JAN 2 1 2021

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PSYCHOLOGISTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that there is a
- 2 significant shortage of prescribing mental health care providers
- available to serve the needs of the State's residents. 3
- means of addressing this shortfall, access to quality,
- 5 comprehensive, and affordable health care can be facilitated and
- enhanced by collaborative practice between licensed clinical
- 7 psychologists and medical doctors. Authorizing qualified
- clinical psychologists with appropriate advanced training to 8
- prescribe from a limited formulary of psychotropic medication 9
- 10 will benefit Hawaii residents who live in rural or medically
- 11 underserved communities, where mental health professionals with
- 12 prescriptive authority are in short supply.
- 13 The legislature further finds that the mental health needs
- 14 of the State continue to outpace present capacity. According to
- 15 the Annual Report on Findings from the Hawaii Physician
- Workforce Assessment Project (December 2019), psychiatrist 16
- 17 shortages are highest in Hawaii and Maui counties. Hawaii



- 1 county has the greatest shortage, at thirty-eight per cent,
- 2 followed by Maui county with a thirty-seven per cent shortage,
- 3 and then Kauai county with a twenty-two per cent shortage. The
- 4 2019 report reflected a nine per cent shortage of psychiatrists
- 5 in the city and county of Honolulu; however, these calculations
- 6 do not factor in the additional systemic barriers related to
- 7 accessing care in urban areas, such as long wait times to see
- 8 psychiatrists, psychiatrists not taking new patients due to
- 9 being overbooked, and psychiatrists not taking medicaid or
- 10 medicare insurance.
- 11 The lack of access to appropriate mental health treatment
- 12 has serious and irrevocable consequences for many Hawaii
- 13 residents. According to the department of health, of the ten
- 14 leading injury-related causes of death, death by suicide is the
- 15 number one cause among Hawaii residents. Studies have shown
- 16 that people who attempt or commit suicide have often received
- 17 inadequate or no mental health treatment due to a shortage of
- 18 community mental health providers. While causes for suicide are
- 19 complex, the most commonly reported contributing factors are
- 20 mental health conditions that, when identified and treated,
- 21 respond favorably to therapy and psychotropic medication.



- 1 A 2016 Hawaii News Now article reported that sixty-one per
- 2 cent of all people arrested in 2015 on Oahu suffered from
- 3 serious mental illness or severe substance intoxication. This
- 4 almost two-fold increase occurred in the period following
- 5 substantial cuts to state-supported mental health services in
- 6 2009.
- 7 According to the National Alliance on Mental Illness and
- 8 the federal Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services
- 9 Administration, approximately thirty-two thousand adults in
- 10 Hawaii, representing more than three per cent of the population,
- 11 live with serious mental illness. The actual scope of need in
- 12 the State is even greater since this figure excludes individuals
- 13 with clinical diagnoses such as unipolar depression, anxiety
- 14 disorders, adjustment disorders, substance abuse, or post-
- 15 traumatic stress disorder.
- 16 The legislature additionally finds that increasing the
- 17 number of prescribing mental health providers would be
- 18 beneficial to the State's homeless population. According to the
- 19 2019 Hawaii Statewide Point-In-Time Count, there are an
- 20 estimated 6,448 homeless persons in the State, with an estimated
- 21 1,681 of those persons meeting the definition of chronically



- 1 homeless. According to the 2019 Kauai Homeless Point-In-Time
- 2 Count, there are an estimated four hundred forty-three homeless
- 3 persons on Kauai. Of those persons, a large number fall into
- 4 four subpopulations that would likely benefit from increased
- 5 access to prescribing mental health providers, including eighty-
- 6 four adults with a serious mental illness; one hundred twenty-
- 7 nine adults with a substance use disorder; five adults with
- 8 HIV/AIDS; and eleven adult survivors of domestic violence.
- 9 Clinical psychologists are licensed health professionals
- 10 with an average of seven years of post-baccalaureate study and
- 11 three thousand hours of post-graduate supervised practice in the
- 12 diagnosis and treatment of mental illness. The American
- 13 Psychological Association has developed a model curriculum for a
- 14 master's degree in psychopharmacology for the education and
- 15 training of prescribing psychologists. However, the current
- 16 allowable scope of clinical psychologists' practice in Hawaii
- 17 does not include prescribing medications. Currently, these
- 18 providers' patients must consult with and pay for another
- 19 provider to obtain psychotropic medication when it is indicated.
- 20 The legislature has previously authorized prescription
- 21 privileges for advanced practice registered nurses,

