JAN 2 7 2021 A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS ON CERTAIN STATE LANDS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is to make resolution of traffic infractions, as simple as possible for the average 2 3 citizen and to ensure that police, prosecutor, and judicial 4 resources are focused on the most serious criminal offenses. 5 This Act decriminalizes traffic infractions within the department of land and natural resources' natural area reserves, 6 7 game management areas, wildlife sanctuaries, and public hunting 8 areas so that they are consistent with the penalties for similar 9 infractions, established for the state park system by Act 101, Session Laws of Hawaii 2008. 10 SECTION 2. Section 183D-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 11 12 amended to read as follows: "§183D-5 Penalties. (a) Any person violating section 13 183D-21, 183D-25, 183D-33, or 183D-63 or any rule adopted under 14
- 15 this chapter shall be quilty of a petty misdemeanor, and upon 16 conviction thereof, shall be punished as follows:
- (1) For a first conviction, by a mandatory fine of not 17 18 less than \$100, or imprisonment of not more than

shall be punished as follows:

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1 thirty days, or both and all animal parts, products, 2 or items containing prohibited animal parts or products involved in the commission of the violations 3 shall be considered contraband to be forfeited to and 4 disposed of by the State; 5 6 (2) For a second conviction within five years of a previous conviction, by a mandatory fine of not less 7 than \$500, or by imprisonment of not more than thirty 8 9 days, or both, and all firearms used in the commission 10 of the violations shall be considered contraband to be forfeited to and disposed of by the State; and 11 (3) For a third or subsequent conviction within five years 12 of the first two or more convictions, by a mandatory 13 14 fine of not less than \$1,000, or by imprisonment of not more than thirty days, or both, and all firearms 15 16 used in the commission of the violations shall be 17 considered contraband to be forfeited to and disposed 18 of by the State. (b) Any person violating section $[\frac{183D-66}{r}]$ 183D-25.5, 19 20 183D-26, 183D-27, 183D-32, 183D-62, [or] 183D-64, or 183D-66 21 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof,

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(1)	For a first conviction by a mandatory fine of not less
		than \$200, or by imprisonment of not more than one
		year, or both and all animal parts, products, or items
		containing prohibited animal parts or products
		involved in the commission of the violations shall be
		considered contraband to be forfeited to and disposed
		of by the State;

- (2) For a second conviction within five years of a previous conviction, by a mandatory fine of not less than \$1,000, or by imprisonment of not more than one year, or both, and all firearms, animal parts, products, or items containing prohibited animal parts or products used in the commission of the violations shall be considered contraband to be forfeited to and disposed of by the State; and
- (3) For a third or subsequent conviction within five years of the first two or more convictions, by a mandatory fine of not less than \$2,000, or by imprisonment of not more than one year, or both, and all firearms, animal parts, products, or items containing prohibited animal parts or products used in the commission of the

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1		violations shall be considered contraband to be
2		forfeited to and disposed of by the State.
3	(c)	Any person who violates section 183D-52 shall be
4	guilty of	a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be
5	punished	as follows:
6	(1)	For a first conviction, by a mandatory fine of not
7		less than \$10,000 and payment of any costs incurred in
8		the eradication of any deer and the deer's progeny
9		that has been possessed, transferred, transported, or
10		released after transport, or by imprisonment of not
11		more than one year, or both;
12	(2)	For a second conviction within five years of a
13		previous conviction, by a mandatory fine of not less
14		than \$15,000 and payment of any costs incurred in the
15		eradication of any deer and the deer's progeny that
16		has been possessed, transferred, transported, or
17		released after transport, or by imprisonment of not
18		more than one year, or both; and
19	(3)	For a third or subsequent conviction within five years
20		of the first two or more convictions, by a mandatory
21		fine of not less than \$25,000 and payment of any costs

incurred in the eradication of any deer and the deer's

1 progeny that has been possessed, transferred, 2 transported, or released after transport, or by 3 imprisonment of not more than one year, or both. 4 Any person who violates section 183D-35, 183D-36, (d) 5 183D-37, 183D-38, 183D-39, 183D-40, or 183D-42 shall be guilty 6 of a petty misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$100 or imprisoned not more than thirty 7 8 days, or both. 9 In addition to any other penalty imposed under this section, a mandatory fine of \$100 shall be levied for each bird 10 11 illegally taken under this chapter and a mandatory fine of \$500 12 shall be levied for each mammal illegally taken under this 13 chapter. 14 (f) Any person who violates any rule adopted by the 15 department under this chapter regulating vehicular parking or 16 traffic movement shall have committed a traffic infraction as 17 set forth in chapter 291D, the adjudication of which shall be 18 subject to the provisions contained therein. A person found to 19 have committed such a traffic infraction shall be fined not more 20 than: 21 (1) \$100 for a first violation; 22 (2) \$200 for a second violation; and

