A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO GENDER-NEUTRAL TERMINOLOGY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECT:	ION 1. Section 321-342, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by	y amending the definition of "family" to read as
3	follows:	
4	""Fai	mily" means:
5	(1)	Each legal parent;
6	(2)	[The] Each natural [mother; parent;
7	[(3)	The natural father;
8	(4)]	(3) The adjudicated, presumed, or concerned natural
9		[father] parent as defined under section 578-2;
10	[(5)]	(4) Each parent's spouse or former spouses;
11	[(6)]	(5) Each sibling or person related by consanguinity
12		or marriage;
13	[(7)]	(6) Each person residing in the same dwelling unit;
14		and
15	[(8)]	(7) Any other person who, or legal entity that, is a
16		child's legal or physical custodian or guardian, or
17		who is otherwise responsible for the child's care,
18		other than an authorized agency that assumes such a

1	legal status or relationship with the child under
2	chapter 587A."
3	SECTION 2. Section 571-61, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended to read as follows:
5	"§571-61 Termination of parental rights; petition. (a)
6	Relinquishment. The parents or either parent or the surviving
7	parent who desire to relinquish parental rights to any natural
8	or adopted child and thus make the child available for adoption
9	or readoption, may petition the family court of the circuit in
10	which [they or he or she] the parents or parent resides, or of
11	the circuit in which the child resides, or was born, for the
12	entry of a judgment of termination of parental rights. The
13	petition shall be verified and shall be substantially in [such]
14	$\underline{\mathtt{a}}$ form as may be prescribed by the judge or senior judge of the
15	family court. The petition may be filed at any time following
16	the [mother's] birthing parent's sixth month of pregnancy;
17	provided that no judgment may be entered upon a petition
18	concerning an unborn child until after the birth of the child
19	and in respect to a legal parent or parents until the petitioner
20	or petitioners have filed in the termination proceeding a
21	written reaffirmation of their desires as expressed in the

•	pecteron	O1 111	respect to a regar parent or parents ander one
2	petitione	r or	petitioners have been given [not] no less than ten
3	days' not	ice o	f a proposal for the entry of judgment and an
4	opportuni	ty to	be heard in connection with [such] the proposal.
5	(b)	Invo	luntary termination.
6	(1)	The	family courts may terminate the parental rights
7		[in]	with respect to any child as to any legal parent:
8		(A)	Who has deserted the child without affording
9			means of identification for a period of at least
10			ninety days;
11		(B)	Who has voluntarily surrendered the care and
12			custody of the child to another for a period of
13			at least two years;
14		(C)	Who, when the child is in the custody of another,
15			has failed to communicate with the child when
16			able to do so for a period of at least one year;
17		(D)	Who, when the child is in the custody of another,
18			has failed to provide for care and support of the
19			child when able to do so for a period of at least
20			one year;

1		(E)	Whose child has been removed from the parent's
2			physical custody pursuant to legally authorized
3			judicial action under section 571-11(9), and who
4			is found to be unable to provide now and in the
5			foreseeable future the care necessary for the
6			well-being of the child;
7		(F)	Who is found by the court to be mentally ill or
8			intellectually disabled and incapacitated from
9			giving consent to the adoption of or from
10			providing now and in the foreseeable future the
11			care necessary for the well-being of the child;
12			or
13		(G)	Who is found not to be the child's natural or
14			adoptive [father.] non-birthing parent.
15	(2)	The	family courts may terminate the parental rights in
16		resp	ect to any minor of any natural but not legal
17		[fat	her] non-birthing parent who is an adjudicated,
18		pres	umed or concerned [father] non-birthing parent
19		unde	r chapter 578, or who is named as the [father]

non-birthing parent on the child's birth certificate:

