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A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ENERGY EFFICIENCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that energy efficiency is 2 the most cost-effective way to reduce emissions associated with electricity generation and consumption. The legislature further 3 finds that maximizing efficiency and thereby reducing demand for 4 5 power generation is a necessary component of reaching the 6 State's goal of one hundred per cent renewable energy by 2045. 7 Energy used to power buildings accounts for more than fifty per 8 cent of the electricity consumed in the State, yet the State has 9 not undertaken improvements for increased efficiency in many of 10 its own facilities, forgoing millions of dollars in potential 11 savings.

With one of the State's primary areas of focus being economic recovery and resilience in the wake of the coronavirus disease 2019, the legislature recognizes the importance of elevating Hawaii's growing clean energy industry, which can diversify the economy, create new jobs, contribute to workforce development, and help the State meet critical energy goals. The

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1 legislature also finds that it is imperative for all state 2 agencies to control their energy usage and lower their utility 3 bills in the interest of being responsible with taxpayer 4 dollars. Energy efficiency is the first and most cost-effective 5 step in smart energy management and should be prioritized by 6 every state agency. 7 Implementing energy efficiencies in state agencies allows 8 the State to lead by example when it comes to energy efficiency 9 initiatives and energy efficient design for new construction,

which maximize the savings of taxpayer dollars that would

11 otherwise be spent on utility bills.

12 Act 122, Session Laws of Hawaii 2019 (Act 122), states that 13 "efforts taken by universities, public schools, executive 14 departments, and other government entities have already begun to 15 save taxpayers money by reducing the government's electricity 16 costs." However, those efforts lack statewide coordination, 17 preventing economies of scale to maximize savings. While some departments have made substantial progress, others have yet to 18 19 commence meaningful activities. Additionally, Act 122 further states, regarding the Hawaii state energy office, that 20 "[t]asking a single agency to plan for energy savings measures 21

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1	across all	public facilities and assist government entities
2	already wo	orking to reduce energy costs is a necessary step to
3	maximize t	caxpayer savings" and "[t]he legislature's intent is to
4	establish	in statute an energy agency that will assist
5	both the p	public and private sectors in achieving the State's
6	energy goa	als." Consistent with this, the Hawaii state energy
7	office is	working with state agencies to assess opportunities to
8	reach a ta	arget goal of a twenty-five per cent reduction in
9	electricit	ty consumption by 2025, from a 2005 baseline year,
10	through th	ne energy efficiency in state building projects.
11	The p	purpose of this Act is to:
12	(1)	Require state facilities, with the exception of
13		smaller facilities, to implement cost-effective energy
14		efficiency measures;
15	(2)	Direct the Hawaii state energy office to collect all
16		state-owned facilities' utility bill and energy usage
17		data and make this data publicly available;
18	(3)	Provide that certain agencies that perform energy
19		efficiency retrofitting may continue to receive a
20		certain amount of budget appropriations for energy
21		expenditures; and

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1	(4) Beginning July 1, 2023, require, where feasible and
2	cost-effective, the design of all new state building
3	construction to maximize energy and water efficiency
4	and energy generation potential and to use building
5	materials that reduce the carbon footprint of the
6	project.
7	SECTION 2. Chapter 196, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
8	amended by adding two new sections to part II to be
9	appropriately designated and to read as follows:
10	" <u>§196-</u> Energy efficiency implementation for state
11	facilities. (a) State facilities shall implement
12	cost-effective energy efficiency measures as follows:
13	(1) Beginning on January 1, 2024, for all state facilities
14	that have not implemented section 36-41 since 2010;
15	and
16	(2) Beginning on January 1, 2026, for all other state
17	facilities;
18	provided that no entity shall claim tax credits or deductions,
19	or depreciate assets under title 14 for implementing energy
20	efficiency measures pursuant to this section; provided further
21	that nothing in this subsection shall prohibit facilities from

