A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO RENTAL MOTOR VEHICLES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. Hawaii is committed to mitigating emissions and
 creating a clean energy pathway by investing in renewable energy
 and energy efficiency. Utilities and transportation currently
 account for the majority of emissions in Hawaii.

5 The legislature finds that reducing cars on the road will 6 contribute to meeting Hawaii's clean energy goals by reducing 7 dependency on petroleum and greenhouse gas emissions generated 8 from ground transportation vehicles. However, over twenty 9 thousand rental motor vehicles on Maui adversely impact Hawaii's 10 intent to mitigate greenhouse gas emissions.

11 The purpose of this Act is to authorize the counties to 12 regulate the number of rental motor vehicles within their 13 respective jurisdictions.

14 SECTION 2. Section 46-1.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 15 amended to read as follows:

16 "§46-1.5 General powers and limitation of the counties.
17 Subject to general law, each county shall have the following



1 powers and shall be subject to the following liabilities and 2 limitations:

3 (1) Each county shall have the power to frame and adopt a
4 charter for its own self-government that shall
5 establish the county executive, administrative, and
6 legislative structure and organization, including but
7 not limited to the method of appointment or election
8 of officials, their duties, responsibilities, and
9 compensation, and the terms of their office;

10 (2) Each county shall have the power to provide for and
11 regulate the marking and lighting of all buildings and
12 other structures that may be obstructions or hazards
13 to aerial navigation, so far as may be necessary or
14 proper for the protection and safeguarding of life,
15 health, and property;

16 (3) Each county shall have the power to enforce all claims
17 on behalf of the county and approve all lawful claims
18 against the county, but shall be prohibited from
19 entering into, granting, or making in any manner any
20 contract, authorization, allowance payment, or



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1		liabi	llity contrary to the provisions of any county	
2		charter or general law;		
3	(4)	Each	county shall have the power to make contracts and	
4		to do	all things necessary and proper to carry into	
5		execı	ition all powers vested in the county or any	
6		count	cy officer;	
7	(5)	Each	county shall have the power to:	
8		(A)	Maintain channels, whether natural or artificial,	
9			including their exits to the ocean, in suitable	
10			condition to carry off storm waters;	
11		(B)	Remove from the channels, and from the shores and	
12			beaches, any debris that is likely to create an	
13			unsanitary condition or become a public nuisance;	
14			provided that, to the extent any of the foregoing	
15			work is a private responsibility, the	
16			responsibility may be enforced by the county in	
17			lieu of the work being done at public expense;	
18		(C)	Construct, acquire by gift, purchase, or by the	
19			exercise of eminent domain, reconstruct, improve,	
20			better, extend, and maintain projects or	
21			undertakings for the control of and protection	



1			against floods and flood waters, including the
2			power to drain and rehabilitate lands already
3			flooded;
4		(D)	Enact zoning ordinances providing that lands
5			deemed subject to seasonable, periodic, or
6			occasional flooding shall not be used for
7			residence or other purposes in a manner as to
8			endanger the health or safety of the occupants
9			thereof, as required by the Federal Flood
10			Insurance Act of 1956 (chapter 1025, Public Law
11			1016); and
12		(E)	Establish and charge user fees to create and
13			maintain any stormwater management system or
14			infrastructure;
15	(6)	Each	county shall have the power to exercise the power
16		of c	ondemnation by eminent domain when it is in the
17		publ	ic interest to do so;
18	(7)	Each	county shall have the power to exercise
19		regu	latory powers over business activity as are
20		assi	gned to them by chapter 445 or other general law;
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1	(8)	Each county shall have the power to fix the fees and
2		charges for all official services not otherwise
3		provided for;
4	(9)	Each county shall have the power to provide by
5		ordinance assessments for the improvement or
6		maintenance of districts within the county;
7	(10)	Except as otherwise provided, no county shall have the
8		power to give or loan credit to, or in aid of, any
9		person or corporation, directly or indirectly, except
10		for a public purpose;
11	(11)	Where not within the jurisdiction of the public
12		utilities commission, each county shall have the power
13		to regulate by ordinance the operation of motor
14		vehicle common carriers transporting passengers and
15		the number of rental motor vehicles within the county
16		and adopt and amend rules the county deems necessary
17		for the public convenience and necessity;
18	(12)	Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce
19		ordinances necessary to prevent or summarily remove
20		public nuisances and to compel the clearing or removal
21		of any public nuisance, refuse, and uncultivated



