#### **S.B. NO.** 385 S.D. 1 H.D. 1

# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE UNIFORM TRUST CODE.

#### **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the Uniform Trust Code is a national codification of the law of trusts, which provides for greater clarity and uniformity in trust law and interpretation. While there are currently a number of Hawaii statutes relating to trusts, the Uniform Trust Code serves to update these laws and to bring them under one comprehensive umbrella.

8 The legislature further finds that the Uniform Trust Code 9 will significantly reduce the time, complexity, and expense of 10 trust proceedings and, in certain instances, allow for 11 nonjudicial resolution of trust issues that currently require 12 court intervention. At the same time, the Uniform Trust Code 13 provides ready access to a judge if either a dispute arises 14 during the course of trust administration or the interested 15 parties desire judicial supervision. The Uniform Trust Code 16 also provides greater clarity and certainty in many areas of

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1 trust law that are exceedingly thin or without precedent in 2 Hawaii. 3 The purpose of this Act is to enact the Uniform Trust Code (2018 version) in the State, with appropriate amendments to 4 5 reflect Hawaii law and practice where relevant. 6 SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by 7 adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read 8 as follows: 9 "CHAPTER 10 UNIFORM TRUST CODE 11 PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS 12 § -101 Short title. This chapter may be cited as the 13 Uniform Trust Code. 14 S -102 Scope. This chapter applies to express trusts, 15 charitable or noncharitable, and trusts created pursuant to a 16 statute, judgment, or decree that requires the trust to be administered in the manner of an express trust. 17 18 S -103 Definitions. As used in this chapter: 19 "Action", with respect to an act of a trustee, includes a failure to act. 20

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1	"Ascertainable standard" means a standard relating to an
2	individual's health, education, support, or maintenance within
3	the meaning of section 2041(b)(1)(A) or 2514(c)(1) of the
4	Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as in effect on the effective
5	date of this chapter.
6	"Beneficiary" means a person who:
7	(1) Has a present or future beneficial interest in a
8	trust, vested or contingent; or
9	(2) In a capacity other than that of trustee, holds a
10	power of appointment over trust property.
11	"Charitable trust" means a trust, or portion of a trust,
12	created for a charitable purpose described in section $-405(a)$ .
13	"Conservator" means a person appointed by the court to
14	administer the estate of a minor or adult individual.
15	"Court" means the circuit court in this State having
16	jurisdiction over all subject matter relating to trusts.
17	"Environmental law" means a federal, state, or local law,
18	rule, regulation, or ordinance relating to protection of the
19	environment.
20	"Guardian" means a person appointed by the court, a parent,

21 or a spouse to make decisions regarding the support, care,

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education, health, and welfare of a minor or adult individual.
 "Guardian" does not include a guardian ad litem.

3 "Incapacitated" means an individual who, for reasons other 4 than age, is unable to manage property and business affairs 5 effectively because of an impairment in the ability to receive 6 and evaluate information or to make or communicate decisions, 7 even with the use of appropriate and reasonably available 8 technological assistance or because of another physical, mental, 9 or health impairment, or because the individual is missing, 10 detained, or unable to return to the United States.

II "Interested persons" includes beneficiaries and any others having a property right in or claim against a trust estate that may be affected by a judicial proceeding and fiduciaries and other persons representing interested persons. The meaning as it relates to particular persons may vary from time to time and shall be determined according to the particular purposes of, and matter involved in, any proceeding.

18 "Interests of the beneficiaries" means the beneficial19 interests provided in the terms of the trust.

20 "Jurisdiction", with respect to a geographic area, includes21 a state or country.

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1	"Person" means an individual; corporation; business trust;
2	estate; trust; partnership; limited liability company;
3	association; joint venture; government; governmental
4	subdivision, agency, or instrumentality; public corporation; or
5	any other legal or commercial entity.
6	"Power of withdrawal" means a presently exercisable general
7	power of appointment other than a power:
8	(1) Exercisable by a trustee and limited by an
9	ascertainable standard; or
10	(2) Exercisable by another person only upon consent of the
11	trustee or a person holding an adverse interest.
12	"Property" means anything that may be the subject of
13	ownership, whether real or personal, legal or equitable, or any
14	interest therein.
15	"Qualified beneficiary" means a beneficiary who, on the
16	date the beneficiary's qualification is determined:
17	(1) Is a distributee or permissible distributee of trust
18	income or principal;
19	(2) Would be a distributee or permissible distributee of
20	trust income or principal if the interests of the

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distributees described in paragraph (1) terminated on that date without causing the trust to terminate; or (3) Would be a distributee or permissible distributee of trust income or principal if the trust terminated on that date.

6 "Revocable", as applied to a trust, means revocable by the
7 settlor without the consent of the trustee or a person holding
8 an adverse interest.

9 "Settlor" means a person, including a testator, who 10 creates, or contributes property to, a trust. If more than one 11 person creates or contributes property to a trust, each person 12 is a settlor of the portion of the trust property attributable 13 to that person's contribution except to the extent another 14 person has the power to revoke or withdraw that portion.

15 "Spendthrift provision" means a term of a trust that 16 restrains both voluntary and involuntary transfer of a 17 beneficiary's interest.

18 "Spouse" includes individuals who are married to each other19 and individuals who are reciprocal beneficiaries.

20 "State" means a state of the United States, the District of21 Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any

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1	territory	v or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of
2	the Unite	ed States. "State" includes an Indian tribe or band
3	recognize	ed by federal law or formally acknowledged by a state.
4	"Ter	rms of a trust" means:
5	(1)	Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2), the
6		manifestation of the settlor's intent regarding a
7		trust's provisions as:
8		(A) Expressed in the trust instrument; or
9		(B) Established by other evidence that would be
10		admissible in a judicial proceeding; or
11	(2)	The trust's provisions, as established, determined, or
12		amended by:
13		(A) A trustee or other person in accordance with
14		applicable law;
15		(B) A court order; or
16		(C) A nonjudicial settlement agreement under
17		section -111.
18	"Tru	ist instrument" means an instrument executed by the
18 19		that contains terms of the trust, including any

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1 "Trustee" includes an original, additional, and successor 2 trustee, and a cotrustee. 3 S -104 Knowledge. (a) Subject to subsection (b), a 4 person has knowledge of a fact if the person: 5 (1)Has actual knowledge of it; 6 (2) Has received a notice or notification of it; or 7 (3) From all the facts and circumstances known to the 8 person at the time in question, has reason to know it. 9 (b) An organization that conducts activities through 10 employees has notice or knowledge of a fact involving a trust 11 only from the time the information was received by an employee 12 having responsibility to act for the trust, or would have been 13 brought to the employee's attention if the organization had exercised reasonable diligence. An organization exercises 14 15 reasonable diligence if it maintains reasonable routines for 16 communicating significant information to the employee having 17 responsibility to act for the trust and there is reasonable 18 compliance with the routines. Reasonable diligence does not 19 require an employee of the organization to communicate 20 information unless the communication is part of the individual's

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1	regular d	uties or the individual knows a matter involving the
2	trust wou	ld be materially affected by the information.
3	ş	-105 Default and mandatory rules. (a) Except as
4	otherwise	provided in the terms of the trust, this chapter
5	governs t	he duties and powers of a trustee, relations among
6	trustees,	and the rights and interests of a beneficiary.
7	(b)	The terms of a trust prevail over any provision of
8	this chap	ter except:
9	(1)	The requirements for creating a trust;
10	(2)	The duty of a trustee to act in good faith and in
11		accordance with the terms and purposes of the trust
12		and the interests of the beneficiaries;
13	(3)	The requirement that a trust and its terms be for the
14		benefit of its beneficiaries as their interests are
15		defined by the terms of the trust and that the trust
16		have a purpose that is lawful, not contrary to public
17		policy, and possible to achieve;
18	(4)	The power of the court to modify or terminate a trust
19		under sections -410 through -416;

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1	(5)	The effect of a spendthrift provision and the rights
2		of certain creditors and assignees to reach a trust as
3		provided in part V;
4	(6)	The power of the court under section -702 to
5		require, dispense with, or modify or terminate a bond;
6	(7)	The power of the court under section -708(b) to
7		adjust a trustee's compensation, specified in the
8		terms of the trust, that is unreasonably low or high;
9	(8)	The duty under section -813(c)(2) and (3) to notify
10		qualified beneficiaries of an irrevocable trust of the
11		existence of the trust, of the identity of the
12		trustee, and of their right to request trustee
13		reports;
14	(9)	The duty under section -813(b) to respond to the
15		request of a qualified beneficiary of an irrevocable
16		trust for trustee reports and other information
17		reasonably related to the administration of a trust;
18	(10)	The effect of an exculpatory term under
19		section -1008;
20	(11)	The rights under sections -1010 through -1013 of
21		a person other than a trustee or beneficiary;

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1	(12)	Periods of limitation for commencing a judicial
2		proceeding;
3	(13)	The power of the court to take action and exercise
4		jurisdiction as may be necessary in the interests of
5	*2	justice; and
6	(14)	The subject matter jurisdiction of the court and venue
7		for commencing a proceeding, as provided in
8		sections -203 and -204.
9	S	-106 Common law of trusts; principles of equity. The
10	common la	w of trusts and principles of equity supplement this
11	chapter,	except to the extent modified by this chapter or
12	another l	aw of this State.
13	S	-107 Governing law. The meaning and effect of the
14	terms of	a trust are determined by:
15	(1)	The law of the jurisdiction designated in the terms
16		unless the designation of that jurisdiction's law is
17		contrary to a strong public policy of the jurisdiction
18		having the most significant relationship to the matter
19		at issue; or
20	(2)	In the absence of a controlling designation in the
21		terms of the trust, the law of the jurisdiction having

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1 the most significant relationship to the matter at 2 issue. 3 S -108 Principal place of administration. (a) Without 4 precluding other means for establishing a sufficient connection 5 with the designated jurisdiction, terms of a trust designating 6 the principal place of administration are valid and controlling 7 if: 8 (1) A trustee's principal place of business is located in 9 or a trustee is a resident of the designated 10 jurisdiction; or 11 (2) All or part of the administration occurs in the 12 designated jurisdiction. 13 (b) A trustee is under a continuing duty to administer the 14 trust at a place appropriate to its purposes, its 15 administration, and the interests of the beneficiaries. 16 (c) Without precluding the right of the court to order, 17 approve, or disapprove a transfer, the trustee, in furtherance 18 of the duty prescribed by subsection (b), may transfer the 19 trust's principal place of administration to another state or to a jurisdiction outside of the United States. 20

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1	(d)	The trustee shall notify the qualified beneficiaries
2	of a prop	osed transfer of a trust's principal place of
3	administr	ation no less than sixty days before initiating the
4	transfer.	The notice of proposed transfer shall include:
5	(1)	The name of the jurisdiction to which the principal
6		place of administration is to be transferred;
7	(2)	The address and telephone number at the new location
8		at which the trustee can be contacted;
9	(3)	An explanation of the reasons for the proposed
10		transfer;
11	(4)	The date on which the proposed transfer is anticipated
12		to occur; and
13	(5)	The date, no less than sixty days after the giving of
14		the notice, by which the qualified beneficiary shall
15		notify the trustee of an objection to the proposed
16		transfer.
17	(e)	The authority of a trustee under this section to
18	transfer a	a trust's principal place of administration terminates
19	if a qual:	ified beneficiary notifies the trustee of an objection
20	to the pro	oposed transfer on or before the date specified in the
21	notice.	

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(f) In connection with a transfer of the trust's principal
 place of administration, the trustee may transfer some or all of
 the trust property to a successor trustee designated in the
 terms of the trust or appointed pursuant to section -704.

5 S -109 Methods and waiver of notice. (a) Notice to a 6 person under this chapter or the sending of a document to a 7 person under this chapter shall be accomplished in a manner 8 reasonably suitable under the circumstances and likely to result 9 in receipt of the notice or document. Permissible methods of 10 notice or for sending a document include first-class mail, 11 personal delivery, delivery to the person's last known place of 12 residence or place of business, or a properly directed 13 electronic message.

14 (b) Notice otherwise required under this chapter or a
15 document otherwise required to be sent under this chapter need
16 not be provided to a person whose identity or location is
17 unknown to and not reasonably ascertainable by the trustee.
18 (c) Notice under this chapter or the sending of a document

19 under this chapter may be waived by the person to be notified or 20 sent the document.

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1	(d)	Notice of a judicial proceeding shall be given as
2	provided	in the Hawaii probate rules.
3	ş	-110 Others treated as qualified beneficiaries. (a)
4	A charita	ble organization expressly designated to receive
5	distribut	ions under the terms of a charitable trust has the
6	rights of	a qualified beneficiary under this chapter if the
7	charitabl	e organization, on the date the charitable
8	organizat	ion's qualification is being determined:
9	(1)	Is a distributee or permissible distributee of trust
10		income or principal;
11	(2)	Would be a distributee or permissible distributee of
12		trust income or principal upon the termination of the
13		interests of other distributees or permissible
14		distributees then receiving or eligible to receive
15		distributions; or
16	(3)	Would be a distributee or permissible distributee of
17		trust income or principal if the trust terminated on
18		that date.
19	(b)	A person appointed to enforce a trust created for the
20	care of a	n animal or another noncharitable purpose, as provided

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in section -408 or -409, has the rights of a qualified
 beneficiary under this chapter.

3 (c) The attorney general of this State has the rights of a
4 qualified beneficiary with respect to a charitable trust having
5 its principal place of administration in this State.

6 § -111 Nonjudicial settlement agreements. (a) Except
7 as otherwise provided in subsection (b), interested persons may
8 enter into a binding nonjudicial settlement agreement with
9 respect to any matter involving a trust.

10 (b) A nonjudicial settlement agreement is valid only to
11 the extent it does not violate a material purpose of the trust
12 and includes terms and conditions that could be properly
13 approved by the court under this chapter or other applicable
14 law.

