S.R. NO. ⁸⁰ S.D. 1

SENATE RESOLUTION

URGING THE UNITED STATES MILITARY TO CLEAN UP MUNITIONS AND EXPLOSIVES OF CONCERN IN HAWAII UNDER THE MILITARY MUNITIONS RESPONSE PROGRAM.

WHEREAS, certain areas of the Hawaiian Islands were used 1 for military training exercises that resulted in large 2 quantities of munitions and explosives being deposited in the 3 4 ground; and 5 WHEREAS, Congress established the Military Munitions 6 7 Response Program in 2001 under the Defense Environmental Restoration Program to address munitions-related concerns, 8 including explosive safety, environmental and health hazards 9 from releases of unexploded ordnance, discarded military 10 munitions, and munitions found at locations other than 11 operational ranges on active bases, Base Realignment and Closure 12 installations, and Formerly Used Defense Sites properties; and 13 14 WHEREAS, the Military Munitions Response Program provides a 15 focused program to address the challenges presented at sites 16 called munitions response sites; and 17 18 19 WHEREAS, munitions responses are response actions, including investigation, removal actions, and remedial actions, 20 that address safety, human health, or environmental risks 21 presented by munitions and explosives of concern; and 22 23 24 WHEREAS, munitions and explosives of concern are specific categories of military munitions that may pose unique explosives 25 safety risks, such as: 26 27 (1) Unexploded ordnance, as defined in 10 U.S.C. 28 101(e)(5); 29 30 (2) Discarded military munitions, as defined in 10 U.S.C. 31 32 2710(e)(2); or 33



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1 (3) Munitions constituents, such as TNT and 2 cyclotrimethylenetrinitramine (RDX), as defined in 10 U.S.C. 2710(e)(3), present in high enough 3 concentrations to pose an explosive hazard; and 4 5 6 WHEREAS, wherever possible, the remedial action for 7 subsurface munitions and explosives of concern should be to restore the land; and 8 9 10 WHEREAS, this process involves identifying munitions and explosives of concern and detonating them in a controlled 11 12 manner; and 13 14 WHEREAS, land use controls, such as fencing to restrict 15 access to land, rather than restoration of the land, should only be used when remedial action is not technically possible; and 16 17 18 WHEREAS, Bellows Air Force Base sits largely on ceded lands 19 along the shoreline in the middle of Waimanalo; and 20 WHEREAS, part of Bellows Air Force Base was previously used 21 as an urban warfare training facility and is contaminated and 22 23 unsuitable for use if the land is returned to the State; and 24 25 WHEREAS, land use controls, such as fencing off the area, instead of restoration were selected as the treatment plan for 26 27 the Bellows Air Force Base site; and 28 29 WHEREAS, it is best for land formerly used for military training purposes, including Bellows Air Force Base, to be 30 31 restored rather than merely fenced off, which deprives residents of surrounding communities of the ability to enjoy and make 32 productive use of the land; now, therefore, 33 34 35 BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the Thirty-first Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2021, 36 37 that the United States military is urged to clean up munitions 38 and explosives of concern in Hawaii under the Military Munitions 39 Response Program; and 40 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that, wherever possible throughout 41 42 Hawaii, the remedial action for subsurface munitions and



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1 explosives of concern should be to restore the land, instead of 2 simply restricting access to the land; and 3 4 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this 5 Resolution be transmitted to the President of the United States, 6 United States Secretary of Defense, Commander of the United 7 States Indo-Pacific Command, members of Hawaii's Congressional

8 delegation, and Governor.

