JAN 2 4 2024

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO VEGETATION MANAGEMENT NEAR UTILITY LINES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that on August 8, 2023,
- 2 catastrophic wildfires swept through various communities on
- 3 Maui. The wildfires impacted human life, the community,
- 4 housing, education, the economy, the environment, and the health
- 5 of Maui residents. The legislature further finds that a
- 6 significant issue regarding fire safety is the presence of
- 7 grasses, trees, and other vegetation adjacent to or under
- 8 electric utility lines. Utility companies in Hawaii have miles
- 9 of utility lines installed throughout the State on private
- 10 lands, either within or outside established utility easements on
- 11 public lands, which are often located in the public right of way
- 12 and mountainous areas of the State. Recognizing this issue, the
- 13 legislature proposes to establish a vegetation management
- 14 program for utility lines within public rights of way and on all
- 15 public and private lands.

1	The	purpose of this Act is to reduce wildfire risk by	
2	establish	ing a vegetation management program as it relates to	
3	public utility lines that:		
4	(1)	Defines property owner obligations, which, in limited	
5		circumstances will authorize Hawaii's utility	
6		companies to either trim or remove hazardous	
7		vegetation away from transmission utility lines,	
8		distribution utility lines, and service drops, even is	
9		the hazardous vegetation is located outside an	
10		established easement;	
11	(2)	Provides a recovery mechanism to recoup the additional	
12		vegetation management costs; and	
13	(3)	Limits liability against Hawaii's utility companies	
14		who perform, or who choose not to perform, vegetation	
15		management as authorized under this Act.	
16	SECT	ION 2. Chapter 269, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is	
17	amended b	y adding a new section to be appropriately designated	
18	and to re	ad as follows:	
19	" <u>§</u> 26	9- Vegetation management; department of land and	
20	natural r	esources; wildfire hazard map. (a) The department of	
21	land and	natural resources shall create and update annually a	

1	single wi	ldfire hazard map identifying high-risk, medium-risk,
2	and low-r	isk wildfire areas in each county.
3	(b)	Unless otherwise stated in contractual documents:
4	(1)	A utility company shall not be obligated to trim or
5		remove trees and other vegetation located within the
6		utility company's easements or within a public right
7		of way;
8	(2)	A utility company shall not be obligated to trim or
9		remove trees and other vegetation located outside of
10		the utility company's easements or outside of a public
11		right of way;
12	(3)	Any private and public property owner shall be
13		responsible for the maintenance of their property and
14		shall manage the growth of trees, grasses, and other
15		vegetation located thereon, either within or outside
16		of a utility company's easements, to mitigate the risk
17		of wildfire ignition on or adjacent to the private or
18		<pre>public property owner's property;</pre>
19	(4)	A utility company shall not be considered a private or
20		public property owner solely because it possesses

1		easement rights th	nat cross othe	r private or public
2		properties; and		
3	(5)	Public entities th	nat own and ma	intain public rights of
4		way shall be respo	onsible for th	e maintenance of public
5		rights of way and	shall manage	the growth of trees,
6		grasses, and other	vegetation l	ocated thereon to
7		mitigate the risk	of wildfire i	gnition on or adjacent
8		to public rights of	of way.	
9	(c)	From months	to	, each year, any
10	private o	or public property o	owner whose pr	operty is located in
11	high- and	l medium-risk fire a	areas identifi	ed pursuant to
12	subsectio	on (a) shall trim gr	rasses located	on their property to
13	create a	combustible-free sp	pace within tw	enty-five feet from the
14	edge of a	ny public right of	way that is a	djacent to or runs
15	through t	he property and sha	all trim grass	es located on their
16	property	to create a combust	tible-free spa	ce within ten feet from
17	any utili	ty line that crosse	es their prope	rty.
18	(d)	During the months	identified in	subsection (c), the
19	departmen	t may notify a priv	vate or public	property owner that
20	their pro	perty is in violat:	ion of subsect	ion (c), provide the
21	private o	or public property (owner with a d	escription of the

1 condition that violates subsection (c), and provide the private 2 or public property owner with notice that the violation shall be 3 abated within thirty days of when the notice was mailed to the 4 property owner. If the private or public property owner has not 5 abated the violation of subsection (c) within thirty days of the 6 notice being mailed, the department shall issue a fine of \$1,000 7 against the private or public property owner. Each day after 8 the thirty-day period provided by the department's notice that a 9 violation continues shall constitute a separate offense. The 10 notice provided under this subsection shall be sent by certified 11 mail to the last known address of the private or public property 12 owner identified on public land records associated with the 13 subject property. 14 (e) During the months identified in subsection (c), a utility company may trim or remove hazardous vegetation on 15 16 properties in high- and medium- risk fire areas identified 17 pursuant to subsection (a); provided that in the utility 18 company's reasonable commercial judgment, the hazardous 19 vegetation poses a risk of falling into or interfering with the 20 utility company's utility lines located on private property 21 within or outside of the utility company's easement; provided

