THE SENATE THIRTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE, 2021 STATE OF HAWAII

932 S.D. 2 S.B. NO.

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, AND TOURISM.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that significant 1 investment in clean energy technology and infrastructure will be 2 required to achieve the State's goals of energy self-3 sufficiency, energy security, and energy diversification. 4 Additional investment is also needed to meet the renewable 5 portfolio and energy efficiency portfolio standards in 6 7 chapter 269, Hawaii Revised Statutes, as well as the Hawaii clean energy initiative's target of one hundred sixty-five 8 9 million gallons of petroleum used per year for ground transportation by 2030. The current aggregate level of green 10 infrastructure investment is in excess of \$15,350,000,000. 11

12 The legislature also finds that green infrastructure 13 investment supports Hawaii's evolving energy market and provides 14 affordable options for Hawaii's ratepayers. Due to the 15 significant amount of capital required for green infrastructure 16 investment, the State must leverage private investment with

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limited public funds. A growth in the clean energy market will
 reduce the cost of clean energy for ratepayers, drive job
 creation, and save billions of taxpayer dollars currently being
 spent on importing petroleum oil.

The legislature has made various efforts to invest in green 5 6 technology. Act 155, Session Laws of Hawaii 2009, established 7 the building energy efficiency revolving loan fund to provide 8 low cost financing to eligible public, private, and nonprofit 9 borrowers to make energy efficiency improvements to buildings. 10 Act 211, Session Laws of Hawaii 2013, established the Hawaii 11 green infrastructure authority to make cost-effective green 12 infrastructure financing options accessible and affordable to 13 customers under the green energy market securitization loan 14 program.

15 The legislature further finds that a significant barrier to 16 clean energy adoption has been the unavailability of flexible 17 financing and low-cost capital. Building Hawaii's clean energy 18 infrastructure at the lowest possible cost is vital to reach the 19 State's goal of one hundred per cent clean energy by 2045. 20 Public funds must be used in a sustainable manner to 21 simultaneously spark customer demand for clean energy technology

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and attract private investment in green technology. It is the
 State's goal that each public dollar spent will have an
 investment multiplier effect throughout the green technology
 industry.

5 The legislature also finds that a variety of financing 6 options must be available to support Hawaii's clean energy 7 investment. Ratepayer-funded programs, such as energy 8 efficiency rebates and the green energy market securitization 9 loan program, have made progress but do not serve all ratepaying 10 customers or the entire clean energy technology market. The 11 green energy market securitization loan program has facilitated 12 over \$110,000,000 in solar photovoltaic and energy efficiency 13 projects, but the program is not able to serve all ratepayers and focuses only on established technology. The green energy 14 15 market securitization bond was an innovative use of a rate 16 reduction bond, but due to the time lag between the issuance of 17 the bond and expenditures for improvements, using bond financing 18 was inefficient compared to using revolving loan funds, which 19 are expended annually and in a more expedient manner.

20 Further, the coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic has had
21 significant negative impacts on Hawaii's tourism industry and

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1 economy, resulting in projections of severe state budgetary 2 shortfalls over the next four years. With only a limited number 3 of financing mechanisms available to install solar photovoltaic 4 systems, state agencies have historically lowered their energy 5 costs by entering into energy performance contracts and power 6 purchase agreements with private partners to install and own 7 energy retrofits and solar systems on their behalf. While 8 individual results are dependent on the negotiated terms of the 9 consummated energy performance contract or power purchase 10 agreement, many of these arrangements have successfully reduced 11 the cost of energy for the State. Additionally, most agreements 12 include an option for state agencies to purchase the installed 13 equipment during the term of the agreement. For example, in 14 examining a power purchase agreement executed on September 30, 15 2016, between a state agency and an investor for a twenty-year 16 term, the agency is estimated to reduce its energy cost by 17 forty-two per cent. If, however, this state agency had access 18 to financing under the green infrastructure loan program to 19 exercise its purchase option, the agency would be projected to 20 reduce its energy cost by sixty-one per cent over the same 21 twenty-year term of the power purchase agreement. This

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sixty-one per cent reduction in cost, which includes the loan
 repayment and ongoing equipment maintenance costs, creates a new
 source of cash flow for the agency.

4 With the number of energy performance contracts and power 5 purchase agreements in existence throughout the State, there is a tremendous opportunity for additional energy savings to be 6 7 utilized to finance the conversion of the State's retiring 8 internal combustion fleet to short-term leases on electric 9 vehicles as well as install electric vehicle charging systems 10 while remaining budget neutral. Using the aforementioned 11 example of the state agency with reduced energy costs, this 12 agency could install one level three charging system and lease 13 seven electric vehicles with its savings.