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1		(A)	Who falls within paragraph (1)(A), (B), (C), (D),
2			(E), or (F);
3		(B)	Whose child is sought to be adopted by the
4			child's [stepfather] birthing parent's spouse and
5			the [stepfather] birthing parent's spouse has
6			lived with the child and the child's legal
7			[mother] birthing parent for a period of at least
8			one year;
9		(C)	Who is only a concerned [father] non-birthing
10			parent who has failed to file a petition for the
11			adoption of the child or whose petition for the
12			adoption of the child has been denied; or
13		(D)	Who is found to be an unfit or improper parent or
14			to be financially or otherwise unable to give the
15			child a proper home and education.
16	(3)	In r	espect to any proceedings under paragraphs (1) and
17		(2),	the authority to terminate parental rights may be
18		exer	cised by the court only when a verified petition,
19		subs	tantially in the form above prescribed, has been
20		file	d by some responsible adult person on behalf of

the child in the family court of the circuit in which

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the parent resides or the child resides or was born
and the court has conducted a hearing of the petition.
A copy of the petition, together with notice of the
time and place of the hearing thereof, shall be
personally served at least twenty days [prior to]
before the hearing upon the parent whose rights are
sought to be terminated. If personal service cannot
be effected within the State, service of the notice
may be made as provided in section 634-23 or 634-24.

- (4) The family courts may terminate the parental rights in respect to any child as to any natural [father]

 non-birthing parent who is not the child's legal, adjudicated, presumed or concerned [father]

 non-birthing parent under chapter 578.
- (5) The family courts may terminate the parental rights in respect to any child of any natural parent upon a finding by clear and convincing evidence that the natural parent committed sexual assault of the other natural parent, or an equivalent offense under the laws of another state, territory, possession, or Native American tribe where the offense occurred, and

1	the	child was conceived as a result of the sexual
2	assa	ult perpetrated by the parent whose rights are
3	soug	ht to be terminated; provided that:
4	(A)	The court shall accept, as conclusive proof of
5		the sexual assault, a guilty plea or conviction
6		of the child's natural parent for the sexual
7		assault, or an equivalent offense under the laws
8		of another state, territory, possession, or
9		Native American tribe where the offense occurred,
10		of the other natural parent;
11	(B)	Termination shall mean, when used with respect to
12		parental rights in this paragraph, a complete and
13		final termination of the parent's right to
14		custody of, guardianship of, visitation with,
15		access to, and inheritance from a child;
16	(C)	The termination of parental rights shall not
17		affect the obligation of the child's natural
18		parent to support the child;
19	(D)	The court may order the child's natural parent to
20		pay child support;

1	(E)	It is presumed that termination of parental
2		rights is in the best interest of the child if
3		the child was conceived as a result of the sexual
4		assault;
5	(F)	This paragraph shall not apply if subsequent to
6		the date of the sexual assault, the child's
7		natural parent and custodial natural parent
8		cohabitate and establish a mutual custodial
9		environment for the child; and
10	(G)	The custodial natural parent may petition the
11		court to reinstate the child's natural parent's
12		parental rights terminated pursuant to this
13		paragraph.
14	[Such] <u>Th</u>	e authority provided under this section may be
15	exercised unde	r this chapter only when a verified petition,
16	substantially	in the form [above] prescribed[7] above, has been
17	filed by some	responsible adult person on behalf of the child in
18	the family cou	rt of the circuit in which the parent resides or
19	the child resi	des or was born, and the court has conducted a
20	hearing of the	petition.

If the [mother] birthing parent of the child files with the 1 2 petition an affidavit representing that the identity or 3 whereabouts of the child's [father] non-birthing parent is 4 unknown to [her] or not ascertainable by [her] the birthing 5 parent or that other good cause exists why notice cannot or 6 should not be given to the [father,] non-birthing parent, the 7 court shall conduct a hearing to determine whether notice is required. 8 9 If the court finds that good cause exists why notice cannot 10 or should not be given to the child's [father,] non-birthing 11 parent, and that the [father] non-birthing parent is neither the 12 legal nor adjudicated nor presumed [father] non-birthing parent of the child, nor has [he] the non-birthing parent demonstrated 13 14 a reasonable degree of interest, concern, or responsibility as 15 to the existence or welfare of the child, the court may enter an 16 order authorizing the termination of the [father's] non-birthing 17 parent's parental rights and the subsequent adoption of the 18 child without notice to the [father.] non-birthing parent." 19 SECTION 3. Section 578-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 20 amended to read as follows:

