## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO VIOLATIONS OF CAMPAIGN FINANCE LAW.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTIO	N 1.	Section 11-391, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended to	read	as follows:
3	"§11-3	91	Advertisements. (a) Any advertisement that is
4	broadcast,	tele	vised, circulated, published, distributed, or
5	otherwise c	ommu	nicated, including by electronic means, shall:
6	(1) C	onta:	in the name and address of the candidate,
7	С	andi	date committee, noncandidate committee, or other
8	р	erso	n paying for the advertisement;
9	(2) C	onta!	in a notice in a prominent location stating
10	е	ithe	r that:
11	(.	A)	The advertisement has the approval and authority
12			of the candidate; provided that an advertisement
13			paid for by a candidate, candidate committee, or
14			ballot issue committee does not need to include
15			the notice; or
16	(:	B)	The advertisement has not been approved by the
17			candidate; and

- (3) Not contain false information about the time, date,
  place, or means of voting.
- 3 (b) The fine for violation of this section, if assessed by
- 4 the commission, shall not exceed \$25 for each advertisement that
- 5 lacks the information required by this section or [provides
- 6 prohibited information, contains false information about the
- 7 time, place, or means of voting, and shall not exceed an
- 8 aggregate amount of \$5,000.
- 9 (c) Any person who knowingly or intentionally provides
- 10 false information concerning the name or address of the person
- 11 paying for an advertisement that is subject to the requirements
- 12 of this section shall be guilty of a class C felony. Section
- 13 11-412 shall apply to this subsection."
- 14 SECTION 2. Section 11-410, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 15 amended by amending subsection (h) to read as follows:
- "(h) [This section] Subsections (a) through (f) shall not
- 17 apply to any person who, prior to the commencement of
- 18 proceedings under this section, has paid or agreed to pay the
- 19 fines prescribed by sections 11-340 and 11-391(b)."
- 20 SECTION 3. Section 11-411, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 21 amended to read as follows:

1 "[{] §11-411[}] Criminal referral. [<del>In lieu of</del>] In 2 addition to an administrative determination that a violation of 3 this part has been committed, the commission may refer the 4 complaint to the attorney general or county prosecutor at any time it believes the respondent may have recklessly, knowingly, 5 or intentionally committed a violation." 6 7 SECTION 4. Section 11-412, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 8 amended to read as follows: 9 "[+] §11-412[+] Criminal prosecution. (a) Any person who 10 recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally violates any provision of this part shall be guilty of a misdemeanor [-], unless another 11 12 criminal penalty is specified. (b) Any person who knowingly or intentionally falsifies 13 14 any report required by this part with the intent to circumvent the law or deceive the commission or who violates section 11-352 15 16 or 11-353 shall be quilty of a class C felony. A person charged with a class C felony shall not be eliqible for a deferred 17

acceptance of quilty plea or nolo contendere plea under

18

19

chapter 853.

1	(c) A person who is convicted under this section shall be
2	disqualified from holding elective public office for a period of
3	[four] ten years from the date of conviction.
4	(d) For purposes of prosecution for violation of this
5	part, the offices of the attorney general and the prosecuting
6	attorney of the respective counties shall be deemed to have
7	concurrent jurisdiction to be exercised as follows:
8	(1) Prosecution shall commence with a written request from
9	the commission $[\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial t}]$ , upon the issuance of an order of
10	the court[+], or upon the exercise of the law
11	enforcement authority of the attorney general or
12	prosecuting attorney; provided that prosecution may
13	commence prior to any proceeding initiated by the
14	commission or final determination;
15	(2) In the case of statewide offices, parties, or issues,
16	the attorney general or the prosecuting attorney for
17	the city and county of Honolulu shall prosecute any
18	violation; and
19	(3) In the case of all other offices, parties, or issues,
20	the attorney general or the prosecuting attorney for

the respective county shall prosecute any violation.

21

- 1 [In] If prosecution is commenced by a written request from
- the commission, the [commission's choice of] commission, in
- 3 choosing the prosecuting agency, [it] shall be guided by whether
- 4 any conflicting interest exists between the agency and its
- 5 appointive authority.
- 6 (e) The court shall give priority to the expeditious
- 7 processing of prosecutions under this section.
- 8 (f) Prosecution for violations of this part shall not
- 9 commence after five years have elapsed from the date of the
- 10 violation or date of filing of the report covering the period in
- 11 which the violation occurred, whichever is later.
- 12 [(g) This section shall not apply to any person who, prior
- 13 to the commencement of proceedings under this section, has paid
- 14 or agreed to pay the fines prescribed by sections 11-340 and
- 15 <del>11-391(b).</del>]"
- 16 SECTION 5. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 17 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 18 begun before its effective date.
- 19 SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 20 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 21 SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

## Report Title:

Campaign Spending; Advertisements; Criminal Penalties

## Description:

Establishes that knowingly or intentionally providing false information concerning the name or address of a person paying for a campaign advertisement is a class C felony. Repeals certain exemptions from criminal prosecution for campaign finance violations. Increases from four years to ten years the period from which a person convicted for a criminal violation of campaign finance law shall be disqualified from holding elective office. Establishes that the exercise of enforcement authority by the attorney general or prosecuting attorney may be the basis for prosecution of campaign finance law violations. (SD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.