JAN 2 2 2021

A BILL FOR AN ACT

REGARDING THE GENERAL POWERS AND LIMITATION OF THE COUNTIES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 46-1.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 2 amended to read as follows:
- 3 "§46-1.5 General powers and limitation of the counties.
- 4 Subject to the power reserved to the State to legislate and
- 5 administer matters of statewide concern by general law, each
- 6 county shall have the following powers and shall be subject to
- 7 the following liabilities and limitations:
- 8 (1) Each county shall have the power to frame and adopt a
- 9 charter for its own self-government that shall
- 10 establish the county executive, administrative, and
- 11 legislative structure and organization, including but
- not limited to the method of appointment or election
- of officials, their duties, responsibilities, and
- 14 compensation, and the terms of their office;
- 15 (2) Each county shall have the power to provide for and
- 16 regulate the marking and lighting of all buildings and
- 17 other structures that may be obstructions or hazards



1		to derial havigation, so lar as may be necessary or
2		proper for the protection and safeguarding of life,
3		health, and property;
4	(3)	Each county shall have the power to enforce all claims
5		on behalf of the county and approve all lawful claims
6		against the county, but shall be prohibited from
7		entering into, granting, or making in any manner any
8		contract, authorization, allowance payment, or
9		liability contrary to the provisions of any county
10		charter or general law;
11	(4)	Each county shall have the power to make contracts and
12		to do all things necessary and proper to carry into
13		execution all powers vested in the county or any
14		county officer;
15	(5)	Each county shall have the power to:
16		(A) Maintain channels, whether natural or artificial,
17		including their exits to the ocean, in suitable
18		condition to carry off storm waters;
19		(B) Remove from the channels, and from the shores and
20		beaches, any debris that is likely to create an
21		unsanitary condition or become a public nuisance;

1		provided that, to the extent any or the foregoing
2		work is a private responsibility, the
3		responsibility may be enforced by the county in
4		lieu of the work being done at public expense;
5	(C)	Construct, acquire by gift, purchase, or by the
6		exercise of eminent domain, reconstruct, improve,
7		better, extend, and maintain projects or
8		undertakings for the control of and protection
9		against floods and flood waters, including the
10		power to drain and rehabilitate lands already
11		flooded;
12	(D)	Enact zoning ordinances providing that lands
13		deemed subject to seasonable, periodic, or
14		occasional flooding shall not be used for
15		residence or other purposes in a manner as to
16		endanger the health or safety of the occupants
17		thereof, as required by the Federal Flood
18		Insurance Act of 1956 (chapter 1025, Public Law
19		1016); and

1		(E) Establish and charge user lees to create and
2		maintain any stormwater management system or
3		infrastructure;
4	(6)	Each county shall have the power to exercise the power
5		of condemnation by eminent domain when it is in the
6		public interest to do so;
7	(7)	Each county shall have the power to exercise
8		regulatory powers over business activity as are
9		assigned to them by chapter 445 or other general law;
10	(8)	Each county shall have the power to fix the fees and
11		charges for all official services not otherwise
12		provided for;
13	(9)	Each county shall have the power to provide by
14		ordinance assessments for the improvement or
15		maintenance of districts within the county;
16	(10)	Except as otherwise provided, no county shall have the
17		power to give or loan credit to, or in aid of, any
18		person or corporation, directly or indirectly, except
19		for a public purpose;
20	(11)	Where not within the jurisdiction of the public
21		utilities commission, each county shall have the power

1	to regulate by ordinance the operation of motor
2	vehicle common carriers transporting passengers within
3	the county and adopt and amend rules the county deems
4	necessary for the public convenience and necessity;
5 (1	Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce
6	ordinances necessary to prevent or summarily remove
7	public nuisances and to compel the clearing or removal
8	of any public nuisance, refuse, and uncultivated
9	undergrowth from streets, sidewalks, public places,
10	and unoccupied lots. In connection with these powers,
11	each county may impose and enforce liens upon the
12	property for the cost to the county of removing and
13	completing the necessary work where the property
14	owners fail, after reasonable notice, to comply with
15	the ordinances. The authority provided by this
16	paragraph shall not be self-executing, but shall
17	become fully effective within a county only upon the
18	enactment or adoption by the county of appropriate and
19	particular laws, ordinances, or rules defining "public
20	nuisances" with respect to each county's respective
21	circumstances. The counties shall provide the

