

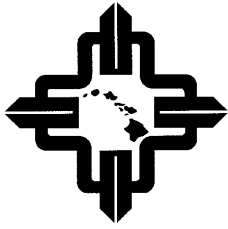
# HB2114 HD2

**Measure Title:** RELATING TO COLLECTIVE BARGAINING.  
**Report Title:** Employment; Collective Bargaining; Scope of Negotiations  
**Description:** Provides that negotiations over the implementation of management decisions affecting the terms and conditions of employment that are subject to collective bargaining are not precluded from collective bargaining negotiations. Specifies that negotiations over the procedures and criteria of certain subjects of bargaining shall not compel either party to agree to a proposal or make a concession. (HB2114 HD2)  
**Companion:** [SB2373](#)  
**Package:** None  
**Current Referral:** LBR, WAM  
**Introducer(s):** JOHANSON, AQUINO, BELATTI, BROWER, CULLEN, FUKUMOTO, ICHIYAMA, ING, KOBAYASHI, C. LEE, LOPRESTI, LOWEN, LUKE, MORIKAWA, NAKASHIMA, NISHIMOTO, OHNO, ONISHI, SAIKI, TAKUMI, WOODSON, YAMANE, YAMASHITA

<b>Sort by Date</b>	<b>Status</b>	<b>Text</b>
1/19/2018	H	Pending introduction.
1/22/2018	H	Introduced and Pass First Reading.
1/26/2018	H	Referred to LAB, FIN, referral sheet 7
2/5/2018	H	Proposed draft of Bill scheduled to be heard by LAB on Thursday, 02-08-18 9:00AM in House conference room 309. Copy of proposed draft available at <a href="http://www.capitol.hawaii.gov">www.capitol.hawaii.gov</a> .
2/8/2018	H	The committees on LAB recommend that the measure be PASSED, WITH AMENDMENTS. The votes were as follows: 6 Ayes: Representative(s) Johanson, Holt, Ichiyama, Keohokalole, Yamashita, Matsumoto; Ayes with reservations: none; Noes: none; and 1 Excused: Representative(s) Evans.
2/15/2018	H	Reported from LAB (Stand. Com. Rep. No. 455-18) as amended in HD 1, recommending passage on Second Reading and referral to FIN.
2/15/2018	H	Passed Second Reading as amended in HD 1 and referred to the committee(s) on FIN with none voting aye with reservations; Representative(s) Ward voting no (1) and Representative(s) DeCoite, Ing, McDermott, Nakamura, Souki, Todd excused (6).
2/20/2018	H	Bill scheduled to be heard by FIN on Thursday, 02-22-18 1:30PM in House conference room 308.
2/22/2018	H	The committees on FIN recommend that the measure be PASSED, WITH AMENDMENTS. The votes were as follows: 13 Ayes: Representative(s) Luke, Cullen, Cachola, DeCoite, Fukumoto, Gates, Holt, Kobayashi, Lowen, Nakamura, Todd, Yamashita, Ward; Ayes with reservations: none; Noes: none; and 2 Excused: Representative(s) Keohokalole, Tupola.
3/2/2018	H	Reported from FIN (Stand. Com. Rep. No. 1059-18) as amended in HD 2, recommending passage on Third Reading.
3/2/2018	H	Forty-eight (48) hours notice Tuesday, 03-06-18.
3/6/2018	H	Passed Third Reading as amended in HD 2 with none voting aye with reservations; Representative(s) Say, Tupola, Ward voting no (3) and Representative(s) Woodson excused (1). Transmitted to Senate.
3/8/2018	S	Received from House (Hse. Com. No. 311).
3/8/2018	S	Passed First Reading.
3/8/2018	S	Referred to LBR, WAM.
3/9/2018	S	The committee(s) on LBR has scheduled a public hearing on 03-13-18 3:00PM in conference room 229.

**S** = Senate | **H** = House | **D** = Data Systems | **\$** = Appropriation measure | **ConAm** = Constitutional Amendment

Some of the above items require Adobe Acrobat Reader. Please visit [Adobe's download page](#) for detailed instructions.