15 (c) Matters that may be resolved by a nonjudicial16 settlement agreement include, but are not limited to:

17 (1) The interpretation or construction of the terms of the trust;

19

(2) The approval of a trustee's report or accounting;

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1	(3)	Direction to a trustee to refrain from performing a
2		particular act or the grant to a trustee of any
3		necessary or desirable power;
4	(4)	The resignation or appointment of a trustee and the
5		determination of a trustee's compensation;
6	(5)	Transfer of a trust's principal place of
7		administration; and
8	(6)	Liability of a trustee for an action relating to the
9		trust.
10	(d)	Any interested person may request the court to approve
11	a nonjudi	cial settlement agreement, to determine whether the
12	represent	ation as provided in part III was adequate, and to
13	determine	whether the agreement contains terms and conditions
14	that the	court could have properly approved.
15	(e)	For purposes of this section, "interested person"
16	means a p	erson whose consent would be required in order to
17	achieve a	binding settlement were the settlement to be approved
18	by the co	urt.
19	\$	-112 Rules of construction. The rules of construction
20	that appl	y in this State to the interpretation of and
21	dispositi	on of property by will also apply, as appropriate, to

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the interpretation of the terms of a trust and the disposition 1 2 of the trust property. 3 -113 Insurable interest of trustee. (a) A trustee of S 4 a trust has an insurable interest in the life of an individual 5 insured under a life insurance policy that is owned by the 6 trustee of the trust acting in a fiduciary capacity or that 7 designates the trust itself as the owner if, on the date the policy is issued: 8 9 (1) The insured is: 10 (A) A settlor of the trust; or 11 (B) An individual in whom a settlor of the trust has, 12 or would have had if living when the policy was 13 issued, an insurable interest; and 14 (2) The life insurance proceeds are primarily for the 15 benefit of one or more trust beneficiaries who have an 16 insurable interest in the life of the insured. 17 (b) This section applies to any trust existing before, on, 18 or after the effective date of this section, regardless of the 19 effective date of the governing instrument under which the trust 20 was created, but only as to a life insurance policy that is in

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force and for which an insured is alive on or after the 1 2 effective date of this section. 3 (c) As used in this section, "settlor" means a person that executes a trust instrument. "Settlor" includes a person for 4 5 whom a fiduciary or agent is acting. 6 PART II. JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS 7 -201 Role of court in administration of trust. (a) S 8 The court may intervene in the administration of a trust to the 9 extent its jurisdiction is invoked by an interested person or as 10 provided by law. 11 (b) A trust is not subject to continuing judicial 12 supervision unless ordered by the court. 13 (c) A judicial proceeding involving a trust may relate to 14 any matter involving the internal affairs of trusts, including a 15 proceeding to: 16 (1) Appoint or remove a trustee; (2) Review or determine a trustee's compensation; 17 18 (3) Review a trustee's report or accounting or compel a 19 trustee to report or account; 20 (4) Ascertain beneficiaries;

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1 (5) Determine any question arising in the administration 2 or distribution of any trust, including questions of 3 construction of trust terms; 4 (6) Request instructions to trustees; and 5 (7)Determine the existence or nonexistence of any immunity, power, privilege, duty, or right. 6 7 A judicial proceeding is initiated by filing a (d) 8 petition in the court and giving notice pursuant to 9 section -109 to interested persons. The court may order 10 notification to additional persons. 11 S -202 Jurisdiction over trustee and beneficiary. (a) 12 By accepting the trusteeship of a trust having its principal place of administration in this State or by moving the principal 13 14 place of administration to this State, the trustee submits

15 personally to the jurisdiction of the courts of this State 16 regarding any matter involving the trust.

17 (b) With respect to their interests in the trust, the
18 beneficiaries of a trust having its principal place of
19 administration in this State are subject to the jurisdiction of
20 the courts of this State regarding any matter involving the
21 trust.

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(c) By accepting a distribution from such a trust, the
 recipient submits personally to the jurisdiction of the courts
 of this State regarding any matter involving the trust.

4 (d) By accepting the delegation of a trust function from
5 the trustee of a trust having its principal place of
6 administration in this State, the agent submits to the
7 jurisdiction of the courts of this State regarding any matter
8 involving the trust.

9 (e) This section does not preclude other methods of
10 obtaining jurisdiction over a trustee, beneficiary, or other
11 person receiving property from the trust.

12 § -203 Subject matter jurisdiction. (a) The court has
13 exclusive jurisdiction of proceedings in this State concerning.
14 the administration of a trust.

(b) The court has concurrent jurisdiction with other
courts of this State of actions and proceedings involving a
trust, including:

- 18 (1) Proceedings to determine the existence or nonexistence19 of trusts created other than by will;
- 20 (2) Actions by or against creditors or debtors of trusts;
  21 and

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1	(3)	Other actions and proceedings involving trustees and
2		third parties.
3	ş	-204 Venue. (a) Except as otherwise provided in
4	subsectio	n (b), venue for a judicial proceeding involving a
5	trust is	in the judicial circuit of this State in which the
6	trust's p	rincipal place of administration is or will be located
7	and, if t	he trust is created by will and the estate is not yet
8	closed, i	n the judicial circuit in which the decedent's estate
9	is being	administered.
10	(b)	If a trust has no trustee, venue for a judicial
11	proceedin	g for the appointment of a trustee is in:
12	(1)	A judicial circuit of this State in which a
13		beneficiary resides;
14	(2)	A judicial circuit in which any trust property is
15		located;
16	(3)	If the trust is created by will, the judicial circuit
17		in which the decedent's estate was or is being
18		administered; or
19	(4)	The judicial circuit where the nominated trustee
20		resides or has its principal place of business.

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1PART III. REPRESENTATION2\$ -301 Representation; basic effect. (a) Notice to a3person who may represent and bind another person under this part4has the same effect as if notice were given directly to the5other person.

6 (b) The consent of a person who may represent and bind
7 another person under this part is binding on the person
8 represented unless the person represented objects to the
9 representation before the consent would otherwise have become
10 effective.

11 (c) Except as otherwise provided in sections -411
12 and -602, a person who under this part may represent a settlor
13 who lacks capacity may receive notice and give a binding consent
14 on the settlor's behalf.

15 (d) A settlor shall not represent and bind a beneficiary
16 under this part with respect to the termination or modification
17 of a trust under section -411(a).

18 § -302 Representation by holder of power of appointment.
19 To the extent there is no material conflict of interest between
20 the holder of a power of appointment and the persons represented
21 with respect to the particular question or dispute, the holder

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1 may represent and bind persons whose interests, as permissible
2 appointees, takers in default, or otherwise, are subject to the
3 power.

4 § -303 Representation by fiduciaries and parents. To
5 the extent there is no conflict of interest between the
6 representative and the person represented or among those being
7 represented with respect to a particular question or dispute:

- 8 (1) A conservator may represent and bind the estate that9 the conservator controls;
- 10 (2) A guardian may represent and bind the ward if a 11 conservator of the ward's estate has not been 12 appointed;
- 13 (3) An agent having authority to act with respect to the
  14 particular question or dispute may represent and bind
  15 the principal;
- 16 (4) A trustee may represent and bind the beneficiaries of17 the trust;
- 18 (5) A personal representative of a decedent's estate may
  19 represent and bind persons interested in the estate;
  20 (6) A parent may represent and bind the parent's minor or
  21 unborn child if a conservator or guardian for the

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1		child has not been appointed. The parent entitled to
2		represent and bind the child is determined in the
3		following order of priority:
4		(A) The parent who is a lineal descendant of a
5		settlor;
6		(B) The parent who is a beneficiary of the trust that
7		is the subject of the representation;
8		(C) The parent with legal custody of the child; and
9		(D) If one parent cannot be determined pursuant to
10		the preceding criteria and if a disagreement
11		arises between the parties seeking to represent
12		the same child, a guardian ad litem shall be
13		appointed to represent the minor child; and
14	(7)	A qualified beneficiary may represent and bind any
15		beneficiary who may succeed to the qualified
16		beneficiary's interest under the terms of the trust or
17		pursuant to the exercise of a power of appointment.
18	ş ·	-304 Representation by person having substantially
19	identical	interest. Unless otherwise represented, a minor,
20	incapacita	ated, or unborn individual, or a person whose identity
21	or locatio	on is unknown and not reasonably ascertainable, may be

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represented by and bound by another having a substantially
 identical interest with respect to the particular question or
 dispute, but only to the extent that there is no material
 conflict of interest between the representative and the person
 represented.

6 S -305 Appointment of guardian ad litem. (a) If the 7 court determines that an interest is not represented under this 8 part, or that the otherwise available representation might be 9 inadequate, the court may appoint a guardian ad litem to receive 10 notice, give consent, and otherwise represent, bind, and act on 11 behalf of a minor, incapacitated, or unborn individual, or a 12 person whose identity or location is unknown. A guardian ad 13 litem may be appointed to represent several persons or 14 interests.

(b) A guardian ad litem may act on behalf of the
individual represented with respect to any matter arising under
this chapter, regardless of whether a judicial proceeding
concerning the trust is pending.

(c) In making decisions, a guardian ad litem may consider
general benefits accruing to the living members of the
individual's family.

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1	PART IV	. CREATION, VALIDITY, MODIFICATION, AND TERMINATION OF
2		TRUST
3	ş	-401 Methods of creating trust. A trust may be
4	created b	ру:
5	(1)	Transfer of property to another person as trustee
6		during the settlor's lifetime or by will or other
7		disposition taking effect upon the settlor's death;
8	(2)	Declaration by the owner of property that the owner
9		holds identifiable property as trustee;
10	(3)	Exercise of a power of appointment in favor of a
11		trustee; or
12	(4)	A court pursuant to its statutory or equitable powers.
13	§	-402 Requirements for creation. (a) A trust is
14	created o	only if:
15	(1)	The settlor has capacity to create a trust;
16	(2)	The settlor indicates an intention to create the
17		trust;
18	(3)	The trust has a definite beneficiary or is:
19		(A) A charitable trust;
20		(B) A trust for the care of an animal, as provided in
21		section -408; or

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1	(C) A trust for a noncharitable purpose, as provided
2	in section -409; and
3	(4) The trustee has duties to perform.
4	(b) A beneficiary is definite if the beneficiary can be
5	ascertained now or in the future, subject to any applicable rule
6	against perpetuities.
7	(c) A power in a trustee, or in another person under the
8	terms of the trust, to select a beneficiary from an indefinite
9	class is valid. If the power is not exercised within a
10	reasonable time, the power fails and the property subject to the
11	power passes to the persons who would have taken the property
12	had the power not been conferred.
13	(d) Notwithstanding subsection (a)(1), a trust created by
14	an agent under power of attorney is valid if:
15	(1) The trust is created by an agent of the settlor under
16	a power of attorney that specifically authorizes the
17	creation of a trust; and
18	(2) The settlor had capacity to create a trust when the
19	power of attorney was executed.
20	§ -403 Trusts created in other jurisdictions. A trust
21	not created by will is validly created if its creation complies

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1 with the law of the jurisdiction in which the trust instrument 2 was executed, or the law of the jurisdiction in which, at the 3 time of creation:

- 4 (1) The settlor was domiciled, had a place of abode, or
  5 was a national;
- 6 (2) A trustee was domiciled or had a place of business; or
  - (3) Any trust property was located.

8 Unless otherwise provided in the trust instrument, this9 section shall also apply to trust amendments.

10 § -404 Trust purposes. A trust may be created only to
11 the extent its purposes are lawful, not contrary to public
12 policy, and possible to achieve. A trust and its terms shall be
13 for the benefit of its beneficiaries, subject to the provisions
14 of the trust.

15 § -405 Charitable purposes; enforcement. (a) A
16 charitable trust may be created for the relief of poverty, the
17 advancement of education or religion, the promotion of health,
18 governmental or municipal purposes, or other purposes the
19 achievement of which is beneficial to the community.

20 (b) If the terms of a charitable trust do not indicate or21 otherwise provide for selection of a particular charitable

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1 purpose or beneficiary, the trustee or other person authorized
2 by the terms of the trust or, if none, the court may select one
3 or more charitable purposes or beneficiaries. The selection
4 shall be consistent with the settlor's intention to the extent
5 it can be ascertained.

6 (c) The settlor of a charitable trust, the trustee, a
7 designated beneficiary, if any, or the attorney general may
8 maintain a proceeding to enforce the trust.

9 § -406 Creation of trust induced by fraud, duress, or
10 undue influence. A trust is void to the extent its creation was
11 induced by fraud, duress, or undue influence.

12 § -407 Evidence of oral trust. (a) Except as required 13 by law other than this chapter, a trust need not be evidenced by 14 a trust instrument, but the creation of an oral trust and its 15 terms, including any amendments thereto, may be established only 16 by clear and convincing evidence.

17 (b) Except as required by law other than this chapter, a
18 trust need not be evidenced by a trust instrument, but the
19 establishment of a missing trust and its terms may be
20 established by clear and convincing evidence. In the absence of
21 clear and convincing evidence to establish the existence or

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1 terms and provisions of a missing trust, the existence of or the 2 terms and provisions of a missing trust may be established by 3 court order; provided that, in the circumstances and upon 4 appropriate notice, it would be fair and equitable to do so. 5 This section does not preclude a court from ordering relief 6 otherwise allowed by law.

7 S -408 Trust for care of animal. (a) A trust for the 8 care of one or more designated domestic or pet animals shall be 9 valid. The trust terminates when no living animal is covered by the trust. A governing instrument shall be liberally construed 10 11 to bring the transfer within this section, to presume against 12 the precatory or honorary nature of its disposition, and to 13 carry out the general intent of the transferor. Extrinsic 14 evidence shall be admissible in determining the transferor's 15 intent.

