A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO EDUCATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that, in the current job
- 2 market, nearly sixty-five per cent of available positions
- 3 require postsecondary credentials. Industry-recognized
- 4 credentials are important because they teach the specific
- 5 knowledge and skills that are required for an occupation or
- 6 industry. Full-time employees with industry credentials earn
- 7 more than their uncredentialed counterparts, and, in some cases,
- 8 the salaries of credential holders who do not hold college
- 9 degrees are similar to the salaries of college graduates.
- 10 The legislature also finds that the State has critical
- 11 shortages of qualified and credentialed workers in sectors
- 12 including health, education, air travel, and technology. Given
- 13 the recent downturn in the State's economy and the rise in
- 14 unemployment, it is especially important for Hawaii to equip its
- 15 students for the existing job market. To this end, the
- 16 Promising Credentials project, a collaborative effort aimed at
- 17 using Hawaii labor market data and local employer insights to



- 1 identify high-value industry credentials in the State, was
- 2 launched. This information will enable local career readiness
- 3 programs to better tailor their offerings to Hawaii's job market
- 4 and to deliver more effective services to both students and
- 5 employers. However, there is a need for the data to be
- 6 disaggregated by credential and to be consistently collected and
- 7 reported by state agencies.
- 8 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to:
- 9 (1) Require the state board for career and technical
- 10 education to oversee and review annually the statewide
- 11 data collection processes, reporting requirements, and
- business rules related to the student attainment of
- industry-recognized credentials;
- 14 (2) Require the state board for career and technical
- education to provide an annual report to the governor
- and the legislature on students' attainment of
- industry-recognized credentials; and
- 18 (3) Require all state agencies that administer educational
- or training courses that lead to, provide, or
- otherwise align with the attainment of an industry-

1	recognized credential to collect and report certain
2	categories of data.
3	SECTION 2. Chapter 304A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended by adding a new section to subpart C of part I to be
5	appropriately designated and to read as follows:
6	"§304A- Industry recognized credentials; data
7	collection. (a) The board shall review annually the statewide
8	data collection processes, reporting requirements, and business
9	rules related to the student attainment of industry-recognized
10	credentials. The board shall ensure consistent data collection
11	and transparent reporting across all state educational systems
12	and agencies.
13	(b) All state data collection processes, reporting
14	requirements, and business rules shall support the collection of
15	data on student-level, industry-recognized credential attainment
16	that may be:
17	(1) Integrated into the State's secondary, postsecondary,
18	and longitudinal educational data systems to evaluate
19	the equity and efficacy of state credentialing
20	programs; and

1	(2)	Used to analyze the State's return on investment by
2		matching data on industry-recognized credential
3		attainment with data on wages, employment, and the
4	•	completion of postsecondary education.
5	(c)	All state agencies that administer an educational
6	course or	training program that leads to, provides, or otherwise
7	aligns wit	th the attainment of an industry-recognized credential
8	shall col	lect and report to the board annual data on student-
9	level cred	dential attainment, including:
10	(1)	The number of students who enrolled in an educational
11		course, training program, career program,
12		postsecondary program, or other State-supported
13		workforce training program that provides an industry-
14		recognized credential, disaggregated by career field;
15	(2)	The number of students who attempted to earn each
16		industry-recognized credential;
17	(3)	The number of students who successfully earned each
18		industry-recognized credential;
19	(4)	The number of students who attempted or earned each
20		professional credential not recognized as a "promising

1		credential" by the executive advisory committee of the
2		Promising Credentials project;
3	(5)	The number of students who were awarded postsecondary
4		credit for industry-recognized credentials through
5		articulation or transfer agreements;
6	(6)	The geographic information, course enrollment
7		information, and demographic information that will
8		allow the data to be disaggregated by student group,
9		program, career cluster, district, school system,
10		postsecondary institution, and other categories.
11		Demographic information tracked shall include the
12		student's:
13		(A) Race;
14		(B) Gender;
15		(C) Family income;
16		(D) Disability status; and
17		(E) Primary language; and
18	(7)	Any other data deemed necessary by the board.
19	(d)	All state agencies that administer an educational
20	course or	training program that leads to, provides, or otherwise
7 1	aliana wi	th the attainment of an industry responsited gradential

1	shall pur	sue data-sharing agreements with the appropriate
2	credentia	ling entities; provided that the agreements:
3	(1)	Comply with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy
4		Act and other applicable state and federal laws
5		governing the privacy of student records;
6	(2)	Share information on student credentialing exams,
7		including raw scores, subsection scores, and other
8		information related to exam performance and skill
9		mastery;
0	(3)	Provide sufficient student information to match
1		credentialing data with other components of student
2		records;
13	(4)	Increase efficiency by sharing statewide data that
14		spans secondary and postsecondary systems and
15		students;
16	(5)	Facilitate collaborations with other states to
17		negotiate data-sharing agreements with credentialing
8		entities that are consistent between states, to
9		increase administrative efficiency; and
20	(6)	Align information collected from students or
21		candidates as part of the credentialing process with

1	state agency data systems to allow for better matching
2	within student and longitudinal information systems.
3	(e) Beginning on July 1, 2022, and no later than July 1 of
4	each year thereafter, the board, in partnership with any
5	agencies the board deems appropriate, shall submit a report to
6	the governor and the legislature, providing the annual data
7	required by subsection (c) and setting out the board's findings
8	and recommendations, including any proposed legislation. The
9	report shall disclose the sources of all data, including data
10	obtained through direct agreements with the credentialing
11	entities.
12	(f) The board's annual report shall be published digitally
13	and shall be made available to all relevant stakeholders,
14	including students and families, educators, employers, and
15	community members.
16	(g) As used in this section:
17	"Board" means the state board for career and technical
18	education.
19	"Industry-recognized credential" means a credential
20	recognized as a "promising credential" by the executive advisory
21	committee of the Promising Credentials project "

1 SECTION 3. New statutory material is underscored.

2 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 2 6 2021

Report Title:

Industry-Recognized Credentials; Data

Description:

Requires the State board for career and technical education to oversee and review annually statewide data collection processes and reporting requirements related to the student attainment of industry-recognized credentials. Requires certain agencies to collect and report disaggregated data on students' attainment of industry-recognized credentials. Requires certain agencies to pursue data-sharing agreements with credentialing entities. Requires an annual report to the governor and legislature.

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