**HAWAII HEALTH SYSTEMS**  
C O R P O R A T I O N

*"Quality Healthcare For All"*

**Senate Committee on Labor**  
**Senator Jill N. Tokuda, Chair**  
**Senator J. Kalani English, Vice Chair**

March 13, 2018  
Conference Room 229  
3:00 p.m.  
Hawaii State Capitol

**Testimony Opposing House Bill 2114 H.D. 2 Relating to Collective Bargaining. Provides that negotiations over the implementation of management decisions affecting the terms and conditions of employment that are subject to collective bargaining are not precluded from collective bargaining negotiation.**

Linda Rosen, M.D., M.P.H.  
Chief Executive Officer  
Hawaii Health Systems Corporation

CHAIR TOKUDA, VICE CHAIR ENGLISH, AND MEMBERS OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON LABOR:

H.B. 2114 H.D. 2 clarifies the allowable scope of collective bargaining negotiations regarding the rights and obligations of a public employer.

Hawaii Health Systems Corporation ("HHSC") understands the purpose of this bill but **opposes** the wording of this bill, as more fully set forth below, because it leads to an ambiguity about which subjects are permissive and which are mandatory. HHSC therefore proposes amending the bill as set forth below:

1. In referencing bargaining, this bill deletes the phrase ". . . a permissive subject" and replaces it with the word "subjects", which implies that those management decisions that are acknowledged to be permissive subjects of bargaining would become "mandatory subjects of bargaining".
2. This bill further adds the phrase, ". . . but such obligation does not compel either party to agree to a proposal or make a concession." While this states the existing right of parties engaged in good faith bargaining, it does not address the ambiguity created regarding permissive and mandatory subjects of negotiation noted in paragraph 1 above.

3. The current wording of the statute promotes joint decision making between the employers and exclusive representatives by balancing the role of the employer to manage and direct operations and the exclusive representative's role to advocate and negotiate for its members as it relates to wages, hours, and working conditions.
4. HHSC is a state agency committed to providing the highest quality health care in an often quickly changing work environment, requiring management's ability to direct its workforce, determine minimum qualifications and work standards, and to take appropriate action to ensure satisfactory performance. This must be done in compliance with federal and state regulations which directly impact operational decisions.
5. HHSC proposes the addition of language to the measure as follows:

Amend section 89-9(d)(8), HRS, as follows:

This subsection shall not be used to invalidate provisions of collective bargaining agreements in effect on and after June 30, 2007, and except as otherwise provided in this chapter, shall not preclude negotiations over the implementation of management decisions that materially affect terms and conditions of employment that are properly subject to collective bargaining. This subsection ~~also~~ shall not preclude, but does not mandate, negotiations over the procedures and criteria on promotions, transfers, assignments, demotions, layoffs, suspensions, terminations, discharges, or other disciplinary actions as a permissive subject of bargaining during collective bargaining negotiations or negotiations over a memorandum of agreement, memorandum of understanding, or other supplemental agreement.

Amend section 89-10(d), HRS, as follows:

Whenever there are provisions in a collective bargaining agreement concerning a matter under chapter 76 or 78 that is negotiable under chapter 89, the terms of the agreement shall prevail; provided that in no instance will the arbitration panel consider for inclusion any final position that is not consistent with section 89-9(d).

6. Finally, in the event that the Committee declines to accept the proposed amendments, HHSC respectfully requests that the Committee consider the addition of a sunset date for this bill. This would allow the employer and the exclusive representative to consider the impact of the bill on operations and afford an opportunity for appropriate further refinement.

Based upon the above, Hawaii Health Systems Corporation respectfully recommends that further consideration of the above concerns be given.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify on this important measure.

