

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CRIMINAL PRETRIAL REFORM.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that there is a need to

address the substantial and continued overcrowding of facilities

used to house pretrial defendants through the adoption of

4 certain recommendations made by the criminal pretrial task force

5 regarding pretrial detention and release.

6 House Concurrent Resolution No. 134, H.D. 1 (2017),

7 requested the judiciary to convene a criminal pretrial task

8 force to:

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- (1) Examine and, as needed, recommend legislation and revisions to criminal pretrial practices and procedures to increase public safety while maximizing pretrial release of those who do not pose a danger or a flight risk; and
 - (2) Identify and define best practices metrics to measure the relative effectiveness of the criminal pretrial system and establish ongoing procedures to take such measurements at appropriate time intervals.

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H.B. NO. 1/11

2 task force that consisted of twenty-nine members from various 3 agencies and organizations with a broad spectrum of knowledge 4 and experience. The task force met between August 11, 2017, and July 6, 2018, and submitted its report to the legislature on 5 December 14, 2018. The report contained twenty-five 7 recommendations, some of which were accompanied by proposed 8 legislation that was authored by the task force. 9 Although a substantial number of the task force's 10 recommendations were subsequently enacted by Act 179, Session 11 Laws of Hawaii 2019 (Act 179), two critical recommendations were not included. These recommendations would substantially change 12 13 the process for pretrial determinations and would offer the 14 greatest potential to maximize pretrial release. Act 179 instead focused on those recommendations which would most 15 16 improve fairness and administrative efficiency. However, this 17 approach has failed to substantially reduce the pretrial population in Hawaii's jails, and the continued overcrowding 18 19 that was a primary contributing factor in the large-scale 20 COVID-19 outbreak at the Oahu community correctional center 21 during the summer of 2020.

Accordingly, the judiciary convened a criminal pretrial

1	The legislature accordingly intends to implement certain				
2	recommendations of the criminal pretrial task force that were				
3	accompanied by proposed legislation authored by the task force				
4	but not adopted in Act 179.				
5	The purpose of this Act is to amend chapter 804, Hawaii				
6	Revised Statutes, to:				
7	(1) With certain exceptions, eliminate the use of monetary				
8	bail and require defendants to be released on their				
9	own recognizance for traffic offenses, violations,				
10	nonviolent petty misdemeanor offenses, and nonviolent				
11	misdemeanor offenses; and				
12	(2) Create rebuttable presumptions regarding both release				
13	and detention for certain offenses and specify				
14	circumstances in which these presumptions apply.				
15	SECTION 2. Chapter 804, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is				
16	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated				
17	and to read as follows:				
18	"§804- Monetary bail; nonviolent offenders. (a) Any				
19	defendant arrested and charged with a traffic offense,				
20	violation, nonviolent petty misdemeanor offense, or nonviolent				

1	misdemeanor offense shall be released on the defendant's own		
2	recogniza	nce conditioned upon:	
3	(1)	The defendant's appearance in court; and	
4	(2)	Any other least restrictive, non-financial condition	
5		necessary to:	
6		(A) Ensure the defendant's appearance in court; and	
7		(B) Protect the public.	
8	(b)	This section shall not apply if:	
9	(1)	The offense involves:	
10		(A) Assault;	
11		(B) Terroristic threatening;	
12		(C) Sexual assault;	
13		(D) Abuse of family or household members;	
14		(E) Violation of a temporary restraining order;	
15		(F) Violation of an order for protection;	
16		(G) Violation of a restraining order or injunction;	
17		(H) Operating a vehicle under the influence of an	
18		intoxicant;	
19		(I) Negligent homicide; or	
20		(J) Any other crime of violence; or	