1 "§578-1 Who may adopt; jurisdiction; venue. Any [proper] 2 unmarried adult person, [not married, or any] person married to 3 the legal [father or mother] birthing parent or non-birthing 4 parent of a minor child, or [a husband and wife] married couple 5 jointly $[\tau]$ may petition the family court of the circuit in which 6 the person or persons reside or are in military service [or the 7 family court of the circuit], in which the individual to be 8 adopted resides or was born, or in which a child placing 9 organization approved by the department of human services under 10 the provisions of section 346-17 having legal custody (as 11 defined in section 571-2) of the child is located[7] for leave 12 to adopt an individual toward whom the person or persons do not 13 sustain the legal relationship of parent and child and for a 14 change of the name of the individual. When adoption is the goal 15 of a permanent plan recommended by the department of human 16 services and ordered pursuant to section 587A-31, the department 17 may petition for adoption on behalf of the proposed adoptive 18 parents. The petition shall be in [such] a form and shall 19 include [such] information and exhibits as may be prescribed by the family court." 20

1	SECT	ION 4. Section 578-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended a	s follows:
3	1.	By amending subsection (a) to read:
4	"(a)	Persons required to consent to adoption. Unless
5	consent i	s not required or is dispensed with under subsection
6	(c) [here	$\odot f$], a petition to adopt a child may be granted only if
7	written c	onsent to the proposed adoption has been executed by:
8	(1)	The [mother] birthing parent of the child;
9	(2)	A legal [father] non-birthing parent [as] to whom the
10		child is a legitimate child;
11	(3)	An adjudicated [father] non-birthing parent whose
12		relationship to the child has been determined by a
13		court;
14	(4)	A presumed [father] non-birthing parent under [section
15		578-2(d); subsection (d);
16	(5)	A concerned natural [father] non-birthing parent who
17		is not the legal, adjudicated, or presumed [father]
18		non-birthing parent but who has demonstrated a
19		reasonable degree of interest, concern, or
20		responsibility as to the welfare of a child, either:

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1		(A)	During the first thirty days after [suen] the
2			child's birth; [OF]
3		(B)	[Prior to] Before the execution of a valid
4			consent by the [mother] birthing parent of the
5			child; or
6		(C)	$[\frac{Prior\ to}]$ \underline{Before} the placement of the child with
7			adoptive parents;
8		which	never period of time is greater;
9	(6)	Any p	person or agency having legal custody of the child
10		or le	egally empowered to consent;
11	(7)	The c	court having jurisdiction of the custody of the
12		child	, if the legal guardian or legal custodian of the
13		perso	on of the child is not empowered to consent to
14		adopt	ion; and
15	(8)	The c	child to be adopted if the child is more than ten
16		years	of age, unless the court, in the best interest
17		of th	e child, dispenses with the child's consent."
18	2. I	By ame	ending subsections (c) through (e) to read:
19	"(c)	Pers	ons as to whom consent not required or whose
20	consent ma	ay be	dispensed with by order of the court.
21	(1)	Perso	ons as to whom consent is not required:

(1) Persons as to whom consent <u>is</u> not required:

1	(A)	A parent who has deserted a child without
2		affording means of identification for a period of
3		ninety days;
4	(B)	A parent who has voluntarily surrendered the care
5		and custody of the child to another for a period
6		of two years;
7	(C)	A parent of the child in the custody of another,
8		if the parent for a period of at least one year
9		has failed to communicate with the child when
10		able to do so;
11	(D)	A parent of a child in the custody of another, if
12		the parent for a period of at least one year has
13		failed to provide for the care and support of the
14		child when able to do so;
15	(E)	A natural [father] non-birthing parent who was
16		not married to the child's [mother] birthing
17		parent at the time of the child's conception or
18		birth and who does not fall within the provisions
19		of subsection (a)(3), (4), or (5);
20	(F)	A parent whose parental rights have been
21		judicially terminated under the provisions of

1		sections 571-61 to 571-63, or under the
2		provisions of any other state or other law by a
3		court or other agency having jurisdiction to take
4		the action;
5	(G)	A parent who is judicially declared mentally ill
6		or intellectually disabled and [who is] found by
7		the court to be incapacitated from giving consent
8		to the adoption of the child;
9	(H)	Any legal guardian or legal custodian of the
10		child sought to be adopted, other than a parent,
11		who has failed to respond in writing to a request
12		for consent for a period of sixty days or who,
13		after examination of the person's written reasons
14		for withholding consent, is found by the court to
15		be withholding the person's consent unreasonably;
16	(I)	A parent of a child who has been in the custody
17		of a petitioner under this chapter for a period
18		of at least one year and who entered the United
19		States of America as a consequence of
20		extraordinary circumstances in the child's
21		country of origin, by reason of which

