A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO OHANA ZONES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The legislature established the ohana zones
2	pilot program through Act 209, Session Laws of Hawaii 2018, and
3	later revised and extended the program to June 30, 2023 through
4	Act 128, Session Laws of Hawaii 2019. As defined in section 2
5	of Act 209, an ohana zone is a place: (1) That has a program to
6	address basic needs of individuals experiencing homelessness;
7	and (2) Where wrap-around services, social and health care
8	services, transportation, and other services may be offered with
9	the goals of alleviating poverty and transitioning individuals
10	experiencing homelessness into affordable housing.
11	As of September 30, 2021, the ohana zones pilot program
12	included nineteen separate projects that collectively served
13	5,067 individuals statewide, including 1,129 individuals who
14	were placed into permanent housing. The program maintained 358
15	beds in the homeless services system and added 432 new beds for
16	shelter or housing. In addition, the ohana zones pilot program
17	has enabled the State and counties to be flexible and quickly
18	add shelter capacity in response to the coronavirus 2019 (COVID-
19	19) pandemic.

The legislature finds that the demand for homeless services 1 2 is expected to continue at current levels and increase in the 3 years following the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. Following the 2009 economic recession, the statewide point-in-4 time count of homeless individuals increased from 5,782 in 2009 5 to a high of 7,921 in 2016. The increase of 2,139 people was a 6 7 36.9 per cent increase over the seven years following the 2009 8 recession. It is likely that the increase in homelessness 9 following the pandemic may be larger in scale due to the 10 continuing uncertainty for economic recovery as the pandemic 11 continues. 12 The legislature further finds that there is a need to continue and expand the ohana zones pilot program to respond to 13 14 homelessness as the COVID-19 pandemic continues. 15 continuation of the ohana zones pilot program will enable the 16 continuation of effective pilot projects to mitigate future increases in homelessness. In addition, increased resources for 17 18 the ohana zones pilot program will enable the State to develop new ohana zones pilot projects to further expand shelter and 19 20 housing capacity for individuals directly experiencing or transitioning out of homelessness. 21 22 New projects and resources are particularly needed to address housing and shelter needs of unaccompanied minors and 23

- 1 young adults who do not have access to adequate resources or
- 2 family supports to maintain housing. The pandemic has
- 3 highlighted the system barriers that impact unaccompanied minors
- 4 and young adults as neither group is eligible for most existing
- 5 financial assistance programs that are available to unemployed,
- 6 parenting, or disabled residents.
- 7 The purpose of this Act is to continue and expand the ohana
- 8 zones pilot program by three additional years, with the goals of
- 9 improving the health and well-being of individuals experiencing
- 10 homelessness and providing individuals experiencing homelessness
- 11 with needed services.
- 12 SECTION 2. Act 209, Session Laws of Hawaii 2018, as
- 13 amended by Act 128, Session Laws of Hawaii 2019, is amended by
- 14 amending section 4 to read as follows:
- 15 "SECTION 4. (a) Contracts entered into by the agencies
- 16 designated by the governor pursuant to the ohana zones pilot
- 17 program shall be exempt from the requirements of chapters 103D
- 18 and 103F, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
- 19 (b) The agencies designated by the governor shall
- 20 establish no later than December 31, 2018, the following:
- 21 (1) The criteria that the agencies will use to evaluate
- 22 potential ohana zone locations;
- 23 (2) A monthly timetable of milestones that the agencies

1		expect to meet in establishing one or more ohana zones	
2		over the course of the three-year pilot program;	
3	(3)	The specific, measurable, attainable, reasonable, and	
4		time-based performance measures that the agencies	
5		expect to meet at the end of each fiscal year;	
6	(4)	The evaluation criteria and process that the agencies	
7		intend to use each year when reviewing the success and	
8		sustainability of the ohana zones; and	
9	(5)	The monitoring and oversight controls that the	
10		agencies will have over the ohana zones to identify,	
11		address, and prevent possible fraud, waste, and abuse	
12		and ensure compliance with local, state, and federal	
13		laws.	
14	(c)	The governor's coordinator on homelessness shall	
15	compile a	nd consolidate information from the agencies designated	
16	by the governor to effectuate this part and submit reports to		
17	the legislature no later than twenty days prior to the convening		
18	of the re	gular sessions of 2020, 2021, [and] 2022[-], 2023,	
19	2024, and	2025.	
20	(d)	The report submitted no later than twenty days prior	
21	to the co	nvening of the regular session of 2020 shall include	
22	the follo	wing information:	
23	(1)	A summary and explanation of the process that the	

