of



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1 subsections shall not be operative for the purposes of this 2 chapter, unless otherwise provided: 3 Subchapter A (sections 1 to 59A) (with respect to (1)4 determination of tax liability), except section 5 1(h)(2) (relating to net capital gain reduced by the 6 amount taken into account as investment income), 7 except sections 2(a), 2(b), and 2(c) (with respect to 8 the definition of "surviving spouse" and "head of household"), except section 41 (with respect to the 9 10 credit for increasing research activities), except 11 section 42 (with respect to low-income housing 12 credit), [except sections 47 and 48, as amended, as of 13 December 31, 1984 (with respect to certain depreciable 14 tangible personal property), and except section 48(d)(3), as amended, as of February 17, 2009 (with 15 16 respect to the treatment of United States Department 17 of Treasury grants made under section 1603 of the 18 American Recovery and Reinvestment Tax Act of 2009). For treatment, see sections 235-110.91[, 235-110.7,] 19 20 and 235-110.8;



1	(2)	Section 78 (with respect to dividends received from
2		certain foreign corporations by domestic corporations
3		choosing foreign tax credit);
4	(3)	Section 86 (with respect to social security and tier 1
5		railroad retirement benefits);
6	(4)	Section 91 (with respect to certain foreign branch
7		losses transferred to specified 10-percent owned
8		foreign corporations);
9	(5)	Section 103 (with respect to interest on state and
10		local bonds). For treatment, see section 235-7(b);
11	(6)	Section 114 (with respect to extraterritorial income).
12		For treatment, any transaction as specified in the
13		transitional rule for 2005 and 2006 as specified in
14		the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 section 101(d)
15		and any transaction that has occurred pursuant to a
16		binding contract as specified in the American Jobs
17		Creation Act of 2004 section 101(f) are inoperative;
18	(7)	Section 120 (with respect to amounts received under
19		qualified group legal services plans). For treatment,
20		see section 235-7(a)(9) to (11);



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1	(8)	Section 122 (with respect to certain reduced uniformed
2		services retirement pay). For treatment, see
3		section 235-7(a)(3);
4	(9)	Section 135 (with respect to income from United States
5		savings bonds used to pay higher education tuition and
6		fees). For treatment, see section 235-7(a)(1);
7	(10)	Section 139C (with respect to COBRA premium
8		assistance);
9	(11)	Subchapter B (sections 141 to 150) (with respect to
10		tax exemption requirements for state and local bonds);
11	(12)	Section 151 (with respect to allowance of deductions
12		for personal exemptions). For treatment, see
13		section 235-54;
14	(13)	Section 179B (with respect to expensing of capital
15		costs incurred in complying with Environmental
16		Protection Agency sulphur regulations);
17	(14)	Section 181 (with respect to special rules for certain
18		film and television productions);
19	(15)	Section 196 (with respect to deduction for certain
20		unused investment credits);

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1	(16)	Section 199 (with respect to the U.S. production
2		activities deduction);
3	(17)	Section 199A (with respect to qualified business
4		income);
5	(18)	Section 222 (with respect to qualified tuition and
6		related expenses);
7	(19)	Sections 241 to 247 (with respect to special
8		deductions for corporations). For treatment, see
9		section 235-7(c);
10	(20)	Section 250 (with respect to foreign-derived
11		intangible income and global intangible low-taxed
12		income);
13	(21)	Section 267A (with respect to certain related party
14		amounts paid or accrued in hybrid transactions or with
15		hybrid entities);
16	(22)	Section 280C (with respect to certain expenses for
17		which credits are allowable). For treatment, see
18		section 235-110.91;
19	(23)	Section 291 (with respect to special rules relating to
20		<pre>corporate preference items);</pre>
21	(24)	Section 367 (with respect to foreign corporations);

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1	(25)	Section 501(c)(12), (15), (16) (with respect to exempt
2		organizations); except that section 501(c)(12) shall
3		be operative for companies that provide potable water
4		to residential communities that lack any access to
5		public utility water services;
6	(26)	Section 515 (with respect to taxes of foreign
7		countries and possessions of the United States);
8	(27)	Subchapter G (sections 531 to 565) (with respect to
9		corporations used to avoid income tax on
10		<pre>shareholders);</pre>
11	(28)	Subchapter H (sections 581 to 597) (with respect to
12		banking institutions), except section 584 (with
13		respect to common trust funds). For treatment, see
14		chapter 241;
15	(29)	Section 642(a) and (b) (with respect to special rules
16		for credits and deductions applicable to trusts). For
17		treatment, see sections 235-54(b) and 235-55;
18	(30)	Section 646 (with respect to tax treatment of electing
19		Alaska Native settlement trusts);
20	(31)	Section 668 (with respect to interest charge on
21		accumulation distributions from foreign trusts);



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1	(32)	Subchapter L (sections 801 to 848) (with respect to
2		insurance companies). For treatment, see sections
- 3		431:7-202 and 431:7-204;
4	(33)	Section 853 (with respect to foreign tax credit
5		allowed to shareholders). For treatment, see
6		section 235-55;
7	(34)	Section 853A (with respect to credits from tax credit
8		bonds allowed to shareholders);
9	(35)	Subchapter N (sections 861 to 999) (with respect to
10		tax based on income from sources within or without the
11		United States), except sections 985 to 989 (with
12		respect to foreign currency transactions). For
13		treatment, see sections 235-4, 235-5, and 235-7(b),
14		and 235-55;
15	(36)	Section 1042(g) (with respect to sales of stock in
16		agricultural refiners and processors to eligible farm
17	·	cooperatives);
18	(37)	Section 1055 (with respect to redeemable ground
19		rents);
20	(38)	Section 1057 (with respect to election to treat
21		transfer to foreign trust, etc., as taxable exchange);



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(39)	Sections 1291 to 1298 (with respect to treatment of
	passive foreign investment companies);
(40)	Subchapter Q (sections 1311 to 1351) (with respect to
	readjustment of tax between years and special
	limitations), except for section 1341 (with respect to
	computation of tax where taxpayer restores substantial
	amount held under claim of right);
(41)	Subchapter R (sections 1352 to 1359) (with respect to
	election to determine corporate tax on certain
	international shipping activities using per ton rate);
(42)	Subchapter U (sections 1391 to 1397F) (with respect to
	designation and treatment of empowerment zones,
	enterprise communities, and rural development
	investment areas). For treatment, see chapter 209E;
(43)	Subchapter W (sections 1400 to 1400C) (with respect to
	District of Columbia enterprise zone);
(44)	Section 14000 (with respect to education tax
	<pre>benefits);</pre>
(45)	Section 1400P (with respect to housing tax benefits);
(46)	Section 1400R (with respect to employment relief);
	 (40) (41) (42) (42) (43) (44) (45)

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1	(47)	Section 1400T (with respect to special rules for
2		mortgage revenue bonds);
3	(48)	Section 1400U-1 (with respect to allocation of
4		recovery zone bonds);
5	(49)	Section 1400U-2 (with respect to recovery zone
6		economic development bonds); and
7	(50)	Section 1400U-3 (with respect to recovery zone
8		facility bonds)."
9	SECT	ION 4. Section 235-110.93, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended b	y amending subsection (d) to read as follows:
11	"(d)	The cost upon which the tax credit is computed shall
12	be determ	ined at the entity level. In the case of a
13	partnersh	ip, S corporation, estate, trust, or other pass through
14	entity, d	istribution and share of the credit shall be determined
15	[pursuant	to section 235-110.7(a).] by rule.
16	If a	deduction is taken under section 179 (with respect to
17	election	to expense depreciable business assets) of the Internal
18	Revenue Co	ode, no tax credit shall be allowed for that portion of
19	the quali:	fied agricultural cost for which a deduction was taken.
20	The l	basis of eligible property for depreciation or
21	accelerate	ed cost recovery system purposes for state income taxes



shall be reduced by the amount of credit allowable and claimed.
 No deduction shall be allowed for that portion of otherwise
 deductible qualified agricultural costs on which a credit is
 claimed under this section."

5 SECTION 5. Section 237-16.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6 amended to read as follows:

7 "§237-16.5 Tax on written real property leases[; deduction 8 **allowed**]. (a) This section relates to the leasing of real 9 property by a lessor to a lessee. There is hereby levied, and 10 shall be assessed and collected annually, a privilege tax 11 against persons engaging or continuing within the State in the 12 business of leasing real property to another, equal to four per cent of the gross proceeds or gross income received or derived 13 14 from the leasing[; provided that where real property is 15 subleased by a lessee to a sublessee, the lessee, as provided in 16 this section, shall be allowed a deduction from the amount of 17 gross proceeds or gross income received from its sublease of the real property. The deduction shall be in the amount allowed 18 19 under this section].

20 [All deductions under this section and the name and general
21 excise tax number of the lessee's lessor shall be reported on



1	the general excise tax return. Any deduction allowed under this
2	section shall only be allowed with respect to leases and
3	subleases in writing and relating to the same real property.
4	(b) The lessee shall obtain from its lessor a certificate,
5	in the form as the department shall prescribe, certifying that
6	the lessor is subject to tax under this chapter on the gross
7	proceeds or gross income received from the lessee. The absence
8	of the certificate in itself shall give rise to the presumption
9	that the lessee is not allowed the deduction under this section.
10	(c) If various real property or space leased to the lessee
11	have different rental values, then the total monetary gross
12	proceeds or gross income paid to a lessor for all real property
13	or space shall first be allocated to the fair rental value for
14	each real property or space. If the lessee leases less than one
15	hundred per cent of real property or space that was leased from
16	the lessor to a sublessee, then the total monetary gross
17	proceeds or gross income paid by the lessee for that real
18	property or space to its lessor shall be allocated. The
19	percentage of real property or space subleased shall be
20	multiplied by the monetary gross proceeds or gross income paid
21	for the real property or space by the lessee to its lessor. The



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1	product of the preceding multiplication shall be deducted from
2	the monetary gross proceeds or gross income received for real
3	property or space by the lessee.
4	Once the allocations are made, the appropriate deduction
5	under subsection (g) shall be made.
6	(d) The lessor shall make allocations under this section
7	at the time the sublease is entered into and the allocations
8	shall not be changed during the term of the sublease. There
9	shall be a reasonable basis for the allocations, taking into
10	consideration the size, quality, and location of the real
11	property or space subleased. In no event shall the total amount
12	allocated to all subleases exceed the total monetary gross
13	proceeds paid by the lessee to its lessor. The director may
14	redetermine the amount of the deduction under this section if
15	the director finds that the basis for allocation is not
16	reasonable or that redetermination is necessary to prevent the
17	avoidance of taxes.
18	(e)] (b) As used in this section:
19	"Lease" means the rental of real property under an
20	instrument in writing by which one conveys real property for a
21	specified term and for a specified consideration, and includes

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1 the written extension or renegotiation of a lease, and any

2 holdover tenancy.

3 "Lessee" means one who holds real property under lease, and4 includes a sublessee.