16 (b) A trust for the care of one or more designated 17 domestic or pet animals shall be subject to the following 18 provisions:

19 (1) Except as expressly provided otherwise in the
20 instrument creating the trust, and notwithstanding
21 section -816, no portion of the principal or income

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1		of the trust may be converted to the use of the
2		trustee or to a use contrary to the trust's purposes
3		or for the benefit of a covered animal;
4	(2)	Upon termination, the trustee shall transfer the
5		unexpended trust property in the following order:
6		(A) As directed in the trust instrument;
7		(B) If there is no direction in the trust instrument
8		and if the trust was created in a non-residuary
9		clause in the transferor's will, then under the
10		residuary clause in the transferor's will; and
11		(C) If no taker is produced by the application of
12		subparagraph (A) or (B), then to the transferor's
13		heirs, determined according to section 560:2-711;
14	(3)	A trust authorized by this section may be enforced by
15		a person appointed in the terms of the trust or, if no
16		person is so appointed, by a person appointed by the
17		court. A person having an interest in the welfare of
18		the animal may request the court to appoint a person
19		to enforce the trust or to remove a person appointed;
20	(4)	Except as ordered by the court or required by the
21		trust instrument, no filing, report, registration,

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1 periodic accounting, separate maintenance of funds, 2 appointment, or fee shall be required by reason of the 3 existence of the fiduciary relationship of the 4 trustee; 5 (5) The court may reduce the amount of the property

6 transferred if it determines that the amount 7 substantially exceeds the amount required for the 8 intended use and the court finds that there will be no 9 substantial adverse impact in the care, maintenance, 10 health, or appearance of the designated domestic or 11 pet animal; provided that the amount of the reduction, 12 if any, shall pass as unexpended trust property under 13 paragraph (2);

14 (6) If a trustee is not designated or no designated 15 trustee is willing and able to serve, the court shall 16 name a trustee. The court may order the transfer of 17 the property to another trustee if the transfer is 18 necessary to ensure that the intended use is carried 19 out and if a successor is not designated in the trust 20 instrument or if no designated successor trustee 21 agrees to serve and is able to serve. The court may

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1		also make other orders and determinations as are
2		advisable to carry out the intent of the transferor
3		and the purpose of this section; and
4	(7)	The trust is exempt from the operation of chapter 525,
5		the Uniform Statutory Rule Against Perpetuities.
6	§	-409 Noncharitable trust without ascertainable
7	beneficia	<b>ry.</b> Except as otherwise provided in section -408 or
8	by other	law, the following rules apply:
9	(1)	A trust may be created for a noncharitable purpose
10		without a definite or definitely ascertainable
11		beneficiary or for a noncharitable but otherwise valid
12		purpose to be selected by the trustee;
13	(2)	A trust authorized by this section may be enforced by
14		a person appointed in the terms of the trust or, if no
15		person is so appointed, by a person appointed by the
16		court; and
17	(3)	Property of a trust authorized by this section may be
18		applied only to its intended use, except to the extent
19		the court determines that the value of the trust
20		property exceeds the amount required for the intended
21		use; provided that, except as otherwise provided in

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1 the terms of the trust, property not required for the 2 intended use shall be distributed to the settlor, if 3 then living; otherwise pursuant to the terms of the 4 settlor's will; or, if none, to the settlor's 5 successors in interest.

6 § -410 Modification or termination of trust; proceedings
7 for approval or disapproval. (a) In addition to the methods of
8 termination prescribed by sections -411 through -414, a
9 trust terminates to the extent the trust is revoked or expires
10 pursuant to its terms, no purpose of the trust remains to be
11 achieved, or the purposes of the trust have become unlawful,
12 contrary to public policy, or impossible to achieve.

13 (b) A proceeding to approve or disapprove a proposed 14 modification or termination under sections -411 15 through -416, or trust combination or division under 16 section -417, may be commenced by a trustee or beneficiary, 17 and a proceeding to approve or disapprove a proposed 18 modification or termination under section -411 may be 19 commenced by the settlor. The settlor of a charitable trust may 20 maintain a proceeding to modify the trust under section -413.

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1	\$	-411 Modification or termination of noncharitable
2	irrevocab	<b>le trust by consent</b> . (a) A noncharitable irrevocable
3	trust may	be modified or terminated upon consent of the settlor
4	and all b	eneficiaries, even if the modification or termination
5	is incons	istent with a material purpose of the trust. A
6	settlor's	power to consent to a trust's modification or
7	terminati	on may be exercised by:
8	(1)	An agent under a power of attorney only to the extent
9		expressly authorized by the power of attorney or the
10		terms of the trust;
11	(2)	The settlor's conservator with the approval of the
12		court supervising the conservatorship if an agent is
13		not so authorized; or
14	(3)	The settlor's guardian with the approval of the court
15		supervising the guardianship if an agent is not so
16		authorized and a conservator has not been appointed.
17	This subs	ection does not apply to irrevocable trusts created
18	before or	to revocable trusts that become irrevocable before the
19	effective	date of this chapter.
20	(b)	A noncharitable irrevocable trust may be terminated
21	upon cons	ent of all of the beneficiaries if the court concludes

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that continuance of the trust is not necessary to achieve any
 material purpose of the trust. A noncharitable irrevocable
 trust may be modified upon consent of all of the beneficiaries
 if the court concludes that modification is not inconsistent
 with a material purpose of the trust.

6 (c) It is a question of fact whether a spendthrift7 provision constitutes a material purpose of the trust.

8 (d) Upon termination of a trust under subsection (a) or
9 (b), the trustee shall distribute the trust property as agreed
10 to by the beneficiaries.

(e) If not all of the beneficiaries consent to a proposed modification or termination of the trust under subsection (a) or (b), the modification or termination may be approved by the court if the court is satisfied that:

15 (1) If all of the beneficiaries had consented, the trust
16 could have been modified or terminated under this
17 section; and

18 (2) The interests of a beneficiary who does not consent19 will be adequately protected.

20 § -412 Modification or termination because of
21 unanticipated circumstances or inability to administer trust

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1 effectively. (a) The court may modify the administrative or
2 dispositive terms of a trust or terminate the trust if, because
3 of circumstances not anticipated by the settlor, modification or
4 termination will further the purposes of the trust. To the
5 extent practicable, the modification shall be made in accordance
6 with the settlor's probable intention.

7 (b) The court may modify the administrative terms of a
8 trust if continuation of the trust on its existing terms would
9 be impracticable or wasteful or impair the trust's
10 administration.

(c) Upon termination of a trust under this section, the trustee shall distribute the trust property in a manner consistent with the purposes of the trust.

14 S -413 Cy pres. (a) Except as otherwise provided in 15 subsection (b), if a particular charitable purpose becomes 16 unlawful, impracticable, impossible to achieve, or wasteful: 17 (1) The trust does not fail, in whole or in part; 18 (2) The trust property does not revert to the settlor or 19 the settlor's successors in interest; and 20 (3) The court may apply cy pres to modify or terminate the 21 trust by directing that the trust property be applied

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1 or distributed, in whole or in part, in a manner 2 consistent with the settlor's charitable purposes. 3 Subsection (a) shall not apply if the document (b) 4 creating the charitable interest expressly provides for an 5 alternate disposition of the charitable interest if the 6 charitable purpose becomes unlawful, impracticable, impossible 7 to achieve, or wasteful. A general residuary disposition by 8 trust shall not be considered an express provision for an alternate disposition. In addition, if the alternative plan is 9 10 also a charitable trust and that trust fails, the intention 11 shown in the original plan shall prevail in the application of 12 this section.

13 (c) In every cy pres proceeding, the attorney general14 shall be notified and given an opportunity to be heard.

15 § -414 Modification or termination of uneconomic trust.
16 (a) After notice to the qualified beneficiaries, the trustee of
17 a trust consisting of trust property having a total value of
18 less than \$100,000 may terminate the trust if the trustee
19 concludes that the value of the trust property is insufficient
20 to justify the cost of administration.

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(b) The court may modify or terminate a trust or remove
 the trustee and appoint a different trustee if it determines
 that the value of the trust property is insufficient to justify
 the cost of administration.

5 (c) Upon termination of a trust under this section, the
6 trustee shall distribute the trust property in a manner
7 consistent with the purposes of the trust.

8 (d) This section shall not apply to an easement for9 conservation or preservation.

10 § -415 Reformation to correct mistakes. The court may 11 reform the terms of a trust, even if unambiguous, to conform the 12 terms to the settlor's intention if it is proved by clear and 13 convincing evidence what the settlor's intention was and that 14 the terms of the trust were affected by a mistake of fact or 15 law, whether in expression or inducement.

16 § -416 Modification to achieve settlor's tax objectives.
17 To achieve the settlor's tax objectives, the court may modify
18 the terms of a trust in a manner that is not contrary to the
19 settlor's probable intention. The court may provide that the
20 modification has retroactive effect.

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1 S -417 Combination and division of trusts. After notice 2 to the qualified beneficiaries, a trustee may combine two or 3 more trusts into a single trust or divide a trust into two or 4 more separate trusts, if the result does not impair rights of 5 any beneficiary or adversely affect achievement of the purposes 6 of the trust. Two or more trusts may be combined into a single 7 trust if the interests of each beneficiary in the trust 8 resulting from the combination are substantially the same as the 9 combined interests of the beneficiary in the trusts before the 10 combination. The terms of each new trust created by a division under this section shall provide, in the aggregate, for the same 11 12 succession of interests and beneficiaries as are provided in the 13 original trust. 14 PART V. CREDITOR'S CLAIMS; SPENDTHRIFT AND DISCRETIONARY TRUSTS 15 S -501 Rights of beneficiary's creditor or assignee. То 16 the extent a beneficiary's interest is not subject to a 17 spendthrift provision, the court may authorize a creditor or 18 assignee of the beneficiary to reach the beneficiary's interest 19 by attachment of present or future distributions to or for the 20 benefit of the beneficiary or other means. The court may limit

21 the award to relief as is appropriate under the circumstances.

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1	<b>§ -502 Spendthrift provision.</b> (a) A spendthrift
2	provision is valid only if it restrains both voluntary and
3	involuntary transfer of a beneficiary's interest.
4	(b) A term of a trust providing that the interest of a
5	beneficiary is held subject to a "spendthrift trust", or words
6	of similar import, is sufficient to restrain both voluntary and
7	involuntary transfer of the beneficiary's interest.
8	(c) A beneficiary shall not transfer an interest in a
9	trust in violation of a valid spendthrift provision and, except
10	as otherwise provided in this part, a creditor or assignee of
11	the beneficiary shall not reach the interest or a distribution
12	by the trustee before its receipt by the beneficiary.
13	§ -503 Exceptions to spendthrift provision. (a) A
14	spendthrift provision is unenforceable against:
15	(1) A beneficiary's child who has a judgment or court
16	order against the beneficiary for support or
17	maintenance; and
18	(2) A claim of this State or the United States to the
19	extent a law of this State or federal law so provides.
20	(b) A claimant against which a spendthrift provision
21	cannot be enforced may obtain from a court an order attaching

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present or future distributions to or for the benefit of the
 beneficiary. The court may limit the award to relief as is
 appropriate under the circumstances.

4 § -504 Discretionary trusts; effect of standard. (a)
5 Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), regardless of
6 whether a trust contains a spendthrift provision, a creditor of
7 a beneficiary shall not compel a distribution that is subject to
8 the trustee's discretion, even if:

9 (1) The discretion is expressed in the form of a standard10 of distribution; or

11 (2) The trustee has abused the discretion.

12 (b) To the extent a trustee has not complied with a13 standard of distribution or has abused a discretion:

14 (1)A distribution may be ordered by the court to satisfy 15 a judgment or court order against the beneficiary for 16 support or maintenance of the beneficiary's child; and 17 (2) The court shall direct the trustee to pay to or for 18 the benefit of the beneficiary's child, an amount as is equitable under the circumstances but no more than 19 20 the amount the trustee would have been required to 21 distribute to or for the benefit of the beneficiary

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1 had the trustee complied with the standard or not 2 abused the discretion. 3 (c) This section shall not limit the right of a 4 beneficiary to maintain a judicial proceeding against a trustee 5 for an abuse of discretion or failure to comply with a standard 6 for distribution. 7 (d) If the trustee's or cotrustee's discretion to make 8 distributions for the trustee's or cotrustee's own benefit is 9 limited by an ascertainable standard, a creditor shall not reach 10 or compel distribution of the beneficial interest except to the 11 extent the interest would be subject to the creditor's claim 12 were the beneficiary not acting as trustee or cotrustee. 13 S -505 Creditor's claim against settlor. (a) Regardless of whether the terms of a trust contain a spendthrift 14 15 provision, the following rules shall apply: 16 (1) During the lifetime of the settlor, the property of a 17 revocable trust is subject to claims of the settlor's 18 creditors: 19 (2) Except as provided in chapter 554G, with respect to an 20 irrevocable trust, a creditor or assignee of the 21 settlor may reach the maximum amount that can be

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1 distributed to or for the settlor's benefit. If a 2 trust has more than one settlor, the amount the 3 creditor or assignee of a particular settlor may reach 4 shall not exceed the settlor's interest in the portion 5 of the trust attributable to that settlor's 6 contribution; and 7 (3) After the death of a settlor, and subject to the 8 settlor's right to direct the source from which 9 liabilities will be paid, the property of a trust that 10 was revocable at the settlor's death is subject to 11 claims of the settlor's creditors, costs of 12 administration of the settlor's estate, the expenses 13 of the settlor's funeral and disposal of remains, and 14 statutory allowances to a surviving spouse or 15 reciprocal beneficiary and children to the extent the 16 settlor's probate estate is inadequate to satisfy 17 those claims, costs, expenses, and allowances. 18 (b) For purposes of this section: During the period the power may be exercised, the 19 (1)20 holder of a power of withdrawal is treated in the same

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1 manner as the settlor of a revocable trust to the 2 extent of the property subject to the power; and 3 (2) Upon the lapse, release, or waiver of the power, the 4 holder is treated as the settlor of the trust only to 5 the extent the value of the property affected by the 6 lapse, release, or waiver exceeds the greater of the 7 amount specified in section 2041(b)(2) or 2514(e) of 8 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or 9 section 2503(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 10 as amended, in each case as in effect on the effective 11 date of this chapter.

12 (c) This section shall not apply to trusts created under13 chapter 554G.

14 § -506 Overdue distribution. (a) Regardless of whether 15 a trust contains a spendthrift provision, a creditor or assignee 16 of a beneficiary may reach a mandatory distribution of income or 17 principal, including a distribution upon termination of the 18 trust, if the trustee has not made the distribution to the 19 beneficiary within a reasonable time after the designated 20 distribution date.

