THE SENATE THIRTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE, 2021 STATE OF HAWAII

S.B. NO. 1285

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO MEDICAL FACILITIES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that during the 2 coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic, Pacific Islander 3 communities have been affected by COVID-19 at higher numbers 4 than any other community of color in the State. Compact of Free 5 Association (COFA) recipients have been particularly adversely impacted. Unfortunately, many COFA recipients have experienced 6 7 prejudice and discrimination in the healthcare system and no 8 longer use medical facilities as a first option to treat 9 illnesses, but rather as an option of last resort that often 10 results in a much more severe prognosis than if the patient had 11 received treatment at an earlier stage.

12 The legislature further finds that, with the reinstatement 13 of Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance by the United States 14 Congress on December 20, 2020, COFA recipients are now able to 15 participate in Medicaid and will no longer be a part of the 16 largely uninsured population in Hawaii. In 2018, the United 17 States Census Bureau estimated the number of COFA recipients in



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the State at approximately sixteen thousand persons. Therefore, 1 2 investing in programs to bridge the cultural and language gaps between healthcare providers and COFA recipients, as well as 3 4 other communities with similar cultural and language barriers, will help alleviate the financial burden on the State and 5 6 mitigate revenue loss for medical facilities who provide service 7 and care for individuals who are uninsured. Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to require any 8 hospital or other medical facility that serves a community 9 10 including more than five hundred COFA benefit recipients to: Establish diversity and inclusion training for all 11 (1) 12 staff; and 13 (2) Hire interpreters and community healthcare workers as 14 necessary to bridge the language and cultural divide 15 with the community. 16 SECTION 2. Any hospital or other medical facility that 17 serves a community including more than five hundred persons 18 eligible for benefits pursuant to the Compact of Free Association Act of 1985, P.L. 99-239, or the Compact of Free 19 20 Association between the United States and the Government of 21 Palau, P.L. 99-658, shall:

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| 1 | (1) | Establish and implement a program of diversity and |
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| 2 | | inclusion training for all staff; and |
| 3 | (2) | Hire interpreters and community healthcare workers as |
| 4 | | necessary to effectively communicate with and provide |
| 5 | | culturally sensitive services to the community. |
| 6 | SECT | CON 3. This Act shall take effect upon its approval. |
| 7 | | TITA |
| | | INTRODUCED BY: |
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Report Title:

Hospitals; Medical Facilities; COFA Recipients; Diversity and Inclusion Training; Interpreters; Community Healthcare Workers

Description:

Requires any hospital or other medical facility that serves a community including more than 500 COFA benefit recipients to establish diversity and inclusion training for all staff, and to hire interpreters and community healthcare workers as necessary to bridge the language and cultural divide with the community.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