5 "Lessor" means one who conveys real property by lease, and 6 includes a sublessor.

7 "Real property or space" means the area actually rented and
8 used by the lessee, and includes common elements as defined in
9 section 514B-3.

10 ["Sublease" includes the rental of real property which is 11 held under a lease and is made in a written document by which 12 one conveys real property for a specified term and for a 13 specified consideration. A sublease includes the written 14 extension or renegotiation of a sublease and any holdover 15 tenancy under the written sublease. 16 "Sublessee" means one who holds real property under a 17 sublease.

- 18 "Sublessor" means one who conveys real property by
- 19 sublease.



1	(f) This section shall not cause the tax upon a lessor,
2	with respect to any item of the lessor's gross proceeds or gross
3	income, to exceed four per cent.
4	(g) After allocation under subsection (c), if necessary,
5	the deduction under this section shall be allowed from the gross
6	proceeds or gross income of the lessee received from its
7	sublease in an amount calculated by multiplying the gross
8	proceeds or gross income paid by the lessee to its lessor for
9	the lease of the real property by .875.
10	The amount calculated shall be deducted by the lessee from
11	the lessee's total reported gross proceeds or gross income. The
12	deduction allowed by this subsection may be taken by the fiscal
13	and calendar year lessees.]"
14	SECTION 6. Section 237-22, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
16	"(b) To the extent that any deduction, allocation, or
17	other method to determine tax liability is necessary to comply
18	with subsection (a), each taxpayer liable for the tax imposed by
19	this chapter shall be entitled to full offset for the amount of
20	legally imposed sales, gross receipts, or use taxes paid by the
21	taxpayer with respect to the imported property, service, or



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1 contracting to another state and any subdivision thereof; 2 provided that such offset shall not exceed the amount of general 3 excise tax imposed under this chapter upon the gross proceeds of 4 sales or gross income from the sale and subsequent sale of the 5 imported property, service, or contracting. The amount of 6 legally imposed sales, gross receipts, or use taxes paid by the 7 taxpayer with respect to the import shall be first applied 8 against any use tax, as permitted under section $\left[\frac{238-3(i)}{i}\right]$ 9 238-3(h), and any remaining amount may be applied under this 10 section for the same imported property, service, or contracting.

11 The director of taxation shall have the authority to 12 implement this offset by prescribing tax forms and instructions 13 that require tax reporting and payment by deduction, allocation, 14 or any other method to determine tax liability to the extent 15 necessary to comply with the foregoing.

16 The director of taxation may require the taxpayer to 17 produce the necessary receipts or vouchers indicating the 18 payment of the sales, gross receipts, or use taxes to another 19 state or subdivision as a condition for the allowance of this 20 offset."



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1 SECTION 7. Section 237-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended to read as follows: 3 "§237-24 Amounts not taxable. This chapter shall not 4 apply to the following amounts: 5 Amounts received under life insurance policies and (1)6 contracts paid by reason of the death of the insured; 7 (2) Amounts received (other than amounts paid by reason of 8 death of the insured) under life insurance, endowment, 9 or annuity contracts, either during the term or at 10 maturity or upon surrender of the contract; 11 (3) Amounts received under any accident insurance or health insurance policy or contract or under workers' 12 13 compensation acts or employers' liability acts, as 14 compensation for personal injuries, death, or sickness, including also the amount of any damages or 15 16 other compensation received, whether as a result of 17 action or by private agreement between the parties on account of the personal injuries, death, or sickness; 18 19 The value of all property of every kind and sort (4) 20 acquired by gift, bequest, or devise, and the value of 21 all property acquired by descent or inheritance;



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1	(5)	Amounts received by any person as compensatory damages
2		for any tort injury to the person, or to the person's
3		character reputation, or received as compensatory
4		damages for any tort injury to or destruction of
5		property, whether as the result of action or by
6		private agreement between the parties (provided that
7		amounts received as punitive damages for tort injury
8		or breach of contract injury shall be included in
9		gross income);
10	(6)	Amounts received as salaries or wages for services
11		rendered by an employee to an employer;
12	(7)	Amounts received as alimony and other similar payments
13		and settlements;
14	(8)	Amounts collected by distributors as fuel taxes on
15		"liquid fuel" imposed by chapter 243, and the amounts
16		collected by such distributors as a fuel tax imposed
17		by any Act of the Congress of the United States;
18	(9)	Taxes on liquor imposed by chapter 244D on dealers
19		holding permits under that chapter;
20	(10)	The amounts of taxes on cigarettes and tobacco
21		products imposed by chapter 245 on wholesalers or

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1		dealers holding licenses under that chapter and
2		selling the products at wholesale;
3	(11)	Federal excise taxes imposed on articles sold at
4		retail and collected from the purchasers thereof and
5		paid to the federal government by the retailer;
6	(12)	The amounts of federal taxes under chapter 37 of the
7		Internal Revenue Code, or similar federal taxes,
8		imposed on sugar manufactured in the State, paid by
9		the manufacturer to the federal government;
10	(13)	An amount up to, but not in excess of, \$2,000 a year
11		of gross income received by any blind, deaf, or
12		totally disabled person engaging, or continuing, in
13		any business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling
14		within the State; a corporation all of whose
15		outstanding shares are owned by an individual or
16		individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;
17		a general, limited, or limited liability partnership,
18		all of whose partners are blind, deaf, or totally
19		disabled; or a limited liability company, all of whose
20		members are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;



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1	[(14)	Amou	ints received by a producer of sugarcane from the
2		manu	facturer to whom the producer sells the sugarcane,
3		wher	· c:
4		(A)	The producer is an independent cane farmer, so
5			classed by the Secretary of Agriculture under the
6			Sugar Act of 1948 (61 Stat. 922, chapter 519) as
7			the Act may be amended or supplemented;
8		(B)	The value or gross proceeds of sale of the sugar,
9			and other products manufactured from the
10			sugarcane, is included in the measure of the tax
11			levied on the manufacturer under section
12			237-13(1) or (2);
13		(C)	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are
14			dependent upon the actual value of the products
15			manufactured therefrom or the average value of
16			all similar products manufactured by the
17			manufacturer; and
18		(Ð)	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are
19			reduced by reason of the tax on the value or sale
20			of-the-manufactured products;

.1	(15)]	(14)	Money paid by the State or eleemosynary
2		chil	d-placing organizations to foster parents for
3		thei	r care of children in foster homes;
4	[(16)]	(15)	Amounts received by a cooperative housing
5		corp	oration from its shareholders in reimbursement of
6		fund	s paid by such corporation for lease rental, real
7		prop	erty taxes, and other expenses of operating and
8		main	taining the cooperative land and improvements;
9		prov	ided that such a cooperative corporation is a
10		corp	oration:
11		(A)	Having one and only one class of stock
12			outstanding;
13		(B)	Each of the stockholders of which is entitled
14			solely by reason of the stockholder's ownership
15			of stock in the corporation, to occupy for
16			dwelling purposes a house, or an apartment in a
17			building owned or leased by the corporation; and
18		(C)	No stockholder of which is entitled (either
19			conditionally or unconditionally) to receive any
20			distribution not out of earnings and profits of



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1	the corporation except in a complete or partial
2	liquidation of the corporation; and
3	[(17)] (16) Amounts received by a contractor of the
4	Patient-Centered Community Care program that is
5	established by the United States Department of
6	Veterans Affairs pursuant to title 38 United States
7	Code section 8153, as amended, for the actual costs or
8	advancements to third party health care providers
9	pursuant to a contract with the United States."
10	SECTION 8. Section 237-24.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended to read as follows:
12	"§237-24.3 Additional amounts not taxable. In addition to
13	the amounts not taxable under section 237-24, this chapter shall
14	not apply to:
15	[(1) Amounts received from the loading, transportation, and
16	unloading of agricultural commodities shipped for a
17	producer or produce dealer on one island of this State
18	to a person, firm, or organization on another island
19	of this State. The terms "agricultural commodity",
20	"producer", and "produce dealer" shall be defined in
21	the same manner as they are defined in section 147-1;



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1		prov	rided that agricultural commodities need not have
2		been	produced in the State;
3	(2)]	(1)	Amounts received by the manager, submanager, or
4		boar	d of directors of:
5		(A)	An association of a condominium property regime
6			established in accordance with chapter 514B or
7			any predecessor thereto; or
8		(B)	A nonprofit homeowners or community association
9			incorporated in accordance with chapter 414D or
10			any predecessor thereto and existing pursuant to
11			covenants running with the land,
12		in r	eimbursement of sums paid for common expenses;
13	[(3)]	(2)	Amounts received or accrued from:
14		(A)	The loading or unloading of cargo from ships,
15			barges, vessels, or aircraft, including
16			stevedoring services as defined in section 382-1,
17			whether or not the ships, barges, vessels, or
18			aircraft travel between the State and other
19			states or countries or between the islands of the
20			State;

1		(B)	Tugboat services including pilotage fees
2			performed within the State, and the towage of
3			ships, barges, or vessels in and out of state
4			harbors, or from one pier to another;
5		(C)	The transportation of pilots or governmental
6			officials to ships, barges, or vessels offshore;
7		·	rigging gear; checking freight and similar
8			services; standby charges; and use of moorings
9			and running mooring lines; and
10		(D)	Wharfage and demurrage imposed under chapter 266
11			that is paid to the department of transportation;
12	[(4)]	(3)	Amounts received by an employee benefit plan by
13		way	of contributions, dividends, interest, and other
14		inco	me; and amounts received by a nonprofit
15		orga	nization or office, as payments for costs and
16		expe	nses incurred for the administration of an
17		empl	oyee benefit plan; provided that this exemption
18		shal	l not apply to any gross rental income or gross
19		rent	al proceeds received after June 30, 1994, as
20		inco	me from investments in real property in this
21		Stat	e; and provided further that gross rental income



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1 or gross rental proceeds from investments in real property received by an employee benefit plan after 2 3 June 30, 1994, under written contracts executed prior to July 1, 1994, shall not be taxed until the 4 5 contracts are renegotiated, renewed, or extended, or 6 until after December 31, 1998, whichever is earlier. 7 For the purposes of this paragraph, "employee benefit plan" means any plan as defined in title 29 United 8 9 States Code section 1002(3), as amended; 10 [(5)] (4) Amounts received for purchases made with United 11 States Department of Agriculture food coupons under the federal food stamp program, and amounts received 12 13 for purchases made with United States Department of 14 Agriculture food vouchers under the Special 15 Supplemental Foods Program for Women, Infants and 16 Children: 17 [(6)] (5) Amounts received by a hospital, infirmary, 18 medical clinic, health care facility, pharmacy, or a 19 practitioner licensed to administer the drug to an 20 individual for selling prescription drugs or 21 prosthetic devices to an individual; provided that