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1		agencies designated by the governor pursuant to the
2		ohana zones pilot program engaged in to identify
3		possible ohana zone locations; and
4	(2)	A summary of the information required under subsection
5		(b).
6	(e)	The reports submitted no later than twenty days prior
7	to the co	nvening of the regular sessions of [2021 and] 2022,
8	2023, 202	4, and 2025 shall include the following information:
9	(1)	The milestones established pursuant to subsection (b)
10		that were met by the agencies designated by the
11		governor pursuant to the ohana zones pilot program and
12		ohana zones established during the fiscal year;
13	(2)	An evaluation of the ohana zones to determine whether
14		the objectives set have been met or exceeded;
15	(3)	Any proposed changes that need to be made to the
16		performance measures used to assess the achievement of
17		program goals; and
18	(4)	An assessment of the impact of the ohana zone model on
19		the homelessness problem in Hawaii.
20	(f)	The pilot program shall cease to exist on June 30,
21	[2023.] <u>2</u>	026."
22	SECT	TION 3. There is appropriated out of the general
23	revenues	of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$15,000,000 or so

1	much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2022-2023 to be
2	used solely for the implementation of projects through the ohana
3	zones pilot program that address the basic needs of individuals
4	experiencing homelessness.
5	The sum appropriated shall be expended by the office of the
6	governor for the purposes of this Act; provided that the
7	governor may transfer the expenditure authority to designated
8	executive branch departments or agencies.
9	SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
10	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
11	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
12	
13	INTRODUCED BY:
14	BY REQUEST
15	JAN 2 4 2022

Report Title:

Homelessness; Housing; Ohana Zones pilot program; Appropriations

Description:

Extends the Ohana Zones pilot program to June 30, 2026. Appropriates funds.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT:

Department of Human Services

TITLE:

A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO OHANA ZONES.

PURPOSE:

To extend the Ohana Zones pilot program to June 30, 2026, and appropriate additional funds.

MEANS:

Amends Act 209, Session Laws of Hawaii (SLH) 2018, as amended by Act 128, SLH 2019, by extending the sunset date for an additional three years, and appropriates additional funds.

JUSTIFICATION:

Act 209, SLH 2018, established the Ohana Zones pilot program as a three-year pilot project with an initial sunset date of June 30, 2021. Act 128, SLH 2019, extended the program to June 30, 2023.

The coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic and its economic consequences include impacts on households' ability to pay rent or mortgages. The U.S. Census Bureau Household Pulse Survey for Week 36 that spanned August 18 through August 30, 2021, Housing Table 3b, reported that of 23,564 Hawaii survey participants, 7,895 reported it was somewhat likely they would be leaving their homes due to eviction in the next two months. The Department of Human Services (DHS) anticipates a growing number of households will experience housing instability and face eviction, and DHS will need to continue to provide the innovative community-based shelter and housing support programs initiated through the Ohana Zones pilot program.

As of September 30, 2021, nineteen Ohana Zones pilot projects served 5,076 individuals statewide and placed 1,129 individuals into permanent housing. In addition, the Ohana Zones pilot projects

maintained 358 beds in the homeless services system and added 432 new beds for shelter or housing. During the COVID-19 pandemic, the Ohana Zones pilot program enabled the State and counties to be flexible and quickly add shelter capacity.

The demand for homeless services is expected to significantly increase over the next few years due to the continuing health and economic impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. Following the economic recession in 2009, the statewide point-in-time count of homeless individuals increased from 5,782 to a high of 7,921 in 2016 - an increase of 2,139 people (36.9% increase). A larger increase is anticipated as the pandemic continues and the timeframe for economic recovery is uncertain.

Additionally, the pandemic has further exposed the need for the State and counties to develop safer shelter options for unaccompanied youth, and for youth whose families are experiencing homelessness or who are living in crowded spaces. families are experiencing housing instability, often times older youth double up with family members or friends; these older youth may stay at multiple homes so as to not overburden the families they are staying with. The housing instability impacts their health and well-being and their ability to attend school. resources are needed to provide stable housing options for unaccompanied youth or youth experiencing homelessness. COVID-19 exposure and diagnosis have also impacted the ability of youth to find safe shelter to isolate and quarantine, and to attend online school while in isolation or quarantine.

Given the increased demand for homeless services, there is a need to continue and expand the Ohana Zones pilot program to sustain effective services and expand statewide bed inventory.

Impact on the public: The continuation and expansion of the Ohana Zones pilot program will sustain effective homeless services and add new bed inventory to meet increased demand during and following the COVID-19 pandemic.

Impact on the department and other agencies:
The Governor's Coordinator on Homelessness
is primarily responsible for the collection
of data and reporting related to the Ohana
Zones pilot program, while contracting for
the program has been administered by a
variety of State agencies designated by the
Office of the Governor. These designated
agencies include the Department of Human
Services, Department of Health, Office of
Youth Services, and the Hawaii Housing
Finance and Development Corporation.

GENERAL FUND:

\$15,000,000.

OTHER FUNDS:

None.

PPBS PROGRAM

DESIGNATION:

GOV 100.

OTHER AFFECTED

AGENCIES:

Office of the Governor; Department of Business, Economic Development, and Tourism;

Department of Education; Department of

Health.

EFFECTIVE DATE:

Upon approval.