1	(2)	One	or more of the following apply:
2		(A)	The defendant has a history of non-appearance in
3			the last twenty-four months;
4		<u>(B)</u>	The defendant has at least one prior conviction
5			for a misdemeanor crime of violence or felony
6			crime of violence within the last ten years;
7		<u>(C)</u>	The defendant was pending trial or sentencing at
8			the time of arrest;
9		<u>(D)</u>	The defendant was on probation, parole, or
10			conditional release at the time of arrest;
11		<u>(E)</u>	The defendant is also concurrently charged with a
12			violent petty misdemeanor, a violent misdemeanor,
13			or any felony offense arising from the same or
14			separate incident; or
15		<u>(F)</u>	The defendant presents a risk of danger to any
16			other person or to the community.
17	(c)	If a	ny of the exceptions in subsection (b) apply, bail
18	may be se	et in	a reasonable amount. If the defendant is unable
19	to post t	he am	nount of bail, the defendant shall be entitled to a
20	prompt he	earing	under section 804-7.5. If the defendant is

1 unable to post bail in the amount of \$99 or less, the director 2 of public safety shall be authorized to release the defendant." 3 SECTION 3. Section 804-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 amended by amending subsections (a) through (c) to read as 5 follows: 6 "(a) For purposes of this section[, "serious]: 7 "Serious crime" means murder or attempted murder in the 8 first degree, murder or attempted murder in the second degree, 9 [or] a class A [or B] felony, [except forgery in the first 10 degree and failing to render aid under section 291C-12, and 11 "bail"] or a class B or C felony involving violence or threat of 12 violence to any person. 13 "Bail" includes release on one's own recognizance, supervised release, and conditional release. 14 15 (b) [Any person charged with a criminal offense shall be 16 bailable by sufficient sureties; provided that bail may be 17 denied where the charge is for a serious crime, and:] There 18 shall be a rebuttable presumption that a person charged with a 19 criminal offense, other than a serious crime, shall be released 20 or admitted to bail under the least restrictive conditions

required to ensure the person's appearance and to protect the

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2	<pre>convincing evidence that:</pre>			
3	(1)	There is a serious risk that the person will flee;		
4	(2)	There is a serious risk that the person will obstruct		
5		or attempt to obstruct justice, or [therefore,]		
6		injure $[_{ au}]$ or intimidate, or attempt to thereafter $[_{ au}]$		
7		injure $[\tau]$ or intimidate, a prospective witness or		
8		juror;		
9	(3)	There is a serious risk that the person poses a danger		
10		to any person or the community; or		
11	(4)	There is a serious risk that the person will engage in		
12		illegal activity.		
13	If the pr	osecution demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence		
14	that one	or more of the foregoing serious risks exists, the		
15	person sh	all be detained if the court finds that no condition or		
16	combinati	on of conditions is sufficient to reasonably eliminate,		
17	reduce, o	r mitigate the risks presented.		
18	(c)	Under subsection (b)(1) a rebuttable presumption		
19	arises th	at there is a serious risk that the person will flee or		
20	will not appear as directed by the court where the person is			
21	charged with a criminal offense punishable by imprisonment for			

1	life with	or without possibility of parole. For purposes of			
2	subsectio	n (b)(3) and (4) a rebuttable presumption arises that			
3	the person poses a serious danger to any person or community or				
4	will enga	ge in illegal activity where the court determines that:			
5	(1)	The defendant has been previously convicted of a			
6		serious crime involving violence or threat of violence			
7		against a person within the ten-year period preceding			
8		the date of the charge against the defendant;			
9	(2)	The defendant is [already on bail on] pending trial or			
10		sentencing for a felony charge involving violence or			
11		threat of violence against a person; or			
12	(3)	The defendant is on probation or parole for a serious			
13		crime involving violence or threat of violence to a			
14		person."			
15	SECT	ION 4. This Act does not affect rights and duties that			
16	matured,	penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were			
17	begun bef	ore its effective date.			
18	SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed				
19	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.				

1 SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 26 2021

Jakes)

Report Title:

Bail; Rebuttable Presumptions; Release; Detention

Description:

Eliminates the use of monetary bail and requires defendants to be released on their own recognizance for traffic offenses, violations, and nonviolent petty misdemeanor and misdemeanor offenses, with certain exceptions. Creates rebuttable presumptions regarding release and detention for certain offenses and specifies circumstances in which these presumptions apply.

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