1 this paragraph shall not apply to any amounts received for services provided in selling prescription drugs or 2 prosthetic devices. As used in this paragraph: 3 "Prescription drugs" are those drugs defined 4 5 under section 328-1 and dispensed by filling or refilling a written or oral prescription by a 6 7 practitioner licensed under law to administer the drug and sold by a licensed pharmacist under section 328-16 8 9 or practitioners licensed to administer drugs; 10 provided that "prescription drugs" shall not include 11 cannabis or manufactured cannabis products authorized 12 pursuant to chapters 329 and 329D; and 13 "Prosthetic device" means any artificial device 14 or appliance, instrument, apparatus, or contrivance, 15 including their components, parts, accessories, and 16 replacements thereof, used to replace a missing or 17 surgically removed part of the human body, which is prescribed by a licensed practitioner of medicine, 18 19 osteopathy, or podiatry and that is sold by the 20 practitioner or that is dispensed and sold by a dealer 21 of prosthetic devices; provided that "prosthetic



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1		device" shall not mean any auditory, ophthalmic,		
2		dental, or ocular device or appliance, instrument,		
3		apparatus, or contrivance;		
4	[(7)]	(6) Taxes on transient accommodations imposed by		
5		chapter 237D and passed on and collected by operators		
6		holding certificates of registration under that		
7		chapter;		
8	[-(8)]	(7) Amounts received as dues by an unincorporated		
9		merchants association from its membership for		
10		advertising media, promotional, and advertising costs		
11		for the promotion of the association for the benefit		
12		of its members as a whole and not for the benefit of		
13		an individual member or group of members less than the		
14		entire membership;		
15	[(9)]	(8) Amounts received by a labor organization for real		
16		property leased to:		
17		(A) A labor organization; or		
18		(B) A trust fund established by a labor organization		
19		for the benefit of its members, families, and		
20		dependents for medical or hospital care, pensions		
21		on retirement or death of employees,		



1		apprenticeship and training, and other membership
2		service programs.
3		As used in this paragraph, "labor organization" means
4		a labor organization exempt from federal income tax
5		under section 501(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code,
6		as amended;
7	[(10)]	(9) Amounts received from foreign diplomats and
8		consular officials who are holding cards issued or
9		authorized by the United States Department of State
10		granting them an exemption from state taxes; and
11	[(11)	Amounts received as rent for the rental or leasing of
12		aircraft or aircraft engines used by the lessees or
13		renters for interstate air transportation of
14		passengers and goods. For purposes of this paragraph,
15		payments made pursuant to a lease shall be considered
16		rent regardless of whether the lease is an operating
17		lease or a financing lease. The definition of
18		"interstate air transportation" is the same as in 49
19		U.S.C. section 40102; and
20	(12)]	(10) Amounts received by a hospital, infirmary,
21		medical clinic, health care facility, or pharmacy, or



1 a medical or dental practitioner, for healthcare-related goods or services purchased under 2 3 the medicare, medicaid, or TRICARE programs. For the purposes of this paragraph, the healthcare-related 4 5 services need not be performed by a medical or dental practitioner but may be performed by a physician's 6 7 assistant, nurse, or other employee under the medical 8 or dental practitioner's direction. As used in this 9 paragraph: 10 "Medicaid" means the program established under 11 Title XIX of the Social Security Act of 1935, as 12 amended; "Medical or dental practitioner" means a 13 14 physician or osteopathic physician licensed pursuant 15 to chapter 453; a dentist licensed under chapter 448; 16 an advanced practice registered nurse licensed 17 pursuant to chapter 457; or a pharmacist licensed 18 pursuant to chapter 461; 19 "Medicare" means the program established under 20 Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1935, as 21 amended; and



1	"TRICARE" means the program of the Department of
2	Defense military health system managed by the Defense
3	Health Agency, or any successor program."
4	SECTION 9. Section 237-25, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
6	"(a) Any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding,
7	there shall be exempted from, and excluded from the measures of,
8	the tax imposed by chapter 237 all sales, and the gross proceeds
9	of all sales, of:
10	(1) Intoxicating liquor, as defined in chapter 281,
11	hereafter sold by any person licensed under chapter
12	281 to the United States (including any agency or
13	instrumentality of the United States that is wholly
14	owned or otherwise so constituted as to be immune from
15	the levy of a tax under chapter 238 or 244D but not
16	including national banks), or to any organization to
17	which that sale is permitted by the proviso of
18	"Class 3" of section 281-31, located on any Army,
19	Navy, or Air Force reservation, but the person making
20	the sale shall nevertheless, within the meaning of



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1		chapters 237, 244D, and 281 be deemed to be a licensed
2		seller;
3	(2)	Tobacco products and cigarettes, as defined in chapter
4		245, sold by any person licensed under the chapter to
5		the United States (including any agency or
6		instrumentality thereof that is wholly owned or
7		otherwise so constituted as to be immune from the levy
8		of a tax under chapter 238 or 245 but not including
9		national banks), but the person making the sale shall
10		nevertheless, within the meaning of chapters 237 and
11		245, be deemed to be a licensed seller;
12	[(3) -	Other tangible personal property sold by any person
13		licensed under this chapter to the United States
14		(including any agency, instrumentality, or federal
15		credit union thereof but not including national
16		banks), and to any state-chartered credit union, but
17		the person making such sale shall nevertheless, within
18		the meaning of this chapter, be deemed a licensed
19		seller;] and
20	[-(4)-]	(3) When the amount of property sold by a licensee
21		turns upon the amount of the property sold through a



1 vending machine or similar device to the customer 2 using the device, there shall not be deemed to have 3 occurred any sale covered by an exemption under 4 paragraph (1), or (2) [, or (3)]." 5 SECTION 10. Section 237-29.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 6 7 "(a) There shall be exempted from, and excluded from the 8 measure of, the taxes imposed by this chapter all of the value 9 or gross proceeds arising from the manufacture, production, or 10 sale of tangible personal property: 11 (1) Shipped by the manufacturer, producer, or seller to a 12 point outside the State where the property is resold 13 or otherwise consumed or used outside the State; or 14 The sale of which is exempt under section (2) 15 [237-24.3(2).] 237-24.3(1)." 16 SECTION 11. Section 238-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 17 amended by amending the definition of "use" to read as follows: 18 ""Use" (and any nounal, verbal, adjectival, adverbial, and 19 other equivalent form of the term) herein used interchangeably 20 means any use, whether the use is of such nature as to cause the 21 property, services, or contracting to be appreciably consumed or



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1 not, or the keeping of the property or services for such use or 2 for sale, the exercise of any right or power over tangible or 3 intangible personal property incident to the ownership of that 4 property, and shall include control over tangible or intangible 5 property by a seller who is licensed or who should be licensed 6 under chapter 237, who directs the importation of the property 7 into the State for sale and delivery to a purchaser in the 8 State, liability and free on board (FOB) to the contrary 9 notwithstanding, regardless of where title passes, but the term 10 "use" shall not include:

11 (1) Temporary use of property, not of a perishable or
12 quickly consumable nature, where the property is
13 imported into the State for temporary use (not sale)
14 therein by the person importing the same and is not
15 intended to be, and is not, kept permanently in the
16 State. For example, without limiting the generality
17 of the foregoing language:

18 (A) In the case of a contractor importing permanent
19 equipment for the performance of a construction
20 contract, with intent to remove, and who does



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1			remove, the equipment out of the State upon
2			completing the contract;
3		(B)	In the case of moving picture films imported for
4			use in theaters in the State with intent or under
5			contract to transport the same out of the State
6			after completion of such use; and
7		(C)	In the case of a transient visitor importing an
8			automobile or other belongings into the State to
9			be used by the transient visitor while therein
10			but which are to be used and are removed upon the
11			transient visitor's departure from the State;
12	(2)	Use]	by the taxpayer of property acquired by the
13		taxpa	ayer solely by way of gift;
14	(3)	Use n	which is limited to the receipt of articles and
15		the :	return thereof, to the person from whom acquired,
16		imme	diately or within a reasonable time either after
17		tempo	orary trial or without trial;
18	(4)	Use d	of goods imported into the State by the owner of a
19		vesse	el or vessels engaged in interstate or foreign
20		comme	erce and held for and used only as ship stores for
21		the v	vessels;



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1	(5)	The use or keeping for use of household goods,
2		personal effects, and private automobiles imported
3		into the State for nonbusiness use by a person who:
4		(A) Acquired them in another state, territory,
5		district, or country;
6		(B) At the time of the acquisition was a bona fide
7		resident of another state, territory, district,
8		or country;
9		(C) Acquired the property for use outside the State;
10		and
11		(D) Made actual and substantial use thereof outside
12		this State;
13		provided that as to an article acquired less than
14		three months prior to the time of its importation into
15		the State it shall be presumed, until and unless
16		clearly proved to the contrary, that it was acquired
17		for use in the State and that its use outside the
18		State was not actual and substantial;
19	[(6)	The leasing or renting of any aircraft or the keeping
20		of any aircraft solely for leasing or renting to
21		lessees or renters using the aircraft for commercial



1		transportation of passengers and goods or the
2		acquisition or importation of any such aircraft or
3		aircraft engines by any lessee or renter engaged in
4		interstate air transportation. For purposes of this
5		paragraph, "leasing" includes all forms of lease,
6		regardless of whether the lease is an operating lease
7		or financing lease. The definition of "interstate air
8		transportation" is the same as in 49 U.S.C. 40102;
9	(7)]	(6) The use of oceangoing vehicles for passenger or
10		passenger and goods transportation from one point to
11		another within the State as a public utility as
12		defined in chapter 269;
13	[(8)	The use of material, parts, or tools imported or
14		purchased by a person licensed under chapter 237 which
15		are used for aircraft service and maintenance, or the
16		construction of an aircraft service and maintenance
17		facility as those terms are defined in section
18		237-24.9;
19	(9)]	(7) The use of services or contracting imported for
20		resale where the contracting or services are for

1	resale, consumption, or use outside the State pursuant
2	to section 237-29.53(a); and
3	[(10)] <u>(8)</u> The use of property, services, or contracting
4	imported by foreign diplomats and consular officials
5	who are holding cards issued or authorized by the
6	United States Department of State granting them an
7	exemption from state taxes.
8	With regard to purchases made and distributed under the
9	authority of chapter 421, a cooperative association shall be
10	deemed the user thereof."
11	SECTION 12. Section 238-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12	amended to read as follows:
13	"§238-3 Application of tax, etc. (a) The tax imposed by
14	this chapter shall not apply to any property, services, or
15	contracting or to any use of the property, services, or
16	contracting that cannot legally be so taxed under the
17	Constitution or laws of the United States, but only so long as,
18	and only to the extent to which the State is without power to
19	impose the tax.