14 The purpose of this Act is to strengthen the Hawaii green 15 infrastructure authority's ability to support investment in 16 clean energy technology, including electric vehicles and 17 electric vehicle charging systems and infrastructure, by: 18 (1) Creating a clean energy and energy efficiency 19 revolving loan fund to finance a broad range of clean 20 energy technologies;

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1 (2) Repealing the building energy efficiency revolving 2 loan fund; 3 Expanding the objective of the Hawaii green (3)infrastructure special fund \$50,000,000 sub-fund to 4 5 allow state agencies to finance their purchase option under existing energy performance contracts and power 6 7 purchase agreements to further reduce and stabilize future energy costs, with the option to utilize 8 9 savings to finance the installation of electric 10 vehicle charging systems and lease or purchase 11 electric vehicles; and 12 (4) Making an appropriation out of the clean energy and 13 energy efficiency revolving loan fund to provide clean 14 energy investment loans or for other approved uses. 15 SECTION 2. Chapter 196, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 16 amended by adding a new section to part IV to be appropriately 17 designated and to read as follows: 18 "<u>§196-</u> Clean energy and energy efficiency revolving 19 loan fund. (a) There is established in the Hawaii green 20 infrastructure special fund established under section 196-65, 21 the clean energy and energy efficiency revolving loan fund,

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1	<u>similar t</u>	o a revolving line of credit, which shall be
2	administe	red by the authority. Funds deposited into the clean
3	energy an	d energy efficiency revolving loan fund shall not be
4	under the	jurisdiction of, nor be subject to approval by, the
5	commissio	n and shall include:
6	(1)	Any amounts, up to a total amount not to exceed
7		\$50,000,000, of moneys borrowed by the authority, with
8		the approval of the governor, from federal, county,
9		private, or other funding sources, pursuant to
10		part III of chapter 39;
11	(2)	Funds from federal, state, county, private, or other
12		funding sources;
13	(3)	Investments from public or private investors;
14	(4)	Moneys received as repayment of loans and interest
15		payments; provided that the repayment of loans and
16		interest payments under this paragraph shall not
17		include repayment of loans and interest collected as a
18		result of funds advanced from proceeds of the green
19		energy market securitization bonds; and
20	(5)	Any fees collected by the authority under this
21		section; provided that moneys collected as a result of



1	the funds advanced from proceeds of the green energy
2	market securitization bonds shall be kept separate
3	from fees collected as a result of funds advanced from
4	proceeds of the clean energy and energy efficiency
5	revolving loan fund.
6	(b) Moneys in the clean energy and energy efficiency
7	revolving loan fund shall be used to provide low-cost loans at
8	below-market rates or other authorized financial assistance to
9	eligible public, private, and nonprofit borrowers for clean
10	energy investments or other authorized uses, or both, on terms
11	approved by the authority. Moneys from the fund may be used to
12	cover administrative and legal costs of fund management and
13	management associated with individual loans, which include
14	personnel, services, technical assistance, data collection and
15	reporting, materials, equipment, and travel for the purposes of
16	this section.
17	(c) Funds appropriated or authorized from the clean energy
18	and energy efficiency revolving loan fund shall be expended by
19	the authority. The authority may contract with other public or
20	private entities for the provision of all or a portion of the
21	services necessary for the administration and implementation of

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1	the loan fund program. The authority may set fees or charges
2	for fund management and technical site assistance provided under
3	this section.
4	(d) All interest earned on the loans, deposits, or
5	investments of the moneys in the fund shall become part of the
6	fund.
7	(e) The authority may establish subaccounts within the
8	fund as necessary.
9	(f) The authority may adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91
10	to carry out the purposes of this section."
11	SECTION 3. Section 196-61, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12	amended as follows:
13	1. By adding fourteen new definitions to be appropriately
14	inserted and to read:
15	""Clean energy investments" means the purchase,
16	installation, or both, of clean energy technology, including
17	energy-efficiency measures, green transportation infrastructure,
18	recycling, and renewable energy technology.
19	"Electric vehicle" has the same meaning as defined in
20	section 291-71.