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1	(b) As used in this section, "mandatory distribution"
2	means a distribution of income or principal that the trustee is
3	required to make to a beneficiary under the terms of the trust,
4	including a distribution upon termination of the trust.
5	"Mandatory distribution" does not include a distribution subject
6	to the exercise of the trustee's discretion even if:
7	(1) The discretion is expressed in the form of a standard
8	of distribution; or
9	(2) The terms of the trust authorizing a distribution
10	couple language of discretion with language of
11	direction.
12	§ -507 Personal obligations of trustee. Trust property
13	is not subject to personal obligations of the trustee, even if
14	the trustee becomes insolvent or bankrupt.
15	PART VI. REVOCABLE TRUSTS
16	§ -601 Capacity of settlor of revocable trust. The
17	capacity required to create or add property to a revocable trust
18	is the same as that required to make a will. Unless otherwise
19	altered by the terms of the trust pursuant to section $-602(c)$ ,

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1 the trustee of a revocable trust is also the same as that 2 required to make a will.

S -602 Revocation or amendment of revocable trust. (a)
Unless the terms of a trust expressly provide that the trust is
irrevocable, the settlor may revoke or amend the trust. This
subsection shall not apply to a trust created under an
instrument executed before the effective date of this chapter.

8 (b) Unless the terms of a trust expressly provide
9 otherwise, if a revocable trust is created or funded by more
10 than one settlor:

11 (1) To the extent the trust consists of community 12 property, the trust may be revoked by either spouse 13 acting alone, but may be amended only by joint action 14 of both spouses;

15 (2) To the extent the trust consists of property other
16 than community property, each settlor may revoke or
17 amend the trust with regard to the portion of the
18 trust property attributable to that settlor's
19 contribution; and

20 (3) Upon the revocation or amendment of the trust by fewer
21 than all of the settlors, the trustee shall promptly

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1 notify the other settlors of the revocation or 2 amendment.

3 (c) The settlor may revoke or amend a revocable trust by
4 substantial compliance with a method provided in the terms of
5 the trust, including requiring a higher level of capacity to
6 amend or revoke, or, if the terms of the trust do not provide a
7 method of amendment or revocation, by any written and signed
8 method manifesting clear and convincing evidence of the
9 settlor's intent.

10 (d) Upon revocation of a revocable trust, the trustee11 shall deliver the trust property as the settlor directs.

(e) A settlor's powers with respect to revocation,
amendment, or distribution of trust property may be exercised by
an agent under a power of attorney only to the extent expressly
authorized by the terms of the trust and the power.

16 (f) A conservator of the settlor may exercise a settlor's 17 powers with respect to revocation, amendment, or distribution of 18 trust property only with the approval of the court supervising 19 the conservatorship.

20 (g) A trustee who does not have actual knowledge that a21 trust has been revoked or amended is not liable to the settlor

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or settlor's successors in interest for distributions made and
 other actions taken on the assumption that the trust had not
 been amended or revoked.

§ -603 Settlor's powers; powers of withdrawal. (a)
While the settlor of a revocable trust is alive, rights of the
beneficiaries are subject to the control of the settlor, the
duties of the trustee are owed exclusively to the settlor, and
beneficiaries other than the settlor have no right to receive
notice, information, or reports under section -813.

10 (b) The rights of the beneficiaries with respect to 11 property that is subject to a power of withdrawal are subject to 12 the control of the holder of the power during the period that 13 the power may be exercised, and the duties of the trustee are 14 owed exclusively to the holder of a power of withdrawal with 15 respect to the property that is subject to the power.

16 § -604 Limitation on action contesting validity of 17 revocable trust; distribution of trust property. (a) A person 18 may commence a judicial proceeding after the settlor's death to 19 contest the validity of a trust that was revocable at the 20 settlor's death within the earlier of:

21

Five years after the settlor's death; or

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(2) Ninety days after the trustee sent the person a copy
 of the trust instrument and a notice informing the
 person of the trust's existence, of the trustee's name
 and address, and of the time allowed for commencing a
 proceeding.

6 (b) Upon the death of the settlor of a trust that was
7 revocable at the settlor's death, the trustee may proceed to
8 distribute the trust property in accordance with the terms of
9 the trust. The trustee shall not be subject to liability for
10 doing so unless:

11 (1) The trustee has actual knowledge of a pending judicial
12 proceeding contesting the validity of the trust; or
13 (2) A potential contestant has notified the trustee of a
14 possible judicial proceeding to contest the trust and
15 a judicial proceeding is commenced within sixty days
16 after the contestant sent the notification.

17 (c) A beneficiary of a trust that is determined to have18 been invalid is liable to return any distribution received.

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1 PART VII. OFFICE OF TRUSTEE 2 S -701 Accepting or declining trusteeship. (a) Except 3 as otherwise provided in subsection (c), a person designated as 4 trustee accepts the trusteeship: 5 (1) By substantially complying with a method of acceptance provided in the terms of the trust; or 6 7 (2) If the terms of the trust do not provide a method of 8 acceptance or the method provided in the terms of the 9 trust is not expressly made exclusive, by knowingly 10 accepting delivery of the trust property, knowingly 11 exercising powers or performing duties as trustee, or 12 otherwise indicating acceptance of the trusteeship. 13 (b) A person designated as trustee who has not yet accepted the trusteeship may reject the trusteeship. A 14 15 designated trustee who does not accept the trusteeship within a reasonable time after knowing of the designation is deemed to 16 17 have rejected the trusteeship. 18 (c) A person designated as trustee, without accepting the 19 trusteeship, may:

20 (1) Act to preserve the trust property if, within a
21 reasonable time after acting, the person sends a

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1 rejection of the trusteeship to the settlor or, if the 2 settlor is dead or lacks capacity, to the designated 3 cotrustee, or, if none, to the successor trustee, or, 4 if none or unknown, to a qualified beneficiary; and 5 (2) Inspect or investigate trust property to determine 6 potential liability under environmental or other law 7 or for any other purpose.

§ -702 Trustee's bond. (a) A trustee shall give bond
9 to secure performance of the trustee's duties only if the court
10 finds that a bond is needed to protect the interests of the
11 beneficiaries or is required by the terms of the trust and the
12 court has not dispensed with the requirement.

13 (b) The court may specify the amount of a bond, its
14 liabilities, and whether sureties are necessary. The court may
15 modify or terminate a bond at any time.

16 (c) A bank or trust company qualified under chapter 412 to
17 do trust business in this State need not give bond, even if
18 required by the terms of the trust.

19 § -703 Cotrustees. (a) Cotrustees who are unable to
20 reach a unanimous decision after consultation among all the
21 cotrustees may act by majority decision.

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(b) If a vacancy occurs in a cotrusteeship, the remaining
 cotrustee or cotrustees may act for the trust.

3 Subject to the settlor's powers to direct under (C) 4 section -808, a cotrustee shall participate in the 5 performance of a trustee's function unless the cotrustee is unavailable to perform the function because of absence, illness, 6 7 disqualification under other law, or other temporary incapacity, or the cotrustee has properly delegated the performance of the 8 9 function to another trustee.

(d) If a cotrustee is unavailable to perform duties
because of absence, illness, disqualification under other law,
or other temporary incapacity, and prompt action is necessary to
achieve the purposes of the trust or to avoid injury to the
trust property, the remaining cotrustee or a majority of the
remaining cotrustees may act for the trust.

16 (e) A cotrustee who has a conflict of interest in
17 performing any duty shall notify the other cotrustee or
18 cotrustees of the conflict and may recuse itself from the
19 transaction and the remaining cotrustee or a majority of the
20 remaining cotrustees may act for the trust.

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1 (f) A trustee shall not delegate to a cotrustee the 2 performance of a function the settlor intended the trustees to 3 perform jointly. A trustee may revoke a delegation previously 4 made. 5 (g) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (h), a trustee who does not join in an action of another trustee is not 6 7 liable for the action. 8 (h) Subject to the settlor's powers to direct under 9 section -808, each trustee shall exercise reasonable care to: 10 (1) Prevent a cotrustee from committing a serious breach 11 of trust; and 12 (2) Compel a cotrustee to redress a serious breach of 13 trust. 14 (i) A dissenting trustee who joins in an action at the 15 direction of the majority of the trustees and who notified the 16 cotrustee or cotrustees in writing of the dissent at or before 17 the time of the action shall not be liable for the action unless 18 the action is a serious breach of trust. § -704 Vacancy in trusteeship; appointment of successor. 19 20 (a) A vacancy in a trusteeship occurs if:

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1	(1)	A person designated as trustee rejects the
2		trusteeship;
3	(2)	A person designated as trustee cannot be identified,
4		cannot be located, or does not exist;
5	(3)	A trustee resigns;
6	(4)	A trustee is disqualified, incapacitated, or removed;
7	(5)	A trustee dies; or
8	(6)	A guardian or conservator is appointed for an
9		individual serving as trustee.
10	(b)	If one or more cotrustees remain in office, a vacancy
11	in a trusteeship need not be filled. A vacancy in a trusteeship	
12	shall be	filled if the trust has no remaining trustee.
13	(C)	A vacancy in a trusteeship of a noncharitable trust
14	that is r	equired to be filled shall be filled in the following
15	order of	priority:
16	(1)	By a person designated in the terms of the trust to
17		act as successor trustee or a person named in the
18		trust who has authority to appoint a successor
19		trustee;
20	(2)	By a person selected by unanimous agreement of the
21		qualified beneficiaries; or

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1	(3)	By a person appointed by the court.
2	(d)	A vacancy in a trusteeship of a charitable trust that
3	is requir	red to be filled shall be filled in the following order
4	of priority:	
5	(1)	By a person designated in the terms of the trust to
6		act as successor trustee or a person named in the
7		trust who has authority to appoint a successor
8		trustee;
9	(2)	By a person selected by the charitable organizations
10		expressly designated to receive distributions under
11		the terms of the trust if the attorney general concurs
12		in the selection; or
13	(3)	By a person appointed by the court.
14	(e)	Regardless of whether a vacancy in a trusteeship
15	exists or	is required to be filled, the court may appoint an
16	additiona	l trustee or special fiduciary whenever the court
17	considers	the appointment necessary for the administration of
18	the trust	
19	S	-705 Resignation of trustee. (a) A trustee may
20	resign:	

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1 (1) For a revocable trust, upon at least thirty days' 2 notice to the settlor, if living, or if incapacitated, 3 to the settlor's duly appointed agent or conservator, 4 if any, and all cotrustees or, if none, to the 5 designated successor trustee or trustees; 6 (2) For an irrevocable trust, upon at least thirty days' 7 notice to the qualified beneficiaries, the settlor, if living, and all cotrustees or, if none, to the 8 9 designated successor trustee or trustees; or 10 (3) With the approval of the court. 11 In approving a resignation, the court may issue orders (b) 12 and impose conditions reasonably necessary for the protection of 13 the trust property. (c) Any liability of a resigning trustee or of any 14 15 sureties on the trustee's bond for acts or omissions of the 16 trustee is not discharged or affected by the trustee's 17 resignation. 18 (d) A trustee may seek release and discharge directly from 19 the beneficiaries or the court. 20 S -706 Removal of trustee. (a) For an irrevocable 21 trust, a cotrustee or a qualified beneficiary, or in the case of

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1	a charitable trust, the attorney general, may request the court
2	to remove a trustee, or a trustee may be removed by the court on
3	its own initiative. In the case of an irrevocable trust in
4	which the settlor has a retained interest, the settlor, the
5	settlor's conservator or guardian, or the settlor's duly
6	authorized agent under a durable power of attorney may also
7	request the court to remove a trustee.
8	(b) For a revocable trust, the settlor, the settlor's
9	conservator or guardian, the settlor's duly authorized agent
10	under a durable power of attorney, or a cotrustee may request
11	the court to remove a trustee, or a trustee may be removed by
12	the court on its own initiative.
13	(c) The court may remove a trustee if:
14	(1) The trustee has committed a serious breach of trust;
15	(2) Lack of cooperation among cotrustees substantially
16	impairs the administration of the trust;
17	(3) Because of unfitness, unwillingness, persistent
18	failure of the trustee to administer the trust
19	effectively, or any other reason, the court determines
20	removal of the trustee best serves the interests of
21	the beneficiaries; or

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1	(4)	Removal of the trustee best serves the interests of
2		all beneficiaries and:
3		(A) There has been a substantial change of
4		circumstances or removal is requested by all of
5		the qualified beneficiaries;
6		(B) Removal is not inconsistent with a material
7		purpose of the trust; and
8		(C) A suitable cotrustee or successor trustee is
9		available.
10	(d)	Pending a final decision on a request to remove a
11	trustee, d	or in lieu of or in addition to removing a trustee, the
12	court may	order appropriate relief under section -1001(b) as
13	may be neo	essary to protect the trust property or the interests
14	of the ber	eficiaries.
15	ş -	707 Delivery of property by former trustee. (a)
16	Unless a d	otrustee remains in office or the court otherwise
17	orders, an	d until the trust property is delivered to a successor
18	trustee, d	or other person entitled to it, a trustee who has
19	resigned o	r been removed has the duties of a trustee and the
20	powers neo	essary to protect the trust property.

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(b) A trustee who has resigned or been removed shall,
 within a reasonable time, deliver the trust property within the
 trustee's possession to the cotrustee, successor trustee, or
 other person entitled to it.

5 § -708 Compensation of trustee. (a) A trustee's
6 compensation shall be as set forth in sections 607-18 and
7 607-20, as appropriate.

8 (b) On petition of an interested person, after notice to 9 all interested persons, the court may review the propriety of employment of any person by a trustee, including any attorney, 10 auditor, investment advisor, or other specialized agent or 11 12 assistant; the reasonableness of the compensation of any person 13 so employed; the reasonableness of the determination of trust estate value or income made by the trustee for the purpose of 14 15 computing the fee allowed by sections 607-18 and 607-20; and the 16 reasonableness of any additional compensation for special 17 services under sections 607-18 and 607-20. Any person who has 18 received excessive compensation from a trust may be ordered to 19 make appropriate refunds.

20 § -709 Reimbursement of expenses. (a) A trustee or
21 designated trustee who acts in good faith is entitled to

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1 reimbursement out of the trust property, with interest as 2 appropriate, for: 3 (1) Expenses that were properly incurred in the 4 administration of the trust, including the defense or 5 prosecution of any action, whether successful or not, 6 unless the trustee is determined to have wilfully or 7 wantonly committed a material breach of trust; or (2) To the extent necessary to prevent unjust enrichment 8 9 of the trust, expenses that were not properly incurred 10 in the administration of the trust.