1	To t	he extent that any exemption, exclusion, or
2	apportion	ment is necessary to comply with the preceding
3	sentence,	the director of taxation shall:
4	(1)	Exempt or exclude from the tax under this chapter,
5		property, services, or contracting or the use of
6		property, services, or contracting exempted under
7		chapter 237; or
8	(2)	Apportion the gross value of services or contracting
9		sold to customers within the State by persons engaged
10		in business both within and without the State to
11		determine the value of that portion of the services or
12		contracting that is subject to taxation under chapter
13		237 for the purposes of section 237-21.
14	(b)	The tax imposed by this chapter shall not apply to any
15	use of pro	operty, services, or contracting the transfer of which
16	property,	services, or contracting to, or the acquisition of
17	which by,	the person so using the same, has actually been or
18	actually :	is taxed under chapter 237.
19	(c)	The tax imposed by this chapter shall be paid only
20	once upon	or in respect of the same property, services, or
21	contracti	ng; provided that nothing in this chapter contained



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shall be construed to exempt any property, services, or
 contracting, or the use thereof from taxation under any other
 law of the State.

4 The tax imposed by this chapter shall be in addition (d) 5 to any other taxes imposed by any other laws of the State, 6 except as otherwise specifically provided herein; provided that 7 if it be finally held by any court of competent jurisdiction, 8 that the tax imposed by this chapter may not legally be imposed 9 in addition to any other tax or taxes imposed by any other law 10 or laws with respect to the same property, services, or contracting, or the use thereof, then this chapter shall be 11 12 deemed not to apply to the property, services, or contracting, 13 or the use thereof under such specific circumstances, but such 14 other laws shall be given full effect with respect to the 15 property, services, or contracting, or use.

16 (e) The tax imposed by this chapter shall not apply to any17 use of property exempted by section 238-4.

(f) The tax imposed by this chapter shall not apply to any
use or consumption of aircraft and vessels, the transfer of
which aircraft or vessel to, or the acquisition of which by, the
person so using or consuming the same, or the rental for the use

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of the aircraft or vessel, has actually been or actually is
 taxed under chapter 237.

(g) The tax imposed by this chapter shall not apply to any
intoxicating liquor as defined in chapter 244D and cigarettes
and tobacco products as defined in chapter 245, imported into
the State and sold to any person or common carrier in interstate
commerce, whether ocean-going or air, for consumption
out-of-state by the person, crew, or passengers on the shipper's
vessels or airplanes.

10 [(h) The tax imposed by this chapter shall not apply to 11 any use of vessels constructed under section 189-25 prior to 12 July 1, 1969.

13 (i) [(h) Each taxpayer liable for the tax imposed by this 14 chapter on property, services, or contracting shall be entitled 15 to full credit for the combined amount or amounts of legally 16 imposed sales or use taxes paid by the taxpayer with respect to 17 the same transaction and property, services, or contracting to 18 another state and any subdivision thereof, but the credit shall 19 not exceed the amount of the use tax imposed under this chapter 20 on account of the transaction and property, services, or 21 contracting. The director of taxation may require the taxpayer



1	to produce the necessary receipts or vouchers indicating the
2	payment of the sales or use tax to another state or subdivision
3	as a condition for the allowance of the credit.
4	$\left[\frac{(j)}{(j)}\right]$ (i) The tax imposed by this chapter shall not apply
5	to any use of property, services, or contracting exempted by
6	section 237-26 or section 237-29.
7	[(k) The tax imposed by this chapter shall not apply to
8	any use of air pollution control facility exempted by section
9	237-27.5.]"
10	SECTION 13. Section 421H-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
12	"(c) The membership shares and cooperative fees are
13	interests in real property for purposes of:
14	(1) Cooperative housing corporations under section 216 of
15	the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended;
16	and
17	(2) Exemption from state general excise tax under section
18	[237-24(16).] <u>237-24(15).</u> "
19	SECTION 14. Section 209E-11, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	repealed.



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1	[" §209E-11 State general excise exemptions. The
2	department shall certify annually to the department of taxation
3	that any qualified business is exempt from the payment of
4	general excise taxes on the gross proceeds from an eligible
5	business activity as defined in this chapter; provided that
6	agricultural businesses other than those engaged in the
7	production of genetically-engineered agricultural products shall
8	not be exempt from the payment of general excise taxes on the
9	gross proceeds of agricultural retail sales. The gross proceeds
10	received by a contractor licensed under chapter 444 shall be
11	exempt from the general excise tax for construction within an
12	enterprise zone performed for a qualified business within an
13	enterprise zone or a business that has been approved by the
14	department to enroll into the enterprise zone program. The
15	exemption shall extend for a period not to exceed seven years;
16	provided that for qualified businesses engaged in the
17	manufacturing of tangible personal property or the producing or
18	processing of agricultural products, the exemption shall extend
19	for a period not to exceed ten years; provided further that if a
20	force majeure event occurs, then the period of time shall be
21	tolled until the force majeure event ceases."]



SECTION 15. Section 235-12.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
 repealed.

3	[" §235-12.5 Renewable energy technologies; income tax
4	credit. (a) Each individual or corporate taxpayer that files
5	an individual or corporate net income tax return for a taxable
6	year may claim a tax credit under this section against the
7	Hawaii state individual or corporate net income tax. The tax
8	credit may be claimed for every eligible renewable energy
9	technology system that is installed and placed in service in the
10	State by a taxpayer during the taxable year. The tax credit may
11	be claimed as follows:
12	(1) For each solar energy system: thirty-five per cent of
13	the actual cost or the cap amount determined in
14	subsection (b); provided that:
15	(A) For taxable years beginning after December 31,
16	2019, and except as provided in subparagraphs (B)
17	and (C), no tax credit may be claimed for a solar
18	energy system that is five megawatts in total
19	output capacity or larger and requires a power
20	purchase agreement approved by the public
21	utilities commission;



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1	(B)	A solar energy system that is five megawatts in
2		total output capacity or larger, installed and
3		placed in service pursuant to a power purchase
4		agreement approved or pending approval by a
5		decision and order by the public utilities
6		commission prior to December 31, 2019, shall
7		continue to receive a tax credit equal to
8		thirty-five per cent of the actual cost, or
9		\$500,000 per solar energy system that has a total
10		output capacity of at least one thousand
11		kilowatts per system of direct current, whichever
12		is less; and
13	(C) -	For each solar energy system integrated with a
14		pumped hydroelectric energy storage system, the
15		tax credit may be claimed for thirty-five per
16		cent of the actual cost or the cap amount
17		determined in subsection (b), whichever is less;
18		provided that applicable project approval filings
19		have been made to the public utilities commission
20		by December 31, 2021; or



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1	(2) For each wind-powered energy system: twenty per cent
2	of the actual cost or the cap amount determined in
3	subsection (b), whichever is less;
4	provided further that multiple owners of a single system shall
5	be entitled to a single tax credit; and provided further that
6	the tax credit shall be apportioned between the owners in
7	proportion to their contribution to the cost of the system.
8	In the case of a partnership, S corporation, estate, or
9	trust, the tax credit allowable is for every eligible renewable
10	energy technology system that is installed and placed in service
11	in the State by the entity. The cost upon which the tax credit
12	is computed shall be determined at the entity level.
13	Distribution and share of credit shall be determined pursuant to
14	administrative rule.
15	(b) The amount of credit allowed for each eligible
16	renewable energy technology system shall not exceed the
17	applicable cap amount, which is determined as follows:
18	(1) If the primary purpose of the solar energy system is
19	to use energy from the sun to heat water for household
20	use, then the cap amounts shall be:



1		(A)	\$2,250 per system for single-family residential
2			property;
3		(B)	\$350 per unit per system for multi-family
4			residential property; and
5		(C)	\$250,000 per system for commercial property;
6	-(2) -	For	all-other solar energy systems, the cap amounts
7		shal	l bc:
8		-(A)-	\$5,000 per system for single-family residential
9			property; provided that if all or a portion of
10			the system is used to fulfill the substitute
11			renewable energy technology requirement pursuant
12			to section 196-6.5(a)(3), the credit shall be
13			reduced by thirty-five per cent of the actual
14			system cost or \$2,250, whichever is less;
15		(B)	\$350 per unit per system for multi-family
16			residential property; and
17		(C)	\$500,000 per system for commercial property; and
18	(3)	For	all wind-powered energy systems, the cap amounts
19		shal	l be:
20		(A)	\$1,500 per system for single-family residential
21			property; provided that if all or a portion of



1		the system is used to fulfill the substitute
2		renewable energy technology requirement pursuant
3		to section 196-6.5(a)(3), the credit shall be
4		reduced by twenty per cent of the actual system
5		cost or \$1,500, whichever is less;
6	(B)	\$200 per unit per system for multi-family
7		residential property; and
8	.(C)	\$500,000 per system for commercial property.
9	(c) For	the purposes of this section:
10	"Actual c	ost" means costs related to the renewable energy
11	technology sys	tems under subsection (a), including accessories
12	and installati	on, but not including the cost of consumer
13	incentive prem	iums unrelated to the operation of the system or
14	offered with t	he sale of the system and costs for which another
15	credit is clai	med under this chapter.
16	"Household	d use" means any use to which heated water is
17	commonly put i	n a residential setting, including commercial
18	application of	those uses.
19	"Renewable	e energy technology system" means a new system
20	that captures a	and converts a renewable source of energy, such as
21	solar or wind (energy, into:



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1	(1) A usable source of thermal or mechanical energy;
2	(2) Electricity; or
3	(3) Fuel.
4	"Solar or wind energy system" means any identifiable
5	facility, equipment, apparatus, or the like that converts solar
6	or wind energy to useful thermal or electrical energy for
7	heating, cooling, or reducing the use of other types of energy
8	that are dependent upon fossil fuel for their generation.
9	(d) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005,
10	the dollar amount of any utility rebate shall be deducted from
11	the cost of the qualifying system and its installation before
12	applying the state tax credit.
13	(e) The director of taxation shall prepare any forms that
14	may be necessary to claim a tax credit under this section,
15	including forms identifying the technology type of each tax
16	credit claimed under this section, whether for solar or wind.
17	The director may also require the taxpayer to furnish reasonable
18	information to ascertain the validity of the claim for credit
19	made under this section and may adopt rules necessary to
20	effectuate the purposes of this section pursuant to chapter 91.



