S.B. NO. 🖌

JAN 2 1 2021

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO MEDICAL CANNABIS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature recognizes that the use of 2 medical cannabis in Hawaii has been legal since 2000 and that 3 subsequent laws were passed to establish a licensing program for 4 a statewide system of medical cannabis dispensaries to ensure 5 access for qualifying patients. The department of health 6 recently reported that there are over twenty-nine thousand 7 patients with a valid medical cannabis registration. The 8 legislature further finds that while thirty-three states, the 9 District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin 10 Islands have approved comprehensive medical cannabis programs, 11 only about a dozen states have enacted anti-discrimination 12 employment laws to protect qualifying patients. Though the 13 medical use of cannabis has become increasingly accepted, qualifying patients risk losing their jobs because there are no 14 clear protections against employment discrimination. 15

16 The legislature further finds that the ongoing conflict17 between state and federal medical cannabis laws causes confusion



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1 for employers, who are unsure whether state medical cannabis 2 laws supersede their power to enforce drug-free workplace policies against employees. The courts have consistently ruled 3 in favor of employers when qualifying patients challenge drug-4 free workplace policies; yet, on the other hand, they have not 5 entirely foreclosed the possibility that state medical cannabis 6 7 laws might operate to protect qualifying patients against 8 employment discrimination. Without explicit statutory guidance, 9 the courts may not properly balance the needs of qualifying 10 patients for employment protections and an employer's need to provide a safe workplace. 11

12 The purpose of this Act is to:

13 (1) Prohibit an employer from discriminating against a
14 person in hiring, termination, or any term or
15 condition of employment based on the person's status
16 as a medical cannabis cardholder, under certain
17 conditions;
18 (2) Specify that an employer may use a fit-for-duty test
19 for medical cannabis gualifying patients in

20 potentially dangerous occupations; and



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1 Specify certain categories of employment that are (3) 2 exempt from the protections of this Act. 3 SECTION 2. Section 329-125.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 amended to read as follows: "§329-125.5 Medical cannabis patient and caregiver 5 6 protections. (a) No school shall refuse to enroll or otherwise 7 penalize, and no landlord shall refuse to lease property to or 8 otherwise penalize, a person solely for the person's status as a 9 qualifying patient or primary caregiver in the medical cannabis 10 program under this part, unless failing to do so would cause the school or landlord to lose a monetary or licensing-related 11 12 benefit under federal law or regulation; provided that the qualifying patient or primary caregiver strictly complied with 13 the requirements of this part; provided further that the 14 qualifying patient or primary caregiver shall present a medical 15 16 cannabis registry card or certificate and photo identification, 17 to ensure that the qualifying patient or primary caregiver is validly registered with the department of health pursuant to 18 19 section 329-123.

20 (b) For the purposes of medical care, including organ
21 transplants, a registered qualifying patient's use of cannabis



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1 in compliance with this part shall be considered the equivalent 2 of the use of any other medication under the direction of a 3 physician and shall not constitute the use of an illicit 4 substance or otherwise disqualify a registered qualifying 5 patient from medical care. 6 (c) Unless a failure to do so would cause the employer to 7 lose a monetary or licensing-related benefit under a contract or

8 <u>federal law, an employer shall not discriminate against a person</u>
9 in hiring, termination, or any term or condition of employment,

10 other than that contained in a collective bargaining agreement,

11 if the discrimination is based upon either of the following:

12 (1) The person's status as a cardholder; or

13 (2) A registered qualifying patient's positive drug test

14 for cannabis components or metabolites, unless the

15 registered qualifying patient was impaired by cannabis

16 during the hours of employment or in a potentially

17 <u>dangerous occupation;</u>

18 provided that nothing in this subsection shall abridge any

19 existing right of an employer to send an employee for medical

20 evaluation when the employer has safety concerns about the

21 impairment of the employee; provided further that an employer



1	may take	adverse action or discipline an employee who uses or		
2	possesses	medical cannabis in the workplace and is impaired.		
3	(d)	In a potentially dangerous occupation, an employer may		
4	use a fit	-for-duty test as a risk-based assessment tool for a		
5	registere	registered qualifying patient.		
6	<u>(e)</u>	No employer shall have any liability to any employee		
7	who is in	is injured or killed during the performance of the		
8	employee's job if the employee's impairment by medical cannabis			
9	was the sole contributing factor to the employee's death or			
10	injury.			
11	(f)	Subsection (c) shall not apply to:		
12	(1)	Law enforcement officers in the State or counties or		
13		employees of a state correctional facility;		
14	(2)	Firefighters employed by the State or counties;		
15	(3)	Water safety officers, lifeguards, swimming		
16		instructors, or other employees of the State or		
17		counties responsible for the safety of the public at		
18		swimming pools or on beaches;		
19	(4)	Employees authorized to carry or use, or both,		
20		firearms on the job;		



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1	(5)	Emergency medical services employees of the State or
2		counties;
3	(6)	Employees who administer or may administer controlled
4		substances or other drugs to patients, whether in
5		hospitals, nursing homes, or in emergency situations
6		that would be encountered by emergency medical
7		services personnel;
8	(7)	Employees who work with children, the elderly, or
9		other vulnerable populations;
10	(8)	Civil defense emergency management personnel; and
11	(9)	Employees who operate or are in physical control of
12		any of the following:
13		(A) Any combination of vehicles that have a gross
14		combination weight rating or gross combination
15		weight of 11,794 kilograms or more (26,001 pounds
16		or more), whichever is greater, inclusive of a
17		towed unit or units with a gross vehicle weight
18		rating or gross vehicle weight of more than 4,536
19		kilograms (10,000 pounds), whichever is greater;
20		(B) Any single vehicle that has a gross vehicle
21		weight rating or gross vehicle weight of 11,794



1		or more kilograms (26,001 pounds or more), or any
2		such vehicle towing a vehicle with a gross
3		vehicle weight rating or gross vehicle weight
4		that does not exceed 4,536 kilograms (10,000
5		pounds);
6	<u>(C)</u>	Any single vehicle, or combination of vehicles,
7		that does not meet the definition of class A or
8		class B, but is either designed to transport
9		sixteen or more passengers, including the driver,
10		or is transporting material that has been
11		designated as hazardous under title 49 U.S.C.
12		section 5103 and is required to be placarded
13		under subpart F of 49 C.F.R. part 172, or is
14		transporting any quantity of a material listed as
15		a select agent or toxin in 42 C.F.R. part 73;
16	<u>(D)</u>	Public utilities, such as the electrical power
17		grid or water source;
18	<u>(E)</u>	Machinery or power equipment; or
19	<u>(F)</u>	A motor vehicle.
20	[(c)] <u>(g)</u>	No qualifying patient or primary caregiver under
21	this part shal	l be denied custody of, visitation with, or



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parenting time with a minor, and there shall be no presumption of neglect or child endangerment, for conduct allowed under this part; provided that this subsection shall not apply if the qualifying patient's or primary caregiver's conduct created a danger to the safety of the minor, as established by a preponderance of the evidence.

7 [(d)] (h) This section shall apply to qualifying patients, 8 primary careqivers, qualifying out-of-state patients, and 9 caregivers of qualifying out-of-state patients who are validly 10 registered with the department of health pursuant to this part and the administrative rules of the department of health." 11 12 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. 13 14 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY: Rosaly & Beh



Report Title: Medical Cannabis; Discrimination; Employer; Employee

Description:

Prohibits an employer from discriminating against a person in hiring, termination, or term or condition of employment based on the person's status as a medical cannabis cardholder, under certain conditions. Specifies that an employer may use a fitfor-duty test as a tool for medical cannabis qualifying patients in potentially dangerous occupations. Exempts certain occupations.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

