



# DLNR-DAR

## AQUATIC INVASIVE SPECIES

January 26<sup>th</sup>, 2023

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# Hawai'i's Aquatic Resources



\$1.2 billion



\$13.3 million



\$835 million





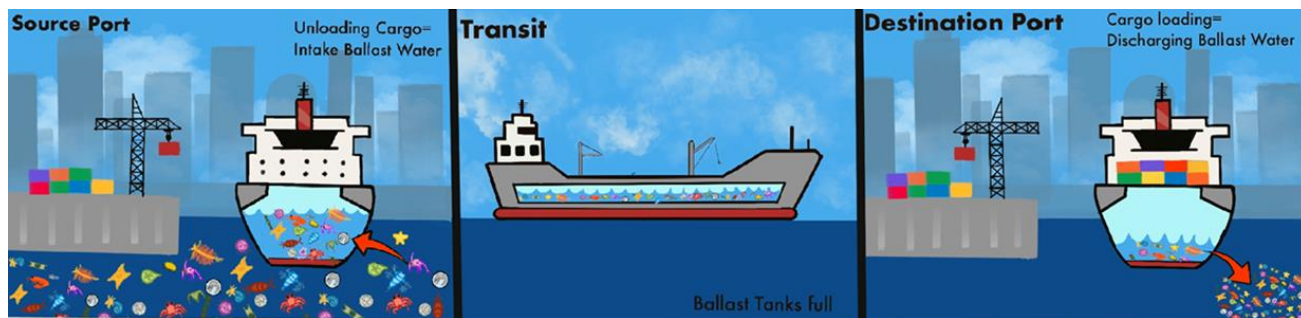
# Aquatic Invasive Species (AIS)



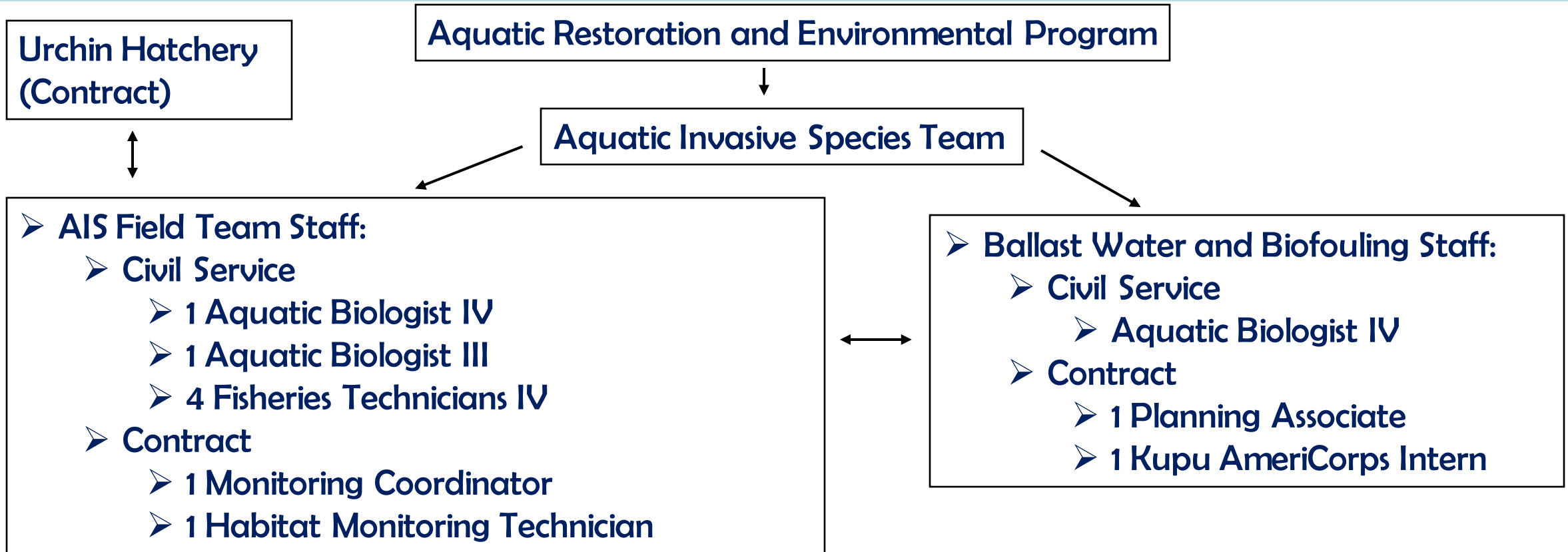
Aquatic Invasive Species:

A non-native aquatic species that, if introduced into an ecosystem, may cause harm to Hawai'i's economy, environment, human health, or public safety and welfare.