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1	"Electric vehicle charging system" has the same meaning as
2	defined in section 291-71.
3	"Energy performance contract" has the same meaning as
4	defined in section 36-41.
5	"Green energy money saver on-bill program" means the
6	tariff-based on-bill repayment mechanism approved for the
7	exclusive use of the authority by the commission.
8	"Limited liability company" means a limited liability
9	company formed under chapter 428.
10	"Loan fund program" means the clean energy and energy
11	efficiency revolving loan fund program.
12	"Option to purchase" means a legally binding agreement
13	between a buyer and a seller, which gives the buyer the option,
14	but not the obligation, to purchase the solar energy system or
15	other installed equipment at an agreed upon price, prior to the
16	maturity date of the power purchase agreement or energy
17	performance contract.
18	"Power purchase agreement" means a contract between two
19	parties, one that generates electricity, or the seller, and one
20	that seeks to purchase electricity, or the buyer, that defines

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1	all of the commercial terms for the sale of electricity between
2	the two parties.
3	"Qualified security" shall have the same meaning as defined
4	in section 227D-1.
5	"Renewable energy" shall have the same meaning as defined
6	in section 269-91.
7	"Renewable energy technology" means the equipment and
8	related accessories required to generate or produce renewable
9	energy.
10	"Special purpose entity" means a legal entity created to
11	fulfill narrow, specific, or temporary objectives and is
12	typically used by companies to isolate the firm from financial
13	risk.
14	"Subaccount" means a fund that is established within, but
15	separate from, another fund and is reserved for a specific
16	purpose."
17	2. By amending the definition of "loan program" and "green
18	infrastructure loans" to read:
19	""Loan program" [and], "green infrastructure loans", and
20	"green infrastructure loan program" means the program
21	established by this part and loans made to finance the purchase

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or installation of green infrastructure equipment for clean
 energy technology, demand response technology, and energy use
 reduction and demand side management infrastructure, programs,
 and services as authorized by the public utilities commission
 using the proceeds of bonds or other proceeds."

6 SECTION 4. Section 196-62.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
7 amended to read as follows:

8 "[{]§196-62.5[}] Financing for state government agencies. 9 (a) [With the approval of the governor, a] Any state agency may 10 apply for financing, subject to availability under the revolving 11 line of credit for fiscal year [2018-2019,] 2021-2022, and 12 annually thereafter, from the green infrastructure loan program 13 pursuant to section 196-65(b)(2), upon terms and conditions as 14 are agreed to between the department or agency and the Hawaii 15 green infrastructure authority; provided that the loans shall be 16 issued at an interest rate of 3.5 per cent a year; provided 17 further that the loans shall not adversely affect the 18 sustainability of the sub-fund or Hawaii green infrastructure 19 special fund such that the replenishment of funds requires a 20 higher interest rate in other financing agreements or an 21 appropriation from the general fund.

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1 (b) [An] As may be applicable, an agency shall consult 2 with the public benefits fee administrator of the [public 3 utilities] commission prior to planning an energy-efficiency 4 measure subject to this section. The agency's proposed energy-5 efficiency measures shall meet or exceed the public benefits fee 6 administrator's enhanced efficiency levels and requirements to 7 be eligible for the Hawaii green infrastructure loan program. 8 The agency shall coordinate with the public benefits fee 9 administrator throughout the entire project cycle to ensure that 10 energy efficiency is maximized. All supporting documentation 11 required by the public benefits fee administrator shall be 12 provided by the agency to ensure compliance with the State's 13 energy-efficiency portfolio standard under section 269-96. 14 (c) An agency shall submit an expenditure plan to the 15 executive director of the Hawaii green infrastructure authority, 16 who shall serve as the fiscal administrator for the loans issued 17 pursuant to subsection (a) and shall make payment on behalf of 18 the agency, as appropriate, upon submission of requests for

19 payment from the agency.

20 (d) Beginning with fiscal year [2018-2019,] 2021-2022, and
21 annually thereafter, an agency shall repay a loan issued

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1	pursuant to subsection (a) using general revenue savings that
2	result from reduced [utility] energy costs due to
3	[implementation of] financing the purchase of solar energy
4	systems or other clean energy equipment, implementing energy-
5	efficient lighting and other energy-efficiency measures[-], as
6	well as operational and fuel cost savings achieved by the
7	conversion of internal combustion vehicles to electric
8	vehicles."
9	SECTION 5. Section 196-64, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended to read as follows:
11	"[$\{$] §196-64[$\}$] Functions, powers, and duties of the
12	authority. (a) In the performance of, and with respect to the
13	functions, powers, and duties vested in the authority by this
14	part, the authority, as directed by the director and in
15	accordance with a green infrastructure loan program order or
16	orders under section 269-171 or an annual plan submitted by the
17	authority pursuant to this section, as approved by the [public
18	utilities] commission for the green infrastructure loan program,
19	may:
20	(1) Make loans and expend funds to finance the purchase or
21	installation of green infrastructure equipment for

