HOUSE RESOLUTION

STRONGLY URGING THE UNITED STATES MILITARY TO CLEAN UP MUNITIONS AND EXPLOSIVES OF CONCERN IN HAWAII UNDER THE MILITARY MUNITIONS RESPONSE PROGRAM.

WHEREAS, certain areas of the Hawaiian Islands were used for military training exercises that resulted in large quantities of munitions and explosives being deposited in the ground; and

WHEREAS, Congress established the Military Munitions
Response Program in 2001 under the Defense Environmental
Restoration Program to address munitions-related concerns,
including explosive safety, environmental and health hazards
from releases of unexploded ordnance, discarded military
munitions, and munitions found at locations other than
operational ranges on active bases, Base Realignment and Closure
installations, and Formerly Used Defense Sites properties; and

WHEREAS, the Military Munitions Response Program provides a focused program to address the challenges presented at sites called munitions response sites; and

WHEREAS, munitions responses are response actions, including investigation, removal actions, and remedial actions, that address safety, human health, or environmental risks presented by munitions and explosives of concern; and

WHEREAS, munitions and explosives of concern are specific categories of military munitions that may pose unique explosives safety risks, such as:

1 2	(2)	Discarded military munitions, as defined in 10 U.S.C. 2710(e)(2); or
3 4 5 6 7	(3)	Munitions constituents, such as TNT and cyclotrimethylenetrinitramine (RDX), as defined in 10 U.S.C. 2710(e)(3), present in high enough concentrations to pose an explosive hazard; and
8 9 10 11 12	WHEREAS, wherever possible, the remedial action for subsurface munitions and explosives of concern should be to restore the land; and	
13 14 15 16	WHEREAS, this process involves identifying munitions and explosives of concern and detonating them in a controlled manner; and	
17 18 19 20	WHEREAS, land use controls, such as fencing to restrict access to land, rather than restoration of the land, should only be used when remedial action is not technically possible; and	
21 22 23	WHEREAS, Bellows Air Force Base sits largely on ceded lands along the shoreline in the middle of Waimanalo; and	
24 25 26 27	as an urba	EAS, part of Bellows Air Force Base was previously used an warfare training facility and is contaminated and e for use if the land is returned to the State; and
28 29 30 31	instead of	EAS, land use controls, such as fencing off the area, f restoration were selected as the treatment plan for ws Air Force Base site; and
32 33 34 35	training prestored	EAS, it is best for land formerly used for military purposes, including Bellows Air Force Base, to be rather than merely fenced off, which deprives residents adding communities of the ability to enjoy and make

BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the

Thirty-first Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2021, that the United States military is strongly urged to

productive use of the land; now, therefore,

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38 39 clean up munitions and explosives of concern in Hawaii under the Military Munitions Response Program; and

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BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that, wherever possible throughout Hawaii, the remedial action for subsurface munitions and explosives of concern should be to restore the land, instead of simply restricting access to the land; and

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BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this Resolution be transmitted to the President of the United States, members of Hawaii's Congressional delegation, United States Secretary of Defense, Commander of the United States Indo-Pacific Command, and Governor.

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OFFERED BY: Lisa Marta

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