A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds, as declared in the
- 2 Hawaii Commitments presented to the World Conservation Congress
- 3 in 2016, that "[w]e must undertake profound transformations in
- 4 how human societies live on Earth, with particular attention to
- 5 making our patterns of production and consumption more
- 6 sustainable. We must recognize that human health and wellbeing
- 7 depend on healthy ecosystems. We must recognize that every form
- 8 of life has value regardless of its worth to humans." Hawaii
- 9 has been a leader in conservation efforts for decades through
- 10 its commitment to environmental and sustainability policies. In
- 11 the 1970s, the State enacted the State Environmental Policy,
- 12 chapter 344, Hawaii Revised Statutes, as a mechanism to set
- 13 environmental goals. While comprehensive, it lacked measurable
- 14 indicators and enforcement means. Our understanding of the
- 15 challenges facing our natural environment worldwide has changed
- 16 remarkably since the 1970s and the laws enacted in Hawaii in
- 17 recent decades have served as a starlight for other



jurisdictions and set a global example on how to adopt policies 1 2 on sustainability. Act 8, Special Session Laws of Hawaii 2005, established a 3 Hawaii 2050 task force to review the Hawaii state plan and other 4 fundamental components of community planning, resulting in the 5 6 2050 Hawaii Sustainability Plan that outlined the following 7 goals and principles to be achieved by 2050: 8 (1) A way of life - living sustainably is part of our 9 daily practice in Hawaii; The economy - our diversified and globally competitive 10 (2) 11 economy enables us to meaningfully live, work, and 12 play in Hawaii; (3) Environment and natural resources - our natural 13 resources are responsibly and respectfully used, 14 replenished, and preserved for future generations; 15 Community and social well-being - our community is 16 (4) strong, healthy, vibrant, and nurturing, providing 17 safety nets for those in need; and 18 19 (5) Kanaka maoli and island values - our kanaka maoli and

island cultures and values are thriving and

perpetuated.

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1	More recently, several approaches to sustainability have
2	emerged in Hawaii, including the Aloha+ Challenge, the
3	governor's Sustainable Hawaii Initiative, and other initiatives
4	inspired by the Mālama Honua Worldwide Voyage and Mālama Hawaiʻi
5	In July of 2014, the State launched The Aloha+ Challenge:
6	He Nohona 'Ae'oia, A Culture of Sustainability, a statewide
7	commitment to sustainability, with the leadership of the
8	governor, four county mayors, the office of Hawaiian affairs,
9	the legislature, and Hawaii Green Growth public-private partners
10	across the State. The Aloha+ Challenge builds on the State's
11	history of systems thinking, Hawaiian culture and values, and
12	successful track record on sustainability to outline six
13	ambitious goals to be achieved by 2030:
14	(1) Clean energy: Achieve seventy per cent clean energy,
15	with forty per cent from renewables and thirty per
16	cent from efficiency;
17	(2) Local food: At least double local food production for
18	local consumption;
19	(3) Natural resource management: Reverse the trend of
20	natural resource loss mauka to makai by increasing
21	freshwater security, watershed protection, community-

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1		based marine management, invasive species control, and
2		restoration of native species;
3	(4)	Waste reduction: Reduce the solid waste stream prior
4		to disposal by seventy per cent through source
5		reduction, recycling, bioconversion, and landfill
6		diversion methods;
7	(5)	Smart sustainable communities: Increase livability
8		and resilience in the built environment through
9		planning and implementation at the state and county
10		levels; and
11	(6)	Green workforce and education: Increase local green
12		jobs and education to implement these goals.
13	To i	ncrease the efforts of the Aloha+ Challenge, the
14	governor	launched the Sustainable Hawaii Initiative in 2016,
15	which inc	ludes five goals:
16	(1)	Double local food production by 2020;
17	(2)	Implement the State's interagency biosecurity plan by
18		2027;
19	(3)	Protect thirty per cent of the highest priority
20		watersheds by 2030;

1	(4) Manage thirty per cent of nearshore ocean waters by
2	2030; and
3	(5) Achieve one hundred per cent renewable energy in
4	electricity by 2045.
5	In May of 2014, Hōkūle'a began a three-year voyage across
6	the world's oceans carrying the message of Mālama Honua - to
7	care for the Earth. Building on the legacy of the Polynesian
8	way finders, the Hōkūle'a Worldwide Voyage inspired actions of
9	conservation across the Hawaiian islands and beyond, resulting
10	in the connection of a lei of aloha around the globe.
11	At the global level, the United Nations sustainable
12	development goals, the Hawaii Commitments presented to the World
13	Conservation Congress in 2016, and the Paris Climate Agreement
14	have been adopted to guide global efforts. The sustainable
15	development goals, otherwise known as the 2030 Agenda for
16	Sustainable Development, which were born at the United Nations
17	Conference on Sustainable Development in Rio de Janeiro in 2012,
18	and came into force in 2015, are a universal call to action to
19	end poverty, protect the planet, and ensure that all people
20	enjoy peace and prosperity. The seventeen sustainable
21	development goals are interconnected and work in the spirit of