- Vectors:
  - Ballast Water and Biofouling
  - Release (Aquarium and Aquaculture)
- Strategy to minimize adverse impacts
  - 1. Prevention
  - 2. Early Detection and Rapid Response
  - 3. Management and Control



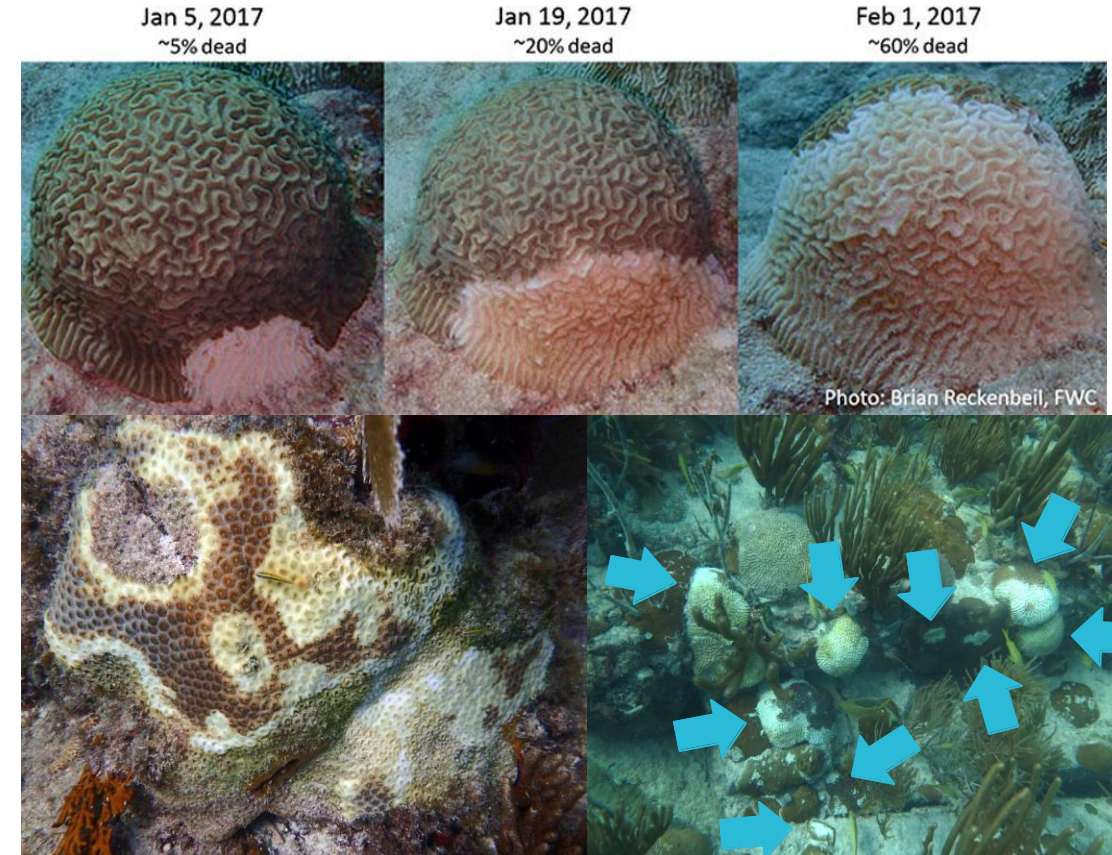
# Structure of the AIS Team





# Prevention: Stony Coral Tissue Loss Disease (SCTLD)

- Currently devastating Caribbean- rapid spread and high mortality
- Has been shown to travel via ballast water and is assumed to travel via biofouling communities – high risk to Hawai'i
- Formed SCTLD working groups, collaborated nationally and internationally to develop response plans, and educated stakeholders.
- Bill





## Challenge: The Vessel Incidental Discharge Act (VIDA)

VIDA will:

- **Preempt states** from developing and enforcing ballast water and vessel hull in-water cleaning regulations that are more stringent than the federal regulations
- Allow states to **enforce/co-enforce** the new federal regulations or enforce state regulations that mirror federal regulations
- Prohibit states from charging shipping companies a **fee** to support this regulatory work = *no revenue to build a DAR team*



## Prevention: Risk Screening

- Completed risk screenings for species to assess the risk of invasion to Hawai'i.
- Completed ongoing ballast water risk screenings to identify high risk vessels.