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1		clean energy technology, demand response technology,
2		and energy use reduction and demand side management
3		infrastructure, programs, and services;
4	(2)	Hold and invest moneys in the green infrastructure
5		special fund in investments as permitted by law and in
6		accordance with approved investment guidelines
7		established in one or more orders issued by the
8		[public utilities] commission pursuant to
9		section 269-171;
10	(3)	Hire employees necessary to perform its duties,
11		including an executive director. The executive
12		director shall be appointed by the authority, and the
13		employees' positions, including the executive
14		director's position, shall be exempt from chapter 76;
15	(4)	Enter into contracts for the service of consultants
16		for rendering professional and technical assistance
17		and advice, and any other contracts that are necessary
18		and proper for the implementation of the loan program;
19	(5)	Enter into contracts for the administration of the
20		loan program, without the necessity of complying with
21		chapter 103D;

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1 (6) Establish loan program guidelines to be approved in 2 one or more orders issued by the [public-utilities] 3 commission pursuant to section 269-171 to carry out 4 the purposes of this part; 5 (7) Be audited at least annually by a firm of independent 6 certified public accountants selected by the 7 authority, and provide the results of this audit to 8 the department and the [public utilities] commission; 9 and 10 (8) Perform all functions necessary to effectuate the 11 purposes of this part. 12 The authority shall submit to the [public-utilities] (b) 13 commission an annual plan for the green infrastructure loan 14 program for review and approval no later than ninety days prior 15 to the start of each fiscal year. The annual plan submitted by 16 the authority shall include the authority's projected 17 operational budget for the succeeding fiscal year. 18 (c) In the performance of the functions, powers, and 19 duties vested in the authority by this part, the authority shall 20 administer the clean energy and energy efficiency revolving loan 21 fund pursuant to section 196and may:

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1	(1)	Make loans and expend funds to finance the purchase or
2		installation of clean energy technology and services;
3	(2)	Implement and administer loan programs on behalf of
4		other state departments or agencies through a
5		memorandum of agreement and expend funds appropriated
6		to the department or agency for purposes authorized by
7		the legislature;
8	(3)	Utilize all repayment mechanisms, including the green
9		energy money saver on-bill program, financing tools,
10		servicing and other arrangements, and sources of
11		capital available to the authority;
12	(4)	Exercise powers to organize and establish special
13		purpose entities as limited liability companies under
14		the laws of the State;
15	(5)	Acquire, hold, and sell qualified securities;
16	(6)	Pledge unencumbered net assets, loans receivable,
17		assigned agreements, and security interests over
18		equipment financed, as collateral for the authority's
19		borrowings from federal, county, or private lenders or
20		agencies;

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1 (7) Utilize the employees of the authority, including the 2 executive director; 3 (8) Enter into contracts for the service of consultants 4 for rendering professional and technical assistance 5 and advice and any other contracts that are necessary 6 and proper for the implementation of the loan fund 7 program; 8 (9) Enter into contracts for the administration of the 9 loan fund program exempt from chapter 103D; 10 (10) Establish loan fund program guidelines; 11 (11) Be audited at least annually by a firm of independent 12 certified public accountants selected by the authority 13 and provide the results of the audit to the department 14 and legislature; and (12) Perform all functions necessary to effectuate the 15 16 purposes of this part. 17 (d) The authority shall submit an annual report for the 18 clean energy and energy efficiency revolving loan fund to the 19 legislature no later than twenty days prior to the convening of 20 each regular session describing the projects funded and the 21 projected energy impacts."

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1 SECTION 6. Section 196-65, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows: 3 "(b) Moneys in the Hawaii green infrastructure special fund may be used, subject to the approval of the [public 4 5 utilities] commission, for the purposes of: 6 (1)Making green infrastructure loans, including for 7 installation costs for energy-efficient lighting and other energy-efficiency measures [;], to finance the 8 9 option to purchase solar energy systems and other 10 clean energy equipment under existing power purchase 11 agreements and energy performance contracts, finance 12 the purchase or lease of electric vehicles, and to 13 install electric vehicle charging systems; 14 (2) Creating a \$50,000,000 sub-fund, as a revolving line 15 of credit within the Hawaii green infrastructure 16 special fund, for any state agency to obtain financing 17 to implement cost-effective energy-efficiency 18 measures[+], finance the option to purchase solar 19 energy systems and other clean energy equipment under 20 existing power purchase agreements and energy 21 performance contracts, finance the purchase or lease