DEPARTMENT OF THE PROSECUTING ATTORNEY  
**CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU**

ALII PLACE  
1060 RICHARDS STREET • HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813  
PHONE: (808) 547-7400 • FAX: (808) 547-7515

KEITH M. KANESHIRO  
PROSECUTING ATTORNEY



CHASID M. SAPOLU  
FIRST DEPUTY PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

**THE HONORABLE JILL N. TOKUDA, CHAIR**  
**SENATE COMMITTEE ON LABOR**  
**Twenty-Ninth State Legislature**  
**Regular Session of 2018**  
**State of Hawai`i**

March 13, 2018

**RE: H.B. 2114, H.D. 2; RELATING TO COLLECTIVE BARGAINING.**

Chair Tokuda, Vice Chair English, and members of the Senate Committee on Labor, the Department of the Prosecuting Attorney of the City and County of Honolulu (“Department”) submits the following testimony in opposition to H.B. 2114, H. D 2.

If enacted, this bill would require collective bargaining on the very subjects that HRS §89-9(d) was specifically designed to exclude from collective bargaining, and would require collective bargaining on matters long-established as permissive subjects. Essentially, this would nullify a public employer’s rights and obligations to manage its workforce, and--as a result--impede the public employer’s ability to effectively carry out day-to-day operations and services.

As currently written, HRS §89-9(d) simultaneously lays out the rights and obligations of a public employer, and mandates that no collective bargaining agreement shall be permitted to interfere with these rights and obligations. Specifically, there can be no collective bargaining agreement on “any proposal...which would interfere with the rights and obligations of a public employer to” carry out eight enumerated areas, which range from “[determining] methods, means, and personnel by which the employer’s operations are to be conducted,” to “[taking] such actions as may be necessary to carry out the missions of the employer in cases of emergencies.”

While the statute does not specify to whom the public employers’ obligations are owed, legislative records indicate a clear sense of obligation to the public and providing uninterrupted services to the public.<sup>1</sup> Indeed, the Conference Committee Report from the creation of HRS Chapter 89 states:

...[A]ny collective bargaining law enacted should clearly specify the areas and manner in which public employees shall bargain collectively **if we are to**

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<sup>1</sup> Conference Comm. Rep. No 24, on S.B. 1696-70, in 1970 House Journal. (Emphasis added.)

**avoid, or at least to minimize, the controversies which have arisen in other jurisdictions where collective bargaining is permitted and which have often resulted in the disruption of public services.**”

(Emphasis added.) Consistent with this, the policy clause of HRS Chapter 89, HRS §89-1, states:

**“[I]t is the public policy of the State to promote harmonious and cooperative relations between government and its employees and to protect the public by assuring effective and orderly operations of government.”**

(Emphasis added.) Thus, the exclusions contained in HRS §89-9(d)(1) through (8) collectively allow a public employer to manage the day-to-day (or emergency) operations of its workforce, helping to maintain efficient and effective public services. Notably, these exclusions have withstood the test of time and have remained relatively unchanged since HRS Chapter 89 and HRS §89-9(d) were first enacted in 1970, despite numerous amendments to HRS §89-9 since that time.<sup>2</sup>

### **“Implementation by the employer”**

Contrary to the need for uninterrupted public services, the amendments proposed in H.B. 2114, H. D 2, would undoubtedly result in increased delays, disputes and disruptions in operations and services. While the matters listed under HRS §89-9(d)(1) through (8) have always been excluded from collective bargaining (to the extent they interfere with the rights and obligations of public employers), the proposed amendments on **page 2, lines 15-17**, would force the “implementation” of these matters into collective bargaining, if it “affects terms and conditions of employment that are subject to [mandatory or permissive] collective bargaining.”

Without further limitations on this provision, it may be argued that practically **any** employer action taken under HRS §89-9(d)(1) through (8)—directing employees, determining standards and qualifications for work, and so forth—“affects” the terms and conditions of employment. Thus, more and more of these matters would be forced into negotiations, and any resulting controversies could impede public employers from providing effective and orderly public services. Ultimately, it serves little or no purpose to exclude certain rights and obligations of public employers from collective bargaining, if “implementation” of these things is still subject to collective bargaining.

### **“Permissive subject of bargaining”**

Equally disruptive would be the proposed language in H.B. 2114, H. D 2, **page 2, line 21**, which would make certain, long-standing, “permissive subjects of bargaining” mandatory, with a clear inference that the newly proposed changes (regarding implementation) would also be a mandatory subject for negotiations.