- 1 optometrists, dentists, and naturopathic physicians. Licensed
- 2 clinical psychologists with specialized education and training
- 3 for prescriptive practice have been allowed to prescribe
- 4 psychotropic medications to active duty military personnel and
- 5 their families in federal facilities and the United States
- 6 Public Health Service for decades. In recent years, Idaho,
- 7 Iowa, Illinois, Louisiana, and New Mexico have adopted
- 8 legislation authorizing prescriptive authority for advanced
- 9 trained psychologists. Many of these prescribing psychologists
- 10 have filled long-vacant public health positions or otherwise
- 11 serve predominantly indigent and rural patient populations.
- 12 Independent evaluations of the federal Department of
- 13 Defense psychopharmacological demonstration project by the
- 14 Government Accountability Office and the American College of
- 15 Neuropsychopharmacology, as well as the experiences in other
- 16 jurisdictions, have shown that appropriately trained
- 17 psychologists can prescribe and administer medications safely
- 18 and effectively.
- 19 The purpose of this Act is to require the board of
- 20 psychology to establish a pilot program to grant prescriptive
- 21 authority to certain prescribing psychologists practicing in



- 1 counties with populations of less than one hundred thousand
- 2 persons, licensed in the State before January 1, 2021, and who
- 3 meet specific education, training, and registration
- 4 requirements.
- 5 SECTION 2. Chapter 465, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 6 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
- 7 to read as follows:
- 8 "PART . PRESCRIBING PSYCHOLOGISTS
- 9 §465- Definitions. As used in this part, unless the
- 10 context otherwise requires:
- 11 "Advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive
- 12 authority" means an advanced practice registered nurse, as
- 13 defined in section 457-2, with prescriptive authority granted
- 14 pursuant to section 457-8.6.
- "Clinical experience" means a period of supervised clinical
- 16 training and practice in which clinical diagnoses and
- 17 interventions, that can be completed and supervised as part of
- 18 or subsequent to earning a post-doctoral master of science
- 19 degree in clinical psychopharmacology training, are learned.
- "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in
- 21 section 329-1.

1 "Forensically encumbered" means a person who has been 2 detained by Hawaii courts for forensic examination or committed 3 to a psychiatric facility under the care and custody of the director of health for appropriate placement by any court; has 5 been placed on conditional release or released on conditions by 6 a judge in Hawaii courts; or is involved in mental health court 7 or a jail diversion program. 8 "Narcotic drug" has the same meaning as in section 329-1. "Opiate" has the same meaning as in section 329-1. 10 "Prescribing psychologist" means a clinical psychologist 11 who has undergone specialized training in clinical 12 psychopharmacology, passed a national proficiency examination in 13 psychopharmacology approved by the board, and been granted a 14 prescriptive authority privilege by the board. 15 "Prescription" means an order for a psychotropic medication 16 or any device or test directly related to the diagnosis and 17 treatment of mental and emotional disorders pursuant to the 18 practice of psychology. 19 "Prescriptive authority privilege" means the authority 20 granted by the board to prescribe and administer psychotropic medication and other directly related procedures within the 21

- 1 scope of practice of psychology in accordance with rules adopted
- 2 by the board.
- 3 "Primary care provider" means a physician or osteopathic
- 4 physician licensed or exempt from licensure pursuant to
- 5 section 453-2 or an advanced practice registered nurse with
- 6 prescriptive authority.
- 7 "Psychotropic medication" means only those agents related
- 8 to the diagnosis and treatment of mental and emotional disorders
- 9 pursuant to the practice of psychology, except drugs classified
- 10 into schedule I, II, or III pursuant to chapter 329, opiates, or
- 11 narcotic drugs; provided that psychotropic medication shall
- 12 include stimulants for the treatment of attention deficit
- 13 hyperactivity disorder regardless of the stimulants' schedule
- 14 classification.
- 15 "Serious mental illness" means bipolar I disorder, bipolar
- 16 II disorder, delusional disorder, major depressive disorder with
- 17 psychotic features, psychosis secondary to substance use,
- 18 schizophrenia, schizophreniform disorder, and schizoaffective
- 19 disorder, as defined by the most current version of the
- 20 Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders.