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1	(f) If the tax credit under this section exceeds the
2	taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess of the credit over
3	liability may be used as a credit against the taxpayer's income
4	tax liability in subsequent years until exhausted, unless
5	otherwise elected by the taxpayer pursuant to subsection (g) or
6	(h). All claims for the tax credit under this section,
7	including amended claims, shall be filed on or before the end of
8	the twelfth month following the close of the taxable year for
9	which the credit may be claimed. Failure to comply with this
10	subsection shall constitute a waiver of the right to claim the
11	eredit.
11 12	credit. (g) For solar energy systems, a taxpayer may elect to
12	(g) For solar energy systems, a taxpayer may elect to
12 13	(g) For solar energy systems, a taxpayer may elect to reduce the cligible credit amount by thirty per cent and if this
12 13 14	(g) For solar energy systems, a taxpayer may elect to reduce the eligible credit amount by thirty per cent and if this reduced amount exceeds the amount of income tax payment due from
12 13 14 15	(g) For solar energy systems, a taxpayer may elect to reduce the eligible credit amount by thirty per cent and if this reduced amount exceeds the amount of income tax payment due from the taxpayer, the excess of the credit amount over payments due
12 13 14 15 16	(g) For solar energy systems, a taxpayer may elect to reduce the eligible credit amount by thirty per cent and if this reduced amount exceeds the amount of income tax payment due from the taxpayer, the excess of the credit amount over payments due shall be refunded to the taxpayer; provided that tax credit
12 13 14 15 16 17	(g) For solar energy systems, a taxpayer may elect to reduce the eligible credit amount by thirty per cent and if this reduced amount exceeds the amount of income tax payment due from the taxpayer, the excess of the credit amount over payments due shall be refunded to the taxpayer; provided that tax credit amounts properly claimed by a taxpayer who has no income tax



1	The election required by this subsection shall be made in a
2	manner prescribed by the director on the taxpayer's return for
3	the taxable year in which the system is installed and placed in
4	service. A separate election may be made for each separate
5	system that generates a credit. An election once made is
6	irrevocable.
7	(h) Notwithstanding subsection (g), for any renewable
8	energy technology system, an individual taxpayer may elect to
9	have any excess of the credit over payments due refunded to the
10	taxpayer, if:
11	(1) All of the taxpayer's income is exempt from taxation
12	under section 235-7(a)(2) or (3); or
13	(2) The taxpayer's adjusted gross income is \$20,000 or
14	less (or \$40,000 or less if filing a tax return as
15	<pre>married_filing_jointly);</pre>
16	provided that tax credits properly claimed by a taxpayer who has
17	no income tax liability shall-be paid to the taxpayer; and
18	provided further that no refund on account of the tax credit
19	allowed by this section shall be made for amounts less than \$1.
20	A husband and wife who do not file a joint tax return shall
21	only be entitled to make this election to the extent that they



1	would have been entitled to make the election had they filed a
2	joint tax return.
3	The election required by this subsection shall be made in a
4	manner prescribed by the director on the taxpayer's return for
5	the taxable year in which the system is installed and placed in
6	service. A separate election may be made for each separate
7	system that generates a credit. An election once made is
8	irrevocable.
9	(i) No taxpayer shall be allowed a credit under this
10	section for the portion of the renewable energy technology
11	system required by section 196-6.5 that is installed and placed
12	in service on any newly constructed single-family residential
13	property authorized by a building permit issued on or after
14	January 1, 2010.
15	(j) To the extent feasible, using existing resources to
16	assist the energy-efficiency policy review and evaluation, the
17	department shall assist with data collection on the following
18	for each taxable year:
19	(1) The number of renewable energy technology systems that
20	have qualified for a tax credit during the calendar
21	year by:



1	(A) Technology type; and
2	(B) Taxpayer type (corporate and individual); and
3	(2) The total cost of the tax credit to the State during
4	the taxable year by:
5	(A) Technology type; and
6	(B) Taxpayer type.
7	(k) This section shall apply to eligible renewable energy
8	technology systems that are installed and placed in service on
9	or after July 1, 2009."]
10	SECTION 16. Section 235-17, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	repealed.
~~	
12	[" §235-17 Motion picture, digital media, and film
	[" §235-17 Motion picture, digital media, and film production income tax credit. (a) Any law to the contrary
12	
12 13	production income tax credit. (a) Any law to the contrary
12 13 14	production income tax credit. (a) Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, there shall be allowed to each taxpayer subject
12 13 14 15	production income tax credit. (a) Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, there shall be allowed to each taxpayer subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter, an income tax credit that
12 13 14 15 16	production income tax credit. (a) Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, there shall be allowed to each taxpayer subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter, an income tax credit that shall be deductible from the taxpayer's net income tax
12 13 14 15 16 17	<pre>production income tax credit. (a) Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, there shall be allowed to each taxpayer subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter, an income tax credit that shall be deductible from the taxpayer's net income tax liability, if any, imposed by this chapter for the taxable year</pre>
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<pre>production income tax credit. (a) Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, there shall be allowed to each taxpayer subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter, an income tax credit that shall be deductible from the taxpayer's net income tax liability, if any, imposed by this chapter for the taxable year in which the credit is properly claimed. The amount of the</pre>



1		the State with a population of over seven hundred
2		thousand; or
3	(2)	Twenty-seven per cent of the qualified production
4		costs incurred by a qualified production in any county
5		of the State with a population of seven hundred
6		thousand or less.
7	A qualifi	ed production occurring in more than one county may
8	prorate i	ts expenditures based upon the amounts spent in each
9	county, i	f the population bases differ enough to change the
10	percentag	e of tax credit.
11	In t	he case of a partnership, S corporation, estate, or
12	trust, th	e tax credit allowable is for qualified production
13	costs inc	urred by the entity for the taxable year. The cost
14	upon whic	h the tax credit is computed shall be determined at the
15	entity-le	vel. Distribution and share of credit shall be
16	determine	d by rule.
17	If a	-deduction is taken under section 179 (with respect to
18	election	to expense depreciable business-assets) of the Internal
19	Revenue C	ode of 1986, as amended, no tax credit shall be allowed
20	for those	-costs for which the deduction is taken.



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1	The basis for eligible property for depreciation of
2	accelerated cost recovery system purposes for state income taxes
3	shall be reduced by the amount of credit allowable and claimed.
4	(b) The credit allowed under this section shall be claimed
5	against the net income tax liability for the taxable year. For
6	the purposes of this section, "net income tax liability" means
7	net income tax liability reduced by all other credits allowed
8	under this chapter.
9	(c) If the tax credit under this section exceeds the
10	taxpayer's income tax liability, the excess of credits over
11	liability shall be refunded to the taxpayer; provided that no
12	refunds or payment on account of the tax credits allowed by this
13	section shall be made for amounts less than \$1. All claims,
14	including any amended claims, for tax credits under this section
15	shall be filed on or before the end of the twelfth month
16	following the close of the taxable year for which the credit may
17	be claimed. Failure to comply with any of the foregoing
18	provision shall constitute a waiver of the right to claim the
19	credit.
20	(d) To qualify for this tax credit, a production shall:



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1	(1)	Meet the definition of a qualified production
2		<pre>specified in subsection (o);</pre>
3	(2)	Have qualified production costs totaling at least
4		\$100,000;
5	-(3) -	Provide the State a qualified Hawaii promotion, which
6		shall be at a minimum, a shared-card, end-title screen
7		credit, where applicable;
8	(4)	Provide evidence of reasonable efforts to hire local
9		talent and crew;
10	(5)	Provide evidence when making any claim for products or
11		services acquired or rendered outside of this State
12		that reasonable efforts were unsuccessful to secure
13		and use comparable products or services within this
14		State;
15	(6)	Provide evidence of financial or in-kind contributions
16		or educational or workforce development efforts, in
17		partnership with related local industry labor
18		organizations, educational institutions, or both,
19		toward the furtherance of the local film and
20		television and digital media industries;

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1	(7)	Provide evidence of reasonable efforts to comply with
2		all applicable requirements under title 14, including
3		tax return filing and payments; and
4	(8)	Provide complete responses to the department of
5		taxation's inquiries and document requests, in the
6		form prescribed by the department, no later than
7		ninety days from the inquiry or request;
8	provided	that a taxpayer shall be given notice of and an
9	opportuni	ty to cure any failure to meet the requirements of this
10	subsectio	n, including chapter 237, within thirty days of receipt
11	of the no	tice; provided further that nothing in this subsection
12	shall be	interpreted as waiving any act required by this
13	section.	
14	(e)	On or after July 1, 2006, no qualified production cost
15	that has	been financed by investments for which a credit was
16	claimed b	y any taxpayer pursuant to section 235-110.9 is
17	eligible-	for credits under this section.
18	(f)	To receive the tax credit, the taxpayer shall first
19	prequalif	y the production for the credit by registering with the
20	departmen	t of business, economic development, and tourism during
21	the develo	opment or preproduction stage.

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1	-(g)	The director of taxation shall prepare forms as may be
2	necessary	to-claim a credit under this section. The director
3	may also	require the taxpayer to furnish information to
4	ascertain	the validity of the claim for credit made under this
5	section a	nd may adopt rules necessary to effectuate the purposes
6	of this s	ection pursuant to chapter 91.
7	(h)	-Every taxpayer claiming a tax credit under this
8	section f	or a qualified production shall, no later than ninety
9	days foll	owing the end of each taxable year in which qualified
10	productio	n costs were expended, submit a written, sworn
11	statement	to the department of business, economic development,
12	and touri	sm that identifies:
13	(1)	All qualified production costs as provided by
14		subsection (a), if any, incurred in the previous
15		taxable year;
16	(2)	The amount of tax credits claimed pursuant to this
17		section, if any, in the previous taxable year; and
18	(3)	The number of total hires versus the number of local
19		hires by category and by county.



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1	This inf o	rmation may be reported from the department of
2	business,	economic development, and tourism to the legislature
3	pursuant	to subsection (i)(4).
4	(i)	The department of business, economic development, and
5	tourism s	hall:
6	(1)	Maintain records of the names of the taxpayers and
7		qualified productions thereof claiming the tax credits
8		under subsection (a);
9	(2)	Obtain and total the aggregate amounts of all
10		qualified production costs per qualified production
11		and per qualified production per taxable year;
12	(3)	Provide a letter to the director of taxation
13		specifying the amount of the tax credit per qualified
14		production for each taxable year that a tax credit is
15		claimed and the cumulative amount of the tax credit
16		for all years claimed; and
17	(4)	Submit a report to the legislature no later than
18		twenty days prior to the convening of each regular
19		session detailing the non-aggregated qualified
20		production costs that form the basis of the tax credit
21		claims and expenditures, itemized by taxpayer, in a



1	redacted format to preserve the confidentiality and
2	that shall include the dollar amount claimed, name of
3	company, and name of the qualified production of the
4	taxpayers claiming the credit.
5	(j) Upon each determination required under subsection (i),
6	the department of business, economic development, and tourism
7	shall issue a letter to the taxpayer, regarding the qualified
8	production, specifying the qualified production costs and the
9	tax credit amount qualified for in each taxable year a tax
10	credit is claimed; provided that the department of business,
11	economic development, and tourism shall issue the letter to the
12	taxpayer no later than seven months after receipt of the
13	taxpayer's statement under subsection (h). The taxpayer for
14	each qualified production shall file the letter with the
15	taxpayer's tax return for the qualified production to the
16	department of taxation. Notwithstanding the authority of the
17	department of business, economic development, and tourism under
18	this section, the director of taxation may audit and adjust the
19	tax credit amount to conform to the information filed by the
20	taxpayer.