1			extraordinary circumstances the existence,
2			identity, or whereabouts of the child's parents
3			is not reasonably ascertainable or there is no
4			reasonable means of obtaining suitable evidence
5			of the child's identity or availability for
6			adoption;
7		(J)	Any parent of the individual to be adopted, if
8			the individual is an adult eligible for adoption
9			under subsection (b); and
10		(K)	A parent whose parental and custodial duties and
11			rights have been divested by an award of
12			permanent custody pursuant to section 587A-33;
13	(2)	Pers	ons whose consent may be dispensed with by order
14		of t	he court. The court may dispense with the consent
15		of a	parent who comes within subsection (a)(3), (4),
16		or (5) [herein], upon finding that:
17		(A)	The petitioner is the [stepfather of the child]
18			child's birthing parent's spouse and the child
19			has lived with the child's legal [mother]
20			birthing parent and the petitioning [stepfather]

1			birthing parent's spouse for a period of at least
2			one year;
3		(B)	The [father] non-birthing parent is a concerned
4			[father] non-birthing parent as provided by
5			subsection (a)(5)[, herein,] and has not filed a
6			petition to adopt the child, or the petition to
7			adopt the child filed by the [father] non-
8			birthing parent has been denied; or
9		(C)	The [father] non-birthing parent is an
10			adjudicated, presumed, or concerned [father] non-
11			birthing parent as provided by [subsections]
12			<u>subsection</u> (a)(3), (4), or (5)[, herein,] and is
13			not a fit and proper person or is not financially
14			or otherwise able to give the child a proper home
15			and education.
16	(d)	Pres	umption of [paternity.] biological parentage. A
17	[man] pers	son i	s presumed to be the natural [father] non-birthing
18	parent of	a ch	ild if:
19	(1)	[He]	The person and the child's [natural mother]
20		birt	hing parent are or have been married to each other
21		and	the child is born during the marriage, or within

1		three hundred days after the marriage is terminated by
2		death, annulment, declaration of invalidity, or
3		divorce, or after a decree of separation is entered by
4		a court;
5	(2)	Before the child's birth, [he] the person and the
6		child's [natural mother] birthing parent have
7		attempted to marry each other by a marriage solemnized
8		in apparent compliance with law, although the
9		attempted marriage is or could be declared invalid,
10		and[+] if the attempted marriage:
11		(A) [If the attempted marriage could] Could be
12		declared invalid only by a court, the child is
13		born during the attempted marriage, or within
14		three hundred days after its termination by
15		death, annulment, declaration of invalidity, or
16		divorce; or
17		(B) [If the attempted marriage is] <u>Is</u> invalid without
18		a court order, the child is born within three
19		hundred days after the termination of
20		cohabitation;

1	(3)	After the child's birth, [he] the person and the
2		child's [natural mother] birthing parent have married,
3		or attempted to marry, each other by a marriage
4		solemnized in apparent compliance with law, although
5		the attempted marriage is or could be declared
6		invalid; and
7		(A) [He] The person has acknowledged [his paternity]
8		the person's biological parentage of the child in
9		writing filed with the department of health;
10		(B) With [his] the person's consent [he], the person
11		is named as the child's [father] non-birthing
12		parent on the child's birth certificate; or
13		(C) [He] The person is obligated to support the child
14		under a written voluntary promise or by court
15		order;
16	(4)	While the child is under the age of majority, [he] the
17		person receives the child into [his] the person's home
18		and openly holds out the child as [his] the person's
19		natural child; or
20	(5)	[He] The person acknowledges [his paternity] the
21		person's biological parentage of the child in writing

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1		filed with the department of health, which shall
2		promptly inform the [mother] birthing parent of the
3		filing of the acknowledgment, and [she] the birthing
4		parent does not dispute the acknowledgment within a
5		reasonable time after being informed thereof, in a
6		writing filed with the department of health. If
7		another [man] person is presumed under this section to
8		be the child's [father,] non-birthing parent,
9		acknowledgment may be effected only with the written
10		consent of the presumed [father] non-birthing parent
11		or after the presumption has been rebutted. If the
12		acknowledgment is filed and not disputed by the
13		[mother] birthing parent and if another [man] person
14		is not presumed under this section to be the child's
15		[father,] non-birthing parent, the department of
16		health shall prepare a new certificate of birth in
17		accordance with chapter 338.
18	(e)	Notice of hearing; minor parent; consent authorizing