(b) An advance by the trustee or designated trustee of money for the protection of the trust gives rise to a lien against trust property to secure reimbursement with reasonable interest.

15

#### PART VIII. DUTIES AND POWERS OF TRUSTEE

16 § -801 Duty to administer trust. Upon acceptance of a 17 trusteeship, the trustee shall administer the trust in good 18 faith, in accordance with its terms and purposes and the 19 interests of the beneficiaries, and in accordance with this 20 chapter.

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1	\$	-802 Duty of loyalty. (a) A trustee shall administer	
2	the trust	solely in the interests of the beneficiaries.	
3	(b)	Subject to the rights of persons dealing with or	
4	assisting	the trustee as provided in section -1012, a sale,	
5	encumbran	ce, or other transaction involving the investment or	
6	managemen	t of trust property entered into by the trustee for the	
7	trustee's own personal account or that is otherwise affected by		
8	a conflict between the trustee's fiduciary and personal		
9	interests is voidable by a beneficiary affected by the		
10	transactio	on unless:	
11	(1)	The transaction was authorized by the terms of the	
12		trust;	
13	(2)	The transaction was approved by the court;	
14	(3)	The beneficiary did not commence a judicial proceeding	
15		within the time allowed by section -1005;	
16	(4)	The beneficiary consented to the trustee's conduct,	
17		ratified the transaction, or released the trustee in	
18		compliance with section -1009; or	
19	(5)	The transaction involves a contract entered into or	
20		claim acquired by the trustee before the person became	
21		or contemplated becoming a trustee.	

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1	(c) A s	ale, encumbrance, or other transaction involving	
2	the investment or management of trust property is presumed to be		
3	affected by a	conflict between personal and fiduciary interests	
4	if it is ente	red into by the trustee with:	
5	(1) The	trustee's spouse, or the spouse's descendants,	
6	sib	lings, or ancestors, and their spouses;	
7	(2) The	trustee's descendants, siblings, ancestors, or	
8	the	ir spouses;	
9	(3) An (	agent or attorney of the trustee;	
10	(4) A c	orporation or other person or enterprise in which	
11	the	trustee has such a substantial interest that it	
12	mig	ht affect the trustee's best judgment; or	
13	(5) A c	orporation or other person or enterprise that has	
14	suc	h a substantial interest in the trustee that it	
15	mig	ht affect the trustee's best judgment.	
16	(d) At	ransaction not concerning trust property in which	
17	the trustee e	ngages in the trustee's individual capacity	
18	involves a co	nflict between personal and fiduciary interests if	
19	the transaction	on concerns an opportunity properly belonging to	
20	the trust.		

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1 (e) An investment by a trustee in securities of an 2 investment company or investment trust to which the trustee or 3 its affiliate provides services in a capacity other than as 4 trustee is not presumed to be affected by a conflict between 5 personal and fiduciary interests if the investment otherwise complies with the prudent investor rule of part IX. In addition 6 7 to its compensation for acting as trustee, the trustee or its 8 affiliate may be compensated by the investment company or 9 investment trust for providing those services out of fees 10 charged to the trust. If the trustee or its affiliate receives 11 compensation from the investment company or investment trust for 12 providing investment advisory or investment management services, 13 the trustee shall at least annually notify the persons entitled 14 under section -813 to receive a copy of the trustee's annual 15 report of the rate and method by which that compensation was 16 determined.

(f) In voting shares of stock or in exercising powers of control over similar interests in other forms of business entities, the trustee shall act in the best interests of the beneficiaries. If the trust is the sole owner of a corporation or another form of a business entity, the trustee shall elect or

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1 appoint directors or other managers who will manage the 2 corporation or business entity in the best interests of the 3 beneficiaries. 4 (g) This section does not preclude the following 5 transactions, if fair to the beneficiaries: 6 An agreement between a trustee and a beneficiary (1)7 relating to the appointment or compensation of the 8 trustee; 9 (2) Payment of reasonable compensation to the trustee; 10 (3) A transaction between a trust and another trust, 11 decedent's estate, or conservatorship of which the 12 trustee is a fiduciary or in which a beneficiary has 13 an interest; 14 (4) A deposit of trust money in a regulated 15 financial-service institution operated by the trustee; 16 or 17 (5) An advance by the trustee of money for the protection 18 of the trust. 19 The court may appoint a special fiduciary to make a (h) 20 decision with respect to any proposed transaction that might 21 violate this section if entered into by the trustee.

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\$ -803 Impartiality. If a trust has two or more
 beneficiaries, the trustee shall act impartially in investing,
 managing, and distributing the trust property, giving due regard
 to the beneficiaries' respective interests.

5 § -804 Prudent administration. A trustee shall
6 administer the trust as a prudent person would, by considering
7 the purposes, terms, distributional requirements, and other
8 circumstances of the trust. In satisfying this standard, the
9 trustee shall exercise reasonable care, skill, and caution.

10 § -805 Costs of administration. In administering a 11 trust, the trustee may incur only costs that are reasonable in 12 relation to the trust property, the purposes of the trust, and 13 the skills of the trustee.

14 § -806 Trustee's skills. A trustee who has special
15 skills or expertise or is named trustee in reliance upon the
16 trustee's representation that the trustee has special skills or
17 expertise shall use those special skills or expertise.

18 § -807 Delegation by trustee. (a) A trustee may
19 delegate duties and powers that a prudent trustee of comparable
20 skills could properly delegate under the circumstances. The
21 trustee shall exercise reasonable care, skill, and caution in:

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1 (1) Selecting an agent;

2 (2) Establishing the scope and terms of the delegation,
3 consistent with the purposes and terms of the trust;
4 and

5 (3) Periodically reviewing the agent's actions to monitor
6 the agent's performance and compliance with the terms
7 of the delegation.

8 (b) In performing a delegated function, an agent owes a
9 duty to the trust to exercise reasonable care to comply with the
10 terms of the delegation.

(c) A trustee who complies with subsection (a) shall not be liable to the beneficiaries or to the trust for an action of the agent to whom the function was delegated.

(d) By accepting a delegation of powers or duties from the trustee of a trust that is subject to the law of this State, an agent submits to the jurisdiction of the courts of this State, even if the agency agreement provides otherwise, and the agent may be made a party to any action or proceeding if the issues relate to a decision, action, or inaction of the agent.

20 (e) Upon petition of a qualified beneficiary, after notice21 to all qualified beneficiaries, the trustee, and the agent of

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the trustee, the court may review the employment of any agent by
 the trustee and the reasonableness of the agent's compensation.
 Any agent who is found to have received excess compensation from
 a trust may be ordered to make appropriate refunds.

5 § -808 Powers to direct. (a) While a trust is
6 revocable and the settlor has capacity, the trustee may follow a
7 written direction of the settlor that is contrary to the terms
8 of the trust.

9 (b) The terms of a trust may confer upon a trustee or
10 other person a power to direct the modification or termination
11 of the trust.

(c) Whenever the terms of a trust direct that an advisor, rather than the trustee, shall have authority for certain fiduciary actions, the standard of care and performance for actions that are within the scope of the advisor's authority under the terms of a trust shall be as follows:

17 (1) Where one or more persons are given authority by the
18 terms of a trust and accept this authority to direct,
19 consent to, or disapprove a trustee's actual or
20 proposed investment decisions, distribution decisions,
21 or any other decision of the trustee, those persons

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1 shall be considered to be advisors and shall have the 2 duties and obligations of fiduciaries when exercising 3 the given authority, unless the trust provides 4 otherwise; 5 (2)If a trust provides that a trustee is to follow the direction of an advisor and the trustee acts in 6 7 accordance with the advisor's direction, then, except 8 in cases of wilful misconduct or gross negligence on 9 the part of the trustee so directed, the trustee shall 10 not be liable for any loss resulting directly or 11 indirectly from any such act; 12 (3) If a trust provides that a trustee is to make 13 decisions with the consent of an advisor, then, except 14 in cases of wilful misconduct or gross negligence on 15 the part of the trustee, the trustee shall not be 16 liable for any loss resulting directly or indirectly 17 from any act taken or omitted as a result of the 18 advisor's failure to provide consent after having been 19 requested to do so by the trustee; and 20 (4) Whenever a trust provides that a trustee is to follow 21 the direction of an advisor with respect to investment

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1 decisions, distribution decisions, or any other 2 decision of the trustee, then, except to the extent 3 that the terms of the trust provide otherwise, the 4 trustee shall have no duty to: 5 (A) Monitor the conduct of the advisor; (B) Provide advice to the advisor or consult with the 6 7 advisor; or 8 (C) Communicate with, warn, or apprise any 9 beneficiary or third party concerning instances 10 in which the trustee would or might have 11 exercised the trustee's own discretion in a 12 manner different from the manner directed by the 13 advisor. 14 Absent clear and convincing evidence to the contrary, the 15 actions of the trustee pertaining to matters within the scope of 16 the advisor's authority, such as confirming that the advisor's 17 directions have been carried out and recording and reporting actions taken at the advisor's direction, shall be presumed to 18 19 be administrative actions taken by the trustee solely to allow 20 the trustee to perform the duties assigned to the trustee under 21 the trust, and the administrative actions shall not be deemed to

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constitute an undertaking by the trustee to monitor the advisor
 or otherwise participate in actions within the scope of the
 advisor's authority.

4 (d) A person, other than a beneficiary, who holds a power
5 to direct is presumptively a fiduciary who, as such, is required
6 to act in good faith with regard to the purposes of the trust
7 and the interests of the beneficiaries. The holder of a power
8 to direct is liable for any loss that results from breach of a
9 fiduciary duty.

10 (e) For purposes of this section:

Il "Advisor" includes a protector that has been granted powers
Il and authority by the terms of a trust, including the power to:
Il (1) Remove and appoint trustees, advisors, trust committee
Il members, and other protectors;
Il (2) Modify or amend the trust to achieve a favorable tax
status or to facilitate the efficient administration

17 of the trust; and

18 (3) Modify, expand, or restrict the terms of a power of
19 appointment granted to a beneficiary by the trust.
20 "Investment decision" means the retention, purchase, sale,
21 exchange, tender, or other transaction affecting the ownership

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1 of or rights in any investment, or the valuation of nonpublicly
2 traded investments.

3 § -809 Control and protection of trust property. A
4 trustee shall take reasonable steps to take control of and
5 protect the trust property.

6 § -810 Recordkeeping and identification of trust
7 property. (a) A trustee shall keep adequate records of the
8 administration of the trust.

9 (b) A trustee shall keep trust property separate from the10 trustee's own property.

(c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d), a trustee shall cause the trust property to be designated so that the interest of the trust, to the extent feasible, appears in records maintained by a party other than a trustee or beneficiary.

16 (d) If the trustee maintains records clearly indicating
17 the respective interests, a trustee may invest as a whole the
18 property of two or more separate trusts.

19 § -811 Enforcement and defense of claims. (a) A
20 trustee shall take reasonable steps to enforce claims of the
21 trust and to defend claims against the trust.

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(b) A trustee may abandon or assign to one or more of the
 beneficiaries of the trust any claim that it believes is not
 prudent to enforce.

4 S -812 Collecting trust property. (a) A trustee shall 5 take reasonable steps to compel a former trustee or other person 6 to deliver trust property to the trustee and to redress a breach 7 of trust known to the trustee to have been committed by a former 8 trustee or other person, unless the beneficiaries consent to, 9 release, or ratify the actions of the former trustee or other 10 person under section -1009.

(b) In addition to any other legal or equitable remedies, a person who receives a distribution from a trust shall be liable to return the distribution to the extent that the trustee or a court subsequently determines that the person was not entitled to the distribution.

16 § -813 Duty to inform and report. (a) During the
17 lifetime of the settlor of a revocable trust, regardless of
18 whether the settlor has capacity to revoke the trust, the
19 trustee's duties under this section are owed exclusively to the
20 settlor. If the settlor lacks capacity to revoke the trust, a
21 trustee may satisfy the trustee's duties under this section by

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1	providing	information and reports to any one or more of the
2	following	in the order of preference listed:
3	(1)	The person or persons designated by the settlor in the
4		trust to receive information and reports on the
5		settlor's behalf;
6	(2)	The settlor's conservator;
7	(3)	The settlor's guardian;
8	(4)	The settlor's agent under durable power of attorney;
9		or
10	(5)	The settlor's spouse; provided that the spouse is a
11		beneficiary under the trust.
12	If th	ne settlor lacks capacity to revoke the trust and there
13	are no per	rsons listed in this subsection to whom the trustee may
14	provide in	nformation and reports, the trustee shall satisfy its
15	duties und	der this section by providing information and reports
16	to the qua	alified beneficiaries.
17	(b)	After the settlor's death, a trustee shall keep the
18	qualified	beneficiaries of the trust reasonably informed about
19	the admini	istration of the trust and of the material facts
20	necessary	for them to protect their interests. Unless
21	unreasonat	ole under the circumstances, a trustee shall promptly

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1	respond t	o a qualified beneficiary's request for information
2	related t	o the administration of the trust.
3	(c)	After the settlor's death, a trustee:
4	(1)	Upon request of a qualified beneficiary, shall
5		promptly furnish to the qualified beneficiary a copy
6		of the trust instrument;
7	(2)	Within sixty days after accepting a trusteeship, shall
8		notify the qualified beneficiaries of the acceptance
9		and of the trustee's name, address, and telephone
10		number;
11	(3)	Within sixty days after the date the trustee acquires
12		knowledge of the creation of an irrevocable trust or
13		the date the trustee acquires knowledge that a
14		formerly revocable trust has become irrevocable,
15		whether by the death of the settlor or otherwise,
16		shall notify the qualified beneficiaries of the
17		trust's existence, of the identity of the settlor or
18		settlors, of the right to request a copy of the trust
19		instrument, and of the right to a trustee's report as
20		provided in subsection (d); and

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1 (4) Shall notify the qualified beneficiaries in advance of 2 any change in the method or rate of the trustee's 3 compensation. 4 (d) A trustee shall send to the distributees or 5 permissible distributees of trust income or principal and other 6 qualified beneficiaries who request it, at least annually and at 7 the termination of the trust, a report of the trust property, 8 liabilities, receipts, and disbursements, including the source 9 and amount of the trustee's compensation, and a listing of the 10 trust assets and, if feasible, their respective market values. 11 Upon a vacancy in a trusteeship, unless a cotrustee remains in 12 office, a report shall be sent to the qualified beneficiaries by 13 the former trustee. A personal representative, conservator, or 14 guardian may send the qualified beneficiaries a report on behalf 15 of a deceased or incapacitated trustee. 16 (e) A qualified beneficiary may waive the right to a 17 trustee's report or other information otherwise required to be

18 furnished under this section. A qualified beneficiary, with 19 respect to future reports and other information, may withdraw a 20 waiver previously given.

