A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TRAUMA-INFORMED CARE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that research over the
- 2 last two decades in the fields of neuroscience, molecular
- 3 biology, public health, genomics, and epigenetics reveal that
- 4 experiences in the first few years of life build changes into
- 5 the biology of the human body that, in turn, influence a
- 6 person's physical, mental, and spiritual health. Adverse
- 7 childhood experiences are traumatic experiences that occur
- 8 during childhood, including physical, emotional, or sexual
- 9 abuse; physical and emotional neglect; household dysfunction,
- 10 including substance abuse, untreated mental illness, or
- 11 incarceration of a household member; domestic violence; and
- 12 separation or divorce involving household members. These
- 13 experiences can have a profound effect on a child's developing
- 14 brain and body and, if not treated properly, can increase a
- 15 person's risk for disease and other poor health conditions
- 16 through adulthood.

1 The legislature further finds that early adverse 2 experiences shape the physical architecture of a child's developing brain and can prevent the development of a sturdy 3 4 foundation for learning, quality health, and positive behavior. 5 Strong, frequent, or prolonged stress in childhood caused by 6 adverse childhood experiences can become toxic stress, impacting 7 the development of a child's fundamental brain architecture and 8 stress response systems. Early childhood education offers a unique window of opportunity to prevent and heal the impacts of 9 10 adverse childhood experiences and toxic stress on a child's 11 brain, body, and spirit. Research on toxic stress and adverse 12 childhood experiences evidence a growing public health crisis 13 for the State with implications for the State's educational, 14 juvenile justice, criminal justice, and public health systems. 15 The legislature also finds that neurobiological, 16 epigenetics, and physiological studies have shown that traumatic 17 experiences in childhood and adolescence can diminish 18 concentration, memory, and the organizational language abilities 19 students need to succeed in school, thereby negatively impacting 20 a student's academic performance, classroom behavior, and the 21 ability to form relationships. A critical factor in buffering

- 1 children from the effects of toxic stress and adverse childhood
- 2 experiences is the existence of supportive, stable relationships
- 3 between children and their families, caregivers, and other
- 4 important adults in their lives. Cultural practices that
- 5 provide asset-based approaches involving the influence of a
- 6 stable non-relative adult can provide the resilience needed to
- 7 mitigate a child with high adverse childhood experiences.
- 8 Positively influencing the architecture of a child's developing
- 9 brain is more effective and less costly than attempting to
- 10 correct poor learning, health, and behaviors later in life.
- 11 The purpose of this Act is to establish a task force to
- 12 develop and make recommendations for trauma-informed care in the
- 13 State.
- 14 SECTION 2. (a) There is established within the department
- 15 of health for administrative purposes a trauma-informed care
- 16 task force. The task force shall consist of the following
- 17 members or their designees:
- 18 (1) The director of health, who shall serve as the
- 19 chairperson of the task force;
- 20 (2) The director of human services:
- 21 (3) The superintendent of education;

1	(4)	The director of labor and industrial relations,
2	(5)	The director of commerce and consumer affairs;
3	(6)	The chairperson of the board of trustees of the office
4		of Hawaiian affairs;
5	(7)	The director of the executive office on early
6		learning;
7	(8)	The president of the senate;
8	(9)	The speaker of the house of representatives;
9	(10)	The mayor of the city and county of Honolulu and the
10		mayors of the counties of Maui, Kauai, and Hawaii;
11	(11)	The chief executive officer of Kamehameha Schools, who
12		shall be invited to become a member by the director of
13		health;
14	(12)	The chief justice of the Hawaii Supreme Court;
15	(13)	The chairperson of the department of Native Hawaiian
16		health from the John A. Burns School of Medicine;
17	(14)	One youth and one adult consumer advocate, who shall
18		be invited to become a member by the director of
19		health;
20	(15)	A member of the health care community, who shall be
21		invited to become a member by the director of health;

1	(16)	A member or non-profit representative from the Compac			
2		of F	ree Association islander community, who shall be		
3		invi	ted to become a member by the director of health;		
4		and			
5	(17)	A me	mber of the non-profit sector, who shall be		
6		invi	ted to become a member by the director of health.		
7	(b)	The	task force shall develop and make recommendations		
8	for trauma-informed care in the State. Specifically, the task				
9	force shall:				
10	(1)	Crea	te, develop, and adopt a statewide framework for		
11		trau	ma-informed and responsive practice. The		
12		fram	ework shall include:		
13		(A)	A clear definition of trauma-informed and		
14			responsive practice;		
15		(B)	Principles of trauma-informed and responsive care		
16			that can apply to any school, healthcare		
17			provider, law enforcement agency, community		
18			organization, state agency, or other entity that		
19			has contact with children or youth;		
20		(C)	Clear examples of how individuals and		
21			institutions can implement trauma-informed and		

1			responsive practices across different domains,
2			including organizational leadership, workforce
3			development, policy and decision-making, and
4			evaluation;
5		(D)	Strategies for preventing and addressing
6			secondary traumatic stress for all professionals
7			and providers working with children and youth and
8			their families who have experienced trauma;
9		(E)	Recommendations to implement trauma-informed care
10			professional development and strategy
11			requirements in county and state contracts; and
12		(F)	An implementation and sustainability plan,
13			consisting of an evaluation plan with suggested
14			metrics for assessing ongoing progress of the
15			framework.
16	(2)	Iden	tify best practices, including best practices
17		invo	lving native Hawaiian cultural practices, with
18		resp	ect to children and youth and their families, who
19		have	experienced or are at risk of experiencing
20		trau	ma;

1	(3)	Provide a trauma-informed care inventory and
2		assessment of public and private agencies and
3		departments;
4	(4)	Identify various cultural practices that build
5		wellness and resilience in communities;
6	(5)	Convene trauma-informed care practitioners so that
7		they may share research and strategies in helping
8		communities build wellness and resilience;
9	(6)	Seek ways in which federal funding can be used to
10		better coordinate and to improve the response to
11		families impacted by coronavirus disease 2019,
12		substance use disorders, domestic violence, poverty,
13		and other forms of trauma, including making
14		recommendations for a government position that will
15		interface with federal agencies to seek and leverage
16		federal funding with county, state, and
17		philanthropical agencies; and
18	(7)	Coordinate data collection and funding streams to
19		support the efforts of the interagency task force.
20	(c)	The task force shall submit a report of its findings
21	and recom	mendations, including any proposed legislation, to the

- 1 legislature no later than twenty days prior to the convening of
- 2 the regular session of 2023.
- 3 (d) The task force shall cease to exist on July 1, 2023.
- 4 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

Report Title:

DOH; Trauma-informed Care; Task Force

Description:

Establishes a trauma-informed care task force within the department of health to make recommendations of trauma-informed care in the State. (SD1)

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