1 (3) \$500 for a third or subsequent violation. 2 $[\frac{f}{f}]$ (g) Any person who is convicted of violating any of 3 the game laws of the State, except as provided in subsection (f), shall immediately have the person's hunting license 4 5 forfeited and any person convicted for a second offense shall 6 not be granted a license to hunt for a period of three years 7 after the date of the second conviction. 8 $\left[\frac{\left(q\right)}{q}\right]$ (h) The environmental court, in lieu of the actual 9 cash payment of any mandatory fine, may allow the defendant to 10 perform the community service as directed by the department of 11 land and natural resources at the rate of one hour of service for every \$10 of mandatory fine imposed. 12 13 [(h)] (i) Any criminal action against a person for any 14 violation of this chapter or any_rule adopted thereunder shall 15 not be deemed to preclude the State from pursuing civil legal 16 action to recover administrative fines and costs, or monetary 17 assessments against that person. Any civil legal action against 18 a person to recover administrative fines and costs, or monetary 19 assessments, for any violation of subtitle 4 of title 12 or any 20 rule adopted thereunder, or the conditions and restrictions of 21 any license, permit, or check station issued or operated

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pursuant thereto, shall not be deemed to preclude the State from 1 2 pursuing any criminal action against that person." SECTION 3. Section 195-8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 3 4 amended to read as follows: 5 "§195-8 Penalty. (a) [Any] Except as provided in 6 subsection (b), any person who violates any of the laws and 7 rules applicable to the reserves system, upon conviction thereof, shall be quilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not 8 9 less than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both, for each offense. 10 (b) Any person who violates any section of this chapter or 11 rule adopted by the department under this chapter regulating 12 vehicular parking or traffic movement shall have committed a 13 14 traffic infraction as set forth in chapter 291D, the adjudication of which shall be subject to the provisions 15 16 contained therein. A person found to have committed such a traffic infraction shall be fined not more than: 17 18 (1) \$100 for a first violation; 19 (2) \$200 for a second violation; and 20 (3) \$500 for a third or subsequent violation. [(b)] (c) Except as otherwise provided by law, the board or 21

its authorized representative by proper delegation is authorized

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to set, charge, and collect administrative fines or bring legal action to recover administrative fees and costs as documented by 2 3 receipts or affidavit, including [attorneys'] attorney's fees 4 and costs; or bring legal action to recover administrative 5 fines, fees, and costs, including [attorneys'] attorney's fees 6 and costs, or payment for damages or for the cost to correct 7 damages resulting from a violation of this chapter or any rule 8 adopted thereunder. The administrative fines shall be as 9 follows: 10 (1)For a first violation, a fine of not more than \$2,500; 11 (2) For a second violation within five years of a previous 12 violation, a fine of not more than \$5,000; and 13 (3) For a third or subsequent violation within five years of the last violation, a fine of not more than 14 15 \$10,000. 16 [(c)] (d) Any criminal action against a person for any 17 violation of this chapter or any rule adopted thereunder shall 18 not be deemed to preclude the State from pursuing civil legal action to recover administrative fines and costs, or monetary 19 20 assessments against that person. Any civil legal action against 21 a person to recover administrative fines and costs, or monetary 22 assessments for any violation of this chapter or any rule

1	adopted thereunder shall not be deemed to preclude the State
2	from pursuing any criminal action against that person."
3	SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
4	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
5	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.
6	
7	INTRODUCED BY:
R	BY REOUEST

Report Title:

Traffic Infractions; Decriminalization

Description:

Decriminalizes traffic infractions within natural area reserves, game management areas, wildlife sanctuaries, and public hunting areas.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT: Land and Natural Resources

TITLE: A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO PENALTIES FOR

VIOLATIONS ON CERTAIN STATE LANDS.

PURPOSE: To decriminalize traffic infractions within

natural area reserves, game management areas, wildlife sanctuaries, and public

hunting areas.

MEANS: Amend sections 183D-5, and 195-8, Hawaii

Revised Statutes.

JUSTIFICATION: The Legislature has been engaged in an

ongoing effort to make resolution of minor

criminal offenses, including traffic

violations, as simple as possible for the average citizen and to ensure that police, prosecutor, and judicial resources are

focused on the most serious criminal

offenses.

This bill seeks to decriminalize traffic infractions within natural area reserves, game management areas, wildlife sanctuaries, and public hunting areas so that they are comparable with the penalties for similar infractions established for the State Park System.

Impact on the public: This bill will
simplify resolution of traffic violations
occurring on certain state lands.

Impact on the department and other agencies: This bill will reduce effort and resources expended to resolve minor traffic violations occurring on certain state lands for the Department, the police, the prosecutors, and the Judiciary.

GENERAL FUND: None.

OTHER FUNDS: None.

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PPBS PROGRAM

DESIGNATION:

LNR 172, 402, and 407.

OTHER AFFECTED

AGENCIES:

Police departments, Judiciary, Prosecuting

Attorney offices.

EFFECTIVE DATE:

Upon approval.