(e) Notice of hearing; minor parent; consent authorizing selection of adoptive parents. No hearing of a petition for adoption shall be had unless each of the living parents of the child who falls within the provisions of subsection (a) and who

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- 1 has not consented to the proposed adoption, but who is alleged
- 2 to [come] fall within the provisions of [subsection] subsections
- 3 (c)(1)(A), (B), (C) and (D) or (c)(2) [of this section], and any
- 4 [man] person whose name appears as [father] non-birthing parent
- 5 on the child's birth certificate, shall have had due notice,
- 6 actual or constructive, of the allegations of the petition and
- 7 of the time and place of the hearing thereof. [Such] The notice
- 8 need not be given to any parent whose parental rights have been
- 9 legally terminated as hereinabove provided or whose consent has
- 10 been filed with the court.
- 11 The minority of a child's parent shall not be a bar to the
- 12 right of [such] the parent to execute a valid and binding
- 13 consent to the adoption of [such] the child.
- 14 Any parental consent required hereunder shall be valid and
- 15 binding even though it does not designate any specific adoptive
- 16 parent or parents, if it clearly authorizes the department of
- 17 human services, or a child placing organization approved by the
- 18 department under the provisions of section 346-17 or some proper
- 19 person not forbidden by law to place a child for adoption, to
- 20 select and approve an adoptive parent or parents for the child."

- 1 SECTION 5. Section 578-14.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 2 amended as follows:
- 3 1. By amending subsection (b) to read:
- 4 "(b) All affected public agencies and all child placing
- 5 organizations approved by the department of human services under
- 6 section 346-17 shall make reasonable efforts to complete this
- 7 form with medical information on both natural parents, to obtain
- 8 from the natural parents written consent to the release of this
- 9 information to or for the benefit of the adopted child, and
- 10 whenever possible, to obtain from the [natural mother] birthing
- 11 parent a signed release to receive a copy of all of [her] the
- 12 birthing parent's medical records, relating to the birth of the
- 13 adopted child, [which] that are within the possession of the
- 14 hospital or other facility at which the child was born. When
- 15 applicable, the family court may require the petitioner or the
- 16 petitioner's agent in the adoption proceeding to obtain this
- 17 completed form from the natural parents with their consents and
- 18 the signed release from the [natural mother.] birthing parent."
- 19 2. By amending subsection (q) to read:
- "(g) The completed forms and, if applicable, the
- 21 previously sealed copy of the [natural mother's] birthing

- 1 parent's medical records shall be forwarded to the department of
- 2 health. The department shall extract from the medical records
- 3 pertinent information relating to inheritable diseases and
- 4 genetic disorders and shall retain this information in an
- 5 abstract. The completed forms and the abstract, if available,
- 6 shall be included in the department's adoption records."
- 7 3. By amending subsection (i) to read:
- 8 "(i) Upon the filing of the application in subsection (h),
- 9 the department of health shall furnish the applicant with a copy
- 10 of the completed forms and, if available, the abstract of
- 11 pertinent information from the [natural mother's] birthing
- 12 parent's medical records. The department is authorized to
- 13 disclose the information under this subsection without prior
- 14 court approval, notwithstanding section 338-20(e).
- Nothing in this section shall be construed or applied in
- 16 any manner to require any public agency or child placing
- 17 organization to reveal the identities of the natural parents
- 18 without their consents."
- 19 SECTION 6. Section 578-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 20 amended by amending subsections (a) and (b) to read as follows:

- 1 "(a) The records in adoption proceedings, after the
- 2 petition is filed and [prior to] before the entry of the decree,
- 3 shall be open to inspection only by the parties or their
- 4 attorneys, the director of human services or the director's
- 5 agent, or [by] any proper person on a showing of good cause
- 6 therefor, upon order of the court. Except in the case of an
- 7 individual being adopted by a person married to the legal
- 8 [father or mother] birthing parent or non-birthing parent of the
- 9 individual or unless authorized by the court, no petition for
- 10 adoption shall set forth the name of the individual sought to be
- 11 adopted or the name of either of the parents of the individual;
- 12 provided that the legal name of the individual and the name of
- 13 each of the individual's legal parents may be added to the
- 14 petition by amendment during the course of the hearing thereof
- 15 and shall be included in the decree. The hearing of the
- 16 petition shall be in chambers and shall not be open to the
- 17 public.
- 18 (b) Upon the entry of the decree, or upon the later
- 19 effective date of the decree, or upon the dismissal or
- 20 discontinuance or other final disposition of the petition, the
- 21 clerk of the court shall seal all records in the proceedings;

