A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PHARMACISTS PRESCRIBING AND DISPENSING OF OPIOID ANTAGONIST.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. During the 2018 legislative session, the
- 2 legislature addressed the nationwide opioid epidemic by
- 3 authorizing pharmacists, who received the appropriate education
- 4 and training, to prescribe and dispense opioid antagonists to
- 5 patients who are at risk for an opioid overdose or family member
- 6 or caregiver of an individual at risk for an opioid overdose.
- 7 The legislature found that pharmacists are well situated to
- 8 provide education and access to opioid antagonists to assist
- 9 with the prevention of addressing opioid overdoses in Hawaii.
- 10 Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to clarify the name
- 11 on the prescription for the opioid antagonist, whether it is the
- 12 individual who is at risk for an opioid overdose or the name of
- 13 the family member or caregiver of an individual who is at risk
- 14 for an opioid overdose who is requesting the opioid antagonist.
- 15 SECTION 2. Section 461-11.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 16 amended to read as follows:

1	"[+]§461-11.8[+] Opioid antagonist; authority to prescribe
2	and dispense; requirements. (a) A pharmacist, acting in good
3	faith and exercising reasonable care, may prescribe and dispense
4	an opioid antagonist to an individual who is at risk for an
5	opioid overdose or a family member or caregiver of an individual
6	who is at risk of an opioid overdose regardless of whether the
7	individual has evidence of a previous prescription for an opioid
8	antagonist from a practitioner authorized to prescribe opioids.
9	The opioid antagonist prescribed and dispensed for a family
10	member or caregiver of an individual who is at risk for an
11	opioid overdose may be prescribed and dispensed in the name of
12	the individual who is to be treated with the opioid antagonist
13	or in the name of the individual who is requesting the opioid
14	antagonist, or an "Opioid Antagonist Recipient" or "OAR".
15	(b) A pharmacist who prescribes and dispenses opioid
16	antagonists pursuant to subsection (a) shall:
17	(1) Complete a training program related to prescribing
18	opioid antagonists that is approved by the
19	Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education (ACPE), a
20	curriculum-based program from an ACPE-accredited
21	college of pharmacy, a state or local health

S.B. NO. 535 S.D. 1 H.D. 1

I		department program, or a program recognized by the
2		board;
3	(2)	Provide the individual who is receiving the opioid
4		antagonist with information and written educational
5		material on risk factors of opioid overdose, signs of
6		an overdose, overdose response steps, and the use of
7		the opioid antagonist; and
8	(3)	Dispense the opioid antagonist to the individual who
9		is at risk for an opioid overdose, family member, [or]
10		caregiver, or individual requesting the opioid
11		antagonist for an individual at risk for an opioid
12		overdose as soon as practicable after the pharmacist
13		issues the prescription."
14	SECT	ION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
15	and stric	ken. New statutory material is underscored.
16	SECT	ION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050, and
17	shall be	repealed on June 30, 2024; provided that section 461-
18	11.8, Haw	aii Revised Statutes, shall be reenacted in the form in
19	which it	read on the day prior to the effective date of this
20	Act.	

Report Title:

Opioid Antagonist; Pharmacists; Prescribing; Dispensing

Description:

Authorizes pharmacists, acting in good faith and exercising reasonable care, to prescribe and dispense an opioid antagonist to patients at risk of overdose, and family members and caregivers of patients at risk of overdose. (SB535 HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.