1	§465-	Administration.	(a)	The	board	shall	prescribe
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- 2 application forms and fees for application for and renewal of
- 3 prescriptive authority privilege pursuant to this part.
- 4 (b) The board shall develop and implement procedures to
- 5 review the educational and training credentials of a
- 6 psychologist applying for or renewing prescriptive authority
- 7 privilege under this part, in accordance with current standards
- 8 of professional practice.
- 9 (c) The board shall determine the exclusionary formulary
- 10 for prescribing psychologists.
- 11 (d) The board shall have all other powers that may be
- 12 necessary to carry out the purposes of this part.
- 13 §465- Prescriptive authority privilege; requirements.
- 14 Beginning on July 1, 2023, the board shall accept applications
- 15 for prescriptive authority privilege to qualified candidates.
- 16 Every applicant for prescriptive authority privilege shall
- 17 submit evidence satisfactory to the board, in a form and manner
- 18 prescribed by the board, that the applicant meets the following
- 19 requirements:
- 20 (1) The applicant possesses a current license pursuant to
- section 465-7, was originally licensed in the State

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S.B. NO.131

1	prior to January 1, 2021, and practices in a county
2	with a population of less than one hundred thousand
3	persons;

The applicant successfully graduated with a post-doctoral master's degree in clinical psychopharmacology from a regionally-accredited institution with a clinical psychopharmacology program designated by the American Psychological Association, or the equivalent of a post-doctoral master's degree, as approved by the board; provided that any equivalent shall include study in a program offering intensive didactic education including instruction in anatomy and physiology, biochemistry, neuroanatomy, neurophysiology, neurochemistry, physical assessment and laboratory examinations, clinical medicine and pathophysiology, clinical and research pharmacology and psychopharmacology, clinical pharmacotherapeutics, research, and professional, ethical, and legal issues; The applicant has clinical experience that includes a

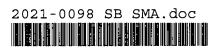
minimum of eight hundred hours completed in a clinical

prescribing practicum, including geriatric, pediatric,



(3)

1	and	pregnant patients, completed in no less than
2	twel	ve months and no more than fifty-six months, and
3	cons	ists of:
4	(A)	Supervision of a minimum of one hundred patients
5		including geriatric, pediatric, and pregnant
6		patients;
7	(B)	A minimum of eighty hours completed in a physical
8		assessment practicum in a primary care, family
9		practice, community, or internal medicine
10		setting;
11	(C)	A minimum of one hundred hours of community
12		service with homeless, veteran, or low-income
13		populations;
14	(D)	A minimum of two hours per week of supervision by
15		a primary care provider or a prescribing
16		psychologist; and
17	(E)	Eight weeks of rotation in each of the following:
18		(i) Internal and family medicine;
19		(ii) Women's health;
20	(iii) Pediatrics; and
21		(iv) Geriatrics; and



1	(4)	The applicant has successfully passed the nationally
2		recognized Psychopharmacology Examination for
3		Psychologists developed by the American Psychological
4		Association's Practice Organization's College of
5		Professional Psychology, or other authority, relevant
6		to establishing competence across the following
7		content areas: neuroscience; nervous system
8		pathology; physiology and pathophysiology;
9		biopsychosocial and pharmacologic assessment and
10		monitoring; differential diagnosis; pharmacology;
11		clinical psychopharmacology; research; and integrating
12		clinical psychopharmacology with the practice of
13		psychology, diversity factors, and professional,
14		legal, ethical, and interprofessional issues; provided
15		that the passing score shall be determined by the
16		American Psychological Association's Practice
17		Organization's College of Professional Psychology or
18		other authority, as applicable.
19	§465	- Prescriptive authority privilege; renewal. (a)
20	The board	shall implement a method for the renewal of