- 1 partnership and pragmatism to make the right choices now to
- 2 improve life, in a sustainable way, for future generations.
- 3 They provide a clear framework for action to guide countries in
- 4 accordance with their own priorities and the environmental
- 5 challenges of the world at large. They tackle the root causes
- 6 of poverty and unite us to make a positive change for both
- 7 people and planet.
- 8 Dealing with the threat of climate change impacts how we
- 9 manage our fragile natural resources. Achieving gender equality
- 10 and better health helps eradicate poverty, and fostering
- 11 peaceful and inclusive societies will reduce inequalities and
- 12 help economies prosper. The sustainable development goals are
- 13 voluntary commitments to make the world a better and more
- 14 prosperous place.
- During September 2016, more than ten thousand leaders from
- 16 government, civil society, indigenous communities, faith and
- 17 spiritual traditions, the private sector, and academia gathered
- 18 in Hawaii for a meeting of the International Union for
- 19 Conservation of Nature World Conservation Congress. Delegates
- 20 to the Congress adopted the Hawaii Commitments to achieve the
- 21 transformation required to promote a "Culture of Conservation".

- 1 The Hawaii Commitments consist of seven identified challenges
- 2 and proposed solutions, including:
- 3 (1) Linking spirituality, religion, culture, and
- 4 conservation;
- 5 (2) Engaging and empowering youth;
- 6 (3) The challenge of sustaining the global food supply and
- 7 conserving nature;
- **8** (4) The challenge of preserving the health of the world
- 9 ocean;
- 10 (5) The challenge of ending wildlife trafficking;
- 11 (6) The challenge of engaging with the private sector; and
- 12 (7) The challenge of climate change.
- 13 The Hawaii Commitments build on the Paris Climate Agreement and
- 14 the sustainable development goals to allow different global
- 15 voices to come together and find common ground in the spirit of
- 16 partnership, collaboration, and sustainability.
- 17 In order for Hawaii to continue to serve as a starlight for
- 18 the rest of the world in setting policies on sustainability and
- 19 to serve as a global leader on issues of conservation and
- 20 sustainability, it is essential that the State demonstrate its
- 21 full commitment to its own policies and goals, as well as the

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1	goals set on the international stage at united Nations
2	conferences and summits on sustainability.
3	Therefore, the purpose of this Act is to codify the State's
4	commitment to conservation and sustainability by including goal
5	seventeen of the seventeen United Nations sustainable
6	development goals and indicators, strengthening implementation,
7	with references to existing state sustainability programs, if
8	applicable, in the Hawaii Revised Statutes.
9	SECTION 2. Chapter 226, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended by adding a new section to be appropriately designated
11	and to read as follows:
12	"§226- Sustainable development goals; strengthening
13	implementation. In pursuance of the State's sustainability
14	goals, and notwithstanding any law to the contrary, all agencies
15	shall, insofar as practicable, take action to assist the State
16	in strengthening the means of implementation of the sustainable
17	development goals in this chapter by 2030 by:
18	(1) Building on the experience and resourcing strategies
19	of partnerships to encourage and promote effective
20	public, public-private, and civil society
21	partnerships;

1	(2)	Mobilizing additional financial resources from
2		multiple sources in furtherance of the State's
3		sustainability goals;
4	(3)	Significantly increasing investment in conservation
5		action from both public and private sector sources,
6		pursuant to the World Conservation Congress Hawai'i
7		Commitments of 2016;
8	(4)	Enhancing cooperation on and access to science,
9		technology, and innovation, and enhancing knowledge-
10		sharing on mutually agreed terms;
11	(5)	Promoting the development, transfer, dissemination,
12		and diffusion of technology and innovation that are
13		shown to promote environmental conservation and
14		sustainability;
15	(6)	Strengthening domestic resource mobilization to
16		improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue
17	ı	collection;
18	(7)	Enhancing statewide macroeconomic stability, including
19		through policy coordination and policy coherence;
20	(8)	Enhancing policy coherence for sustainable
21		development;

1	<u>(9)</u>	Respecting each agency's policy and leadership space
2		in order to establish and implement policies for
3		poverty eradication and sustainable development;
4	(10)	Enhancing capacity-building support to increase
5		significantly the availability of high-quality,
6		timely, and reliable data disaggregated by income,
7		gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status,
8		disability, geographic location, and other relevant
9		characteristics; and
10	(11)	Building on existing initiatives to develop
11		measurements of progress on sustainable development
12		that complement gross domestic product."
13	SECT	ION 3. New statutory material is underscored.
14	SECT	ION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

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Report Title:

Sustainable Development Goals; Goal Seventeen; Strengthening Implementation

Description:

Codifies sustainable development goals based on the United Nations' Global Goal seventeen, strengthening implementation. (SD2)

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