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1	implementing energy efficiency measures sooner than indicated
2	under paragraph (1) or (2).
3	(b) State facilities with an area under ten thousand
4	square feet shall be exempt from the requirements of subsection
5	<u>(a)</u>
6	(c) For purposes of this section:
7	"Cost-effective energy efficiency measure" means any energy
8	efficiency measure where the cost of the energy efficiency
9	measure is equal to or less than the estimated savings over a
10	period of twenty years or the life of the installed components,
11	whichever is less.
12	"Energy efficiency measure" means any energy services,
13	projects, and equipment, including but not limited to building
14	or facility energy conservation enhancing, demand management, or
15	demand response retrofits, which may include energy saved
16	offsite by water or other utility enhancing retrofits, to
17	improve the energy efficiency or reduce energy costs of the
18	facility.
19	§196- Utility bills and energy usage data; state-owned
20	facilities. The Hawaii state energy office shall collect all
21	utility bill and energy usage data for state-owned facilities

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1	monthly and shall make this information available in a publicly
2	accessible format."
3	SECTION 3. Section 36-41, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
5	"(a) All agencies shall evaluate and identify for
6	implementation energy efficiency retrofitting through
7	performance contracting. Agencies that perform energy
8	efficiency retrofitting may continue to receive budget
9	appropriations for energy expenditures at an amount that [shall
10	not fall below the pre-retrofitting energy budget but shall rise
11	in proportion to any increase in the agency's overall budget for
12	the duration of the performance contract or project payment
13	term.] accounts for any costs, including for maintenance,
14	contracts, or debt service, for the implementation and
15	management of energy efficiency measures."
16	SECTION 4. Section 107-27, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended to read as follows:
18	"§107-27 Design of state buildings. (a) No later than
19	one year after the adoption of codes or standards pursuant to
20	section 107-24(c), the design of all state building construction
21	shall be in compliance with the Hawaii state building codes,

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1	except st	ate building construction shall be allowed to be
2	exempted	from:
3	(1)	County codes that have not adopted the Hawaii state
4		building codes;
5	(2)	Any county code amendments that are inconsistent with
6		the minimum performance objectives of the Hawaii state
7		building codes or the objectives enumerated in this
8		part; or
9	(3)	Any county code amendments that are contrary to code
10		amendments adopted by another county.
11	(b)	Exemptions shall include county ordinances allowing
12	the exerc	ise of indigenous Hawaiian architecture adopted in
13	accordanc	e with section 46-1.55.
14	(c)	The State shall consider hurricane resistant criteria
15	when desi	gning and constructing new public schools for the
16	capabilit	y of providing shelter refuge.
17	(d)	Beginning July 1, 2023, where feasible and
18	<u>cost-effe</u>	ctive, the design of all new state building
19	construct	ion shall:
20	(1)	Maximize energy and water efficiency measures;
21	(2)	Maximize energy generation potential; and

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1	(3) Use building materials that reduce the carbon
2	footprint of the project."
3	SECTION 5. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
4	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
5	begun before its effective date.
6	SECTION 6. In codifying the new sections added by section
7	2 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute
8	appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating
9	the new sections in this Act.
10	SECTION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
11	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
12	SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

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Report Title:

Energy Efficiency; State Facilities; Building Design; Utility Cost and Usage Report; Hawaii State Energy Office

Description:

Requires and establishes deadlines for state facilities, except smaller facilities, to implement cost-effective energy efficiency measures. Directs the Hawaii State Energy Office to collect utility bill and energy usage data for state-owned buildings and to make the data publicly available. Provides that certain agencies that perform energy efficiency retrofitting may continue to receive appropriations for energy expenditures. Beginning 7/1/2023, where feasible and costeffective, requires the design of all new state building construction to maximize energy and water efficiency, maximize energy generation potential, and use building materials that reduce the carbon footprint of the project. Effective 7/1/2050. (HD1)

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