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1	(k) Each taxpayer claiming a tax credit under this section
2	shall submit to the department of business, economic
3	development, and tourism a fee for the motion picture, digital
4	media, and film production income tax credit in an amount equal
5	to 0.2 per cent of the tax credit claimed by the qualified
6	production no later than the deadline stated in subsection (c).
7	The department of business, economic development, and tourism
8	may prescribe the form and method by which this fee is remitted,
9	including through electronic means. The fees collected under
10	this subsection shall be deposited into the Hawaii film and
11	creative industries development special fund under section
12	201-113.
13	(1) Total tax credits claimed per qualified production
14	shall not exceed \$17,000,000.
15	(m) Qualified productions shall comply with subsections
16	(d), (e), (f), (h), and (k).
17	(n) The total amount of tax credits allowed under this
18	section in any particular year shall be \$50,000,000; however,-if
19	the total amount of credits applied for in any particular year
20	exceeds the aggregate amount of credits allowed for that year
21	under this section, the excess shall be treated as having been

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1	applied for in the subsequent year and shall be claimed in the		
2 `	subsequent year; provided that no excess shall be allowed to be		
3	claimed a	fter December 31, 2032.	
4	()	For the purposes of this section:	
5	"Com	mercial":	
6	(1)	Means an advertising message that is filmed using	
7		film, videotape, or digital media, for dissemination	
8		via television broadcast or theatrical distribution;	
9	(2)	Includes a series of advertising messages if all parts	
10		are produced at the same time over the course of six	
11		consecutive weeks; and	
12	(3)	Does not include an advertising message with	
13		Internet-only distribution.	
14	"Dig	ital media" means production methods and platforms	
15	directly-	related to the creation of cinematic imagery and	
16	content,	specifically using digital means, including but not	
17	limited t	o digital cameras, digital sound equipment, and	
18	computers	, to be delivered via film, videotape, interactive game	
19	platform,	or other digital distribution media.	
20	"Pos	t-production" means production activities and services	
21	conducted	after principal photography is completed, including	

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1	but not limited to editing, film and video transfers,
2	duplication, transcoding, dubbing, subtitling, credits, closed
3	captioning, audio production, special effects (visual and
4	sound), graphics, and animation.
5	"Production" means a series of activities that are directly
6	related to the creation of visual and cinematic imagery to be
7	delivered via film, videotape, or digital media and to be sold,
8	distributed, or displayed as entertainment or the advertisement
9	of products for mass public consumption, including but not
10	limited to scripting, casting, set design and construction,
11	transportation, videography, photography, sound recording,
12	interactive game design, and post-production.
13	"Qualified production":
14	(1) Means a production, with expenditures in the State,
15	for the total or partial production of a
16	feature-length motion picture, short film,
17	made-for-television movie, commercial, music video,
18	interactive game, television series pilot, single
19	season (up to twenty-two episodes) of a television
20	series regularly filmed in the State (if the number of
21	episodes per single season exceeds twenty-two,



1		additional epise	des for the same season shall
2		constitute a sep	arate qualified production),
3		television speci	al, single television episode that is
4		n ot part of a t e	levision series regularly filmed or
5		based in the Sta	te, national magazine show, or
6		national talk sh	ow. For the purposes of subsections
7		(d) and (l), eac	h of the aforementioned qualified
8		production categ	ories shall constitute separate,
9		individual quali	fied productions; and
10	(2))oes not include	÷
11		(A) News;	
12		(B) Public affa	irs programs;
13		(C) Non-nationa	1 magazine or talk shows;
14		(D) Televised s	porting events or activities;
15		(E) Productions	that solicit funds;
16		(F) Productions	produced primarily for industrial,
17		corporate,	institutional, or other private
18		purposes; a	nd
19		G) Productions	that include any material or
20		performance	prohibited by chapter 712.



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1	"Qua	lified production costs" means the costs incurred by a
2	qualified	production within the State that are subject to the
3	general e	xcise tax under chapter 237 at the highest rate of tax
4	or income	tax under this chapter if the costs are not subject to
5	general e	xcise tax and that have not been financed by any
6	investmen	ts for which a credit was or will be claimed pursuant
7	to sectio	n-235-110.9. Qualified production costs include but
8	are not l	imited to:
9	(1)	Costs incurred during preproduction such as location
10		scouting and related services;
11	-(2)-	Costs of set construction and operations, purchases or
12		rentals of wardrobe, props, accessories, food, office
13		supplies, transportation, equipment, and related
14		services;
15	. (3)	Wages or salaries of cast, crew, and musicians;
16	-(-4-)	Costs of photography, sound synchronization, lighting,
17		and related services;
18	(5)	Costs of editing, visual effects, music, other
19		post-production, and related services;
20	-(6)-	Rentals and fees for use of local facilities and
21		locations, including rentals and fees for use of state



1		and county facilities and locations that are not
		-
2		subject to general excise tax under chapter 237 or
3		income tax under this chapter;
4	(7)	Rentals of vehicles and lodging for cast and crew;
5	(8)	Airfare for flights to or from Hawaii, and interisland
6		flights;
7	(9)	Insurance and bonding;
8	(10)	Shipping of equipment and supplies to or from Hawaii,
9		and interisland shipments; and
10	(11)	Other direct production costs specified by the
11		department in consultation with the department of
12		business, economic development, and tourism;
13	provided-	that any government-imposed fines, penalties, or
14	interest-	that are incurred by a qualified production within the
15	State sha	ll not be "qualified production costs". "Qualified
16	productio	n costs" does not include any costs funded by any
17	grant, fo	rgivable loan, or other amounts not included in gross
18	income fo:	r purposes of this chapter."]
19	SECT	ION 17. Section 235-110.7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	repealed.	

1	[" <mark>\$235-110.7 Capital goods excise tax credit. (</mark> a) There
2	shall be allowed to each taxpayer subject to the tax imposed by
3	this chapter a capital goods excise tax credit, which shall be
4	deductible from the taxpayer's net income tax liability, if any,
5	imposed by this chapter for the taxable year in which the credit
6	is properly claimed.
7	The amount of the tax credit shall be four per-cent of the
8	cost of the eligible depreciable tangible personal property used
9	by the taxpayer in a trade or business and placed in service
10	within Hawaii after December 31, 2009.
11	In the case of a partnership, S corporation, estate, or
12	trust, the tax credit allowable is for eligible depreciable
13	tangible personal property that is placed in service by the
14	entity. The cost upon which the tax credit is computed shall be
15	determined at the entity level. Distribution and share of
16	credit shall be determined by rules.
17	In the case of eligible depreciable tangible personal
18	property for which a credit for sales or use taxes paid to
19	another state is allowable under section 238-3(i), the amount of
20	the tax credit allowed under this section shall not exceed the



1	amount of use tax actually paid under chapter 238 relating to
2	the tangible personal property.
3	If a deduction is taken under section 179 (with respect to
4	election to expense certain depreciable business assets) of the
5	Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, no tax credit shall
6	be allowed for that portion of the cost of property for which
7	the deduction was taken.
8	(b) If the capital goods excise tax credit allowed under
9	subsection (a) exceeds the taxpayer's net income tax liability,
10	the excess of credit over liability shall be refunded to the
11	taxpayer; provided that no refunds or payment on account of the
12	tax credit allowed by this section shall be made for amounts
13	less than \$1.
14	All claims for tax credits under this section, including
15	any amended claims, must be filed on or before the end of the
16	twelfth month following the close of the taxable year for which
17	the credits may be claimed. Failure to comply with the
18	foregoing provision shall constitute a waiver of the right to
19	claim the credit.
20	(c) Application for the capital goods excise tax credit
21	shall be upon forms provided by the department of taxation.

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1	(d) Sections 47 (with respect to dispositions of section
2	38 property and the recapture percentages) of the Internal
3	Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, as of December 31, 1984, and
4	280F as operative for this chapter (with respect to limitation
5	on investment tax credit and depreciation for luxury
6	automobiles; limitation where certain property used for personal
7	purposes) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended,
8	shall be operative for purposes of this section.
9	(e) As used in this section, the definition of section 38
10	property (with respect to investment in depreciable tangible
11	personal property) as defined by section 48(a)(1)(A), (a)(1)(B),
12	(a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(7), (a)(8), (a)(10)(A), (b), (c), (f), (1),
13	(m), and (s) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended as
14	of December 31, 1984, is operative for the purposes of this
15	section only.
16	(f) As used in this section:
17	"Cost" means the:
18	(1) Actual invoice price of the tangible personal
19	property; or
20	(2) Basis from which depreciation is taken under section
21	167 (with respect to depreciation) or from which a



,

1	deduction may be taken under section 168 (with respect
2	to accelerated cost recovery system) of the Internal
3	Revenue Code of 1954, as amended,
4	whichever is less.
5	"Eligible depreciable tangible personal property" is
6	section 38 property as defined by the operative provisions of
7	section 48 and having a depreciable life under section 167 or
8	for which a deduction may be taken under section 168 of the
9	Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended.
10	"Placed in service" means the earliest of the following
11	taxable years:
12	(1) The taxable year in which, under the:
13	(A) Taxpayer's depreciation practice, the period for
14	depreciation; or
15	(B) Accelerated cost recovery system, a claim for
16	recovery allowances,
17	with respect to the property begins; or
18	(2) The taxable year in which the property is placed in a
19	condition or state of readiness and availability for a
20	specifically assigned function.
21	"Purchase" means an acquisition of property.



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1	"Tangible personal property" means tangible personal
2	property that is placed in service within Hawaii after December
3	31, 1987, and the purchase or importation of which resulted in a
4	transaction that was subject to the imposition and payment of
5	tax at the rate of four per cent under chapter 237 or 238.
6	"Tangible personal property" does not include tangible personal
7	property that is an integral part of a building or structure or
8	tangible personal property used in a foreign-trade zone, as
9	defined under chapter 212."]
10	SECTION 18. Section 235-110.32, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
11	is repealed.
	-
12	[" [§235-110.32] Renewable fuels production tax credit.
12	[" [§235-110.32] Renewable fuels production tax credit.
12 13	[" [\$235-110.32] Renewable fuels production tax credit . (a) Each year during the credit period, there shall be allowed
12 13 14	["[\$235-110.32] Renewable fuels production tax credit. (a) Each year during the credit period, there shall be allowed to each taxpayer subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter a
12 13 14 15	["[\$235-110.32] Renewable fuels production tax credit. (a) Each year during the credit period, there shall be allowed to each taxpayer subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter a renewable fuels production tax credit that shall be applied to
12 13 14 15 16	["[\$235-110.32] Renewable fuels production tax credit. (a) Each year during the credit period, there shall be allowed to each taxpayer subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter a renewable fuels production tax credit that shall be applied to the taxpayer's net income tax liability, if any, imposed by this
12 13 14 15 16 17	["[\$235-110.32] Renewable fuels production tax credit. (a) Each year during the credit period, there shall be allowed to each taxpayer subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter a renewable fuels production tax credit that shall be applied to the taxpayer's net income tax liability, if any, imposed by this chapter for the taxable year in which the credit is properly
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	["[\$235-110.32] Renewable fuels production tax credit. (a) Each year during the credit period, there shall be allowed to each taxpayer subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter a renewable fuels production tax credit that shall be applied to the taxpayer's net income tax liability, if any, imposed by this chapter for the taxable year in which the credit is properly claimed.