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<sup>2</sup> Act 171, Section 2, Session Laws 1970. States in relevant part: “The employer and the exclusive representative shall not agree to any proposal...which would interfere with the rights of a public employer to (1) direct employees; (2) determine qualification, standards for work, the nature and contents of examinations, hire, promote, transfer, assign, and retain employees in positions and suspend, demote, discharge, or take other disciplinary action against employees for proper cause; (3) relieve an employee from duties because of lack of work or other legitimate reason; (4) maintain efficiency of government operations; (5) determine methods, means, and personnel by which the employer's operations are to be conducted; and take such actions as may be necessary to carry out the missions of the employer in cases of emergencies.”

Following the eight rights and obligations excluded from collective bargaining, HRS §89-8(d) provides that the procedures and criteria used by a public employer, to carry out specific matters under—essentially—HRS §89-9(d)(3), (4) and (5) are permitted in collective bargaining at the discretion of the public employer and the exclusive representative. If such procedures and/or criteria are agreed upon, an employee can seek recourse via the grievance procedure, if any of the procedures or criteria are violated.

By way of background, the first iteration of this language was passed by the legislature in 1988,<sup>3</sup> to “clarif[y] the scope of management rights under Section 89-9(d),” clearly making these matters optional (i.e. permissive) subjects of negotiation.<sup>4</sup> The current iteration was enacted in 2007, in response to a Hawaii Supreme Court decision in *United Public Workers, AFSCME, Local 646, AFL-CIO v. Hanneman*, 106 Haw 359, 105 P.3d 236 (2005) (aka “*UPW v. Hanneman*”), expounding that these are not only permissive subjects of bargaining for collective bargaining agreements, but also for supplemental agreements reached by the parties.<sup>5</sup>

Despite the change in wording, this portion of HRS §89-9(d) has always been very clear that these “permissive subjects of bargaining” are just that; they are permissive, not required. However, if this language is removed, our courts “must give effect to every word of a statute wherever possible,” including the omission of words,<sup>6</sup> and the inference would be that these subjects of bargaining are no longer permissive; they are required. **Making these subjects mandatory would not only present a complete change from the original intent of this provision—and from 35 years of case law and collective bargaining negotiations that have relied upon it—but it would likely attach to the new language discussed above, making “implementation” of the eight permissive subjects into required subjects of collective bargaining as well.**

If passed, the amendments proposed in H.B. 2114, H. D 2, would inevitably and unnecessarily impede the ability for public employers to effectively manage their workforce and maintain uninterrupted public services. While the Department recognizes that collective bargaining is generally an important means of ensuring employees’ rights, we also believe that certain matters—namely, those listed in HRS §89-9(d)(1) through (8)—must be retained as the employer’s right and obligation, and we further believe that the permissive subjects of negotiation, listed under HRS §89-9(d), must continue to be permissive. Making all of these into mandatory subjects of negotiation would inevitably result in increased delays, controversy and disruption to public services, and would run contrary to the very purpose of HRS §89-9(d).

For the foregoing reasons, the Department of the Prosecuting Attorney of the City and County of Honolulu opposes the passage of H.B. 2114, H. D 2. Thank you for the opportunity to testify on this matter.

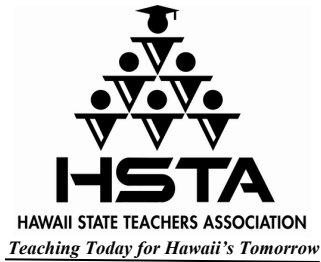
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<sup>3</sup> Act 399, Section 4, Session Laws 1988. States in relevant part: “...provided that the employer and the exclusive representative may negotiate procedures governing the promotion and transfer of employees to positions within a bargaining unit, procedures governing the suspension, demotion, discharge or other disciplinary actions taken against employees, and procedures governing the lay-off of employees; provided further that violations of the procedures so negotiated may be the subject of a grievance process agreed to by the employer and the exclusive representative.” (Emphasis added.)

<sup>4</sup> House Stand. Comm. Rep. No. 986-88, on S.B. 3164, 1988 House Journal.

