

GOV. MSG. NO. 1284

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS

DAVID Y. IGE GOVERNOR

June 27, 2022

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi, President and Members of the Senate Thirty-First State Legislature State Capitol, Room 409 Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813 The Honorable Scott K. Saiki, Speaker and Members of the House of Representatives Thirty-First State Legislature State Capitol, Room 431 Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on June 27, 2022, the following bill was signed into law:

HB2088 HD3 SD2

RELATING TO FINANCING. ACT 183

Sincerely,

DAVID Y. IGE Governor, State of Hawaiʻi

Approved by the Governor

on

ORIGINAL

ACT 183

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES THIRTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE, 2022 STATE OF HAWAII H.B. NO. ²⁰⁸⁸ H.D. 3 S.D. 2

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO FINANCING.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the tension between protecting the health and safety of Hawaii's residents and 2 3 visitors from the coronavirus and its highly contagious 4 variants, while managing the economic health of Hawaii's 5 hospitality industry and small businesses over the past two 6 years has heightened the importance of diversifying Hawaii's 7 economic base while simultaneously investing resources toward 8 recovery efforts. Additionally, while the coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic has demonstrated the importance of ensuring the 9 10 health of our people and economic health, the legislature also finds that it is equally important to invest resources to ensure 11 12 Hawaii's environmental health.

As an example, the legislature finds that the State's streams, groundwater, and ocean are being harmed by nonpoint contamination sources that flow directly off the land, rather than through pipes or ditches. Cesspools are a nonpoint contamination source of great concern. These substandard

HB2088 SD2 LRB 22-1853.doc



systems are essentially holes in the ground that do not treat
 wastewater but merely dispose of polluted wastewater.

3 There are approximately eighty-eight thousand cesspools in 4 the State, with nearly fifty thousand on Hawaii island, 5 approximately fourteen thousand on Kauai, over twelve thousand 6 on Maui, over eleven thousand on Oahu, and approximately one 7 thousand four hundred on Molokai. Collectively, the State's 8 cesspools release more than fifty-three million gallons of 9 untreated sewage into the ground each day. Hawaii relies on 10 groundwater for ninety per cent of its drinking water.

In response to the State's cesspool pollution problem, legislation was enacted in 2017 that requires all cesspools not excluded by the director of health to be upgraded or converted to director of health-approved wastewater systems or connected to sewage systems by January 1, 2050; however, cesspool conversions, which are estimated to cost some \$1,300,000,000, have been lagging.

18 The legislature further finds that Hawaii is susceptible to 19 property loss due to hurricanes, tropical storms, and strong 20 winds. The best long-term solution to reducing potential damage 21 is the statewide use of wind resistive devices. While owners

HB2088 SD2 LRB 22-1853.doc

Page 2



1 should inspect, repair, and reinforce their property to prepare 2 for the possibility of a hurricane making landfall, the 3 inspection, repair, and reinforcement consume resources from the 4 owners' budgets. Improved properties that are not using energy 5 conservation or production strategies contribute to the burden 6 and reliance on fossil fuels. Improved properties not equipped 7 with wind or flood resistant qualifying improvements contribute 8 to the burden affecting all properties resulting from potential 9 wind or flood damage. Improved properties that do not use 10 septic tanks or are not connected to wastewater sewage systems 11 contribute to water quality problems affecting the State, and 12 properties that are not protected from harmful environmental 13 health hazards contribute to the environmental health burdens 14 affecting the State.

In order to make qualifying improvements more affordable and assist property owners who wish to undertake such improvements, the legislature finds that there is a compelling state interest in enabling property owners to voluntarily finance such improvements with local government assistance. Innovative, non-traditional financing options and repayment

HB2088 SD2 LRB 22-1853.doc

H.B. NO.

mechanisms help bridge financing gaps, attract private capital, 1 2 and address specific market failures and institutional barriers. Providing non-traditional financing options to assist 3 eligible commercial property owners for the upgrade, conversion, 4 or connection to municipal or private wastewater systems, 5 6 installation of energy conservation, renewable energy retrofits, 7 improve a commercial property's resilience and remove health 8 hazards while facilitating other allowable purposes by 9 addressing access to capital obstacles and enabling the 10 financing of qualifying improvements through the execution of 11 commercial property assessment financing contracts. The related 12 imposition of voluntary assessments is reasonable and necessary to serve and achieve a compelling state interest and is 13 necessary for the prosperity and welfare of the State and its 14 15 commercial property owners.