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1 undergrowth from streets, sidewalks, public places, 2 and unoccupied lots. In connection with these powers, 3 each county may impose and enforce liens upon the 4 property for the cost to the county of removing and 5 completing the necessary work where the property 6 owners fail, after reasonable notice, to comply with 7 the ordinances. The authority provided by this 8 paragraph shall not be self-executing, but shall 9 become fully effective within a county only upon the 10 enactment or adoption by the county of appropriate and 11 particular laws, ordinances, or rules defining "public 12 nuisances" with respect to each county's respective 13 circumstances. The counties shall provide the 14 property owner with the opportunity to contest the 15 summary action and to recover the owner's property; 16 (13) Each county shall have the power to enact ordinances 17 deemed necessary to protect health, life, and 18 property, and to preserve the order and security of 19 the county and its inhabitants on any subject or 20 matter not inconsistent with, or tending to defeat, 21 the intent of any state statute where the statute does



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1		not disclose an express or implied intent that the			
2		statute shall be exclusive or uniform throughout the			
3		State;			
4	(14)	Each county shall have the power to:			
5		(A) Make and enforce within the limits of the county			
6		all necessary ordinances covering all:			
7		(i) Local police matters;			
8		(ii) Matters of sanitation;			
9		(iii) Matters of inspection of buildings;			
10		(iv) Matters of condemnation of unsafe			
11		structures, plumbing, sewers, dairies, milk,			
12		fish, and morgues; and			
13		(v) Matters of the collection and disposition of			
14		rubbish and garbage;			
15		(B) Provide exemptions for homeless facilities and			
16		any other program for the homeless authorized by			
17		part XVII of chapter 346, for all matters under			
18		this paragraph;			
19		(C) Appoint county physicians and sanitary and other			
20		inspectors as necessary to carry into effect			
21		ordinances made under this paragraph, who shall			



1		have the same power as given by law to agents of	
2		the department of health, subject only to	
3		limitations placed on them by the terms and	
4		conditions of their appointments; and	
5		(D) Fix a penalty for the violation of any ordinance,	
6		which penalty may be a misdemeanor, petty	
7		misdemeanor, or violation as defined by general	
8		law;	
9	(15)	Each county shall have the power to provide public	
10		pounds; to regulate the impounding of stray animals	
11		and fowl, and their disposition; and to provide for	
12		the appointment, powers, duties, and fees of animal	
13		control officers;	
14	(16)	Each county shall have the power to purchase and	
15		otherwise acquire, lease, and hold real and personal	
16		property within the defined boundaries of the county	
17		and to dispose of the real and personal property as	
18		the interests of the inhabitants of the county may	
19		require, except that:	



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1		(A)	Any property held for school purposes may not be
2			disposed of without the consent of the
3			superintendent of education;
4		(B)	No property bordering the ocean shall be sold or
5			otherwise disposed of; and
6		(C)	All proceeds from the sale of park lands shall be
7			expended only for the acquisition of property for
8			park or recreational purposes;
9	(17)	Each	county shall have the power to provide by charter
10		for ·	the prosecution of all offenses and to prosecute
11		for (offenses against the laws of the State under the
12		auth	ority of the attorney general of the State;
13	(18)	Each	county shall have the power to make
14		appr	opriations in amounts deemed appropriate from any
15		mone	ys in the treasury, for the purpose of:
16		(A)	Community promotion and public celebrations;
17		(B)	The entertainment of distinguished persons as may
18			from time to time visit the county;
19		(C)	The entertainment of other distinguished persons,
20			as well as, public officials when deemed to be in
21			the best interest of the community; and



1		(D)	The rendering of civic tribute to individuals
2			who, by virtue of their accomplishments and
3			community service, merit civic commendations,
4			recognition, or remembrance;
5	(19)	Each	county shall have the power to:
6		(A)	Construct, purchase, take on lease, lease,
7			sublease, or in any other manner acquire, manage,
8			maintain, or dispose of buildings for county
9			purposes, sewers, sewer systems, pumping
10			stations, waterworks, including reservoirs,
11			wells, pipelines, and other conduits for
12			distributing water to the public, lighting
13			plants, and apparatus and appliances for lighting
14			streets and public buildings, and manage,
15			regulate, and control the same;
16		(B)	Regulate and control the location and quality of
17			all appliances necessary to the furnishing of
18			water, heat, light, power, telephone, and
19			telecommunications service to the county;
20		(C)	Acquire, regulate, and control any and all
21			appliances for the sprinkling and cleaning of the



