
HOUSE RESOLUTION

REQUESTING THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES TO CONDUCT A STUDY ON THE FEASIBILITY OF INCREASING THE MEDICAID REIMBURSEMENT PAYMENT RATE FOR HAWAII'S COMMUNITY CARE FOSTER FAMILY HOMES AND EXPANDED ADULT RESIDENTIAL CARE HOMES FOR MEDICAID CLIENTS EVERY TEN YEARS.

1 WHEREAS, Hawaii has a limited number of beds in nursing
2 homes for patients requiring a nursing home level of care; and
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4 WHEREAS, community care foster family homes (CCFFHs) and
5 expanded adult residential care homes (E-ARCHs) provide
6 additional options for a nursing home level of care throughout
7 the State; and
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9 WHEREAS, caregivers in CCFFHs and E-ARCHs effectively
10 provide the proper care needed for nursing home level patients,
11 including assistance with activities of daily living (ADLs);
12 specialized care, such as care with feeding tubes and catheters;
13 basic wound care; maintenance exercise programs; cognitive
14 stimulation; dietary management; and other custodial care, as
15 needed; and
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17 WHEREAS, the availability of beds in CCFFHs and E-ARCHs can
18 reduce the length of hospital stays; provide emotional,
19 financial, and physical relief to families caring for a frail
20 senior or family member in their own home; and reduce the risk
21 of homelessness, morbidity, and mortality in patients who
22 require a nursing home level of care; and
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24 WHEREAS, the ARCH program was introduced in Hawaii in the
25 1950s to provide assisted living-type care and was expanded in
26 1994 to provide a nursing home level of care as the E-ARCH
27 program under the Department of Health, serving approximately
28 fourteen hundred patients, with the potential for an even
29 greater number; and
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1 WHEREAS, the pilot CCFH program was started in 1979 by The
2 Queen's Medical Center; began receiving Medicaid funding under a
3 federal Medicaid waiver in 1984, initially under the direction
4 of the Department of Human Services and now under the Department
5 of Health; and serves approximately three thousand patients,
6 with the potential for an even greater number; and
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8 WHEREAS, the 1984 federal Medicaid waiver for CCFHs was
9 approved based on its success as a high-quality alternative to
10 nursing home care for Medicaid patients, and because it costs
11 two-thirds or less than placement in a nursing home; and
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13 WHEREAS, the level of CCFH reimbursement has not kept up
14 with that two-thirds target, resulting in a reimbursement rate
15 to CCFH providers in 2020 that is approximately one-sixth of
16 that for nursing home placements; and
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18 WHEREAS, caregivers who accept Medicaid patients into their
19 CCFH receive \$47.06 per day, plus the patient's Social Security
20 assistance, for a maximum of \$2,500 per month for room, board,
21 and all patient care, while a nursing home receives \$280 per
22 day, plus the patient's Social Security assistance for the same
23 patient, for a maximum of \$10,100 per month (with HMSA, Kaiser
24 Permanente, and UHA insurance at slightly higher rates); and
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26 WHEREAS, Hawaii has an ethnically diverse population that
27 lives in sparsely-populated rural and densely-populated urban
28 areas, and it is projected that the number of residents above
29 age sixty will increase by seventeen percent between 2020 and
30 2030 and those over eighty-five years will increase by
31 thirty-two percent; and
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33 WHEREAS, studies by AARP show that Hawaii needs to improve
34 efforts to provide lower-cost long-term care services to the
35 community under Hawaii's MedQUEST Medicaid program rather than
36 the more expensive care in nursing homes; and
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38 WHEREAS, many caregivers who operate CCFHs and E-ARCHs are
39 also employed in nursing homes, hospitals, assisted-living
40 facilities, and other health care facilities around the State in
41 order to supplement their income and maintain their own health



1 benefits, which potentially creates a greater risk for the
2 spread of infectious disease; and

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4 WHEREAS, many CCFFH caregivers will decline to accept a
5 Medicaid patient and instead save empty beds for private pay
6 patients in order to maximize their income, thus reducing the
7 total number of beds available to Medicaid patients; and

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9 WHEREAS, very few caregivers in E-ARCHs will accept
10 Medicaid patients because of the low reimbursement rate and
11 instead save their beds for private pay patients; and

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13 WHEREAS, one of the outcomes of such a low reimbursement
14 rate is the limited availability of beds in the community for
15 Medicaid patients who require placement in nursing homes at the
16 higher rate, thus increasing the total cost of care; and

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18 WHEREAS, many Medicaid patients remain hospitalized in
19 acute care beds throughout Hawaii at a financial loss to the
20 acute care facilities due to a lack of available community beds
21 to which they can be discharged; and

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23 WHEREAS, the Medicaid rate for CCFFH reimbursement has not
24 been increased in the last eight years; and

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26 WHEREAS, Senate Resolution No. 4, S.D. 1, adopted during
27 the Regular Session of 2022, requested the Department of Human
28 Services to study the feasibility of increasing the Medicaid
29 reimbursement rates for CCFFHs, E-ARCHs, and other types of Home
30 and Community-Based Service care providers and services, and in
31 response, the Department submitted a report of its findings and
32 recommendations to the Thirty-Second Legislature in
33 December 2022; now, therefore,

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35 BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the
36 Thirty-second Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular
37 Session of 2024, that the Department of Human Services is
38 requested to conduct a feasibility study similar to the study it
39 conducted pursuant to Senate Resolution No. 4, S.D. 1 (2022),
40 relating to increasing the Medicaid reimbursement payment rate
41 for Hawaii's Home and Community-Based Service care providers and
42 services, in 2032 and every ten years thereafter; and



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BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that each feasibility study is requested to include the following:

- (1) A review of the existing payment model for Medicaid reimbursement and a determination of whether overall savings can be achieved by increasing the rate for CCFFH and E-ARCH care providers;
- (2) The feasibility of increasing the Medicaid reimbursement payment rate for Hawaii's CCFFHs and E-ARCHs for Medicaid clients; and
- (3) An evaluation and report of the impacts of the implemented rate increases on uptake, utilization, and cost savings to the Medicaid program; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Department of Human Services is requested to submit a report to the Legislature after the completion of each study no later than twenty days prior to the Regular Session following the completion of each study; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this Resolution be transmitted to the Director of Human Services, President of the Adult Foster Homecare Association of Hawaii, and President of the Alliance of Residential Care Home Administrators.