<sup>5</sup> Senate Stand. Comm. Rep. No 889, on S.B. 1642, 2007 Senate Journal.

<sup>6</sup> *Ransom v. FIA Card Services, N.A.*, 562 U.S. 61, 70, 131 S.Ct. 716, 724 (2011), citing *Leocal v. Ashcroft*, 543 U.S. 1, 12, 125 S.Ct. 377, 160 L.Ed.2d 271 (2004).



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Vice President  
Amy Perruso  
Secretary-Treasurer  
Wilbert Holck  
Executive Director

TESTIMONY BEFORE THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON  
LABOR

RE: HB 2114, HD 2 - RELATING TO COLLECTIVE BARGAINING

TUESDAY, MARCH 13, 2018

WILBERT HOLCK, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR  
HAWAII STATE TEACHERS ASSOCIATION

Chair Tokuda and Members of the Committee:

The Hawaii State Teachers Association **strongly supports HB 2114, HD 2,** relating to collective bargaining.

This proposal clarifies the obligation of the state to engage in negotiations in a fair and respectable manner. While HSTA recognizes the right of the state to manage employee work, we strongly affirm the importance of protecting employees' right to negotiate those subjects outlined in HRS 89-9.

Collective bargaining is especially important to public school teachers. It is in the best interest of both the employer and the union to ensure that bargaining occurs in a way that supports an employee's ability to enhance their professionalism, leads to a workplace free from health and safety risks, and is conducted in a fair and equitable manner. Our state's commitment to collective bargaining is even more urgent under the pending threat of the Supreme Court's ruling in *Janus v. AFSCME*, which could fundamentally undermine Hawaii's dedication to labor management peace by constraining collective bargaining representatives' ability to collect resources from their members and, in turn, diminishing public employees' ability to negotiate with management and represent their members' interests.

To preserve the islands' longstanding devotion to the protection of workers' rights, the Hawaii State Teachers Association asks your committee to **support** this bill.



**HAWAII GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES ASSOCIATION**  
AFSCME Local 152, AFL-CIO

RANDY PERREIRA, Executive Director • Tel: 808.543.0011 • Fax: 808.528.0922

The Twenty-Ninth Legislature, State of Hawaii  
The Senate  
Committee on Labor

Testimony by  
Hawaii Government Employees Association

March 13, 2018

**H.B. 2114, H.D. 2 – RELATING TO COLLECTIVE BARGAINING**

The Hawaii Government Employees Association, AFSCME Local 152, AFL-CIO strongly supports the purpose and intent of H.B. 2114, H.D. 2 which provides that negotiations over the implementation of management decisions affecting the terms and conditions of employment are not precluded from bargaining. **In addition, we respectfully request the Committee's consideration in adopting a technical amendment that comports H.B. 2114, H.D. 2 to its companion S.B. 2373, S.D. 1.**

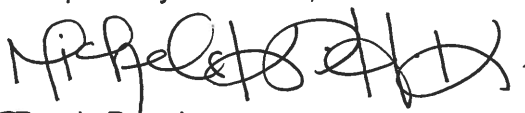
This important measure makes necessary amendments to Ch. 89-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to clarify and delineate the scope of bargaining between the public sector employers and the exclusive representatives. H.B. 2114, H.D. 2 correctly recognizes that the impact of management decisions should be negotiated as they relate to the terms and conditions of employment.

We respectfully request the Committee's consideration in adopting a technical amendment to page 3, line 3 that comports this measure to its companion S.B. 2373, S.D. 1, by striking the existing language "but this" and replacing it with proposed language "provided that such" to read:

*"... understanding, or other supplemental agreement [;]; provided that such obligation does not compel either party to agree ..."*

The amendments to Ch. 89-9, HRS contained in H.B. 2114 are necessary to ensure fairness in the process of negotiations. Thank you for the opportunity to testify in strong support of the passage of this measure.