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1	seventy-six thousand British thermal units of renewable fuels
2	using the lower heating value sold for distribution in the
3	State; provided that the taxpayer's production of renewable
4	fuels is not less than two billion five hundred million British
5	thermal units of renewable fuels per calendar year; provided
6	further that the amount of the tax credit claimed under this
7	section by a taxpayer shall not exceed \$3,500,000 per taxable
8	year; provided further that the tax credit shall only be claimed
9	for fuels with lifecycle emissions below that of fossil fuels.
10	No other tax credit may be claimed under this chapter for the
11	costs incurred to produce the renewable fuels that are used to
12	properly claim a tax credit under this section for the taxable
13	year.
14	Each taxpayer, together with all of its related entities as
15	determined under section 267(b) of the Internal Revenue Code-and
16	all business entities under common control, as determined under
17	sections 414(b), 414(c), and 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue
18	Code, shall not be eligible for more than a single ten-year
19	credit period.
20	(b) In the case of a partnership, S corporation, estate,
21	or trust, distribution and share of the renewable fuels



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1	productio	on tax credit shall be determined pursuant to section
2	704(b) (w	with respect to a partner's distributive share) of the
3	Internal	Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. For a fiscal year
4	taxpayer,	the taxpayer shall report the credit in the taxable
5	year in w	hich the calendar year end is included.
6	(c)	No later than thirty days following the close of the
7	calendar	year, every taxpayer claiming a credit under this
8	section s	hall complete and file an independent, third-party
9	certified	statement, at the taxpayer's sole expense, with and in
10	the form	prescribed by the Hawaii state energy office, providing
11	the follo	wing information:
12	-(1)-	The type, quantity, and British thermal unit value,
13		using the lower heating value, of each qualified fuel,
14		broken down by the type of fuel, produced and sold
15		during the previous calendar year;
16	(2)	The feedstock used for each type of qualified fuel;
17	(3)	The proposed total amount of credit to which the
18		taxpayer is entitled for each calendar year and the
19		cumulative amount of the tax credit the taxpayer
20		received during the credit period;

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1	(4)	The number of full-time and number of part-time
2		employees of the facility and those employees' states
3		of residency, totaled per state;
4	(5)	The number and location of all renewable fuel
5		production facilities within and outside of the State;
6		and
7	-(6) -	The lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions per British
8		thermal units for each type of qualified fuel
9		produced.
10	(d)	Within thirty calendar days after the due date of the
11	statement	required under subsection (c), the Hawaii state energy
12	office sha	all:
13	(1)	Acknowledge, in writing, receipt of the statement;
14	(2)	Issue a certificate to the taxpayer reporting the
15		amount of renewable fuels produced and sold, the
16		amount of credit that the taxpayer is entitled to
17		claim for the previous calendar year, and the
18		cumulative amount of the tax credit during the credit
19		period; and
20	(3)	Provide the taxpayer with a determination of whether
21		the lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions for each type



1	of qualified fuel produced is lower than that of
2	fossil-fuels.
3	(c) The taxpayer shall file the certificate issued under
4	subsection (d) with the taxpayer's tax return with the
5	department of taxation. The director of taxation may audit and
6	adjust the certification to conform to the facts.
7	(f) The total amount of tax credits allowed under this
8	section shall not exceed \$20,000,000 for all eligible taxpayers
9	in any calendar year. In the event that the credit claims under
10	this section exceed \$20,000,000 for all eligible taxpayers in
11	any given calendar year, the \$20,000,000 shall be divided
12	between all eligible taxpayers for that year in proportion to
13	the total amount of renewable fuels produced by all eligible
14	taxpayers. Upon reaching \$20,000,000 in the aggregate, the
15	Hawaii state energy office shall immediately discontinue issuing
16	certificates and notify the department of taxation. In no
17	instance shall the total dollar amount of certificates issued
18	exceed \$20,000,000 per calendar year.
19	(g) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the
20	information collected and compiled by the Hawaii state energy
21	office under subsections (c) and (d) for the purposes of the

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1	renewable fuels production tax credit shall be available for
2	public inspection and dissemination, subject to chapter 92F.
3	(h) If the credit under this section exceeds the
4	taxpayer's net income tax liability, the excess of the credit
5	over liability may be used as a credit against the taxpayer's
6	net income tax liability in subsequent years until exhausted,
7	unless otherwise elected by the taxpayer pursuant to subsections
8	(i) or (j). All claims for a credit under this section shall be
9	properly filed on or before the end of the twelfth month
10	following the close of the taxable year for which the credit may
11	be claimed. Failure to comply with the foregoing provision or
12	to provide the certified statement required under subsection (c)
13	shall constitute a waiver of the right to claim the credit.
14	(i) A taxpayer may elect to reduce the eligible credit
15	amount by thirty per cent and if this reduced amount exceeds the
16	amount of income tax payment due from the taxpayer, the excess
17	of the credit amount over payments due shall be refunded to the
18	taxpayer; provided that tax credit amounts properly claimed by a
19	taxpayer who has no income tax liability shall be paid to the
20	taxpayer; provided further that no refund on account of the tax



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1	credit allowed by this section shall be made for amounts less
2	than \$1.
3	The election required by this subsection shall be made in a
4	manner prescribed by the director on the taxpayer's return for
5	the taxable year in which the credit is claimed. An election
6	once made is irrevocable.
7	(j) Notwithstanding subsection (i), an individual taxpayer
8	may elect to have any excess of the credit over payments due
9	refunded to the taxpayer, if:
10	(1) All of the taxpayer's income is exempt from taxation
11	under section 235-7(a)(2) or (3); or
12	(2) The taxpayer's adjusted gross income is \$20,000 or
13	less (or \$40,000 or less if filing a tax return as
14	<pre>married filing jointly);</pre>
15	provided that tax credits properly claimed by a taxpayer who has
16	no income tax liability shall be paid to the taxpayer; provided
17	further that no refund on account of the tax credit allowed by
18	this section shall be made for amounts less than \$1.
19	A married couple who does not file a joint tax return shall
20	only be entitled to make this election to the extent that they



1	would have been entitled to make the election had they filed a
2	joint tax return.
3	The election required by this subsection shall be made in a
4	manner prescribed by the director on the taxpayer's return for
5	the taxable year in which the credit is claimed. An election
6	once made is irrevocable.
7	(k) Before the production of any renewable fuels for the
8	calendar year, the taxpayer shall provide written notice of the
9	taxpayer's intention to begin production of renewable fuels.
10	The written notice shall be provided to the department of
11	taxation and the Hawaii state energy office and shall include
12	information on the taxpayer, facility location, facility
13	production capacity, anticipated production start date, and the
14	taxpayer's contact information. Notwithstanding any other law
15	to the contrary, the written notice described in this
16	subsection, including taxpayer and facility information, shall
17	be available for public inspection and dissemination, subject to
18	chapter 92F.
19	(1) The taxpayer shall provide written notice to the
20	director of taxation and the chief energy officer of the Hawaii
21	state energy office within thirty days following the start of



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1	productio	n. The notice shall include the production start date
2	and expec	ted renewable fuels production for the next twelve
3	months.	Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the
4	written-n	otice described in this subsection shall be available
5	for publi	c inspection and dissemination, subject to chapter 92F.
6	(m)	Following each calendar year in which a credit under
7	this sect	ion has been claimed, the chief energy officer of the
8	Hawaii st	ate energy office shall submit a written report to the
9	governor	and legislature regarding the production and sale of
10	<pre>renewable</pre>	fuels. The report shall include:
11	(1)	The number and location of renewable fuels production
12		facilities in the State and outside the State that
13		have claimed a credit under this section;
14	(2)	The total number of British thermal units of renewable
15		fuels, itemized by type of fuel produced and sold
16		during the previous calendar year; and
17	(3)	The projected number of British thermal units of
18		renewable fuels production for the succeeding year.
19	(n)	The director of taxation:
20	(1)	Shall prepare any forms that may be necessary to claim
21		a tax credit under this section;



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1	(2) May require the taxpayer to furnish reasonable
2	information to ascertain the validity of the claim for
3	the tax credit made under this section; and
4	(3) May-adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 necessary to
5	effectuate the purposes of this section.
6	(o) As used in this section:
7	"Credit period" means a maximum period of ten consecutive
8	years, beginning from the first taxable year in which a taxpayer
9	begins renewable fuels production at a level of at least two
10	billion five-hundred million British thermal units of renewable
11	fuels per calendar year.
12	"Net income tax liability" means income tax liability
13	reduced by all other credits allowed under this chapter.
14	"Renewable feedstocks" means:
15	(1) Biomass crops and other renewable organic material,
16	including but not limited to logs, wood chips, wood
17	pellets, and wood bark;
18	(2) Agricultural residue;
19	(3) Oil crops, including but not limited to algae, canola,
20	jatropha, palm, soybean, and sunflower;

1	(4)	Sugar and starch crops, including but not limited to		
2		sugar cane and cassava;		
3	(5)	Other agricultural crops;		
4	-(6) -	Grease and waste cooking oil;		
5	- (7) -	Food wastes;		
6	-(8) -	Municipal solid wastes and industrial wastes;		
7	(9)	Water, including wastewater; and		
8	(10)	Animal residues and wastes,		
9	that can	be used to generate energy.		
10	"Ren	ewable fuels" means fuels produced from renewable		
11	feedstock	s; provided that the fuel:		
12	-(1)-	Is sold as a fuel in the State; and		
13	(2)	Meets the relevant ASTM International specifications		
14		or other industry specifications for the particular		
15		fuel, including but not limited to:		
16		(A) Methanol, ethanol, or other alcohols;		
17		(B) Hydrogen;		
18		(C) Biodiesel or renewable diesel;		
19		(D) Biogas;		
20		(E) Other biofuels;		
21		(F) Renewable jet fuel or renewable gasoline; or		



1	(G) Logs, wood chips, wood pellets, or wood bark."]
2	SECTION 19. Section 237-16.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
3	repealed.
4	[" [§237-16.8] Exemption of certain convention, conference,
5	and trade show fees. In addition to any other applicable
6	exemption provided under this chapter, there shall be exempted
7	from the measure of taxes imposed by this chapter all of the
8	value or gross income derived by a fraternal benefit, religious,
9	charitable, scientific, educational, or other nonprofit
10	organization under section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
11	of 1986, as amended, from fees for convention, conference, or
12	trade show exhibit or display spaces; provided that the gross
13	proceeds of sales by a vendor through the use of exhibit or
14	display space at a conference, convention, or trade show shall
15	be subject to the imposition of the general excise tax under
16	section 237-13."]
17	SECTION 20. Section 237-24.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	repealed.
19	[" \$237-24.5 Additional exemptions. (a) In addition to
20	the amounts exempt under section 237-24, this chapter shall not
21	apply to amounts received by:



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1	-(-:	1)	An exchai	nge_from:
2			(A) Trai	nsaction fees charged exchange members by the
3			excl	nange for:
4			(i)	The sale or purchase of securities or
5				products, or both, bought or sold on an
6				exchange by exchange members for their own
7				account or an account for which they have
8				responsibility as an agent, broker, or
9				fiduciary;
10			(11)	Order book executions made for purposes of
11				effecting transactions; and
12			(iii)	Trade processing performed by an exchange in
13				matching trades, keypunching, record
14				keeping, post cashiering, and notarization;
15			(B) Memk	ership dues, fees, charges, assessments, and
16			find	es from individuals or firms, including
17			chai	ges for firm symbols (member identification),
18			app]	ication processing, registration, initiation,
19			memk	ership transfers, floor or post privileges,
20			trar	nsaction time extensions, expediting



1			transactions, crossover trades (trading out of
2			assigned functions) and rule infractions;
3		(C)	Service fees charged to members including fees
4			for communications, badges, forms, documents, and
5			reports;
6		(D) -	Listing fees and listing maintenance fees charged
7			to companies that wish to be listed and have
8			their securities or products traded on the
9			exchange; and
10		-(E) -	Participation in the communication network
11			consortium operated collectively by United States
12			exchanges or other markets recognized by the
13			Securities and Exchange Commission, the
14			Commodities Futures Trading Commission, or
15			similar regulatory authorities outside the United
16			States that provides last sale and quote
17			securities information to subscribers or that
18			connects such markets or exchanges for purposes
19			of-data transmission;
20	(2)	Excha	ange members by reason of executing a securities
21		or p	roduct transaction on an exchange; provided that



1	this exemption shall apply only to amounts received by
2	exchange members from brokers or dealers registered
3	with the Securities and Exchange Commission, from
4	futures commission merchants, brokers, or associates
5	registered with the Commodities Futures Trading
6	Commission, or from similar individuals or firms
7	registered with similar regulatory authorities outside
8	the United States; and
9	(3) Exchange members as proceeds from the sale of their
10	exchange memberships.
11	(b) As used in this section:
12	"Exchange" means an exchange or board of trade as defined
13	in 15 United States Code section 78c(a)(1) or in 7 United States
14	Code section 7, respectively, which is subject to regulation by
15	the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Commodities
16	Futures Trading Commission or an organization subject to similar
17	regulation under the laws of a jurisdiction outside the United
18	States.
19	"Exchange member" means an individual or firm that is
20	qualified by an exchange as a member and pays membership dues to



1	an exchange in order to trade securities or products on an
2	exchange.
3	"Securities" means securities as defined in 15 United
4	States Code section 78c and "products" means contracts of sale
5	of commoditics for future delivery, futures contracts, options,
6	calls, puts, and similar rights as defined in 7 United States
7	Code section 2, which securities or products are permitted to be
8	traded on an exchange."]
9	SECTION 21. Section 237-24.9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	repealed.
11	[" §237-24.9 Aircraft service and maintenance facility.
12	(a) This chapter shall not apply to amounts received from the
13	servicing and maintenance of aircraft or from the construction
14	of an aircraft-service and maintenance facility in the State.
15	(b) As used in this section:
16	"Aircraft" means any craft or artificial contrivance of
17	whatever description engaged in intrastate, interstate, or
18	international scheduled commercial use as defined in chapter
19	263, that operates with two or more jet engines.
20	"Aircraft service and maintenance" means all scheduled and
21	unscheduled tasks performed within an aircraft service and

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1	maintenance facility for the inspection, modification,
2	maintenance, and repair of aircraft and related components
3	including engines, hydraulic and electrical systems, and all
4	other components which are an integral part of an aircraft.
5	"Aircraft service and maintenance facility" means a
6	facility for aircraft service and maintenance that is not less
7	than thirty thousand square feet in area, and which may include
8	ancillary space which is integral to the facility, such as parts
9	and inventory warehouse space, tool rooms, and related
10	administrative and employee space.
11	"Construction of an aircraft service and maintenance
12	facility" means all design, engineering, labor, and material
13	costs associated with the construction of facilities the
14	[principal] purpose of which is the provision of facilities for
15	aircraft service and maintenance.
16	"Maintenance" means the upkeep of aircraft engines,
17	hydraulic and electrical systems, and all other components which
18	are an integral part of an aircraft, but does not include
19	refueling, janitorial services or cleaning, restocking of
20	aircraft and passenger supplies, or loading or unloading of
21	cargo and passenger baggage."]



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2 repealed. 3 ["§237-27 Exemption of certain petroleum refiners. (a) 4 As used in this section: 5 "Petroleum products" means petroleum; any distillate, 6 fraction, or derivative of petroleum; natural gas or its 7 components; gas manufactured from a petroleum product; and any 8 product derived from the gas or from the manufacture thereof, 9 such as benzene, xylene, toluene, acetylene, tars, components of 10 tars, and ammonia. 11 "Refiner" means any person who, in the State, engages in the business of refining petroleum products and is taxable under 12 13 this chapter, upon the value or gross proceeds of sales of the 14 petroleum products resultant from the business. A person who is 15 engaged in business as a refiner and also in other business shall be deemed a refiner only in respect of the business that 16 17 produces the products included in the measure of the tax imposed 18 by this chapter.

SECTION 22. Section 237-27, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is

19 "Refining" means:



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1	(1)	Any process performed by a refiner that includes a
2		change in the character or properties of a petroleum
3		product through the application of heat; or
4	(2)	The compounding by a refiner of a petroleum product
5		with a product that has been refined by the refiner by
6		the process stated in paragraph (1).
7	(b)	There shall be excluded from the measure of the tax on
8	a refiner	such part of the petroleum products resultant from the
9	refiner's	business as is to be further refined by another
10	refiner,	to the extent that the petroleum products resultant
11	from such	further refining will be (or but for this subsection
12	would be)	-included in the measure of the tax on such other
13	refiner, a	and where petroleum products are to be used partly for
14	such-refin	ning and partly for other purposes, the proportion used
15	for each p	purpose shall be determined upon the basis of weight or
16	BTU conter	nt."]
17	SECT	ION 23. Section 237-27.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	repealed.	
19	[" §2 :	37-27.5 Air pollution control facility. (a) As used
20	in this s e	ection, "air pollution control facility" shall mean a
21	new identi	fiable treatment facility, equipment, device, or the

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1	like, which is used to abate or control atmospheric pollution or
2	contamination by removing, reducing, or rendering less noxious
3	air contaminants emitted into the atmosphere from a point
4	immediately preceding the point of such removal, reduction, or
5	rendering to the point of discharge of air, meeting emission
6	standards as established by the department of health, excluding
7	air conditioner, fan, or other similar facility for the comfort
8	of persons at a place of business.
9	(b) Any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding,
10	and upon receipt of the certification required by subsection
11	(c), there shall be exempted from, and excluded from the measure
12	of, the taxes imposed by this chapter, all of the gross proceeds
13	arising from, and all of the amount of tangible personal
14	property furnished in conjunction with, the construction,
15	reconstruction, crection, operation, use, or maintenance of an
16	air pollution control facility.
17	(c) Application for the exemption provided by this section
18	shall first be made with the director of health who, if
19	satisfied that the facility meets the pollution emission
20	criteria established by the department of health, shall certify
21	to that fact. A new certificate shall be obtained from the



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1	director of health and filed with the director of taxation every
2	five years certifying that the pollution control facility
3	complies with the pollutant emission criteria established by the
4	department of health."]
5	SECTION 24. Section 237-28.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	repealed.
7	[" [§237-28.1] Exemption of certain shipbuilding and ship
8	repair business. There shall be exempted from, and excluded
9	from the measure of, the taxes imposed by this chapter all of
10	the gross proceeds arising from shipbuilding and ship repairs
11	rendered to surface vessels federally owned or engaged in
12	interstate or international trade."]
13	SECTION 25. Section 237-30.7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	repealed.
15	[" [§237-30.7] Withholding of tax by persons claiming the
16	motion picture, digital media, and film production income tax
17	credit . (a) Every person making payment to a loan-out company
18	and claiming a tax credit pursuant to section 235-17 shall
19	deduct and withhold an amount equal to the highest rate of tax
20	under this chapter plus any applicable county surcharge for all
21	payments made to the loan-out company for services performed in



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1	the State. The amounts withheld shall be remitted pursuant to
2	subsection (b). The amounts withheld under this section shall
3	be deemed to be a general excise tax withholding for the benefit
4	of the loan-out company performing the service.
5	(b) Every person subject to subsection (a) shall make a
6	return of the amount withheld and file the return with the
7	department of taxation no later than the twentieth day of the
8	calendar month immediately following the month in which the
9	payment was made to the loan-out company. The taxes withheld
10	shall be remitted with the return. The department of taxation
11	shall prescribe the forms and procedures to administer this
12	section.
13	(c) All taxes withheld pursuant to this section shall be
14	held in trust by the person withholding for the State. If any
15	person required to withhold and remit taxes under this section
16	fails to withhold or remit the taxes, the person shall be liable
17	for the failure as provided in section 235-64."]
18	SECTION 26. Section 241-4.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	repealed.
20	[" \$241-4.5 Capital goods excise tax credit. The capital
21	goods-excise tax credit provided under section 235-110.7 shall



1	be operative for this chapter after December 31, 1987; provided
2	that the capital goods excise tax credit shall be inoperative
3	after December 31, 2008, and before January 1, 2010."]
4	SECTION 27. Section 241-4.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	repealed.
6	[" §241-4.6 Renewable energy technologies; income tax
7	credit. The renewable energy technologies income tax credit
8	provided under section 235-12.5 shall be operative for this
9	chapter for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2002;
10	provided that the system was installed after June 30, 2003."]
11	SECTION 28. Act 88, Session Laws of Hawaii 2006, as
12	amended by Act 89, Session Laws of Hawaii 2013, as amended by
13	Act 143, Session Laws of Hawaii 2017, as amended by Act 217,
14	Session Laws of Hawaii 2022, is amended by amending section 4 to
15	read as follows:
16	"SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2006;
17	provided that:
18	(1) Section 2 of this Act shall apply to qualified
19	production costs incurred on or after July 1, 2006,
20	and before January 1, [2033;] <u>2026;</u> and



1	(2) This Act shall be repealed on January 1, [2033, and
2	section 235-17, Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall be
3	reenacted in the form in which it read on the day
4	before the effective date of this Act.] 2026."
5	SECTION 29. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
6	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
7	SECTION 30. This Act shall take effect on January 1, 2026.
8	INTRODUCED BY: T. QC

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Report Title:

Taxation; Income Tax; General Excise Tax; Use Tax

Description:

Repeals certain credits, deductions, and exemptions under the income tax, general excise tax, and use tax laws.

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