1		streets and the public ways, and for flushing the
2		sewers; and
3		(D) Open, close, construct, or maintain county
4		highways or charge toll on county highways;
5		provided that all revenues received from a toll
6		charge shall be used for the construction or
7		maintenance of county highways;
8	(20)	Each county shall have the power to regulate the
9		renting, subletting, and rental conditions of property
10		for places of abode by ordinance;
11	(21)	Unless otherwise provided by law, each county shall
12		have the power to establish by ordinance the order of
13		succession of county officials in the event of a
14		military or civil disaster;
15	(22)	Each county shall have the power to sue and be sued in
16		its corporate name;
17	(23)	Each county shall have the power to:
18		(A) Establish and maintain waterworks and sewer
19		works;
20		(B) Implement a sewer monitoring program that
21		includes the inspection of sewer laterals that



1		connect to county sewers, when those laterals are
2		located on public or private property, after
3		providing a property owner not less than ten
4		calendar days' written notice, to detect leaks
5		from laterals, infiltration, and inflow, any
6		other law to the contrary notwithstanding;
7	(C)	Compel an owner of private property upon which is
8		located any sewer lateral that connects to a
9		county sewer to inspect that lateral for leaks,
10		infiltration, and inflow and to perform repairs
11		as necessary;
12	(D)	Collect rates for water supplied to consumers and
13		for the use of sewers;
14	(E)	Install water meters whenever deemed expedient;
15		provided that owners of premises having vested
16		water rights under existing laws appurtenant to
17		the premises shall not be charged for the
18		installation or use of the water meters on the
19		premises; and
20	(F)	Take over from the State existing waterworks
21		systems, including water rights, pipelines, and



1		other appurtenances belonging thereto, and sewer
2		systems, and to enlarge, develop, and improve the
3		same;
4	(G)	For purposes of subparagraphs (B) and (C):
5		(i) "Infiltration" means groundwater, rainwater,
6		and saltwater that enters the county sewer
7		system through cracked, broken, or defective
8		sewer laterals; and
9		(ii) "Inflow" means non-sewage entering the
10		county sewer system via inappropriate or
11		illegal connections;
12	(24) (A)	Each county may impose civil fines, in addition
13		to criminal penalties, for any violation of
14		county ordinances or rules after reasonable
15		notice and requests to correct or cease the
16		violation have been made upon the violator. Any
17		administratively imposed civil fine shall not be
18		collected until after an opportunity for a
19		hearing under chapter 91. Any appeal shall be
20		filed within thirty days from the date of the
21		final written decision. These proceedings shall



1 not be a prerequisite for any civil fine or 2 injunctive relief ordered by the circuit court; 3 Each county by ordinance may provide for the (B) 4 addition of any unpaid civil fines, ordered by 5 any court of competent jurisdiction, to any 6 taxes, fees, or charges, with the exception of 7 fees or charges for water for residential use and 8 sewer charges, collected by the county. Each 9 county by ordinance may also provide for the 10 addition of any unpaid administratively imposed 11 civil fines, which remain due after all judicial 12 review rights under section 91-14 are exhausted, to any taxes, fees, or charges, with the 13 14 exception of water for residential use and sewer 15 charges, collected by the county. The ordinance 16 shall specify the administrative procedures for 17 the addition of the unpaid civil fines to the 18 eligible taxes, fees, or charges and may require 19 hearings or other proceedings. After addition of 20 the unpaid civil fines to the taxes, fees, or 21 charges, the unpaid civil fines shall not become



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1 a part of any taxes, fees, or charges. The 2 county by ordinance may condition the issuance or 3 renewal of a license, approval, or permit for 4 which a fee or charge is assessed, except for 5 water for residential use and sewer charges, on 6 payment of the unpaid civil fines. Upon 7 recordation of a notice of unpaid civil fines in 8 the bureau of conveyances, the amount of the 9 civil fines, including any increase in the amount 10 of the fine which the county may assess, shall 11 constitute a lien upon all real property or 12 rights to real property belonging to any person 13 liable for the unpaid civil fines. The lien in 14 favor of the county shall be subordinate to any 15 lien in favor of any person recorded or 16 registered prior to the recordation of the notice 17 of unpaid civil fines and senior to any lien 18 recorded or registered after the recordation of 19 the notice. The lien shall continue until the 20 unpaid civil fines are paid in full or until a 21 certificate of release or partial release of the