Respectfully submitted,

  
for Randy Perreira  
Executive Director



**SHOPO****PRESIDENT**

Tenari R. Ma'afala

**VICE PRESIDENT**

Malcolm Lutu

**TREASURER**

James "Kimo" Smith

**SECRETARY**

Don Faumuina

**DIRECTORS AT LARGE**

John Haina

David "Kawika" Hallums

Vacant

**HONOLULU CHAPTER CHAIR**

Robert Cavaco

**HAWAII CHAPTER CHAIR**

Todd Pataray

**KAUA'I CHAPTER CHAIR**

Christopher Calio

**MAUI CHAPTER CHAIR**

Mark Vickers

March 9, 2018

**U.S. MAIL/FAX: 808-587-7220**

The Honorable Jill N. Tokuda  
 Chair, Senate Committee on Labor  
 Hawaii State Capitol, Room 202  
 415 South Beretania Street  
 Honolulu, HI 96813

Re: **HB2114** [Relating to Collective Bargaining]

Dear Chair Tokuda, Vice-Chair English and Honorable Committee Members:

I write to you on behalf of the State of Hawaii Organization of Police Officers ("SHOPO") in support of HB2114. SHOPO strongly supports this bill which seeks to clarify the scope of negotiations.

We believe HB2114 clarifies and promotes the legislature's "statement of findings and policy" outlined in HRS §89-1, wherein the legislature stated in pertinent part:

The legislature finds that **joint decision-making** is the modern way of administering government. Where public employees have been granted the **right to share in the decision-making process** affecting wages and **working conditions**, they have become more responsive and better able to exchange ideas and information on operations with their administrators. Accordingly, government is made more effective.

HRS §89-1 (emphasis added).

This bill will promote the joint decision-making process while insuring fairness in the negotiation process between the public employers and the respective bargaining units. Notably, HB2114 does not amend in anyway the existing language in HRS §89-9 that currently precludes a public union from "interfering" with the "rights and obligations" of a public employer, as those rights and obligations are articulated under HRS §89-9(d)(1)-(8).

In addition, the language that provides neither side can compel the other to agree to a proposal or make a concession makes clear that collective bargaining should be just that, a collective effort on both sides to reach agreements and compromises. This will further ensure fairness on both sides during collective bargaining negotiations.

We thank you for allowing us to be heard and respectfully hope your committee will support this bill.

Respectfully submitted,

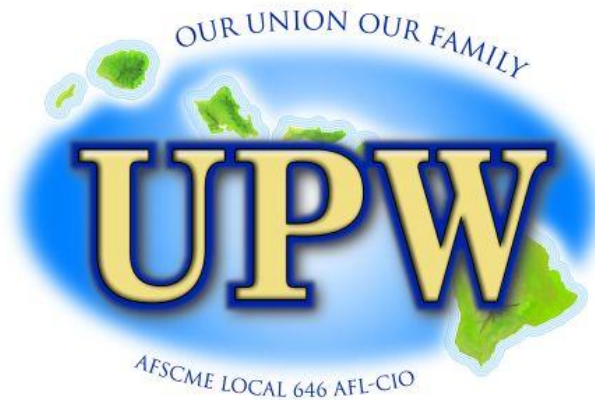
TENARI MA'AFALA  
 President

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THE HAWAII STATE SENATE  
The Twenty-Ninth Legislature  
Regular Session of 2018

COMMITTEE ON LABOR

Senator Jill N. Tokuda, Chair  
Senator J. Kalani English, Vice Chair

DATE OF HEARING: Tuesday, March 13, 2018  
TIME OF HEARING: 3:00 p.m.  
PLACE OF HEARING: State Capitol  
415 South Beretania Street  
Conference Room 229

**TESTIMONY ON HOUSE BILL 2114, HD2 RELATING  
TO COLLECTIVE BARGAINING**

By DAYTON M. NAKANELUA,  
State Director of the United Public Workers (UPW),  
AFSCME Local 646, AFL-CIO

My name is Dayton M. Nakanelua, State Director of the United Public Workers, AFSCME, Local 646, AFL-CIO. The UPW is the exclusive bargaining representative for approximately 12,000 public employees, which include blue collar, non-supervisory employees in Bargaining Unit 01 and institutional, health and correctional employees in Bargaining Unit 10, in the State of Hawaii and various counties. The UPW also represents about 1,500 members of the private sector.

