A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PUBLIC SAFETY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Act 53, Session Laws 2 of Hawaii 2017, extended the prohibition of the adoption of any 3 codes or regulations by the counties that require the 4 installation of residential fire sprinklers in one- and two-5 family dwellings, except to meet fire fighting road access or 6 water supply requirements. Because of the reliability and 7 effectiveness of residential fire sprinklers in suppressing a 8 fire in its initial stages, national residential building codes 9 have required these sprinklers since 2009.

10 The legislature also finds that a prohibition of any 11 measure that may be considered and adopted at the local level to 12 improve and enhance fire survivability and reduce fire losses of 13 community residents by eighty per cent is not in the best 14 interest of public health and safety. Residential fire 15 sprinklers greatly reduce the spread of fire, thereby 16 significantly lessening property damage and loss. The 17 legislature further finds that the intensity, severity, and



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spread of fire in residential buildings are directly related to 1 2 building contents and furnishings and, although improvements 3 have been made in building construction, design, and materials, 4 the volatility and toxicity of today's synthetic materials allow 5 untenable conditions to be reached more rapidly. Moreover, the 6 legislature recognizes that the respective counties face unique 7 challenges and issues relating to fire protection, including 8 population density, proximity of structures, infrastructure, access, and limited fire protection resources. 9

10 Accordingly, this Act recognizes and re-establishes 11 individual county authority or "home rule" as to appropriate or 12 applicable requirements. This concept is recognized, 13 acknowledged, and supported by the evidence presented in the 14 National Fire Protection Association's Fire Sprinkler 15 Initiative. The Fire Sprinkler Initiative's report on 16 legislation and adoptions notes that two states, California and 17 Maryland, have statewide requirements for residential fire sprinklers in new one- and two-family dwellings. However, the 18 19 report also notes that eighteen states have no statewide 20 requirements but allow local jurisdictions to require 21 residential fire sprinklers. Additionally, the state building

2022-1240 SB448 SD1 SMA.doc

2

Page 2

3

code council, established in 2007, is responsible for reviewing
 and adopting the latest editions of national model building
 codes for the State. The council is also the forum for
 discussion by building code experts from the various fields of
 building design, construction, safety, and health.

Finally, the legislature notes that on November 13, 2018,
the state building code council adopted the state residential
code, which requires all construction of new one- and two-family
dwellings in the State to have residential fire sprinklers
installed.

11 Therefore, the purpose of this Act is to repeal section 12 46-19.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and Act 53, Session Laws of 13 Hawaii 2017, which amended section 46-19.8, Hawaii Revised 14 Statutes.

15 SECTION 2. Section 46-19.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is16 repealed.

17 ["[\$46-19.8] Fire sprinklers; residences. No county shall
18 require the installation or retrofitting of automatic fire
19 sprinklers or an automatic fire sprinkler system in:

2022-1240 SB448 SD1 SMA.doc

Page 3

Page 4

1	(1)	Any ne	w or existing detached one- or two-family
2		dwelli :	ng unit in a structure used only for residential
3		purpos	es; and
4	(2)	Nonres	idential agricultural and aquacultural buildings
5		and st	ructures located outside an urban area;
6	provided that this section shall not apply to new homes that		
7	require a variance from access road or firefighting water supply		
8	requirements."]		
9	SECTI	ON 3.	Act 53, Session Laws of Hawaii 2017, is
10	repealed.		
11	SECTI	ON 4.	Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
12	and stricken.		
13	SECTI	ON 5.	This Act shall take effect on July 30, 2075.



Report Title: State Fire Council Package; Fire Safety; Sprinklers

Description:

Repeals section 46-19.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and Act 53, Session Laws of Hawaii 2017, which prohibited the counties from adopting codes and regulations that would require the installation or retrofitting of residential fire sprinklers in one- and two-family dwellings and other types of structures. Effective July 30, 2075. (SD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