1 lien, prepared by the county at the owner's 2 expense, is recorded. The notice of unpaid civil 3 fines shall state the amount of the fine as of 4 the date of the notice and maximum permissible 5 daily increase of the fine. The county shall not 6 be required to include a social security number, 7 state general excise taxpayer identification 8 number, or federal employer identification number 9 on the notice. Recordation of the notice in the 10 bureau of conveyances shall be deemed, at such 11 time, for all purposes and without any further 12 action, to procure a lien on land registered in 13 land court under chapter 501. After the unpaid 14 civil fines are added to the taxes, fees, or 15 charges as specified by county ordinance, the 16 unpaid civil fines shall be deemed immediately 17 due, owing, and delinquent and may be collected 18 in any lawful manner. The procedure for 19 collection of unpaid civil fines authorized in $\mathbf{20}$ this paragraph shall be in addition to any other



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1 procedures for collection available to the State 2 and county by law or rules of the courts; 3 (C) Each county may impose civil fines upon any 4 person who places graffiti on any real or 5 personal property owned, managed, or maintained 6 by the county. The fine may be up to \$1,000 or 7 may be equal to the actual cost of having the 8 damaged property repaired or replaced. The 9 parent or quardian having custody of a minor who 10 places graffiti on any real or personal property 11 owned, managed, or maintained by the county shall 12 be jointly and severally liable with the minor 13 for any civil fines imposed hereunder. Any such 14 fine may be administratively imposed after an 15 opportunity for a hearing under chapter 91, but 16 such a proceeding shall not be a prerequisite for 17 any civil fine ordered by any court. As used in 18 this subparagraph, "graffiti" means any 19 unauthorized drawing, inscription, figure, or 20 mark of any type intentionally created by paint, 21 ink, chalk, dye, or similar substances;



1	(D) At th	ne completion of an appeal in which the
2	count	cy's enforcement action is affirmed and upon
3	corre	ection of the violation if requested by the
4	viola	ator, the case shall be reviewed by the
5	count	ty agency that imposed the civil fines to
6	deter	rmine the appropriateness of the amount of
7	the c	civil fines that accrued while the appeal
8	proce	edings were pending. In its review of the
9	amour	nt of the accrued fines, the county agency
10	may c	consider:
11	(i)	The nature and egregiousness of the
12		violation;
13	(ii)	The duration of the violation;
14	(iii)	The number of recurring and other similar
15		violations;
16	(iv)	Any effort taken by the violator to correct
17		the violation;
18	(v)	The degree of involvement in causing or
19		continuing the violation;
20	(vi)	Reasons for any delay in the completion of
21		the appeal; and



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1 (vii) Other extenuating circumstances. 2 The civil fine that is imposed by administrative 3 order after this review is completed and the 4 violation is corrected shall be subject to 5 judicial review, notwithstanding any provisions for administrative review in county charters; 6 7 (E) After completion of a review of the amount of 8 accrued civil fine by the county agency that 9 imposed the fine, the amount of the civil fine 10 determined appropriate, including both the 11 initial civil fine and any accrued daily civil 12 fine, shall immediately become due and 13 collectible following reasonable notice to the 14 violator. If no review of the accrued civil fine 15 is requested, the amount of the civil fine, not 16 to exceed the total accrual of civil fine prior 17 to correcting the violation, shall immediately 18 become due and collectible following reasonable 19 notice to the violator, at the completion of all 20 appeal proceedings; and



	(F) If no county agency exists to conduct appeal
	proceedings for a particular civil fine action
	taken by the county, then one shall be
	established by ordinance before the county shall
	impose the civil fine;
(25)	Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, any county
	mayor, by executive order, may exempt donors, provider
	agencies, homeless facilities, and any other program
	for the homeless under part XVII of chapter 346 from
	real property taxes, water and sewer development fees,
	rates collected for water supplied to consumers and
	for use of sewers, and any other county taxes,
	charges, or fees; provided that any county may enact
	ordinances to regulate and grant the exemptions
	granted by this paragraph;
(26)	Any county may establish a captive insurance company
	pursuant to article 19, chapter 431; and
(27)	Each county shall have the power to enact and enforce
	ordinances regulating towing operations."
SECI	ION 3. New statutory material is underscored.
	(26) (27)



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1 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

INTRODUCED BY:

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By Request

JAN 2 1 2021



Report Title:

Maui County Council Package; Rental Motor Vehicles; County Powers

Description:

Authorizes the counties to regulate the number of rental motor vehicles within their respective jurisdictions.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