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- 1 provided that upon the written request of the petitioner or
- 2 petitioners, the court may waive the requirement that the
- 3 records be sealed. The seal shall not be broken and the records
- 4 shall not be inspected by any person, including the parties to
- 5 the proceedings, except:
- 6 (1) Upon order of the family court upon a showing of good7 cause;
- 8 (2) After the adopted individual attains the age of
 9 eighteen and upon submission to the family court of a
 10 written request for inspection by the adopted
 11 individual or [the] adoptive parents;
- 12 (3) After the adopted individual attains the age of
 13 eighteen and upon submission to the family court of a
 14 written request for inspection by the natural parents;
- 15 (4) Upon request by the adopted individual or [the]
 16 adoptive parents for information contained in the
 17 records concerning ethnic background and necessary
 18 medical information; or
- 19 (5) Upon request by a natural parent for a copy of the20 original birth certificate.

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1	Δα	വരേദ്	in	thic	subsection,	"natural	narent"	means	a	biological
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- 2 [mother-or father,] birthing parent or non-birthing parent, or a
- 3 legal parent who is not also the biological parent."
- 4 SECTION 7. Section 580-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 5 amended to read as follows:
- 6 "§580-21 Grounds for annulment. The family court, by a
- 7 decree of nullity, may declare void the marriage contract for
- 8 any of the following causes, existing at the time of the
- 9 marriage:
- 10 (1) That the parties stood in relation to each other of
- ancestor and descendant of any degree whatsoever,
- 12 [brother and sister] siblings of the half as well as
- the whole blood, [uncle and niece, aunt and nephew,] a
- 14 person and the child of the person's biological
- sibling, whether the relationship is the result of the
- issue of parents married or not married to each other;
- 17 (2) That the parties, or either of them, had not attained
- the legal age of marriage;
- 19 (3) That [the husband] one of the parties had an
- 20 undivorced [wife] spouse living[, or the wife had an
- 21 undivorced husband living];

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2		consent to the marriage;					
3	(5)	That consent to the marriage of the party applying for					
4		annulment was obtained by force, duress, or fraud, and					
5		there has been no subsequent cohabitation; and					
6	(6)	That one of the parties was a sufferer of or afflicted					
7		with any loathsome disease and the fact was concealed					
8		from, and unknown to, the party applying for					
9		annulment."					
10	SECT	ION 8. Section 580-22, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is					
11	amended t	o read as follows:					
12	"§58	0-22 Nonage. An action to annul a marriage on the					
13	ground that one of the parties was under legal age, may be						
14	brought by the parent or guardian entitled to the custody of the						
15	minor, or	by any person admitted by the court to prosecute as					
16	the frien	d of the minor. In no case shall the marriage be					
17	annulled	on the application of a party who was of legal age at					
18	the time	it was contracted; nor when it appears that the					
19	parties,	after they attained the legal age, had for any time					
20	freely co	habited as [man and wife.] a married couple."					

(4) That one of the parties lacked the mental capacity to

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- 1 SECTION 9. Section 580-23, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 2 amended to read as follows:
- 3 "§580-23 Former [husband or wife] spouse living. A
- 4 marriage may be declared null on the ground that one of the
- 5 parties has an undivorced [husband or wife] spouse living, on
- 6 the application of either of the parties during the lifetime of
- 7 the other, or on the application of the former [husband or
- 8 wife.] spouse."
- 9 SECTION 10. Section 580-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 10 amended to read as follows:
- 11 "§580-24 Allowance for spouse and family. Every person
- 12 who is deceived into contracting an illegal marriage with a [man
- 13 or woman] person having another spouse living, under the belief
- 14 that [he or she] the person was unmarried, may be entitled to a
- 15 just allowance for the support of the deceived spouse and family
- 16 out of the property of the deceiving spouse, which the deceived
- 17 spouse may obtain at any time after action commenced upon
- 18 application to the family court having jurisdiction. In
- 19 addition to the allowance, the court may also compel the
- 20 defendant to advance reasonable amounts for the compensation of