- 1 prescriptive authority privilege in conjunction with the renewal
- 2 of a license under section 465-11.
- 3 (b) To qualify for the renewal of prescriptive authority
- 4 privilege, a prescribing psychologist shall present evidence
- 5 satisfactory to the board that the prescribing psychologist has
- 6 completed at least eighteen hours biennially of acceptable
- 7 continuing education, as determined by the board, relevant to
- 8 the pharmacological treatment of mental and emotional disorders;
- 9 provided that a first-time prescribing psychologist shall not be
- 10 subject to the continuing education requirements under this
- 11 section for the first prescriptive authority privilege renewal.
- 12 (c) The continuing education requirement under this
- 13 section shall be in addition to the continuing education
- 14 requirement under section 465-11.
- 15 (d) The board may conduct random audits of licensees to
- 16 determine compliance with the continuing education requirement
- 17 under this section. The board shall provide written notice of
- 18 an audit to each licensee randomly selected for audit. Within
- 19 sixty days of notification, the licensee shall provide the board
- 20 with documentation verifying compliance with the continuing
- 21 education requirement established by this section.



1	§465	 Prescriptive authority privilege; prescribing
2	practices	. (a) It shall be unlawful for any psychologist not
3	granted p	rescriptive authority privilege under this part to
4	prescribe	, offer to prescribe, administer, or use any sign,
5	card, or	device to indicate that the psychologist is so
6	authorize	d.
7	(b)	A valid prescription issued by a prescribing
8	psycholog	ist shall be legibly written and contain, at a minimum,
9	the follo	wing:
10	(1)	Date of issuance;
11	(2)	Original signature of the prescribing psychologist;
12	(3)	Prescribing psychologist's name and business address;
13	(4)	Name, strength, quantity, and specific instructions
14		for the psychotropic medication to be dispensed;
15	(5)	Name and address of the person for whom the
16		prescription was written;
17	(6)	Room number and route of administration if the patient
18		is in an institutional facility; and
19	(7)	Number of allowable refills, if applicable.

I	(0)	A prescribing psychologist shall comply with all
2	applicabl	e state and federal laws and rules relating to the
3	prescript	ion and administration of psychotropic medication.
4	(d)	A prescribing psychologist shall:
5	(1)	Except as provided in paragraph (3), prescribe and
6		administer psychotropic medication only in
7		consultation with and pursuant to a written
8		collaborative agreement with a patient's primary care
9		provider that is established and signed prior to
10		prescribing any psychotropic medication for the
11		<pre>patient;</pre>
12	(2)	Make any changes to a medication treatment plan,
13		including dosage adjustments, addition of medications,
14		or discontinuation of medications only in consultation
15		and collaboration with a patient's primary care
16		provider;
17	(3)	For patients who are forensically encumbered and for
18		patients with a diagnosis of serious mental illness
19		who are subject to the jurisdiction of the department
20		of health:

1		(A)	Pres	cribe and administer psychocropic medication
2			only	:
3			(i)	In accordance with a treatment protocol
4				agreed to by the prescribing psychologist
5				and the treating department of health
6				psychiatrist; and
7			(ii)	With notification to all other health care
8				providers treating the patient; and
9		(B)	Ente	r into a collaborative agreement with the
10			depa	rtment of health prior to prescribing any
11			psyc	hotropic medication; and
12	(4)	Docu	ment	all consultations in the patient's medical
13		reco	ord.	
14	(e)	A pr	escri	bing psychologist shall not prescribe or
15	administe	r psy	chotr	opic medication for any patient who does not
16	have a pr	imary	care	provider.
17	(f)	A pr	escri	bing psychologist shall not delegate
18	prescript	ive a	uthor	ity to any other person.
19	§465	-	Presc	riptive authority privilege; exclusionary
20	formulary	· (a	L) A	prescribing psychologist shall only prescribe
21	and admin	ister	medi	cations for the treatment of mental health