1		property owner with the opportunity to contest the
2		summary action and to recover the owner's property;
3	(13)	Each county shall have the power to enact ordinances
4		deemed necessary to protect health, life, and
5		property, and to preserve the order and security of
6		the county and its inhabitants on any subject or
7		matter not inconsistent with, or tending to defeat,
8		the intent of any state statute where the statute does
9		not disclose an express or implied intent that the
10		statute shall be exclusive or uniform throughout the
11		State;
12	(14)	Each county shall have the power to:
13		(A) Make and enforce within the limits of the county
14		all necessary ordinances covering all:
15		(i) Local police matters;
16		(ii) Matters of sanitation;
17		(iii) Matters of inspection of buildings;
18		(iv) Matters of condemnation of unsafe
19		structures, plumbing, sewers, dairies, milk,
20		fish, and morgues; and

1			(v) Matters of the collection and disposition of
2			rubbish and garbage;
3		(B)	Provide exemptions for homeless facilities and
4			any other program for the homeless authorized by
5			part XVII of chapter 346, for all matters under
6			this paragraph;
7		(C)	Appoint county physicians and sanitary and other
8			inspectors as necessary to carry into effect
9			ordinances made under this paragraph, who shall
10			have the same power as given by law to agents of
11			the department of health, subject only to
12			limitations placed on them by the terms and
13			conditions of their appointments; and
14		(D)	Fix a penalty for the violation of any ordinance,
15			which penalty may be a misdemeanor, petty
16			misdemeanor, or violation as defined by general
17			law;
18	(15)	Each	county shall have the power to provide public
19		poun	ds; to regulate the impounding of stray animals
20		and	fowl, and their disposition; and to provide for

1		the appointment, powers, duties, and fees of animal
2		control officers;
3	(16)	Each county shall have the power to purchase and
4		otherwise acquire, lease, and hold real and personal
5		property within the defined boundaries of the county
6		and to dispose of the real and personal property as
7		the interests of the inhabitants of the county may
8		require, except that:
9		(A) Any property held for school purposes may not be
10		disposed of without the consent of the
11		superintendent of education;
12		(B) No property bordering the ocean shall be sold or
13		otherwise disposed of; and
14		(C) All proceeds from the sale of park lands shall be
15		expended only for the acquisition of property for
16		park or recreational purposes;
17	(17)	Each county shall have the power to provide by charter
18		for the prosecution of all offenses and to prosecute
19		for offenses against the laws of the State under the
20		authority of the attorney general of the State;

1	(18)	Each	county shall have the power to make
2		appr	opriations in amounts deemed appropriate from any
3		mone	ys in the treasury, for the purpose of:
4		(A)	Community promotion and public celebrations;
5		(B)	The entertainment of distinguished persons as may
6			from time to time visit the county;
7		(C)	The entertainment of other distinguished persons,
8			as well as, public officials when deemed to be in
9			the best interest of the community; and
10		(D)	The rendering of civic tribute to individuals
11			who, by virtue of their accomplishments and
12			community service, merit civic commendations,
13			recognition, or remembrance;
14	(19)	Each	county shall have the power to:
15		(A)	Construct, purchase, take on lease, lease,
16			sublease, or in any other manner acquire, manage,
17			maintain, or dispose of buildings for county
18			purposes, sewers, sewer systems, pumping
19			stations, waterworks, including reservoirs,
20			wells, pipelines, and other conduits for
21			distributing water to the public, lighting

1			plants, and apparatus and appliances for lighting
2			streets and public buildings, and manage,
3			regulate, and control the same;
4		(B)	Regulate and control the location and quality of
5			all appliances necessary to the furnishing of
6			water, heat, light, power, telephone, and
7			telecommunications service to the county;
8		(C)	Acquire, regulate, and control any and all
9			appliances for the sprinkling and cleaning of the
10			streets and the public ways, and for flushing the
11			sewers; and
12		(D)	Open, close, construct, or maintain county
13			highways or charge toll on county highways;
14			provided that all revenues received from a toll
15			charge shall be used for the construction or
16			maintenance of county highways;
17	(20)	Each	county shall have the power to regulate the
18		rent	ing, subletting, and rental conditions of property
19		for	places of abode by ordinance;
20	(21)	Unle	ss otherwise provided by law, each county shall
21		have	the power to establish by ordinance the order of