- 1 witnesses and other reasonable expenses of trial to be incurred
- 2 by the plaintiff."
- 3 SECTION 11. Section 580-26, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 4 amended to read as follows:
- 5 "§580-26 Lack of mental capacity. The marriage of a
- 6 person who lacked the mental capacity to consent to the marriage
- 7 may be annulled on the application of either party, or on the
- 8 application of a quardian of the party who lacked [such]
- 9 capacity; [but in such case,] provided that no sentence of
- 10 nullity shall be pronounced if it appears that the parties
- 11 freely cohabited as [husband and wife] a married couple after
- 12 the party who lacked [such] mental capacity attained the mental
- 13 capacity necessary to consent to marriage."
- 14 SECTION 12. Section 580-47, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 15 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- 16 "(a) Upon granting a divorce, or thereafter if, in
- 17 addition to the powers granted in subsections (c) and (d),
- 18 jurisdiction of those matters is reserved under the decree by
- 19 agreement of both parties or by order of court after finding
- 20 that good cause exists, the court may make any further orders
- 21 [as shall] that appear just and equitable (1) compelling the

- 1 parties or either of them to provide for the support,
- 2 maintenance, and education of the children of the parties; (2)
- 3 compelling either party to provide for the support and
- 4 maintenance of the other party; (3) finally dividing and
- 5 distributing the estate of the parties, real, personal, or
- 6 mixed, whether community, joint, or separate; and (4)
- 7 allocating, as between the parties, the responsibility for the
- 8 payment of the debts of the parties whether community, joint, or
- 9 separate, and the attorney's fees, costs, and expenses incurred
- 10 by each party by reason of the divorce. In making these further
- 11 orders, the court shall take into consideration: the respective
- 12 merits of the parties, the relative abilities of the parties,
- 13 the condition in which each party will be left by the divorce,
- 14 the burdens imposed upon either party for the benefit of the
- 15 children of the parties, the concealment of or failure to
- 16 disclose income or an asset, or violation of a restraining order
- 17 issued under section 580-10(a) or (b), if any, by either party,
- 18 and all other circumstances of the case. In establishing the
- 19 amounts of child support, the court shall use the guidelines
- 20 established under section 576D-7. Provision may be made for the
- 21 support, maintenance, and education of an adult or minor child

- 1 and for the support, maintenance, and education of an
- 2 incompetent adult child regardless of whether [or not] the
- 3 petition is made before or after the child has attained the age
- 4 of majority. In those cases where child support payments are to
- 5 continue due to the adult child's pursuance of education, the
- 6 agency, three months [prior to] before the adult child's
- 7 nineteenth birthday, shall send notice by regular mail to the
- ${f 8}$ adult child and the custodial parent that prospective child
- 9 support will be suspended unless proof is provided by the
- 10 custodial parent or adult child to the child support enforcement
- 11 agency, [prior to] before the child's nineteenth birthday, that
- 12 the child is presently enrolled as a full-time student in school
- 13 or has been accepted into and plans to attend as a full-time
- 14 student for the next semester a post-high school university,
- 15 college, or vocational school. If the custodial parent or adult
- 16 child fails to do so, prospective child support payments may be
- 17 automatically suspended by the child support enforcement agency,
- 18 hearings officer, or court upon the child reaching the age of
- 19 nineteen years. In addition, if applicable, the agency,
- 20 hearings officer, or court may issue an order terminating

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- 1 existing assignments against the responsible parent's income and
- 2 income assignment orders.
- 3 In addition to any other relevant factors considered, the
- 4 court, in ordering spousal support and maintenance, shall
- 5 consider the following factors:
- 6 (1) Financial resources of the parties;
- 7 (2) Ability of the party seeking support and maintenance
- 8 to meet [his or her] the party's needs independently;
- 9 (3) Duration of the marriage;
- 10 (4) Standard of living established during the marriage;
- 11 (5) Age of the parties;
- 12 (6) Physical and emotional condition of the parties;
- 13 (7) Usual occupation of the parties during the marriage;
- 14 (8) Vocational skills and employability of the party
- seeking support and maintenance;
- 16 (9) Needs of the parties;
- 17 (10) Custodial and child support responsibilities;
- 18 (11) Ability of the party from whom support and maintenance
- is sought to meet [his or her] the party's own needs
- while meeting the needs of the party seeking support
- 21 and maintenance;

