SECTION 1.

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO RESTORATION OF BEACH LANDS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- The legislature finds that the 2 Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, the world's leading 3 authority on climate science, in its Assessment Report 6 (2021)
- stated that it has high confidence that global sea level is 4
- 5 committed to rise for centuries to millennia, regardless of
- 6 whether humans slow carbon emissions into the atmosphere.
- 7 The legislature also finds that the state climate change
- 8 mitigation and adaptation commission, created by Act 32, Session
- Laws of Hawaii 2017, stated in its 2022 report to the
- 10 legislature that Hawaii is projected to likely experience
- 11 between 3.9 and 5.9 feet of sea level rise by the year 2100.
- 12 The legislature finds that sea level rise poses a serious and
- 13 imminent threat to Hawaii's coastal communities and residents
- 14 and to Hawaii's natural resources, primarily beaches and coastal
- 15 ecosystems. The legislature recognizes that the State has an
- 16 affirmative duty to preserve beaches as a public trust resource
- 17 for the people of Hawaii, and that beaches are culturally

1	Important	and provide natural resilience to sea level rise and
2	associate	ed coastal flooding.
3	The	purpose of this Act is to amend the definition of
4	"beach re	storation" to expand the types of activities the State
5	recognizes as restorative and beneficial to beach lands in	
6	response to increasing threats of sea level rise and beach loss.	
7	SECT	ION 2. Section 171-151, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended b	y amending the definition of "beach restoration" to
9	read as follows:	
10	""Beach restoration" means [the placement of sand, with or	
11	without stabilizing structures, on an eroded beach from an	
12	outs	ide source such as offshore sand deposits, streams,
13	channels or harbor mouths, or an upland sand quarry. an	
14	activity undertaken to:	
15	(1)	Maintain and improve beaches and dune systems through
16		management of sand and native dune vegetation;
17	(2)	Place sand on an eroded beach from an approved outside
18		or adjacent source, with or without stabilizing
19		structures; or
20	<u>(3)</u>	Remove abandoned remnant materials from beaches and

dunes that pose a risk to public health and coastal

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1	ecosystems; provided that emergency erosion protection
2	structures constructed pursuant to permits issued by
3	the department and that continue to provide the
4	protection for which they were permitted shall not be
5	deemed abandoned remnant materials."
6	SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
7	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
8	SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2025.

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Report Title:

Restoration of Beach Lands; Beach Restoration Activities

Description:

Amends the definition of "beach restoration" to include activities undertaken to maintain and improve eroded beaches and degraded dune systems through the management of sand and native vegetation, placement of sand, and activities undertaken to remove abandoned remnant materials that pose a risk to public and ecosystem health. (CD1)

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