### A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO INVASIVE SPECIES.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the two-lined
- 2 spittlebug, Prosapia bicincta, is an invasive insect that
- 3 attacks key forage grasses used by the livestock ranching
- 4 industry. In 2016, the state's first two-lined spittlebug
- 5 infestation was discovered in Kailua-Kona, on the island of
- 6 Hawaii, where the pest had damaged nearly two thousand acres of
- 7 pasture land. Many high quality pasture grasses, including
- 8 Bracharia, Kikuyu, Pangola, St. Augustine, and Bermuda grass are
- 9 susceptible to P.bincincta attacks. During heavy infestations,
- 10 dying plant tissue cascade from the leaves to the roots,
- 11 ultimately causing the death of the whole plant. The resulting
- 12 damage does not allow for any regrowth, requiring ranchers to
- 13 totally replant affected pastures.
- 14 The legislature further finds that two-lined spittlebug
- 15 infestations have reduced the quality of some forage pastures in
- 16 Hawaii by decreasing their nutritional value, palatability, and
- 17 productivity. Infestations of the pest also promote the

- 1 establishment of weeds and lower-quality foraging grasses.
- 2 Monthly surveys carried out on the island of Hawaii since 2017
- 3 show that the pest is rapidly expanding its range and now covers
- 4 more than two hundred seventy-five square miles.
- 5 The legislature recognizes that livestock ranching is a
- 6 highly productive and extremely valuable industry on all of
- 7 Hawaii's major islands. The state's livestock industry has an
- 8 estimated annual value of more than \$68,000,000, with over one
- 9 hundred forty-two thousand beef cattle on more than one thousand
- 10 three hundred ranches. Collectively, these ranches cover nearly
- 11 twenty-five per cent of the state's land area.
- The legislature also recognizes that the expanding
- 13 livestock industry serves as an economic engine for the state
- 14 and a major employer for local communities. This is
- 15 particularly true on the island of Hawaii, where nearly sixty
- 16 per cent of the state's cattle are raised. Additionally,
- 17 seventy per cent of the beef cattle in Hawaii are raised on
- 18 sod-forming grasses such as Kikuyu and Pangola. Consequently,
- 19 two-lined spittlebugs threaten both job and food security in the
- 20 state, making it crucial to address infestations and to restrict
- 21 further spread. Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to

- 1 appropriate funds to mitigate and control the two-lined
- 2 spittlebug and to fund recovery efforts.
- 3 SECTION 2. There is appropriated out of the invasive
- 4 species fund of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$659,000 or so
- 5 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2021-2022 and
- 6 the same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal
- 7 year 2022-2023 to mitigate and control the two-lined spittlebug,
- 8 including but not limited to reducing the two-lined spittlebug
- 9 population using insecticides, integrating weed management
- 10 measures in affected rangelands, and reseeding pastures damaged
- 11 by infestations.
- 12 The sums appropriated shall be expended by the department
- 13 of agriculture for the purposes of this Act.
- 14 SECTION 3. The department of agriculture shall submit a
- 15 report of its findings and recommendations regarding efforts to
- 16 mitigate and control the two-lined spittlebug and the recovery
- 17 of pasture lands, including any proposed legislation, to the
- 18 legislature no later than twenty days prior to the convening of
- 19 the regular session of 2022. The report shall document the
- 20 expenditure of funds and the progress of activities funded by
- 21 this Act.

1 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2021.

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INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 2 1 2021

#### Report Title:

Invasive Species; Control; Two-lined Spittlebug; Department of Agriculture; Appropriation

#### Description:

Appropriates funds to the department of agriculture for the control of the two-lined spittlebug and recovery of the rangelands damaged by the invasive pest.

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