Hawai'i Division of Aquatic Resources

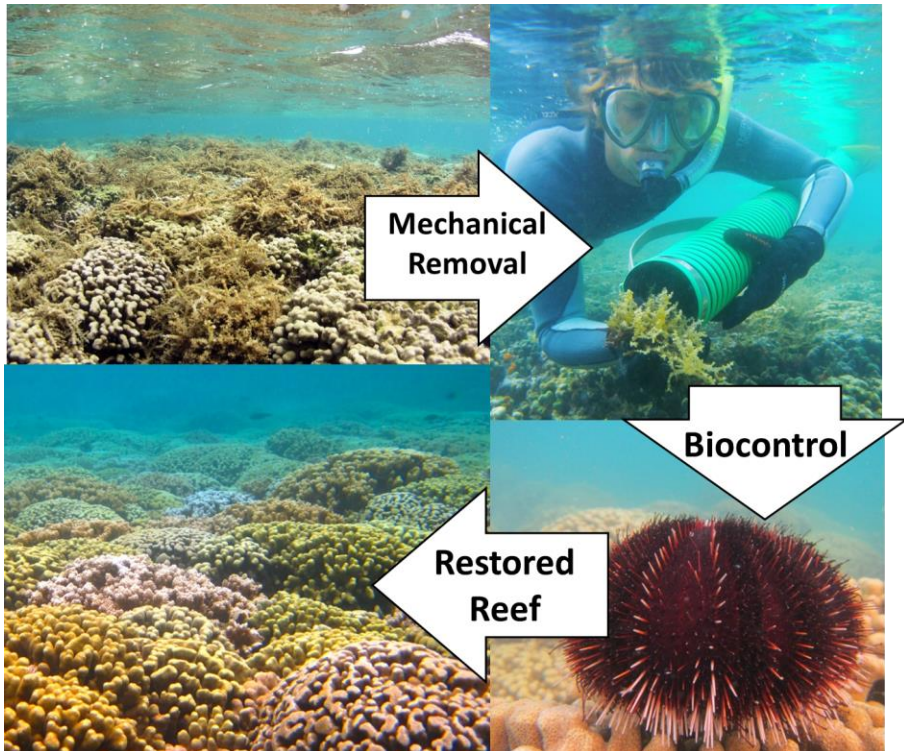
# Rapid Response to AIS



- Since 2020 we have rapidly responded to 4 high risk introductions
  - Dry Dock
  - Kāneʻohe Corals and Anemone
  - Kauaʻi Corals
  - Ala Wai Corallimorph



# Invasive Algae Management



- Approximately 988,000 urchins produced
- Kāneʻohe Bay Area Treated: 951,132 m<sup>2</sup> (~235 acres)
- Waikīkī MLCD Area Treated: 120,000 m<sup>2</sup> (~30 acres)
- Pilot projects with community groups and researchers



# AIS 2022 – Challenges

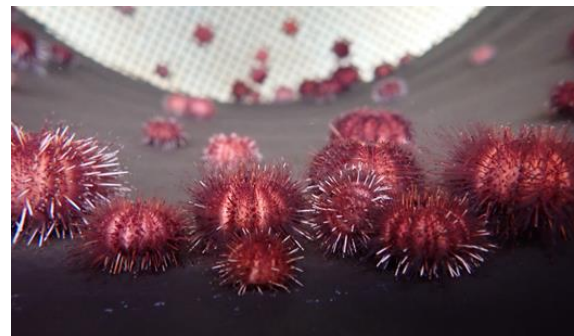
- Challenges with revenue (VIDA)
- 3 Unfunded Civil Service Positions: 1- Aquatic Biologist III, 2- AIS Fishery Technicians
  - Funding Restored as of January 2023!!!
  - Selected AB III
  - Hoping to hire FT IV ASAP





## AIS 2023 – Priorities

- Work to educate on VIDA and implications for AIS in Hawaii
- Prioritize prevention and response to species of concern such as SCTLD and pathways that are high risk
- Continue invasive algae management with native urchin biocontrol
- Expand DAR AIS program capacity and reach



## Contact Us:

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