1		succ	ession of county officials in the event of a
2		mili	tary or civil disaster;
3	(22)	Each	county shall have the power to sue and be sued in
4		its	corporate name;
5	(23)	Each	county shall have the power to:
6		(A)	Establish and maintain waterworks and sewer
7			works;
8		(B)	Implement a sewer monitoring program that
9			includes the inspection of sewer laterals that
10			connect to county sewers, when those laterals are
11			located on public or private property, after
12			providing a property owner not less than ten
13			calendar days' written notice, to detect leaks
14			from laterals, infiltration, and inflow, any
15			other law to the contrary notwithstanding;
16		(C)	Compel an owner of private property upon which is
17			located any sewer lateral that connects to a
18			county sewer to inspect that lateral for leaks,
19			infiltration, and inflow and to perform repairs
20			as necessary;

1	(D)	Collect rates for water supplied to consumers and
2		for the use of sewers;
3	(E)	Install water meters whenever deemed expedient;
4		provided that owners of premises having vested
5		water rights under existing laws appurtenant to
6		the premises shall not be charged for the
7		installation or use of the water meters on the
8		premises; and
9	(F)	Take over from the State existing waterworks
10		systems, including water rights, pipelines, and
11		other appurtenances belonging thereto, and sewer
12		systems, and to enlarge, develop, and improve the
13		same;
14	(G)	For purposes of subparagraphs (B) and (C):
15		(i) "Infiltration" means groundwater, rainwater,
16		and saltwater that enters the county sewer
17		system through cracked, broken, or defective
18		sewer laterals; and
19		(ii) "Inflow" means non-sewage entering the
20		county sewer system via inappropriate or
21		illegal connections:

1	(24) (A)	Each county may impose civil fines, in addition
2		to criminal penalties, for any violation of
3		county ordinances or rules after reasonable
4		notice and requests to correct or cease the
5	·	violation have been made upon the violator. Any
6		administratively imposed civil fine shall not be
7		collected until after an opportunity for a
8		hearing under chapter 91. Any appeal shall be
9		filed within thirty days from the date of the
10		final written decision. These proceedings shall
11		not be a prerequisite for any civil fine or
12		injunctive relief ordered by the circuit court;
13	(B)	Each county by ordinance may provide for the
14		addition of any unpaid civil fines, ordered by
15		any court of competent jurisdiction, to any
16		taxes, fees, or charges, with the exception of
17		fees or charges for water for residential use and
18		sewer charges, collected by the county. Each
19		county by ordinance may also provide for the
20		addition of any unpaid administratively imposed
21		civil fines, which remain due after all judicial

1	review rights under section 91-14 are exhausted,
2	to any taxes, fees, or charges, with the
3	exception of water for residential use and sewer
4	charges, collected by the county. The ordinance
5	shall specify the administrative procedures for
6	the addition of the unpaid civil fines to the
7	eligible taxes, fees, or charges and may require
8	hearings or other proceedings. After addition of
9	the unpaid civil fines to the taxes, fees, or
10	charges, the unpaid civil fines shall not become
11	a part of any taxes, fees, or charges. The
12	county by ordinance may condition the issuance or
13	renewal of a license, approval, or permit for
14	which a fee or charge is assessed, except for
15	water for residential use and sewer charges, on
16	payment of the unpaid civil fines. Upon
17	recordation of a notice of unpaid civil fines in
18	the bureau of conveyances, the amount of the
19	civil fines, including any increase in the amount
20	of the fine which the county may assess, shall
21	constitute a lien upon all real property or

1	rights to real property belonging to any person
2	liable for the unpaid civil fines. The lien in
3	favor of the county shall be subordinate to any
4	lien in favor of any person recorded or
5	registered prior to the recordation of the notice
6	of unpaid civil fines and senior to any lien
7	recorded or registered after the recordation of
8	the notice. The lien shall continue until the
9	unpaid civil fines are paid in full or until a
10	certificate of release or partial release of the
11	lien, prepared by the county at the owner's
12	expense, is recorded. The notice of unpaid civil
13	fines shall state the amount of the fine as of
14	the date of the notice and maximum permissible
15	daily increase of the fine. The county shall not
16	be required to include a social security number,
17	state general excise taxpayer identification
18	number, or federal employer identification number
19	on the notice. Recordation of the notice in the
20	bureau of conveyances shall be deemed, at such
21	time, for all purposes and without any further