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1		of electric vehicles, and install electric vehicle
2		charging systems;
3	(3)	Paying administrative costs of the Hawaii green
4		infrastructure loan program;
5	(4)	Paying any other costs related to the Hawaii green
6		infrastructure loan program; or
7	(5)	Paying financing costs, as defined in section 269-161,
8		to the extent permitted by the [public utilities]
9		commission in a financing order issued pursuant to
10		section 269-163."
11	SECT	ION 7. Section 201-12.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12	amended by	y amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
13	"(b)	Subject to legislative appropriation, moneys from the
14	fund may b	be expended by the Hawaii state energy office for the
15	following	purposes and used for no other purposes, except for
16	those set	forth in this section:
17	(1)	To support the Hawaii clean energy initiative program
18		and projects that promote and advance dependable and
19		affordable energy, renewable energy, energy
20		efficiency, energy self-sufficiency, and greater

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1		energy security and resiliency for the State and
2		public facilities;
3	(2)	To fund, to the extent possible, the climate change
4		mitigation and adaptation commission and the
5		greenhouse gas sequestration task force;
6	(3)	To support achieving the zero emissions clean economy
7		target set forth in section 225P-5;
8	[-(4)-	To fund the building energy efficiency revolving loan
9		fund established in section 201-20;
10	(5)]	(4) To fund projects and incentives to promote the
11		adoption of clean transportation technologies, develop
12		clean vehicle charging infrastructure, and upgrade
13		infrastructure to support the development of clean
14		vehicle charging infrastructure; and
15	[(6)]	(5) To fund, to the extent possible, the duties of
16		the state building code council in section 107-24, as
17		they relate to the development of energy conservation
18		codes."
19	SECT	ION 8. Section 201-20, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
20	repealed.	

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1	[" [§201-20] Building energy efficiency revolving loan
2	fund. (a) There is established in the state treasury the
3	building energy efficiency revolving loan fund which shall be
4	administered by the department, and into which shall be
5	deposited:
6	(1) Funds from federal, state, county, private, or other
7	funding sources;
8	(2) Moneys received as repayment of loans and interest
9	payments; and
10	(3) Any fees collected by the department under this
11	section.
12	(b) Moneys in the building energy efficiency revolving
13	loan fund shall be used to provide low or no interest loans or
14	other authorized financial assistance to eligible public,
15	private, and nonprofit borrowers to make energy efficiency
16	improvements in buildings. Moneys from the fund may be used to
17	cover administrative and legal costs of fund management and
18	management associated with individual loans, to include
19	personnel, services, technical assistance, data collection and
20	reporting, materials, equipment, and travel for the purposes of
21	this section.

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1	(c) Appropriations or authorizations from the fund shall
2	be expended by the department. The department may contract with
3	other public or private entities for the provision of all or a
4	portion of the services-necessary for the administration and
5	implementation of the loan fund program. The department may set
6	fees or charges for fund management and technical site
7	assistance provided under this section. The department may
8	adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 to carry out the purposes of
9	this section.
10	(d) All interest earned on the deposit or investment of
11	the moneys in the fund shall become a part of the fund.
12	(e) The department may establish subaccounts within the
13	fund as necessary."]
14	SECTION 9. There is appropriated out of the clean energy
15	and energy efficiency revolving loan fund the sum of \$
16	or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2021-2022
17	to provide loans or other financial assistance to eligible
18	borrowers for clean energy investments or other authorized uses.
19	The sum appropriated shall be expended by the Hawaii green
20	infrastructure authority for the purposes of this Act.

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1	SECTION 10. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
2	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
3	SECTION 11. This Act shall take effect on May 6, 2137.

Report Title:

Clean Energy and Energy Efficiency Revolving Fund; Building Energy Efficiency Revolving Loan Fund; Energy Financing for State Agencies; Hawaii Green Infrastructure Authority; Appropriation

Description:

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Establishes the clean energy and energy efficiency revolving loan fund. Repeals the building energy efficiency revolving loan fund. Authorizes moneys in the green infrastructure special fund to be used to finance the option to purchase solar energy systems and other clean energy equipment, including the purchase or lease of electric vehicles. Appropriates an unspecified amount out of the clean energy and energy efficiency revolving loan fund. Effective 5/6/2137. (HD1)

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