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1 (f) A trustee may charge a reasonable fee to a qualified 2 beneficiary for providing information under this section. 3 (q) Every trustee acting under appointment of any court or 4 under any appointment requiring the approval of any court shall, 5 except where the prior trustee, if any, was not required by 6 statute or the instrument creating the trust or appointing the 7 trustee to file an account, file annually with the court having 8 jurisdiction thereof an account showing in detail all receipts 9 and disbursements, together with a full and detailed inventory 10 of all property in the trustee's possession or under the 11 trustee's control; provided that the court, when it deems it 12 advisable in the interests of the beneficiaries, may permit the 13 accounts to be filed biennially or triennially instead of 14 annually or, if they are filed annually, may permit them to 15 accumulate to be passed upon biennially or triennially; provided further that the court on its own examination or that of its 16 17 clerk shall, without reference to a master, pass upon the 18 accounts when the annual income does not exceed \$1,000, except 19 in the case of a final account when the court may refer the same 20 to a master, irrespective of the amount of the annual income, if 21 for any reason it is deemed proper or necessary. If any trustee

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1 fails to file an account as required in this section, the clerk 2 of the court in which the trustee is required to file the account shall notify the trustee promptly of the failure, and if 3 4 the trustee fails to file the account within thirty days after 5 the notification, the trustee shall be cited to appear before 6 the court and be required to show cause why the trustee should 7 not be punished for contempt of court as provided by 8 section 710-1077, and the trustee shall be subject to all of the 9 penalties provided in that section. The court may also, in its 10 discretion, remove the trustee.

11 (h) Unless otherwise required by the instrument creating 12 the trust, nothing in this section shall be construed to require 13 the filing of an annual account either by a trustee or trustees 14 appointed by the court as additional trustee or trustees to 15 serve with or in the place and stead of a trustee or trustees 16 appointed in the instrument creating a trust or by a trustee 17 whose appointment is made in accordance with or pursuant to the 18 instrument creating the trust where the appointment has been 19 confirmed by any court in proceedings brought to secure the 20 confirmation or approval thereof.

21

(i) Subsection (c)(2) and (3) shall not apply to:

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1	(1)	A trustee who accepts a trusteeship before the
2		effective date of this chapter;
3	(2)	An irrevocable trust created before the effective date
4		of this chapter; or
5	(3)	A revocable trust that becomes irrevocable before the
6		effective date of this chapter.
7	Ş	-814 Discretionary powers; tax savings. (a)
8	Notwithst	anding the breadth of discretion granted to a trustee
9	in the te	rms of the trust, including the use of terms such as
10	"absolute	", "sole", or "uncontrolled", the trustee shall
11	exercise	a discretionary power in good faith and in accordance
12	with the	terms and purposes of the trust and the interests of
13	the benef	iciaries.
14	(b)	Subject to subsection (d), and unless the terms of the
15	trust exp	ressly indicate that a rule in this subsection does not
16	apply:	
17	(1)	A person other than a settlor who is a beneficiary and
18		trustee of a trust that confers on the trustee a power
19		to make discretionary distributions to or for the
20		trustee's personal benefit may exercise the power only
21		in accordance with an ascertainable standard; and

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1	(2)	A trustee shall not exercise a power to make
2		discretionary distributions to satisfy a legal
3		obligation of support that the trustee personally owes
4		another person.
5	(c)	A power whose exercise is limited or prohibited by
6	subsectio	n (b) may be exercised by a majority of the remaining
7	trustees	whose exercise of the power is not so limited or
8	prohibite	d. If the power of all trustees is so limited or
9	prohibite	d, the court may appoint a special fiduciary with
10	authority	to exercise the power.
11	(d)	Subsection (b) shall not apply to:
12	(1)	A power held by the settlor's spouse who is the
13		trustee of a trust for which a marital deduction, as
14		defined in section 2056(b)(5) or 2523(e) of the
15		Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as in effect on the
16		effective date of this chapter was previously allowed;
17	(2)	Any trust during any period that the trust may be
18		revoked or amended by its settlor; or
19	(3)	A trust if contributions to the trust qualify for the
20		annual exclusion under section 2503(c) of the Internal

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1		Revenue Code of 1986, as in effect on the effective
2		date of this chapter.
3	Ş	-815 General powers of trustee. (a) A trustee,
4	without a	uthorization by the court, may exercise:
5	(1)	Powers conferred by the terms of the trust; and
6	(2)	Except as limited by the terms of the trust:
7		(A) All powers over the trust property that an
8		unmarried competent owner has over individually
9		owned property;
10		(B) Any other powers appropriate to achieve the
11		proper investment, management, and distribution
12		of the trust property; and
13		(C) Any other powers conferred by this chapter.
14	(b)	The exercise of a power is subject to the fiduciary
15	duties pro	escribed by this part.
16	\$	-816 Specific powers of trustee. Without limiting the
17	authority	conferred by section -815, a trustee may:
18	(1)	Collect trust property, accept or reject additions to
19		the trust property from a settlor or any other person,
20		and retain trust property, even if the trustee has a
21		personal interest in the property, until in the

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1		judgment of the trustee, disposition of the property
2		should be made;
3	(2)	Invest and reinvest trust assets and acquire or sell
4		property for cash or on credit at a public or private
5		sale;
6	(3)	Exchange, partition, or otherwise change the character
7		of trust property;
8	(4)	Deposit trust money in an account in a regulated
9		financial services institution, including a financial
10		institution operated by the trustee, if the deposit is
11		adequately insured or secured;
12	(5)	Borrow money, with or without security, including from
13		a corporate trustee's lending department, and mortgage
14		or pledge trust property for a period within or
15		extending beyond the duration of the trust; or advance
16		money for the protection of the trust and for all
17		expenses, losses, and liabilities sustained in the
18		administration of the trust or because of the holding
19		or ownership of any trust assets;
20	(6)	With respect to an interest in a proprietorship,
21		partnership, limited liability company, business

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1		trust,	corporation, or other form of business or
2		enterpi	rise, continue the business or other enterprise
3		and tal	se any action that may be taken by shareholders,
4		members	s, or property owners, including merging,
5		dissolv	ving, or otherwise changing the form of business
6		organiz	ation or contributing additional capital;
7	(7)	With re	espect to stocks or other securities, exercise
8		the rig	ghts of an absolute owner, including the right
9		to:	
10		(A) Vo	ote, or give proxies to vote, with or without
11		pc	ower of substitution, or enter into or continue
12		a	voting trust agreement;
13		(B) Ho	old a security in the name of a nominee or in
14		ot	ther form without disclosure of the trust so
15		tł	nat title may pass by delivery;
16		(C) Pa	ay calls, assessments, and other sums chargeable
17		01	accruing against the securities and sell or
18		e>	ercise stock option, subscription, conversion,
19		01	other rights; and
20		(D) De	posit the securities with a depositary or other
21		re	egulated financial services institution;

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1 (8) With respect to an interest in real property, 2 construct, or make ordinary or extraordinary repairs 3 to, alterations to, or improvements in, buildings or 4 other structures, demolish improvements, raze existing 5 or erect new party walls or buildings, subdivide or 6 develop land, dedicate land to public use, with or 7 without consideration, or grant public or private 8 easements, and make or vacate plats and adjust 9 boundaries; 10 Enter into a lease for any purpose as lessor or (9) 11 lessee, including a lease or other arrangement for 12 exploration and removal of natural resources, with or 13 without the option to purchase or renew, for a period 14 within or extending beyond the duration of the trust; 15 (10)Grant an option involving a sale, lease, or other 16 disposition of trust property or acquire an option for 17 the acquisition of property, including an option 18 exercisable beyond the duration of the trust, and 19 exercise an option so acquired; 20 (11)Insure the property of the trust against damage or 21 loss and insure the trustee, the trustee's agents, and

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1		beneficiaries against liability arising from the
2		administration of the trust;
3	(12)	Abandon or decline to administer property of no value
4		or of insufficient value to justify its collection or
5		continued administration;
6	(13)	With respect to possible liability for violation of
7		environmental law:
8		(A) Inspect or investigate property the trustee holds
9		or has been asked to hold, or property owned or
10		operated by an organization in which the trustee
11		holds or has been asked to hold an interest, for
12		the purpose of determining the application of
13		environmental law with respect to the property;
14		(B) Take action to prevent, abate, or otherwise
15		remedy any actual or potential violation of any
16		environmental law affecting property held
17		directly or indirectly by the trustee, whether
18		taken before or after the assertion of a claim or
19		the initiation of governmental enforcement;
20		(C) Decline to accept property into trust or disclaim
21		any power with respect to property that is or may

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	be burdened with liability for violation of
	environmental law;
	(D) Compromise claims against the trust that may be
	asserted for an alleged violation of
	environmental law; and
	(E) Pay the expense of any inspection, review,
	abatement, or remedial action to comply with
	environmental law;
(14)	Pay or contest any claim, settle a claim by or against
	the trust, and release, in whole or in part, a claim
	belonging to the trust;
(15)	Pay taxes, assessments, compensation of the trustee
	and of employees and agents of the trust, and other
	expenses incurred in the administration of the trust;
(16)	Exercise elections with respect to federal, state, and
	local taxes;
(17)	Select a mode of payment under any employee benefit or
	retirement plan, annuity, or life insurance payable to
	the trustee, exercise rights thereunder, including
	exercise of the right to indemnification for expenses
	(15)

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1		and against liabilities, and take appropriate action
2		to collect the proceeds;
3	(18)	Make loans out of trust property, including loans to a
4		beneficiary on terms and conditions the trustee
5		considers to be fair and reasonable under the
6		circumstances, and the trustee has a lien on future
7		distributions for repayment of those loans;
8	(19)	Pledge trust property to guarantee loans made by
9		others to the beneficiary or to an entity in which the
10		trust or beneficiary has an ownership interest;
11		provided that this power shall not apply to any
12		beneficiary whose interest is subject to a spendthrift
13		provision;
14	(20)	Appoint a trustee to act in another jurisdiction with
15		respect to trust property located in the other
16		jurisdiction, confer upon the appointed trustee any or
17		all of the powers and duties of the appointing
18		trustee, require that the appointed trustee furnish
19		security, and remove any trustee so appointed;
20	(21)	Pay an amount distributable to a beneficiary who is
21		under a legal disability or who the trustee reasonably

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1 believes is incapacitated, by paying it directly to 2 the beneficiary or applying it for the beneficiary's 3 benefit, or by: 4 (A) Paying it to the beneficiary's conservator or, if 5 the beneficiary does not have a conservator, the 6 beneficiary's guardian; 7 (B) Paying it to the beneficiary's custodian under 8 chapter 553A, the Hawaii Uniform Transfers to 9 Minors Act, or custodial trustee under 10 chapter 554B, the Hawaii Uniform Custodial Trust 11 Act, and, for that purpose, creating a 12 custodianship or custodial trust; 13 (C) If the trustee does not know of a conservator, 14 guardian, custodian, or custodial trustee, paying 15 it to an adult relative or other person having 16 legal or physical care or custody of the 17 beneficiary, to be expended on the beneficiary's 18 behalf; 19 (D) Managing it as a separate fund on the 20 beneficiary's behalf, subject to the

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	beneficiary's continuing right to withdraw the
	distribution; or
	(E) Creating or funding a plan under section 529 of
	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, in effect on
	July 1, 2003, for the beneficiary's benefit;
(22)	On distribution of trust property or the division or
	termination of a trust, make distributions in divided
	or undivided interests, allocate particular assets in
	proportionate or disproportionate shares, value the
	trust property for those purposes, and adjust for
	resulting differences in valuation;
(23)	Resolve a dispute concerning the interpretation of the
	trust or its administration by mediation, arbitration,
	or other procedure for alternative dispute resolution;
(24)	Prosecute or defend an action, claim, or judicial
	proceeding in any jurisdiction to protect trust
	property and the trustee in the performance of the
	trustee's duties, including petitioning the court for
	approval of accounts and termination and discharge of
	the trustee;
	(23)

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1 (25)Sign and deliver contracts and other instruments that 2 are useful to achieve or facilitate the exercise of 3 the trustee's powers; 4 (26) On termination of the trust, exercise the powers 5 appropriate to wind up the administration of the trust and distribute the trust property to the persons 6 7 entitled to it; 8 (27) Divide, sever, or separate a single trust into two or 9 more separate trusts or merge two or more separate 10 trusts into a single trust for administration or tax 11 purposes, including the allocation of the 12 generation-skipping transfer exemption; provided that 13 the terms of the new trust provide, in the aggregate, 14 for the same succession of interests and beneficiaries 15 as are provided in the original trust; and 16 Employ persons, including attorneys, auditors, (28) 17 investment advisors, or agents, even if they are 18 associated with the trustee, to advise or assist the 19 trustee in performance of the trustee's administrative 20 duties; act without independent investigation upon 21 their recommendations; and rather than acting

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personally, employ one or more agents to perform any administrative acts, regardless of whether the acts are discretionary.

4 S -817 Distribution upon termination. (a) Upon 5 termination or partial termination of a trust, the trustee may 6 send to the beneficiaries a proposal for distribution. The 7 right of any beneficiary to object to the proposed distribution 8 terminates if the beneficiary does not notify the trustee of an 9 objection within sixty days after the proposal was sent but only 10 if the proposal informed the beneficiary of the right to object 11 and of the time allowed for objection.