1	disorders	as defined by the most current version of the
2	Diagnosti	c and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders.
3	(b)	The exclusionary formulary for prescribing
4	psycholog	ists shall consist of drugs or categories of drugs
5	adopted b	y the board.
6	(c)	The exclusionary formulary and any revised formularies
7	shall be	made available to licensed pharmacies at the request of
8	the pharm	acy and at no cost.
9	(d)	Under the exclusionary formulary, prescribing
10	psycholog	ists shall not prescribe or administer:
11	(1)	Schedule I controlled substances pursuant to
12		section 329-14;
13	(2)	Schedule II controlled substances pursuant to section
14		329-16;
15	(3)	Schedule III controlled substances pursuant to section
16		329-18, including all narcotic drugs and opiates; and
17	(4)	For indications other than those stated in the
18		labeling approved by the federal Food and Drug
19		Administration for patients seventeen years of age or
20		younger; provided that prescribing psychologists may
21		prescribe and administer stimulants for the treatment

- of attention deficit hyperactivity disorder,
- 2 regardless of the stimulants' schedule classification.
- 3 §465- Drug Enforcement Administration; registration.
- 4 (a) Every prescribing psychologist shall comply with all
- 5 federal and state registration requirements to prescribe and
- 6 administer psychotropic medication.
- 7 (b) Every prescribing psychologist shall file with the
- 8 board the prescribing psychologist's federal Drug Enforcement
- 9 Administration registration number. The registration number
- 10 shall be filed before the prescribing psychologist issues any
- 11 prescription for a psychotropic medication.
- 12 §465- Violation; penalties. Any person who violates
- 13 this part shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, on conviction,
- 14 subject to penalties as provided in section 465-15(b). Any
- 15 person who violates this part may also be subject to
- 16 disciplinary action by the board."
- 17 SECTION 3. Section 329-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 18 amended as follows:
- 1. By adding two new definitions to be appropriately
- 20 inserted and to read:



1	"Prescribing psychologist" means a clinical psychologist
2	licensed under chapter 465 who has undergone specialized
3	training in clinical psychopharmacology, passed a national
4	proficiency examination in psychopharmacology approved by the
5	board of psychology, and has been granted a prescriptive
6	authority privilege by the board of psychology.
7	"Psychotropic medication" means only those agents related
8	to the diagnosis and treatment of mental and emotional disorders
9	pursuant to the practice of psychology, as defined in section
10	465-1, except drugs classified into schedule I, II, or III
11	pursuant to this chapter, opiates, or narcotic drugs; provided
12	that psychotropic medication shall include stimulants for the
13	treatment of attention deficit hyperactivity disorder regardless
14	of the stimulants' schedule classification."
15	2. By amending the definition of "practitioner" to read:
16	""Practitioner" means:
17	(1) A physician, dentist, veterinarian, scientific
18	investigator, or other person licensed and registered
19	under section 329-32 to distribute, dispense, or
20	conduct research with respect to a controlled



1		substance in the course of professional practice or
2		research in this State;
3	(2)	An advanced practice registered nurse with
4		prescriptive authority licensed and registered under
5		section 329-32 to prescribe and administer controlled
6		substances in the course of professional practice in
7		this State; [and]
8	(3)	A prescribing psychologist licensed and registered
9		under section 329-32 to prescribe and administer
10		psychotropic medication in the course of professional
11		practice in this State; and
12	[(3)]	(4) A pharmacy, hospital, or other institution
13		licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to
14		distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to
15		or to administer a controlled substance in the course
16		of professional practice or research in this State."
17	SECT	ION 4. Section 329-38, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18	amended by	y amending subsection (i) to read as follows:
19	"(i)	Prescriptions for controlled substances shall be
20	issued on	ly as follows:

1	(1)	All prescriptions for controlled substances shall
2		originate from within the State and be dated as of,
3		and signed on, the day when the prescriptions were
4		issued and shall contain:
5		(A) The first and last name and address of the
6		patient; and
7		(B) The drug name, strength, dosage form, quantity
8		prescribed, and directions for use. Where a
9		prescription is for gamma hydroxybutyric acid,
10		methadone, or buprenorphine, the practitioner
11		shall record as part of the directions for use,
12		the medical need of the patient for the
13		prescription.
14		Except for electronic prescriptions, controlled
15		substance prescriptions shall be no larger than eight
16		and one-half inches by eleven inches and no smaller
17		than three inches by four inches. A practitioner may
18		sign a prescription in the same manner as the
19		practitioner would sign a check or legal document
20		(e.g., J.H. Smith or John H. Smith) and shall use both

words and figures (e.g., alphabetically and

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1	numerically as indications of quantity, such as five
2	(5)), to indicate the amount of controlled substance
3	to be dispensed. Where an electronic prescription is
4	permitted, either words or figures (e.g.,
5	alphabetically or numerically as indications of
6	quantity, such as five or 5), to indicate the amount
7	of controlled substance to be dispensed shall be
8	acceptable. Where an oral order or electronic
9	prescription is not permitted, prescriptions shall be
10	written with ink or indelible pencil or typed, shall
11	be manually signed by the practitioner, and shall
12	include the name, address, telephone number, and
13	registration number of the practitioner. The
14	prescriptions may be prepared by a secretary or agent
15	for the signature of the practitioner, but the
16	prescribing practitioner shall be responsible in case
17	the prescription does not conform in all essential
18	respects to this chapter and any rules adopted
19	pursuant to this chapter. In receiving an oral
20	prescription from a practitioner, a pharmacist shall
21	promptly reduce the oral prescription to writing,

S.B. NO. 131

which shall include the following information: the drug name, strength, dosage form, quantity prescribed in figures only, and directions for use; the date the oral prescription was received; the full name, Drug Enforcement Administration registration number, and oral code number of the practitioner; and the name and address of the person for whom the controlled substance was prescribed or the name of the owner of the animal for which the controlled substance was prescribed.

A corresponding liability shall rest upon a pharmacist who fills a prescription not prepared in the form prescribed by this section. A pharmacist may add a patient's missing address or change a patient's address on all controlled substance prescriptions after verifying the patient's identification and noting the identification number on the back of the prescription document on file. The pharmacist shall not make changes to the patient's name, the controlled substance being prescribed, the quantity of the prescription, the practitioner's Drug Enforcement

1		Administration number, the practitioner's name, the
2		practitioner's electronic signature, or the
3		practitioner's signature;
4	(2)	An intern, resident, or foreign-trained physician, or
5		a physician on the staff of a Department of Veterans
6		Affairs facility or other facility serving veterans,
7		exempted from registration under this chapter, shall
8		include on all prescriptions issued by the physician:
9		(A) The registration number of the hospital or other
10		institution; and
11		(B) The special internal code number assigned to the
12		physician by the hospital or other institution in
13		lieu of the registration number of the
14		practitioner required by this section.
15		The hospital or other institution shall forward a copy
16		of this special internal code number list to the
17		department as often as necessary to update the
18		department with any additions or deletions. Failure
19		to comply with this paragraph shall result in the
20		suspension of that facility's privilege to fill
21		controlled substance prescriptions at pharmacies

1		odeside of the hospital of other institution. Each
2		written prescription shall have the name of the
3		physician stamped, typed, or hand-printed on it, as
4		well as the signature of the physician;
5	(3)	An official exempted from registration shall include
6		on all prescriptions issued by the official:
7		(A) The official's branch of service or agency (e.g.,
8		"U.S. Army" or "Public Health Service"); and
9		(B) The official's service identification number, in
10		lieu of the registration number of the
11		practitioner required by this section. The
12		service identification number for a Public Health
13		Service employee shall be the employee's social
14		security or other government issued
15		identification number.
16		Each prescription shall have the name of the officer
17		stamped, typed, or handprinted on it, as well as the
18		signature of the officer; [and]
19	(4)	A physician assistant registered to prescribe
20		controlled substances under the authorization of a