Additionally, leveraging these non-traditional financing
options and repayment mechanisms will accelerate economic
recovery and economic diversification efforts statewide.

19 The purpose of this Act is to:

20 (1) Establish a commercial property assessed financing
 21 program; and

HB2088 SD2 LRB 22-1853.doc

2088 H.D. 3 S.D. 2 H.B. NO.

1	(2) Authorize property assessed financing for commercial
2	properties.
3	SECTION 2. Chapter 196, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended by adding a new section to part IV to be appropriately
5	designated and to read as follows:
6	" <u>\$196-</u> Commercial property assessed financing program.
7	(a) Any county having a charter may authorize the authority,
8	pursuant to this section, to offer a commercial property
9	assessed financing program within its jurisdiction and may
10	contract with the authority for that purpose, and any county
11	having a charter may enact its own commercial property assessed
12	financing program pursuant to this section and section 46-80(b)
13	and (c).
14	(b) The authority, as the administrator of the commercial
15	property assessed financing program, shall coordinate with each
16	county to bill and collect a non-ad valorem special tax
17	assessment on a benefitted commercial property as a repayment
18	mechanism on the real property tax bill or stand-alone bill.
19	The non-ad valorem special tax assessment on a benefitted
20	commercial property shall not be a generally applicable tax upon
21	the real property but shall be collected in the same manner as

HB2088 SD2 LRB 22-1853.doc

H.B. NO. ²⁰⁸⁸ H.D. 3 S.D. 2

1	real prop	erty taxes as a result of a benefit to the commercial
2	property	owners for qualifying improvements.
3	(c)	The authority shall design a commercial property
4	assessed	financing program authorized under this section and
5	section 4	6-80(b) that addresses market needs while attracting
6	private c	apital and that shall, at a minimum, include the
7	following	elements:
8	(1)	A commercial property assessed financing lender may
9		enter into a commercial property assessed financing
10		assessment contract to finance or refinance a
11		qualifying improvement only with the recorded owner of
12		the affected commercial property and the authority.
13		Each commercial property assessed financing assessment
14		contract shall be executed by the authority as the
15		administrator of the commercial property assessed
16		financing program. A commercial property assessed
17		financing assessment contract shall require the
18		authority to assign, pledge, and transfer revenues to
19		be derived from commercial property assessed financing
20		assessments to one or more commercial property
21		assessed financing lenders as security for their

HB2088 SD2 LRB 22-1853.doc

•

		2088
H.B.	NO.	H.D. 3
		S.D. 2

1		direct financing of qualifying improvements. The
2		obligation of the authority to transfer the revenues
3		to one or more commercial property assessed financing
4		lenders shall be evidenced by the commercial property
5		assessed financing assessment contract as an
6		instrument of indebtedness in a form as may be
7		prescribed by the authority. No other bonds shall be
8		required to be issued by the State, the authority, any
9		county, or any other public entity in order to cause
10		qualifying improvements to be funded through a
11		commercial property assessed financing assessment
12		contract;
13	(2)	Qualifying improvements shall be affixed to a building
14		or facility or affixed to real property, subject to
15		the commercial property assessed financing
16		assessments;
17	(3)	Before entering into a commercial property assessed
18		financing assessment contract, the commercial property
19		assessed financing lender shall reasonably determine
20		that:

1		<u>(A)</u>	The commercial property owner is able to borrow
2			the amount of the property assessed financing
3			using reasonable commercial underwriting
4			practices;
5		<u>(B)</u>	All property taxes applicable to the commercial
6			property, and any other assessments levied on the
7			same bill as property taxes, are paid; and
8		<u>(C)</u>	There are no involuntary liens applicable to the
9			commercial property, including but not limited to
10			construction liens, that will not be paid or
11			satisfied upon the closing of the financing;
12	(4)	The	commercial property assessed financing assessment
13		cont	ract shall include the amount of an annual
14		asse	ssment over a fixed term that will appear as a
15		non-	ad valorem special tax assessment on the
16		COMM	ercial property owner's tax bill or stand-alone
17		<u>bill</u>	annually;
18	(5)	The	commercial property assessed financing assessment
19		<u>cont</u>	ract, or summary memorandum of the contract, shall
20		be r	ecorded by the commercial property assessed
21		fina	ncing lender in the public records of the State or

H.B. NO. 2088 H.D. 3 S.D. 2

1		of the county within which the commercial property is
2		located within five days after execution by the
3		parties to the contract. The recorded contract shall
4		provide constructive notice of the levy of, and
5		obligation of the commercial property owner to pay,
6		the commercial property assessed financing assessment.
7		The commercial property assessed financing assessment
8		to be levied on the commercial property shall be a
9		non-ad valorem special tax assessment and a lien
10		against the commercial property on a parity with the
11		lien of general real property taxes and the lien of
12		any other assessments levied under section 46-80, from
13		the date of recordation entered into pursuant to this
14		section until paid or satisfied in accordance with the
15		commercial property assessed financing assessment
16		contract;
17	(6)	Before entering into a commercial property assessed
18		financing assessment contract for any commercial
19		property, the commercial property owner shall provide
20		the authority and the commercial property assessed
21		financing lender with evidence of the written consent

H.B. NO. ²⁰⁸⁸ H.D. 3 S.D. 2

1		of each holder or loan servicer of any mortgage that
2		encumbers or otherwise secures the commercial
3		property, where the consent is in the sole and
4		absolute discretion of each holder or loan servicer of
5		a mortgage on the commercial property, at the time of
6		the execution of the commercial property assessed
7		financing assessment contract by the parties; provided
8		that the consents shall be in a form prescribed by the
9		authority;
10	(7)	At or before the time a purchaser executes a contract
11		for the sale and purchase of any commercial property
12		for which a non-ad valorem special tax assessment has
13		been levied under this part and has an unpaid balance
14		due, the seller shall give the prospective purchaser a
15		written disclosure statement notifying the prospective
16		purchaser of the commercial property assessed
17		financing assessment;
18	(8)	The term of the commercial property assessed financing
19		assessment contract shall not exceed the useful life
20		of the qualifying improvement being installed or the
21		weighted average useful life of all qualifying

HB2088 SD2 LRB 22-1853.doc

Page 11

		2088
H.B.	NO.	H.D. 3 S.D. 2

1		improvements being financed if multiple qualifying
2		improvements are being financed, as determined by the
3		authority; and
4	(9)	Before the execution by the authority of the first
5		commercial property assessed financing assessment
6		contract in a county, the authority shall enter into a
7		contract with the county director of finance or county
8		director of budget and fiscal services to cause the
9		county director to levy and collect any commercial
10		property assessed financing assessment approved and
11		certified by the authority to the director for
12		collection. The county director shall levy and
13		collect any commercial property assessed financing
14		assessment approved by the authority. Each commercial
15		property assessed financing assessment that is
16		approved for collection shall be a non-ad valorem
17		special tax assessment and shall be collected in the
18		same manner as general real property taxes are
19		collected and be subject to the same penalties and
20		same procedure, sale, and lien priority, subject to
21		this section, in the case of delinquency as is

		2088
H.B.	N()	H.D. 3
		S.D. 2

1	provided by general law for the default of the payment
2	of real property taxes, unless another procedure,
3	including stand-alone billing and collection, is
4	agreed upon by the authority and the county director.
5	The county director may add to any commercial property
6	assessed financing assessment reasonable
7	administrative costs as agreed upon by the authority
8	and the county director. The county director shall
9	remit any commercial property assessed financing
10	assessments collected, less any reasonable
11	administrative costs added by the county director, to
12	or on the direction of the authority, for further
13	application by the authority to pay each commercial
14	property assessed financing lender and to pay the
15	reasonable administrative costs of the authority in
16	accordance with each commercial property assessed
17	financing assessment contract. The county director
18	shall covenant in a contract or instrument, for the
19	benefit of any commercial property assessed financing
20	lender or bondholder, to commence and diligently
21	pursue to completion the foreclosure of delinquent