(b) Upon the occurrence of an event terminating or partially terminating a trust, the trustee shall proceed expeditiously to distribute the trust property to the persons entitled to it, subject to the right of the trustee to retain a reasonable reserve for the payment of debts, expenses, and taxes.

18 (c) A release by a beneficiary of a trustee from liability19 for breach of trust is invalid to the extent:

20

(1) It was induced by improper conduct of the trustee; or

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1 (2) The trustee failed to adequately disclose to the
2 beneficiary, at the time of the release, the material
3 facts relating to the breach or sufficient information
4 to enable the beneficiary to know of a potential claim
5 or to inquire into the existence of a breach or
6 potential claim.

7 (d) A person who receives a distribution from a trust that
8 has terminated shall be liable to return the distribution to the
9 extent that it is subsequently determined that the person was
10 not entitled to the distribution.

11

#### PART IX. UNIFORM PRUDENT INVESTOR ACT

12 § -901 Prudent investor rule. (a) Except as otherwise
13 provided in subsection (b), a trustee who invests and manages
14 trust assets owes a duty to the beneficiaries of the trust to
15 comply with the prudent investor rule set forth in this part.

(b) The prudent investor rule, a default rule, may be
expanded, restricted, eliminated, or otherwise altered by the
provisions of a trust. A trustee shall not be liable to a
beneficiary to the extent that the trustee acted in reasonable
reliance on the provisions of the trust.

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1 -902 Standard of care; portfolio strategy; risk and S 2 return objectives. (a) A trustee shall invest and manage trust 3 assets as a prudent investor would by considering the purposes, 4 terms, distribution requirements, and other circumstances of the 5 trust. In satisfying this standard, the trustee shall exercise 6 reasonable care, skill, and caution. 7 (b) A trustee's investment and management decisions 8 respecting individual assets shall be evaluated not in 9 isolation, but in the context of the trust portfolio as a whole 10 and as a part of an overall investment strategy having risk and 11 return objectives reasonably suited to the trust. 12 (c) Among circumstances that a trustee shall consider in 13 investing and managing trust assets are the following as are 14 relevant to the trust or its beneficiaries: 15 (1) General economic conditions: 16 (2) The possible effect of inflation or deflation; 17 (3) The expected tax consequences of investment decisions 18 or strategies; 19 (4) The role that each investment or course of action 20 plays within the overall trust portfolio, which may 21 include financial assets, interests in closely held

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1		enterprises, tangible and intangible personal
2		property, and real property;
3	(5)	The expected total return from income and the
4		appreciation of capital;
5	(6)	Other resources of the beneficiaries;
6	(7)	Needs for liquidity, regularity of income, and
7		preservation or appreciation of capital; and
8	(8)	An asset's special relationship or special value, if
9		any, to the purposes of the trust or to one or more of
10		the beneficiaries.
11	(d)	A trustee shall make a reasonable effort to verify
12	facts rel	evant to the investment and management of trust assets.
13	(e)	A trustee may invest in any kind of property or type
14	of invest	ment consistent with the standards of this chapter.
15	S	-903 Diversification. A trustee shall diversify the
16	investmen	ts of the trust unless the trustee reasonably
17	determine	s that, because of special circumstances or directives
18	of the tr	ust, the purposes of the trust are better served
19	without d	iversifying.
20	Ş	-904 Duties at inception of trusteeship. Within a

21 reasonable time after accepting a trusteeship or receiving trust

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1 assets, a trustee shall review the trust assets and make and 2 implement decisions concerning the retention and disposition of 3 assets to bring the trust portfolio into compliance with the 4 purposes, terms, distribution requirements, and other 5 circumstances of the trust and with the requirements of this 6 part.

7 § -905 Reviewing compliance. Compliance with the
8 prudent investor rule is determined in light of the facts and
9 circumstances existing at the time of a trustee's decision or
10 action and not by hindsight.

11 S -906 Language invoking standard of part. The 12 following terms or comparable language in the provisions of a 13 trust, unless otherwise limited or modified, authorizes any 14 investment or strategy permitted under this part: "authorized 15 investments"; "investments permissible by law for investment of trust funds"; "legal investments"; "prudent investor rule"; 16 "prudent man rule"; "prudent person rule"; "prudent trustee 17 18 rule"; and "using the judgment and care under the circumstances 19 then prevailing that persons of prudence, discretion, and 20 intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, 21 not in regard to speculation but in regard to the permanent

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1 disposition of their funds, considering the probable income as 2 well as the probable safety of their capital". 3 PART X. LIABILITY OF TRUSTEES AND RIGHTS OF PERSONS DEALING 4 WITH TRUSTEE 5 S -1001 Remedies for breach of trust. (a) A violation by a trustee of a duty the trustee owes to a beneficiary is a 6 7 breach of trust. A breach of trust may occur by reason of an 8 action or by reason of a failure to act. 9 (b) To remedy a breach of trust that has occurred or may 10 occur, the court may: 11 (1)Compel the trustee to perform the trustee's duties; 12 (2)Enjoin the trustee from committing a breach of trust; 13 (3) Compel the trustee to redress a breach of trust by 14 paying money, restoring property, or other means; 15 (4) Order a trustee to account; 16 Appoint a special fiduciary to take possession of the (5) 17 trust property and administer the trust; 18 (6) Suspend the trustee; 19 (7) Remove the trustee as provided in section -706; 20 (8) Reduce or deny compensation to the trustee;

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1	(9)	Subject to section $-1012$ , void an act of the
2		trustee, impose a lien or a constructive trust on
3		trust property, or trace trust property wrongfully
4		disposed of and recover the property or its proceeds;
5	(10)	Order that the trustee, not the trust, shall bear the
6		trustee's attorney's fees and those incurred by other
7		parties to the trust; or
8	(11)	Order any other appropriate relief, including punitive
9		damages.
10	(c)	The court, for cause shown, may relieve a trustee from
11	liability	for any breach of trust or wholly or partly excuse a
12	trustee w	ho has acted honestly and reasonably from liability for
13	a breach of trust.	
14	S	-1002 Damages for breach of trust. (a) A trustee who
15	commits a	breach of trust is liable to the beneficiaries
16	affected for the greater of:	
17	(1)	The amount required to restore the value of the trust
18		property and trust distributions to what they would
19		have been had the breach not occurred; or
20	(2)	The profit the trustee made by reason of the breach.

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1 (b) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if 2 more than one trustee is liable to the beneficiaries for a 3 breach of trust, a trustee is entitled to contribution from the 4 other trustee or trustees. In determining the amount of contribution, the court shall consider the degree of fault of 5 6 each trustee and whether any trustee or trustees acted in bad 7 faith or with reckless indifference to the purposes of the trust 8 or the interests of the beneficiaries. A trustee who received a benefit from the breach of trust is not entitled to contribution 9 10 from another trustee to the extent of the benefit received.

11 § -1003 No damages in absence of breach. Absent a
12 breach of trust, a trustee shall not be liable to a beneficiary
13 for a loss or depreciation in the value of trust property or for
14 not having made a profit.

15 § -1004 Attorney's fees and costs. (a) In a judicial 16 proceeding involving the administration, interpretation, or 17 validity of a trust, the court may award reasonable attorney's 18 fees, costs, and expenses to any party to the trust who has 19 acted in the best interest of the trust as a whole, to be paid 20 by another party or from the trust that is the subject of the 21 controversy.

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1 (b) If a trustee, a nominated trustee, or a beneficiary, 2 if a trustee or a nominated trustee refuses to act, defends or prosecutes any proceeding regarding the validity of a trust in 3 4 good faith, whether successful or not, that person is entitled 5 to receive from the trust reasonable costs, expenses, and 6 disbursements, including reasonable attorney's fees, regardless 7 of whether counsel has been retained on a contingency fee basis. 8 S -1005 Limitation of action against trustee. (a) A 9 beneficiary shall not commence a proceeding against a trustee 10 for breach of trust more than one year after the date the 11 beneficiary or a representative of the beneficiary, as described in part III, was sent a report that adequately disclosed the 12 13 existence of a potential claim for breach of trust and informed 14 the beneficiary of the time allowed for commencing a proceeding. 15 (b) A report adequately discloses the existence of a 16 potential claim for breach of trust if it provides sufficient 17 information so that the beneficiary or representative knows or 18 has reason to know of the potential claim or should have 19 inquired into its existence.

20 (c) If subsection (a) does not apply, a judicial
21 proceeding by a beneficiary against a trustee for breach of

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1 trust shall be commenced within three years after the first to 2 occur of:

3 (1) The removal or resignation of the trustee;

4 (2) The termination of the beneficiary's interest in the
5 trust; or

**6** (3) The termination of the trust.

7 (d) If subsection (a) does not apply, a judicial
8 proceeding by a beneficiary against a deceased trustee for
9 breach of trust shall be commenced within the time frames set
10 forth in section 560:3-803(a).

11 § -1006 Reliance on trust instrument. A trustee who
12 acts in reasonable reliance on the terms of the trust as
13 expressed in the trust instrument shall not be liable to a
14 beneficiary for a breach of trust to the extent the breach
15 resulted from the reliance.

16 § -1007 Event affecting administration or distribution.
17 If the happening of an event, including marriage, divorce,
18 performance of educational requirements, or attainment of a
19 specific age, birth, or death, affects the administration or
20 distribution of a trust, a trustee who has exercised reasonable

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care to ascertain the happening of the event shall not be liable
 for a loss resulting from the trustee's lack of knowledge.

3 § -1008 Exculpation of trustee. A term of a trust
4 relieving a trustee of liability for breach of trust is
5 unenforceable to the extent that it:

- 6 (1) Relieves the trustee of liability for breach of trust
  7 committed in bad faith or with reckless indifference
  8 to the purposes of the trust or the interests of the
  9 beneficiaries; or
- 10 (2) Was inserted as the result of an abuse by the trustee
  11 of either a fiduciary or confidential relationship to
  12 the settlor.

-1009 Beneficiary's consent, release, or ratification. 13 S 14 A trustee is not liable to a beneficiary for breach of trust if 15 the beneficiary or the representative of the beneficiary, as 16 described in part III, consented to the conduct constituting the breach, released the trustee from liability for the breach, or 17 18 ratified the transaction constituting the breach, unless: 19 (1)The consent, release, or ratification of the 20 beneficiary was induced by improper conduct of the

21 trustee; or

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(2) At the time of the consent, release, or ratification,
 the beneficiary did not know of the beneficiary's
 rights or of the material facts relating to the
 breach.

\$ -1010 Limitation on personal liability of trustee.
(a) Except as otherwise provided in the contract, a trustee
shall not be personally liable on a contract properly entered
into in the trustee's fiduciary capacity in the course of
administering the trust if the trustee in the contract disclosed
the fiduciary capacity.

(b) A trustee shall be personally liable for torts
committed in the course of administering a trust or for
obligations arising from ownership or control of trust property,
including liability for violation of environmental law, only if
the trustee is personally at fault.

16 (c) A claim based on a contract entered into by a trustee 17 in the trustee's fiduciary capacity, on an obligation arising 18 from ownership or control of trust property, or on a tort 19 committed in the course of administering a trust, may be 20 asserted in a judicial proceeding against the trustee in the

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1 trustee's fiduciary capacity, regardless of whether the trustee
2 is personally liable for the claim.

3 (d) Any judgment obtained against the trustee in the
4 trustee's fiduciary capacity may be collected against the trust
5 estate. The questions of liability as between the trust estate
6 and the trustee personally may be determined in a proceeding for
7 accounting, surcharge, or indemnification or other appropriate
8 proceeding.

9 S -1011 Interest as general partner. (a) Unless 10 personal liability is imposed in the contract, a trustee who holds an interest as a general partner in a general or limited 11 12 partnership shall not be personally liable on a contract entered 13 into by the partnership after the trust's acquisition of the interest if the fiduciary capacity was disclosed in the contract 14 15 or in a statement previously filed pursuant to part IV of 16 chapter 425, the Uniform Partnership Act, or chapter 425E, Uniform Limited Partnership Act. 17

(b) A trustee who holds an interest as a general partner
shall not be personally liable for torts committed by the
partnership or for obligations arising from ownership or control
of the interest unless the trustee is personally at fault.

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(c) The immunity provided by this section shall not apply
 if an interest in the partnership is held by the trustee in a
 capacity other than that of trustee or is held by the trustee's
 spouse, one or more of the trustee's descendants, siblings, or
 parents, or a spouse of any of them.

6 (d) If the trustee of a revocable trust holds an interest
7 as a general partner, the settlor shall be personally liable for
8 contracts and other obligations of the partnership as if the
9 settlor were a general partner.

10 S -1012 Protection of person dealing with trustee. (a) 11 A person, other than a beneficiary, who in good faith assists a 12 trustee or who in good faith and for value deals with a trustee, without actual knowledge that the trustee is exceeding or 13 14 improperly exercising the trustee's powers, shall be protected 15 from liability as if the trustee properly exercised the power. 16 (b) A person, other than a beneficiary, who in good faith 17 deals with a trustee shall not be required to inquire into the extent of the trustee's powers or the propriety of their 18 19 exercise.

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(c) A person who in good faith delivers assets to a
 trustee shall not be required to ensure their proper
 application.

4 (d) A person, other than a beneficiary, who in good faith
5 assists a former trustee or who in good faith and for value
6 deals with a former trustee, without actual knowledge that the
7 trusteeship has terminated, shall be protected from liability as
8 if the former trustee were still a trustee.

9 (e) Comparable protective provisions of other laws
10 relating to commercial transactions or transfer of securities by
11 fiduciaries shall prevail over the protection provided by this
12 section.

13 § -1013 Certification of trust. (a) Instead of
14 furnishing a copy of the trust instrument to a person other than
15 a beneficiary, the trustee may furnish to the person a
16 certification of trust containing the following information:

17 (1) That the trust exists, the date the trust instrument
18 was executed, and the name of the trust;

19 (2) The identity of the settlor;

20 (3) The identity and address of the currently acting
21 trustee;

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1 (4) The powers of the trustee; 2 (5) The revocability or irrevocability of the trust and 3 the identity of any person holding a power to revoke the trust; 4 5 The authority of cotrustees to sign or otherwise (6) 6 authenticate and whether all or less than all are 7 required to exercise powers of the trustee; and 8 (7) If an action is to be undertaken through an agent, 9 that delegation of the action to an agent is not 10 prohibited by the trust instrument. 11 (b) A certification of trust may be signed or otherwise 12 authenticated by any trustee. 13 (c) A certification of trust shall state that the trust

14 has not been revoked, modified, or amended in any manner that 15 would cause the representations contained in the certification 16 of trust to be incorrect.

