THE SENATE THIRTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE, 2021 STATE OF HAWAII S.B. NO. 931

JAN 2 2 2021

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO RENEWABLE ENERGY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the State has 2 committed to transition away from fossil fuels and towards a 3 clean energy economy powered by one hundred per cent renewable 4 energy. The State has also committed to reducing carbon 5 emissions. This renewable energy transformation will help to 6 stabilize and strengthen Hawaii's economy by reducing its dependency on imported and price-volatile fossil fuels, foster 7 8 innovation and clean energy job growth, help protect Hawaii's 9 environment by greatly reducing carbon emissions by replacing 10 fossil fuel energy with renewable energy, and positioning Hawaii 11 as a global leader in renewable energy and climate solutions.

12 The legislature took a bold and decisive step toward 13 achieving its renewable energy goals by passing Act 23, Session 14 Laws of Hawaii 2020, that eliminated the use of coal in Hawaii 15 for electricity production. Hawaii must further commit to the 16 path of eliminating the use of all types of fossil fuels for 17 electricity generation, not just coal-powered electricity

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1 generation. The legislature further finds that Hawaii must also 2 eliminate the use of fossil fuel-powered electricity generated 3 for battery energy storage resources interconnected to a public utilities' grid. Not only does fossil fuel-powered electricity 4 5 used to fill battery energy storage resources further encourage fossil fuel use, but it also results in inherent inefficiencies 6 7 and higher costs to ratepayers because of wasteful energy losses 8 when fossil fuel-powered electricity flows through a battery 9 energy storage resource prior to distribution to ratepayers on 10 the grid.

11 The purpose of this Act is to eliminate fossil fuels in 12 Hawaii for electricity generation and storage.

13 SECTION 2. Chapter 269, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 14 amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated 15 and to read as follows:

16 "§269-Elimination of fossil fuels for electricity 17 **production.** (a) Beginning after , the public 18 utilities commission shall not approve or extend: 19 (1) Any electricity generation facility that applies or proposes to use fossil fuels to generate electricity

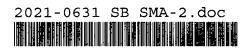
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1		or to store electricity into a public utility grid-
2		tied battery energy storage system resource; or
3	(2)	Any material improvements, overhauling, or
4		refurbishing of any existing electricity generation
5		facilities that extend the life of fossil fuel-powered
6		electricity generation facilities or storage
7		facilities that use fossil fuel-powered electricity.
8	(b)	By the end of , electricity generation
9	facilitie	s shall cease the use of all fossil fuels for the
10	generatio	n or storage of electricity.
11	(c)	The public utilities commission shall not approve any
12	applicati	on or proposal for public utility cost recovery for any
13	generatio	n or storage facilities that use fossil fuels, except
14	<u>as provid</u>	ed under section 269-6(d)(3)."
15	SECT	ION 3. Section 269-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16	amended b	y amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
17	"(b)	The public utilities commission shall consider the
18	need to r	educe the State's reliance on fossil fuels through
19	energy ef	ficiency and increased renewable energy generation in
20	exercisin	g its authority and duties under this chapter. In
21	making de	terminations of the reasonableness of the costs of



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1	fossil fuel electricity generation and fossil fuel-powered		
2	battery energy storage utility system capital improvements and		
3	operations, the commission shall explicitly consider,		
4	quantitatively or qualitatively, the effect of the State's		
5	reliance on fossil fuels on [price]:		
6	(1) Price volatility[, export];		
7	(2) Export of funds for fuel imports [, fuel];		
8	(3) Fuel supply reliability risk[, and greenhouse]; and		
9	(4) Greenhouse gas emissions.		
10	The commission may determine that short-term costs or direct		
11	costs of renewable energy generation and renewable energy-		
12	powered battery energy storage that are higher than alternatives		
13	relying more heavily on fossil fuels are reasonable, considering		
14	the impacts resulting from the use of fossil fuels."		
15	SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed		
16	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.		
17	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.		
18	INTRODUCED BY:		



Report Title:

Renewable Energy Generation; Fossil Fuel; Prohibition

Description:

Prohibits, after , any new extension, improvements, overhauling, or refurbishing of any fossil fuel electricity generation or fossil-fuel powered electricity use for grid-tied battery energy storage. Prohibits after , the use of fossil fuels for electricity generation or grid-tied battery energy storage.

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