1		supervising physician shall include on all controlled
2		substance prescriptions issued:
3		(A) The Drug Enforcement Administration registration
4		number of the supervising physician; and
5		(B) The Drug Enforcement Administration registration
6		number of the physician assistant.
7		Each written controlled substance prescription issued
8		shall include the printed, stamped, typed, or hand-
9		printed name, address, and phone number of both the
10		supervising physician and physician assistant, and
11		shall be signed by the physician assistant. The
12		medical record of each written controlled substance
13		prescription issued by a physician assistant shall be
14		reviewed and initialed by the physician assistant's
15		supervising physician within seven working days [-];
16		and
17	(5)	A prescribing psychologist authorized to prescribe and
18		administer psychotropic medication pursuant to
19		part of chapter 465 in consultation and
20		collaboration with a primary care provider shall

1		incl	ude on all psychotropic medication prescriptions
2		issu	ed:
3		(A)	The Drug Enforcement Administration registration
4			number of the licensed primary care provider;
5		(B)	The printed, stamped, typed, or hand-printed
6			name, address, and phone number of both the
7			licensed primary care provider and prescribing
8			psychologist; and
9		(C)	The signature of the prescribing psychologist."
10	SECTI	ON 5	. Section 329-39, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended by	ame	nding subsection (b) to read as follows:
12	"(b)	Whe	never a pharmacist sells or dispenses any
13	controlled	sub	stance on a prescription issued by a physician,
14	dentist, p	odia	trist, [or] veterinarian, <u>or any psychotropic</u>
15	medication	on	a prescription issued by a prescribing
16	psychologi	st,	the pharmacist shall affix to the bottle or other
17	container	in w	hich the drug is sold or dispensed:
18	(1)	The :	pharmacy's name and business address;
19	(2)	The	serial number of the prescription;

1	(3) The name of the patient or, if the patient is an
2	animal, the name of the owner of the animal and the
3	species of the animal;
4	(4) The name of the physician, dentist, podiatrist, $[\frac{\partial r}{\partial t}]$
5	veterinarian, or prescribing psychologist by whom the
6	prescription is written; and
7	(5) Such directions as may be stated on the prescription.
8	SECTION 6. Section 346-59.9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
9	amended by amending subsection (i) to read as follows:
10	"(i) All psychotropic medications covered by this section
11	shall be prescribed by a psychiatrist, a physician, $[\Theta r]$ an
12	advanced practice registered nurse with prescriptive authority
13	under chapter 457 and duly licensed in the State $[-]$, or a
14	prescribing psychologist authorized under part of
15	chapter 465."
16	SECTION 7. Section 465-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended by amending subsection (e) to read as follows:
18	"(e) [Nothing] Except as provided in part , nothing
19	in this chapter shall be construed as permitting the
20	administration or prescription of drugs, or in any way engaging



- 1 in the practice of medicine as defined in the laws of the
- 2 State."
- 3 SECTION 8. (a) The board of psychology shall submit a
- 4 report of its findings and recommendations, including any
- 5 proposed legislation, on the authorization of prescriptive
- 6 authority to prescribing psychologists who meet specific
- 7 education, training, and registration requirements pursuant to
- 8 this Act to the legislature no later than twenty days prior to
- 9 the convening of the regular session of 2023.
- 10 (b) The board of psychology shall collaborate with the
- 11 department of health when preparing information in the report
- 12 regarding the treatment of patients who are forensically
- 13 encumbered or patients with a diagnosis of serious mental
- 14 illness who are subject to the department of health's
- 15 jurisdiction.
- 16 SECTION 9. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 17 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 18 SECTION 10. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2021;
- 19 provided that:
- 20 (1) The amendments made to section 329-38, Hawaii Revised
- 21 Statutes, by section 4 of this Act shall not be



1		repealed when that section is reenacted on
2		June 30, 2023, pursuant to section 6 of Act 66,
3		Session Laws of Hawaii 2017;
4	(2)	This Act shall repeal on August 31, 2026; and
5	(3)	Upon repeal of this Act, section 329-1, 329-38,
6		329-39, 346-59.9, and 465-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
7		shall be reenacted in the form in which they read on
8		June 30, 2021.
9		
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Report Title:

Board of Psychology; Psychologists; Prescriptive Authority; Prescribing Psychologists; Pilot Program

Description:

Requires the board of psychology to establish a pilot program to grant prescriptive authority to qualified psychologist applicants in counties with a population of less than one hundred thousand persons. Repeals on 8/31/2026.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.