1	further that the utility company may trim or remove hazardous
2	vegetation located on public land within or outside of the
3	public right of way. A utility company shall have a right of
4	entry to enter private property or public property, pursuant to
5	this section. A utility company that elects to trim or remove
6	hazardous vegetation under this subsection located outside of
7	its easement, where no easement exists, or within or outside of
8	a public right of way, shall notify the private or public
9	property owner of the utility company's intent to trim or remove
10	the hazardous vegetation; provided that the utility company
11	provides the private or public property owner with a general
12	location and description of the hazardous vegetation proposed to
13	be trimmed or removed. If the private or public property owner:
14	(1) Fails to respond to the utility company's notice of
15	its intent to trim or remove hazardous vegetation
16	located on their property; or
17	(2) Does not abate the hazardous vegetation within thirty
18	days of the mailing notice,
19	the utility company shall be entitled to enter the property in
20	question and trim or remove the hazardous vegetation at the
21	private or public property owner's expense. The notice provided

- 1 under this subsection shall be sent by certified mail to the
- 2 last known address of the private or public property owner
- 3 identified on public land records associated with the property
- 4 in question.
- 5 (f) If a utility company reasonably determines that
- 6 hazardous vegetation poses an imminent risk of wildfire ignition
- 7 and reasonably believes that the hazardous vegetation must be
- 8 trimmed or removed without giving notice as provided in
- 9 subsection (e), the utility company may enter private or public
- 10 property without notice and may trim or remove the hazardous
- 11 vegetation. After trimming or removing the hazardous vegetation
- 12 under this subsection, the utility company shall notify the
- 13 private or public property owner of the action taken under this
- 14 subsection within fourteen days of having taken action. The
- 15 notice provided under this subsection shall be sent by certified
- 16 mail to the last known address of the private or public property
- 17 owner identified on public land records associated with the
- 18 property in question.
- 19 (g) If a utility company trims or removes hazardous
- 20 vegetation as provided in subsection (e), the utility company
- 21 shall be immune from any liability arising from the utility

- 1 company's performance, either by itself or through others, of
- 2 any work authorized under subsection (e), including but not
- 3 limited to any damage to other vegetation or other property
- 4 caused in whole or in part by the utility company's actions or
- 5 omissions, acting by itself or through others. A utility
- 6 company that enters private or public property pursuant to
- 7 subsection (f) shall be liable for any negligent act that is a
- 8 direct cause of damages to other vegetation or other property
- 9 located on the property in question as a result of trimming or
- 10 removing the hazardous vegetation, excluding any liability for
- 11 erosion or land subsidence or other considerations.
- 12 (h) A utility company shall not be liable for any failure
- 13 to determine the existence of hazardous vegetation on private or
- 14 public property that is located within or outside of the utility
- 15 company's easements or within or outside a public right of way.
- 16 A utility company that does not trim or remove hazardous
- 17 vegetation as provided in subsections (e) and (f) shall be
- 18 immune from any liability associated with the utility company's
- 19 decision to refrain from doing so.
- 20 (i) For purposes of this section:

1 "Department" means the department of land and natural 2 resources. 3 "Hazardous vegetation" means any tree or shrub or other 4 vegetation located within or outside of an existing easement or 5 located within or near a public right of way that poses an 6 imminent threat of interfering with or damaging electric utility 7 lines located within or outside an existing easement or within 8 the public right of way. 9 "Utility company" means any company operating in the State to provide electricity service and is regulated by the public 10 utilities commission." 11 SECTION 3. In accordance with section 9 of article VII of 12 13 the Hawaii State Constitution and sections 37-91 and 37-93, 14 Hawaii Revised Statutes, the legislature has determined that the 15 appropriations contained in Act 164, Regular Session of 2023, and this Act will cause the state general fund expenditure 16 17 ceiling for fiscal year 2024-2025 to be exceeded by 18 \$ per cent. This current declaration takes or 19 into account general fund appropriations authorized for fiscal year 2024-2025 in Act 164, Regular Session of 2023, and this Act 20

2	ceiling are that:
3	(1) The appropriation made in this Act is necessary to
4	serve the public interest; and
5	(2) The appropriation made in this Act meets the needs
6	addressed by this Act.
7	SECTION 4. There is appropriated out of the general
8	revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so
9	much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2024-2025 for
10	the purposes of this Act.
11	The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of
12	land and natural resources for the purposes of this Act.

SECTION 5. New statutory material is underscored.

SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2024.

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INTRODUCED B. Francis Juny

Report Title:

DLNR; Electric Utility Companies; Wildfire Mitigation; Fines; Hazardous Vegetation; Expenditure Ceiling; Appropriation

Description:

Requires the Department of Land and Natural Resources to create and annually update a wildfire hazard map. Requires private and public property owners to trim grasses within certain proximities of public rights of way and utility lines. Authorizes electric utility companies to enter private or public property to trim or remove hazardous vegetation. Protects electric utility companies from liability for certain damages to other vegetation and property caused during the removal of hazardous vegetation. Declares that the general fund expenditure ceiling is exceeded. Makes an appropriation.

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