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I	(12) Other factors [which] that measure the financial
2	condition in which the parties will be left as the
3	result of the action under which the determination of
4	maintenance is made; and
5	(13) Probable duration of the need of the party seeking
6	support and maintenance.
7	The court may order support and maintenance to a party for
8	an indefinite period or until further order of the court;
9	provided that in the event the court determines that support and
10	maintenance shall be ordered for a specific duration wholly or
11	partly based on competent evidence as to the amount of time
12	[which] that will be required for the party seeking support and
13	maintenance to secure adequate training, education, skills, or
14	other qualifications necessary to qualify for appropriate
15	employment, whether intended to qualify the party for a new
16	occupation, update or expand existing qualification, or
17	otherwise enable or enhance the employability of the party, the
18	court shall order support and maintenance for a period
19	sufficient to allow completion of the training, education,
20	skills, or other activity, and shall allow, in addition,
21	sufficient time for the party to secure appropriate employment."

1	pection is. Section 500 50, nawall Revised Statutes, is
2	amended by amending subsections (b) and (c) to read as follows:
3	"(b) Following the entry of a decree of divorce in any
4	matrimonial action in which the final division of the property
5	of the parties to [such] the action is reserved for further
6	hearings, decisions, and orders, notwithstanding the provisions
7	of section 560:2-802, or any other provisions of the law to the
8	contrary, each party to [such] the action shall continue to have
9	all of the rights to and interests in the property of the other
10	party to [such] the action as provided by [chapter] chapters 533
11	and [chapter] 560, or as otherwise provided by law, to the same
12	extent [he or she] the party would have had [such] the rights or
13	interests if the decree of divorce had not been entered, until
14	the entry of a decree or order finally dividing the property of
15	the parties to [such] the matrimonial action, or as provided in
16	subsection (d) [of this section].
17	(c) When a party to a matrimonial action has remarried
18	following the entry of a decree of divorce, in which the final
19	division of the property of the parties is reserved for further
20	hearings, decisions, and orders, but [prior to] before the entry
21	of a decree or order finally dividing the property owned by the

- 1 parties to that action, notwithstanding the provisions of
- 2 [chapter] chapters 533 and [chapter] 560, the spouse of [such]
- 3 the remarried party shall have none of the rights or interests
- 4 in the former spouse's real property or personal estate as
- 5 provided in [chapter] chapters 533 and [chapter] 560, or as
- 6 otherwise provided by law, until [such] the time as a decree or
- 7 order finally dividing the property owned by the parties or
- 8 either of them as of the effective date of the entry of the
- 9 decree of divorce dissolving [his or her] the party's prior
- 10 marriage shall be entered. Upon the entry of a decree or order
- 11 finally dividing the property of the parties to a matrimonial
- 12 action in which a decree of divorce has been entered, the spouse
- 13 of a party to [such] the action who has remarried shall have all
- 14 of the rights of a spouse as provided by [chapter] chapters 533
- 15 and [chapter] 560, or as otherwise provided by law, in and to
- 16 the property of the former spouse vested in [such] the spouse by
- 17 [such] the decree or order finally dividing the property of the
- 18 parties or either of them, as of the effective date of the entry
- 19 of the decree of dissolution of the prior marriage."

- 1 SECTION 14. Section 587A-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 2 amended by amending the definition of "family" to read as
- 3 follows:
- 4 ""Family" means each legal parent of a child; the [birth
- 5 mother, birthing parent, unless the child has been legally
- 6 adopted; the concerned [birth father] non-birthing parent as
- 7 provided in section 578-2(a)(5), unless the child has been
- 8 legally adopted; each parent's spouse or former spouse; each
- 9 sibling or person related by blood or marriage; each person
- 10 residing in the dwelling unit; and any other person or legal
- 11 entity with:
- 12 (1) Legal or physical custody or guardianship of the
- child, or
- 14 (2) Responsibility for the child's care.
- 15 For purposes of this chapter, the term "family" does not apply
- 16 to an authorized agency that assumes the foregoing legal status
- 17 or relationship with a child."
- 18 SECTION 15. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 19 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 20 SECTION 16. This Act shall take effect on January 1, 2024.

Report Title:

Gender-Neutral Terminology; Statutory Interpretation; Parents;
Spouses

Description:

Replaces gender-specific terminology used in certain parental and marital matters with gender-neutral terminology. Takes effect 1/1/2024. (CD1)

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