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A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE ELDERLY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that financial 2 exploitation is a fast growing form of elder abuse. Financial 3 exploitation occurs when a person misuses or takes the assets of 4 an elderly victim for that person's own personal benefit. This 5 frequently occurs without the explicit knowledge or consent of 6 the elderly victim and deprives the elderly victim of vital 7 financial resources. Assets are commonly taken via forms of 8 deception, false pretenses, coercion, harassment, duress, and 9 threats.

10 According to the National Adult Protective Services Association, recent research indicates that elder financial 11 exploitation is widespread and sometimes even deadly. The rate 12 13 of financial exploitation is high with one in twenty elderly 14 persons indicating some form of perceived financial mistreatment 15 occurring in the recent past. Elder abuse is vastly under-16 reported with only one in forty-four cases of financial abuse 17 being reported.



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1 Ninety per cent of abusers are family members or trusted 2 individuals, such as caregivers, neighbors, friends and 3 acquaintances, attorneys, bank employees, pastors, and doctors 4 or nurses. Common ways that family members or trusted 5 individuals exploit elderly victims to gain control over the 6 elderly victim's assets include misusing a power of attorney, 7 use of joint bank accounts in a manner not authorized by the 8 elderly victim, misusing ATM cards or stealing checks to 9 withdraw money, threatening to harm the elderly victim, refusing 10 to obtain care and medical services needed by the elderly 11 victim, and overcharging for in-home care provider services. 12 In Hawaii, state laws and various services protect 13 vulnerable adults, including the elderly. First, the adult 14 protective services program is a mandated service of the adult 15 protective and community services branch of the department of 16 human services, which provides crisis intervention, without 17 regard to income, including investigation and emergency services 18 for vulnerable adults who are reported to be abused, neglected, 19 or financially exploited by others or seriously endangered due 20 to self-neglect. Second, the attorney general is authorized by 21 law to bring a civil action on behalf of the State against any

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1 caregiver who commits abuse, including financial and economic 2 exploitation, of a dependent elder. Third, financial 3 institutions are required by law to report suspected financial abuse that is directed toward, targeted at, or is committed 4 5 against an elder to the department of human services and the 6 appropriate county police department if certain conditions 7 exist. Lastly, state law provides enhanced penalties for 8 certain crimes that are committed against an elderly person or 9 the property of an elderly person.

10 The purpose of this Act is to provide an additional 11 mechanism to protect the elderly against financial exploitation 12 by making the financial exploitation of an elder by a caregiver 13 a class felony.

SECTION 2. Chapter 708, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended by adding a new section to part IV to be appropriately designated and to read as follows:

17 "§708- Financial exploitation of an elder; caregivers.
18 (1) A caregiver commits the offense of financial exploitation
19 of an elder if the caregiver intentionally or knowingly
20 financially exploits the elder; provided that the total value of



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1	the money or property taken or used shall be more than
2	<u>\$</u>
3	(2) Financial exploitation of an elder is a class
4	felony.
5	(3) For the purposes of this section:
6	"Caregiver" means any person who has undertaken the
7	temporary or permanent care, custody, or physical control or
8	supervision of, or who has a legal or contractual duty to care
9	for the health, safety, and welfare of, an elder.
10	"Elder" means a person who, due to age, is physically or
11	mentally vulnerable.
12	"Financial exploitation" means the unauthorized taking,
13	withholding, misappropriation, or use of an elder's money, real
14	property, or personal property. "Financial exploitation" may
15	include but is not limited to:
16	(a) Breaches of fiduciary relationships, such as the
17	misuse of a power of attorney or the abuse of
18	guardianship privileges, resulting in the unauthorized
19	appropriation, sale, or transfer of property;
20	(b) The unauthorized taking of personal assets; or



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1	(c) The misappropriation, misuse, or unauthorized transfer
2	of moneys belonging to the elder from a personal or
3	joint account.
4	"Financial exploitation" may be committed by using coercion,
5	manipulation, threats, intimidation, misrepresentation, or undue
6	influence."
7	SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
8	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
9	begun before its effective date.
10	SECTION 4. New statutory material is underscored.
11	SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2075.



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Report Title: Kupuna Caucus; Elderly; Caregivers; Financial Exploitation; Elder Abuse; Penal Code

Description: Makes financial exploitation of an elder by a caregiver a felony. Defines "caregiver", "elder", and "financial exploitation". (HB432 HD2)

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