HB2114, HD2 provides clarity in establishing that the impact of management decisions that affect the terms and conditions of employment are subjects of collective bargaining and are not precluded from collective bargaining negotiations. Heretofore, there were "permissive subjects" to collective bargaining negotiations where both the exclusive representative and the employer mutually agree to bargain on an issue that is not a mandatory issue. However, if one party refuses to bargain then there is no negotiation. The collective bargaining field is made more level with this bill.

The UPW strongly supports this measure.

Thank you for the opportunity to submit this testimony.





## HAWAII FIRE FIGHTERS ASSOCIATION

INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF FIRE FIGHTERS LOCAL 1463, AFL-CIO  
1018 PALM DRIVE, HONOLULU, HAWAII 96814-1929  
TELEPHONE (808) 949-1566 FAX: (808) 952-6003  
WEBSITE: [www.hawaii firefighters.org](http://www.hawaii firefighters.org)

THE SENATE  
THE TWENTY-NINTH LEGISLATURE  
REGULAR SESSION OF 2018  
March 13, 2018

Committee on Labor

Testimony by  
Hawaii Fire Fighters Association

H.B. No.2114, H.D. 2 RELATING TO COLLECTIVE BARGAINING

The Hawaii Fire Fighters Association (HFFA), Local 1463, IAFF, AFL-CIO, represents more than 1,900 professional active-duty and 800 retired fire fighters throughout the State. The HFFA, on behalf of our members, **strongly supports H.B. No. 2114, H.D. 2** clarifying the allowable scope of collective bargaining negotiations.

H.B No. 2114, H.D.2 clarifies that the subjects of bargaining between the employers and the exclusive representatives are negotiable when the implementation of HRS Section 89-9, paragraphs (1) through (8), *affects the terms and conditions of employment.*" (Emphasis added.) The employers are not prohibited from establishing new policies under this proposed amendment. However, this proposed legislation requires that the *impact of those policies* on public employment are subject to bargaining. Specifically excluded topics, such as all aspects of the Hawaii Retirement System and the health insurance coverages of the Employer Union Trust Fund, remain outside of the collective bargaining process.

This legislative proposal places the responsibility of good faith bargaining on both parties and effectively addresses the rights and benefits for public employees under the collective bargaining law.

HFFA appreciates your Committee's favorable consideration of this measure and thank you for the opportunity to testify.



46-063 Emepela Pl. #U101 Kaneohe, HI 96744 · (808) 679-7454 · Kris Coffield · Co-founder/Executive Director

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**TESTIMONY FOR HOUSE BILL 2114, HOUSE DRAFT 2, RELATING TO  
COLLECTIVE BARGAINING**

**Senate Committee on Labor  
Hon. Jill N. Tokuda, Chair  
Hon. J. Kalani English, Vice Chair**

**Tuesday, March 13, 2018, 3:00 PM  
State Capitol, Conference Room 229**

Honorable Chair Tokuda and committee members:

I am Kris Coffield, representing IMUAlliance, a nonpartisan political advocacy organization that currently boasts over 400 members. On behalf of our members, we offer this testimony in strong support of House Bill 2114, SD 2, relating to collective bargaining.

There is a power in a union.

Today, political pundits prognosticate about the possible onslaught of austerity facing our nation. Many of these same pundits believe that labor unions are an impediment to economic prosperity, arguing that collective bargaining sets wages and work conditions above what the free market demands.

They couldn't be more wrong. Collective bargaining is a civil right. Unionized employees' compensation and work protections, moreover, are essential to creating an upwardly mobile middle class and continually increasing economic prosperity. As economist Paula Voos of Rutgers University School of Management and Labor Relations notes, "It is no accident that the prosperity and consumer boom of the 1950s—a period of unprecedented middle-class expansion, broad business growth, increased home ownership, rising consumer spending, and the shared expectation that a college education was within the reach of everyone and that the lives of our children would be better than our own—followed the greatest sustained expansion of unionization in American history."