H.B. NO. ²⁰⁸⁸ H.D. 3 S.D. 2

1	commercial property assessed financing assessments and
2	any penalty, interest, and costs by advertisement and
3	sale and with the same effect as provided by general
4	law for sales of real property pursuant to default in
5	payment of property taxes. The covenant shall specify
6	a deadline for commencement of the foreclosure sale
7	and any other terms and conditions the county director
8	of finance or county director of budget and fiscal
9	services determines reasonable regarding the
10	foreclosure sale. For commercial property assessed
11	financing assessments levied but not paid when due
12	pursuant to a commercial property assessed financing
13	assessment contract, the foreclosure of the lien of
14	the commercial property assessed financing assessment,
15	lien of general real property taxes or any other
16	assessments levied under section 46-80, or any other
17	lien foreclosed, shall not accelerate or extinguish
18	the remaining term of the commercial property assessed
19	financing assessment as approved in the commercial
20	property assessed financing assessment contract."



SECTION 3. Section 46-80, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
 amended to read as follows:

3 "§46-80 Improvement by assessment; financing[+]; commercial property assessed financing program. (a) Any county 4 having a charter may enact an ordinance, and may amend the same 5 from time to time, providing for the making and financing of 6 improvement districts in the county, and [such] the improvements 7 may be made and financed under [such] the ordinance. The county 8 9 may issue and sell bonds to provide funds for [such] the improvements. Bonds issued to provide funds for [such] the 10 11 improvements may be either bonds when the only security therefor is the properties benefited or improved or the assessments 12 13 thereon or bonds payable from taxes or secured by the taxing power of the county. If the bonds are secured only by the 14 15 properties benefited or improved or the assessments thereon, the 16 bonds shall be issued according and subject to the provisions of the ordinance. If the bonds are payable from taxes or secured 17 by the taxing power, the bonds shall be issued according and 18 19 subject to chapter 47. Except as is otherwise provided in section 46-80.1, in assessing land for improvements a county 20 21 shall assess the land within an improvement district according

HB2088 SD2 LRB 22-1853.doc

2088 H.D. 3 S.D. 2 H.B. NO.

1	to the energial honofite conferred when the land by the energial
I	to the special benefits conferred upon the land by the special
2	improvement; these methods include assessment on a frontage
3	basis or according to the area of land within an improvement
4	district, or any other assessment method [which] <u>that</u> assesses
5	the land according to the special benefit conferred, or any
6	combination thereof.
7	(b) There is established a special improvement program to
8	be known as a commercial property assessed financing program,
9	which shall be administered by the Hawaii green infrastructure
10	authority. A commercial property owner may apply to a
11	commercial property assessed financing lender, approved by the
12	authority, for property assessed financing to pay the cost of
13	qualifying improvements and enter into a commercial property
14	assessed financing contract with a commercial property assessed
15	financing lender and the authority. Costs incurred for
16	qualifying improvements shall be levied and collected by each
17	county, as provided in section 196- , as a non-ad valorem
18	special tax assessment on the benefitted commercial property.
19	The authority, on behalf of the State, shall authorize
20	commercial property assessed financing assessment contracts as
21	instruments of indebtedness in the form as may be prescribed by

HB2088 SD2 LRB 22-1853.doc



1	the authority. Commercial property assessed financing
2	assessment contracts authorized to finance qualifying
3	improvements, when the only security is the non-ad valorem
4	special tax assessment levied against benefitted or improved
5	commercial property, shall be excluded from any determination of
6	the power of the State to issue general obligation bonds or
7	funded debt for purposes of section 13 of article VII of the
8	state constitution.
9	(c) Any county having a charter may enact an ordinance,
10	and may amend the same from time to time, to establish a special
11	improvement program containing the same elements as the
12	commercial property assessed financing program authorized under
13	chapter 196 and subsection (b), except that any program that is
14	established shall be administered by the county in lieu of
15	administration by the authority. The county shall assume all of
16	the responsibilities of the authority provided in chapter 196
17	and subsection (b), including determining qualifying
18	improvements eligible for property assessed financing. A
19	commercial property owner may apply to the county for property
20	assessed financing to pay the costs of qualifying improvements
21	and enter into a commercial property assessed financing



