



GOV. MSG. NO. 1137

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS
HONOLULU

DAVID Y. IGE
GOVERNOR

June 15, 2022

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi,
President
and Members of the Senate
Thirty-First State Legislature
State Capitol, Room 409
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki,
Speaker and Members of the
House of Representatives
Thirty-First State Legislature
State Capitol, Room 431
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on June 15, 2022, the following bill was signed into law:

HB987 HD1 SD1

RELATING TO HEARING AND VISION
PROGRAM.
ACT 037

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "David Y. Ige".

DAVID Y. IGE
Governor, State of Hawai'i

Approved by the Governor
on JUN 15 2022

ORIGINAL

ACT 037

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
THIRTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE, 2021
STATE OF HAWAII

H.B. NO. 987
H.D. 1
S.D. 1

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HEARING AND VISION PROGRAM.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that early identification
2 of hearing and vision loss, with appropriate follow-up services,
3 is critical for the development of children's language and
4 communication skills needed for learning in school.

5 A hearing and vision program for school children is
6 mandated by section 321-101, Hawaii Revised Statutes, which
7 operated from 1978 in the department of health and ended in 1995
8 due to budget reductions with the assumption that primary care
9 providers would provide the hearing and vision screening. The
10 department currently provides consultation and training on
11 hearing and vision screening protocols and tools.

12 Improvement in hearing and vision screening for children is
13 needed. Currently, hearing and vision screenings are conducted
14 by primary care providers and community programs. However,
15 providers and programs vary regarding protocols for hearing and
16 vision screening and follow-up; screeners vary in their training



1 and skills for conducting screenings; and there is no uniform
2 data collection for quality improvement.

3 Hawaii data indicate the need to improve vision screening,
4 especially for younger ages. The National Survey of Children's
5 Health shows that the Hawaii vision screening rate of 33.2 per
6 cent for children ages zero to five years ranks at forty-four
7 out of fifty states. The Hawaii vision screening rate of 76.8
8 per cent for children ages six to eleven years and 76.4 per cent
9 for youth ages twelve to seventeen years were both close to the
10 national average.

11 The legislature further finds that Hawaii newborn hearing
12 screening program data show a hearing loss rate of 4.5 per
13 thousand infants. However, there is a need to continue hearing
14 screening beyond the newborn period, as national data show that
15 the hearing loss rate increases to about six per one thousand
16 children by age six, due to congenital hearing loss that was not
17 identified at birth or late onset or progressive hearing loss.

18 The purpose of this Act is to increase the early
19 identification of children with hearing or vision loss, by
20 establishing consistent protocols for hearing and vision



1 screening and follow-up, screener training, and data collection
2 and reporting.

3 SECTION 2. Chapter 321, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4 amended by amending part IX to read as follows:

5 "PART IX. ~~[SYSTEMATIC]~~ HEARING AND VISION PROGRAM

6 §321-101 ~~[Systematic hearing]~~ Hearing and vision program.

7 (a) There is established a ~~[systematic]~~ hearing and vision
8 program for children to be conducted by the department of
9 health. The purpose of the program shall be to[+

10 ~~(1) Detect and identify hearing and vision deficiencies in~~
11 ~~school children; and~~

12 ~~(2) Recommend to their parents or guardians the need for~~
13 ~~appropriate evaluation of children who have hearing or~~
14 ~~vision deficiencies, or both, and follow up and track~~
15 ~~completed evaluations, including diagnostic and~~
16 ~~treatment information.]~~

17 increase the early identification of hearing or vision loss in
18 children by establishing consistent protocols for hearing and
19 vision screening and follow-up, screener training, and data
20 collection for quality improvement.

21 (b) The department shall set recommended standards for:



- 1 (1) Protocols for evidence-based hearing and vision
2 screening, including designation of ages or grades for
3 screening;
- 4 (2) Screening tools, instruments, and passing and referral
5 criteria for screening that are based on national
6 guidelines and best practices;
- 7 (3) Referrals, tracking of referrals, and follow-up of
8 children who do not pass screening;
- 9 (4) Training, certification, and qualifications of
10 personnel who conduct hearing and vision screening,
11 other than those who are licensed health care
12 professionals acting within their legal scope of
13 practice; and
- 14 (5) Data collection and reporting on hearing and vision
15 screening, referral, and follow-up.

16 ~~[(b)]~~ (c) Within available resources, the program shall
17 include[+]

- 18 ~~(1) Consultation with students, parents, and health and~~
19 ~~education personnel about treatment and rehabilitation~~
20 ~~of hearing and vision deficiencies; and~~



1 ~~(2) Education of students, health and education personnel,~~
2 ~~and the general public about preserving and caring for~~
3 ~~hearing and vision and about preventing hearing and~~
4 ~~vision deficiencies.~~

5 ~~(c) The departments of health and education, in~~
6 ~~cooperation with each other, may conduct classes and lectures in~~
7 ~~hearing and vision conservation and prevention of hearing loss~~
8 ~~and blindness for teachers, public health nurses, and others~~
9 ~~engaged in similar work. The departments shall also cooperate~~
10 ~~with public and private organizations and societies to educate~~
11 ~~the public in the importance of hearing and vision~~
12 ~~conservation.]~~ consultation with and education of students,
13 parents, and health and education personnel about hearing and
14 vision screening, treatment, and services."

15 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
16 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

17 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

APPROVED this 15 day of June , 2022



GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII



HB No. 987, HD 1, SD 1

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: May 3, 2022
Honolulu, Hawaii

We hereby certify that the above-referenced Bill on this day passed Final Reading in the House of Representatives of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2022.



Scott K. Saiki
Speaker
House of Representatives




Brian L. Takeshita
Chief Clerk
House of Representatives

THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I

Date: April 12, 2022
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Third Reading in the Senate
of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawai'i, Regular Session of 2022.


President of the Senate


Clerk of the Senate