# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ONSITE-NON-POTABLE WATER REUSE SYSTEMS.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that as an island state,
- 2 Hawai'i has limited access to natural fresh water and unlike in
- 3 other states, it is not economically feasible to ship in
- 4 additional supplies when needed. Competition for fresh water
- 5 from increasing population, development pressures, and the
- 6 impact of climate change require that Hawai'i develop strategies
- 7 for increasing water conservation, recharge, and reuse in order
- 8 to ensure fresh water supplies for current and future
- 9 generations. The Hawai'i fresh water initiative was developed as
- 10 a statewide goal to increase water security by one hundred
- 11 million gallons a day by 2030. This will require more than
- 12 doubling the amount of wastewater currently reused in the
- 13 islands to provide an additional thirty million gallons a day in
- 14 water availability.
- 15 The legislature further finds that the use of recycled
- 16 water for non-potable applications has proven safe and feasible
- 17 under existing regulatory regimes in Hawai'i and many other



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- 1 states, as well as in other industrialized countries of the
- 2 world. Onsite water reuse in high-rise and mid-rise
- 3 developments in particular has proven feasible and safe in New
- 4 York, California, Japan, Australia, and other locations. The
- 5 use of recycled water generated onsite at high-rise and mid-rise
- 6 developments can replace a large percentage of the future
- 7 potable water demand of such developments.
- 8 In order to increase onsite water reuse at the development
- 9 level, the legislature finds that guidance from the National
- 10 Blue Ribbon Commission for Onsite Non-potable Water Systems
- 11 would be invaluable. The National Blue Ribbon Commission
- 12 advances best management practices to support the use of onsite
- 13 non-potable water systems within individual buildings or at the
- 14 local scale through a commitment to protect public health and
- 15 the environment. To support the adoption of onsite non-potable
- 16 systems, the commission has developed tools and resources based
- 17 on world class research and best practices underway in local
- 18 communities.
- 19 To help reach the 2030 goal for water reuse, the department
- 20 of health organized a water reuse task force based on House
- 21 Concurrent Resolution 86, S.D. 1 (2018), with the purpose of

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- 1 identifying policies to help scale water reuse in the Hawaiian
- 2 islands. Task force participants included representatives from
- 3 the department of health, board of land and natural resources,
- 4 commission on water resources management, board of agriculture,
- 5 Honolulu board of water supply, Hawaii freshwater initiative,
- 6 Hawaii Community Foundation, county representatives, and members
- 7 of the house of representatives and the senate. The legislature
- 8 notes that this Act was informed and guided by the water reuse
- 9 task force with the goal of safely, effectively, and
- 10 economically scaling water reuse throughout Hawaii.
- 11 The purpose of this Act is to require the department of
- 12 health to adopt rules by January 1, 2021, for onsite non-potable
- 13 water reuse systems.
- 14 SECTION 2. By January 1, 2021, the department of health
- 15 shall adopt rules for onsite non-potable water reuse systems,
- 16 based on the National Blue Ribbon Commission for Onsite Non-
- 17 potable Water Systems' "A Guide for Developing and Implementing
- 18 Regulations for Onsite Non-Potable Water Systems."
- 19 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

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#### Report Title:

Onsite Non-potable Water Reuse Systems; Department of Health

### Description:

Requires the Department of Health to adopt rules by January 1, 2021, for onsite non-potable water reuse systems. (HB444 HD1)

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