1	assessment contract with an approved commercial property
2	assessed financing lender and the county. Costs incurred for
3	qualifying improvements shall be levied and collected by each
4	county, as provided in section 196- , as a non-ad valorem
5	special tax assessment on the benefitted commercial property.
6	The county may issue revenue bonds to finance or refinance the
7	improvements, and the form of any revenue bond may be a
8	commercial property assessed financing assessment contract or
9	other instrument prescribed by the county. Bonds issued to
10	finance qualifying improvements, when the only security is the
11	non-ad valorem special tax assessment levied against benefitted
12	or improved commercial property, shall be excluded from any
13	determination of the power of the county to issue general
14	obligation bonds or funded debt for purposes of article VII,
15	section 13, of the state constitution."
16	SECTION 4. Section 196-61, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended by adding eight new definitions to be appropriately
18	inserted and to read as follows:
19	""Commercial property" means any existing or new real
20	property not defined as a residential property, and shall
21	include any property where there is a leasehold or possessory
	HB2088 SD2 LRB 22-1853.doc



1	interest in the property and any multi-family dwelling or
2	townhouse consisting of five or more units as well as
3	agricultural property.
4	"Commercial property assessed financing assessment" means
5	the non-ad valorem special tax assessment that secures the
6	repayment of financing obtained by an owner of commercial
7	property for a qualifying improvement and that appears on a
8	property tax bill.
9	"Commercial property assessed financing assessment
10	contract" means the financing contract, under the commercial
11	property assessed financing program, by and among one or more
12	commercial property assessed financing lenders, one or more
13	commercial property owners, and the authority as the
14	administrator of the commercial property assessed financing
15	program for the acquisition or installation of qualifying
16	improvements.
17	"Commercial property assessed financing lender" means a
18	financial institution as defined pursuant to section 412:1-109,
19	or a private or public lender approved by the authority, as the
20	administrator of the commercial property assessed financing
21	program, to originate commercial property assessed financing

HB2088 SD2 LRB 22-1853.doc



1	assessment contracts, and which may include any successor or
2	assignee of the lender as provided in the commercial property
3	assessed financing assessment contract.
4	"Commercial property assessed financing program" means a
5	program to finance qualifying improvements on commercial
6	properties that are repaid through a non-ad valorem special tax
7	assessment on the commercial property owner's property tax bill.
8	"County director of finance" or "county director of budget
9	and fiscal services" means the officer or officers of the county
10	charged with the responsibility of administering the real
11	property taxation function of the county.
12	"Non-ad valorem special tax assessment" means a special tax
13	assessment or governmental charge levied by the county as
14	provided in section 196- on a benefitted commercial property
15	that appears on a property tax bill.
16	"Qualifying improvement" means a septic system or aerobic
17	treatment unit system or connection to sewer systems, clean
18	energy technology, efficiency technology, resiliency measure, or
19	other improvement approved by the authority."
20	SECTION 5. If any provision of this Act, or the
21	application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held

HB2088 SD2 LRB 22-1853.doc

H.B. NO. ²⁰⁸⁸ H.D. 3 S.D. 2

invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or 1 2 applications of the Act that can be given effect without the 3 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions 4 of this Act are severable.

5 SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 6 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

7 SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

APPROVED this 27th day of June , 2022

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

HB No. 2088, HD 3, SD 2

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: May 3, 2022 Honolulu, Hawaii

We hereby certify that the above-referenced Bill on this day passed Final Reading in the House of Representatives of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2022.

Rem

Scott K. Saiki Speaker House of Representatives

the L. That

Brian L. Takeshita Chief Clerk House of Representatives

THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I

Date: April 8, 2022 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

(

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Third Reading in the Senate

of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawai'i, Regular Session of 2022.

President of the Senate

Cauder

Clerk of the Senate