Unsurprisingly, decreasing American middle-class incomes and the rapidly widening wealth gap in our country parallel a significant decline in union membership. It is imperative, then, that we promote higher productivity by strengthening labor-management relations. Through a union, employees have a means to engage with management about workplace problems, inefficient

processes, unfair work conditions, and unsupportive compensation. Unions also reduce employee turnover and increase the retention of highly experienced employees, creating circumstances that favor professional development and mutual trust in the workplace. This measure, moreover, ensures harmonious management-worker relations by guaranteeing that employers cannot arbitrarily prevent management decisions that affect work conditions from being subject to negotiation, something that local unions face far too often to the detriment of our state's hardworking women and men. Labor rights are human rights and should be respected as such, particularly at a time when federal leaders have launched a corporate-backed war on workers.

Thomas Jefferson wrote, "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty." The same is true with basic civil rights, including the right to bargain for better pay and work conditions. We must always put democracy before dollar signs and people before profits.

Mahalo for the opportunity to testify in strong support of this bill.

Sincerely,  
Kris Coffield  
*Executive Director*  
IMUAlliance

**HB-2114-HD-2**

Submitted on: 3/12/2018 2:57:11 PM

Testimony for LBR on 3/13/2018 3:00:00 PM

<b>Submitted By</b>	<b>Organization</b>	<b>Testifier Position</b>	<b>Present at Hearing</b>
Melodie Aduja	Testifying for OCC Legislative Priorities Committee, Democratic Party of Hawai'i	Support	No

Comments:



**LATE**

The Senate Committee on Labor  
Tuesday, March 13, 2018  
3:00 PM, Conference Room 229

RE: **HB 2114, HD2 Relating to Collective Bargaining**

Attention: Chair Jill Tokua, Vice Chair J. Kalani English and members of the Committee

The University of Hawaii Professional Assembly (UHPA) **urges the committee to support HB 2114, HD2.** This will bring clarity to Chapter 89 by recognizing that negotiations may take place on the effect and consequences of management decisions relating to the terms and conditions of employment.

In the previous legislative session, a similar bill was passed with very strong support of the legislature. Unfortunately, Governor Ige vetoed the measure.

Now comes HB 2114, HD1 which reflects collaborative work between the Governor's staff and representatives of the public sector unions to advance a bill that both can abide by and implement in a manner that maintains the balance of interests between labor and management.

**UHPA seeks the Labor Committee's support for HB 2114, HD2.**

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Kristeen Hanselman".

Kristeen Hanselman  
Executive Director







Randy Perreira  
President

# HAWAII STATE AFL-CIO

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The Twenty-Ninth Legislature, State of Hawaii  
Hawaii State Senate  
Committee on Labor

Testimony by  
Hawaii State AFL-CIO  
March 13, 2018

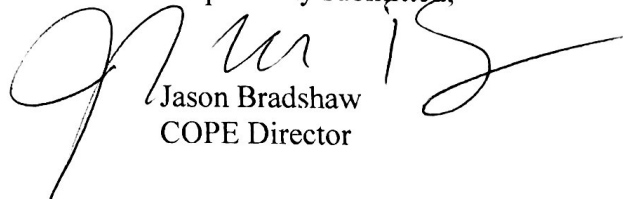
H.B. 2114, H.D.2 – RELATING TO  
COLLECTIVE BARGAINING

The Hawaii State AFL-CIO strongly supports H.B. 2114, H.D.2 which provides that negotiations over the implementation of management decisions affecting the terms and conditions of employment that are subject to collective bargaining are not precluded from collective bargaining negotiations and specifies that negotiations over the procedures and criteria of certain subjects of bargaining shall not compel either party to agree to a proposal or make a concession.

Workers have the right to collectively bargain and should be able to negotiate their wages, benefits, and work conditions. H.B. 2114, H.D.2 simply ensures their voices are heard during collective bargaining negotiations. The Hawaii State AFL-CIO strongly urges the passage of H.B. 2114, H.D.2.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify.

Respectfully submitted,



Jason Bradshaw  
COPE Director