17 (d) A certification of trust shall not be required to18 contain the dispositive terms of a trust.

(e) A recipient of a certification of trust may require
the trustee to furnish copies of those excerpts from the
original trust instrument and later amendments that designate

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the trustee and confer upon the trustee the power to act in the
 pending transaction.

3 (f) A person who acts in reliance upon a certification of 4 trust without knowledge that the representations contained 5 therein are incorrect shall not be liable to any person for so 6 acting and may assume without inquiry the existence of the facts 7 contained in the certification. Knowledge of the terms of the trust shall not be inferred solely from the fact that a copy of 8 all or part of the trust instrument is held by the person 9 10 relying upon the certification.

(g) A person who in good faith enters into a transaction in reliance upon a certification of trust may enforce the transaction against the trust property as if the representations contained in the certification were correct.

(h) A person making a demand for the trust instrument in addition to a certification of trust or excerpts shall be liable for damages if the court determines that the person did not act in good faith in demanding the trust instrument.

(i) This section shall not limit the right of a person to
obtain a copy of the trust instrument in a judicial proceeding
concerning the trust.

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1 PART XI. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS 2 -1101 Uniformity of application and construction. S In 3 applying and construing this chapter, consideration shall be 4 given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect 5 to its subject matter among states that enact it. 6 S -1102 Electronic records and signatures. The 7 provisions of this chapter governing the legal effect, validity, 8 or enforceability of electronic records or electronic signatures 9 and of contracts formed or performed with the use of those 10 records or signatures conform to the requirements of section 102 11 of the Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act 12 (15 U.S.C. 7002) and supersede, modify, and limit the 13 requirements of the Electronic Signatures in Global and National 14 Commerce Act. 15 S -1103 Severability clause. If any provision of this 16 chapter or its application to any person or circumstances is 17 held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or 18 applications of this chapter that can be given effect without

19 the invalid provision or application, and to this end the 20 provisions of this chapter are severable.

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1	S	-1104 Application to existing relationships. (a)
2	Except as	otherwise provided in this chapter, on the effective
3	date of t	his chapter:
4	(1)	This chapter applies to all trusts created before, on,
5		or after its effective date;
6	(2)	This chapter applies to all judicial proceedings
7		concerning trusts commenced on or after its effective
8		date;
9	(3)	This chapter applies to judicial proceedings
10		concerning trusts commenced before its effective date
11		unless the court finds that application of a
12		particular provision of this chapter would
13		substantially interfere with the effective conduct of
14		the judicial proceedings or prejudice the rights of
15		the parties, in which case the particular provision of
16		this chapter shall not apply and the superseded law
17		applies;
18	(4)	Any rule of construction or presumption provided in
19		this chapter applies to trust instruments executed
20		before the effective date of the chapter unless there

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1		is a clear indication of a contrary intent in the
2		terms of the trust; and
3	(5)	An act done before the effective date of the chapter
4		is not affected by this chapter.
5	(d)	If a right is acquired, extinguished, or barred upon
6	the expira	ation of a prescribed period that has commenced to run
7	under any	other statute before the effective date of the
8	chapter, t	that statute continues to apply to the right even if it
9	has been r	repealed or superseded."
10	SECTI	ION 3. Section 415A-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended by	y amending the definition of "professional service" to
12	read as fo	ollows:
13	""Pro	ofessional service" means any service [ <del>which</del> ] <u>that</u>
14	lawfully m	may be rendered only by persons licensed under
15	chapters 4	142, 448, 453, 455, 457, 459, 461, 463E, 465, 466, 471,
16	and $605[\frac{1}{7}]$	-and-section-554-2]."
17	SECTI	ION 4. Section 554G-4.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended by	y amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
19	"(c)	Notwithstanding subsection (b), whenever there is a
20	dispute, c	deadlock, or difference of opinion between a trustee
21	and an adv	visor, the transferor may direct that the determination

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1	of the advisor shall be binding upon the trustee; provided that
2	the trustee shall bear no liability or accountability for any
3	act or transaction entered into or omitted as a result of the
4	enforcement of the advisor's determination. The trustee's
5	administrative and non-administrative fiduciary duty to the
6	beneficiaries shall be waived as to the specific act or
7	transaction entered into or omitted as a result of the
8	enforcement of the advisor's determination; provided that:
9	(1) The trustee dissents in writing:
10	(A) Before the act or transaction is completed;
11	(B) To a failure to act; or
12	(C) In a reasonably timely manner to enter into a
13	transaction; or
14	(2) If the advisor is appointed by the transferor under
15	the terms of the trust and section $[\frac{560:7-302}{2}]$
16	-808(c) applies to the trust and the advisor, the
17	trustee is not required to dissent in writing for the
18	waiver of the trustee's administrative and
19	[nonadministrative] non-administrative fiduciary
20	duties to the beneficiaries to take effect."

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SECTION 5. Section 556A-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
 amended by amending the definition of "court" to read as
 follows:

4 ""Court" means the circuit court in this State having 5 jurisdiction in matters relating to powers of attorney, in the 6 case of a fiduciary or agent acting under a will or power of 7 attorney; a circuit court in this State having jurisdiction in 8 matters relating to the affairs of decedents, in the case of a 9 personal representative; a circuit court in this State having 10 jurisdiction in matters relating to the affairs of decedents or 11 the family court, depending on which court has subject matter 12 jurisdiction under section 560:5-106, in the case of a 13 conservatorship; or a court that has jurisdiction under section 14  $[560:7-204_r]$  -202, in the case of a trustee acting under a 15 trust."

16 SECTION 6. Section 560:3-703, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 17 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

18 "(a) A personal representative is a fiduciary who shall
19 observe the standards of care applicable to trustees as
20 described by [section 560:7-302.] sections -804, -806, and
21 -808(c). A personal representative is under a duty to settle

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and distribute the estate of the decedent in accordance with the 1 2 terms of any probated and effective will and this chapter, and 3 as expeditiously and efficiently as is consistent with the best 4 interests of the estate. The personal representative shall use 5 the authority conferred upon the personal representative by this chapter, the terms of the will, if any, and any order in 6 7 proceedings to which the personal representative is party for the best interests of successors to the estate." 8 9 SECTION 7. Section 560:3-913, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 10 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 11 "(a) Before distributing to a trustee, the personal 12 representative may require that the trust be registered if the 13 [State] state in which it is to be administered provides for 14 registration and that the trustee inform the beneficiaries as provided in section [560:7-303.] -813." 15 16 SECTION 8. Section 560:8-101, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 17 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows: 18 "(b) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, on the 19 effective date of this chapter: 20 The chapter applies to any wills of decedents dying (1)21 thereafter;

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1 The chapter applies to any proceedings in court then (2) 2 pending or thereafter commenced regardless of the time 3 of the death of decedent except to the extent that in 4 the opinion of the court the former procedure should 5 be made applicable in a particular case in the 6 interest of justice or because of infeasibility of 7 application of the procedure of this chapter; 8 (3) Every executor of a will admitted to a probate [prior 9 to] before July 1, 1977, in this State and every 10 administrator appointed [prior to] before July 1, 1977, by a court of this State shall be a supervised 11 12 personal representative with respect to the estate, 13 and every guardian of the property appointed [prior 14 to] before July 1, 1976, by a court of this State 15 shall be a guardian of the property, with only the 16 powers conferred by this chapter and subject to the 17 duties imposed by this chapter with respect to any act 18 occurring or done thereafter. Every guardian of a 19 person holding an appointment on that date continues 20 to hold the appointment but has only the powers 21 conferred by this chapter and is subject to the duties

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1		imposed by this chapter with respect to any act
2		occurring or done thereafter;
3	(4)	The consequences of an act done before the applicable
4		effective date in any proceeding and any accrued right
5		is not impaired by this chapter. If a right is
6		acquired, extinguished, or barred upon the expiration
7		of a prescribed period of time which has commenced to
8		run by the provisions of any statute before July 1,
9		1977, the provisions of [ <del>such</del> ] <u>the</u> statute shall
10		remain in force with respect to that right;
11	(5)	Any rule of construction or presumption provided in
12		this chapter applies to instruments executed and
13		multiple-party accounts opened before July 1, 1976,
14		unless there is a clear indication of a contrary
15		intent; <u>and</u>
16	(6)	Notwithstanding any of the above, this chapter shall
17		not affect any property or other rights accrued under
18		the case and statutory law of this State, including
19		but not limited to the law relating to intestacy,
20		dower and curtesy (chapters 532 and 533), which became
21		vested [ <del>prior to</del> ] <u>before</u> July 1, 1977[+

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1 (7) Section 560:7-501 applies to governing instruments 2 executed on or after June 24, 2005]." SECTION 9. Chapter 554A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 3 repealed. 4 5 SECTION 10. Chapter 554C, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 6 repealed. 7 SECTION 11. Article VII of chapter 560, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is repealed. 8 9 SECTION 12. Section 554-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 10 repealed. ["\$554-2 Nomination by beneficiaries; appointment of 11 12 trustees. (a) Whenever any appointment of a trustee under a 13 private trust is made by any court of record, if, prior to such 14 appointment, beneficiaries who constitute a majority both in 15 number and interest of the beneficiaries of the trust (as 16 hereinafter defined) nominate for the trusteeship by an 17 instrument or instruments in writing filed in the court any 18 qualified person or corporation worthy in the opinion of the 19 court to be appointed, the court shall appoint the nominee as 20 the trustee, unless the express terms of the trust provide an 21 effective method of nomination or appointment. No person so

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1	nominated as trustee by the beneficiaries of any such trust
2	shall be held disqualified to be appointed or to act as the
3	trustee for the sole reason that the person is a beneficiary or
4	a possible beneficiary under the trust estate.
5	(b) The term "majority both in number and interest of the
6	beneficiaries of the trust," as used in this section, means a
7	majority of the competent adult beneficiaries holding more than
8	one-half of the value of the then vested interests held by all
9	the competent adult beneficiaries in the trust; provided that if
10	the guardian of any spendthrift, non compos person, or minor,
11	owning such a vested interest, when the guardian is not an adult
12	beneficiary, or married to an adult beneficiary, of the trust,
13	executes or joins in the execution of any instrument of
14	nomination and presents the same to the court (each such
15	guardian being hereby authorized in the guardian's discretion
16	either to execute or to refrain from executing the instrument of
17	nomination, as in the guardian's judgment shall be in the best
18	interest of the guardian's ward), then the spendthrift, non
19	compos person, or minor, and the value of the spendthrift's, non
20	compos person's, or minor's interest shall be included in
21	determining the majority both in number and interest of the

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1	beneficiaries of the trust. The value of the then vested
2	interests shall be determined as of the date of the presentation
3	of the instrument or instruments of nomination to the court, in
4	the manner provided for the appraisal of similar interests under
5	the laws of the State for inheritance tax purposes and as the
6	same would be valued for the purposes if the trust had been
7	created by instrument made in contemplation of the death of the
8	person who created the trust and the trust had come into
9	existence and the death had occurred on the date of presentation
10	of the instrument or instruments of nomination. When more than
11	one instrument is presented to the court designating the same
12	nominee, the date of presentation for the purposes of this
13	section shall be deemed to be the date when the last instrument
14	is so presented.
15	(c) This section applies to trusts created before, as well
16	as to those created after April 28, 1943."]
17	SECTION 13. Section 554-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	repealed.
19	[" <b>§554-4 Annual account; trustees to file.</b> Every-trustee
20	acting under appointment of any court or under any appointment
21	requiring the approval of any court, shall, except in cases

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1	where the prior trustee, if any, was not required by statute or
2	the instrument creating the trust or appointing the trustee to
3	file such an account, file annually with the court having
4	jurisdiction thereof an account showing in detail all receipts
5	and disbursements, together with a full and detailed inventory
6	of all property in the trustee's possession or under the
7	trustee's control; provided that the court in cases in which it
8	deems it advisable in the interests of the beneficiaries may
9	permit the accounts to be filed biennially or triennially
10	instead of annually or, if they are filed annually, may permit
11	them to accumulate to be passed upon biennially or triennially;
12	and provided further that the court on its own examination or
13	that of its clerk, shall, without reference to a master, pass
14	upon the accounts in cases in which the annual income does not
15	exceed \$1,000, except in the case of a final account when the
16	court may refer the same to a master, irrespective of the amount
17	of the annual income, if for any reason it is deemed proper or
18	necessary. If any such trustee fails to file an account as
19	herein required, the clerk of the court in which the trustee is
20	required to file the account, shall notify the trustee promptly
21	of such failure, and, if the trustee fails to file the account

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1	within thirty days after such notification, the trustee shall be
2	cited to appear before the court and be required to show cause
3	why the trustee should not be punished for contempt of court as
4	provided by section 710-1077 and the trustee shall be subject to
5	all of the penalties in such section provided. The court may
6	also, in its discretion, remove any such trustee.
7	Unless otherwise required by the instrument creating the
8	trust, nothing in this section-shall be construed to require the
9	filing of an annual account by a trustee or trustees appointed
10	by the court as additional trustee or trustees to serve with or
11	in the place and stead of a trustee or trustees appointed in the
12	instrument creating a trust, nor by a trustee whose appointment
13	is made in accordance with or pursuant to the instrument
14	creating the trust where such appointment has been confirmed by
15	any court in proceedings brought to secure the confirmation or
16	approval thereof. This provision applies to trusts existing on
17	May 13, 1935, and appointments made thereunder as well as to
18	future trusts."]
19	SECTION 14. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
20	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
21	SECTION 15. This Act shall take effect on January 1, 2022.

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#### Report Title:

Judiciary Package; Uniform Trust Code

#### Description:

Enacts the 2018 Uniform Trust Code. Repeals the Uniform Trustees' Powers Act, Uniform Prudent Investor Act, and laws regarding trust administration under the Uniform Probate Code. Effective 1/1/2022. (HD1)

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