1		action, to procure a lien on land registered in
2		land court under chapter 501. After the unpaid
3		civil fines are added to the taxes, fees, or
4		charges as specified by county ordinance, the
5		unpaid civil fines shall be deemed immediately
6		due, owing, and delinquent and may be collected
7		in any lawful manner. The procedure for
8		collection of unpaid civil fines authorized in
9		this paragraph shall be in addition to any other
10		procedures for collection available to the State
11		and county by law or rules of the courts;
12	(C)	Each county may impose civil fines upon any
13		person who places graffiti on any real or
14		personal property owned, managed, or maintained
15		by the county. The fine may be up to \$1,000 or
16		may be equal to the actual cost of having the
17		damaged property repaired or replaced. The
18		parent or guardian having custody of a minor who
19		places graffiti on any real or personal property
20		owned, managed, or maintained by the county shall
21		be jointly and severally liable with the minor

1	for any civil fines imposed hereunder. Any such
2	fine may be administratively imposed after an
3	opportunity for a hearing under chapter 91, but
4	such a proceeding shall not be a prerequisite for
5	any civil fine ordered by any court. As used in
6	this subparagraph, "graffiti" means any
7	unauthorized drawing, inscription, figure, or
8	mark of any type intentionally created by paint,
9	ink, chalk, dye, or similar substances;
10	O) At the completion of an appeal in which the
11	county's enforcement action is affirmed and upon
12	correction of the violation if requested by the
13	violator, the case shall be reviewed by the
14	county agency that imposed the civil fines to
15	determine the appropriateness of the amount of
16	the civil fines that accrued while the appeal
17	proceedings were pending. In its review of the
18	amount of the accrued fines, the county agency
19	may consider:
20	(i) The nature and egregiousness of the
21	violation;

1	(ii)	The duration of the violation;
2	(iii)	The number of recurring and other similar
3		violations;
4	(iv)	Any effort taken by the violator to correct
5		the violation;
6	(v)	The degree of involvement in causing or
7		continuing the violation;
8	(vi)	Reasons for any delay in the completion of
9		the appeal; and
10	(vii)	Other extenuating circumstances.
11	The o	civil fine that is imposed by administrative
12	orde	after this review is completed and the
13	viola	ation is corrected shall be subject to
14	judio	cial review, notwithstanding any provisions
15	for a	administrative review in county charters;
16	(E) After	r completion of a review of the amount of
17	accrı	ned civil fine by the county agency that
18	impos	sed the fine, the amount of the civil fine
19	dete	rmined appropriate, including both the
20	init	ial civil fine and any accrued daily civil
71	fine	shall immediately become due and

1		collectible following reasonable notice to the
2		violator. If no review of the accrued civil fine
3		is requested, the amount of the civil fine, not
4		to exceed the total accrual of civil fine prior
5		to correcting the violation, shall immediately
6		become due and collectible following reasonable
7		notice to the violator, at the completion of all
8		appeal proceedings; and
9		(F) If no county agency exists to conduct appeal
10		proceedings for a particular civil fine action
11		taken by the county, then one shall be
12		established by ordinance before the county shall
13		impose the civil fine;
14	(25)	Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, any county
15		mayor, by executive order, may exempt donors, provider
16		agencies, homeless facilities, and any other program
17		for the homeless under part XVII of chapter 346 from
18		real property taxes, water and sewer development fees,
19		rates collected for water supplied to consumers and
20		for use of sewers, and any other county taxes,
21		charges, or fees; provided that any county may enact

By Request

1		ordinances to regulate and grant the exemptions
2		granted by this paragraph;
3	(26)	Any county may establish a captive insurance company
4		pursuant to article 19, chapter 431; and
5	(27)	Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce
6		ordinances regulating towing operations."
7	SECT	ION 2. New statutory material is underscored.
8	SECT	ION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2021.
9		
		INTRODUCED BY: MN M. M.

2021-0378 SB SMA.doc

Report Title:

County Government; General Powers; Limitations; Statewide Jurisdiction

Description:

Reaffirms the State's authority over the counties on laws and rules regarding issues of statewide jurisdiction.

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