## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ELECTRIC GRID RESILIENCY.

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. The legislature finds that in September 2017,
2	Hurricanes Irma and Maria struck Puerto Rico with devastating
3	force, causing an estimated \$95,000,000,000 in damages to the
4	island, including extensive damages to the island's electrical
5	infrastructure. Recent estimates predict that power in Puerto
6	Rico will not be fully restored until spring of 2018, thus
7	leaving some residents without power for half a year. The
8	prolonged lack of electrical power has left the residents of
9	Puerto Rico without essential services and has created a
10	humanitarian crisis. The interdependencies between different
11	critical infrastructure sectors, including energy, water,
12	transportation, and communications, have further complicated
13	restoration efforts in Puerto Rico, underscoring the need for

The legislature further finds that a direct hit on Oahu from a similar category five hurricane would almost certainly cause extensive property damage and extended power outages

systemic resiliency planning.

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- 1 across the island. Moreover, much of the State's energy-
- 2 generating infrastructure is susceptible to storm surges due to
- 3 the structures being located at or near coastlines. The Hawaii
- 4 emergency management agency estimates that under a best-case
- 5 scenario, it would take at least fourteen days after landfall of
- 6 a category four hurricane on Oahu to restore eighty per cent of
- 7 grid power. Most public emergency shelters in the State do not
- 8 have the capacity to provide two weeks of electrical service,
- 9 and relief from the mainland is dependent upon a functioning
- 10 airport and seaport. Furthermore, the risks of a natural
- 11 disaster increase with the impacts of climate change.
- 12 Scientists have described 2017 as the most weather destructive
- 13 year on record and have opined that the number of extreme
- 14 weather events will continue to increase.
- 15 The legislature hereby declares that it shall be the policy
- 16 of the State to ensure that the State is prepared to withstand
- 17 natural disasters and other emergencies and protect the State's
- 18 critical infrastructure and its citizens by making investments
- 19 in grid resiliency. The goals of this policy are to:

# H.B. NO. 2249

1	(1)	Prevent or reduce the severity of damage to the
2		electric grid from a natural disaster or state of
3		emergency;
4	(2)	Enable faster recovery of normal grid operations after
5		a grid outage due to a natural disaster or state of
6		emergency; and
7	(3)	Maintain critical loads at critical infrastructure,
8		such as hospitals, fire stations, police stations,
9		airports, and seaports during a grid outage due to a
10		natural disaster or state of emergency.
11	The ]	purpose of this Act is to create a homeland security
12	and resil	iency council to identify electric grid and other
13	critical	infrastructure needs and provide recommendations for
14	enhancing	grid and critical infrastructure resiliency throughout
15	the State	
16	SECT	ION 2. Chapter 128A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended by	y adding a new section to be appropriately designated
18	and to rea	ad as follows:
19	" <u>§12</u>	8A- Homeland security and resiliency council;
20	membershi	p; duties. (a) There is established a homeland

1	security	and resiliency council, which shall be placed within
2	the offic	e of homeland security for administrative purposes.
3	<u>(b)</u>	The council shall comprise the following members or
4	their des	ignees:
5	(1)	The director of homeland security, who shall serve as
6		the co-chair of the council;
7	(2)	The director of the office of planning, who shall
8		serve as co-chair of the council;
9	(3)	The administrator of the Hawaii emergency management
10		agency;
11	(4)	The director of transportation;
12	(5)	The executive officer of the public utilities
13		commission;
14	(6)	The directors of each of the county emergency
15		management agencies; and
16	(7)	The directors of each of the county water supply
17		departments.
18	(c)	The president of the senate and the speaker of the
19	house of	representatives shall jointly invite:
20	(1)	Representatives of each electric utility company
21		operating in Hawaii;

1	<u>(2)</u> R	epresentatives of each telecommunications company
2	<u>s</u>	erving at least one hundred thousand customers in
3	<u>H</u>	awaii; and
4	<u>(3)</u> R	epresentatives of each fuel importer and fuel refiner
5	<u>o</u>	perating in Hawaii.
6	(d) I	n addition to the members listed in subsections (b)
7	and (c), th	e co-chairs of the council may request the
8	participati	on or input of members of the public; experts in the
9	field; coun	ty, state, or federal officials; or others as
10	necessary.	
11	<u>(e) M</u>	embers of the council shall serve without
12	compensatio	n, but shall be reimbursed for necessary expenses
13	incurred in	the performance of their duties.
14	(f) T	he council shall:
15	<u>(1)</u> <u>E</u>	stablish strategies, goals, priorities, and
16	r	ecommendations to enhance the security and resiliency
17	0	f the electric grid and other critical infrastructure
18	s	ectors in the State, and give appropriate
19	<u>C</u>	onsideration to interdependencies between the sectors
20	<u>a</u> :	nd to differing needs of communities based on

1		location, access to resources, and vulnerabilities;	
2		and	
3	(2)	Assess the capacity and availability of existing	
4		resources and identify new sources of revenue	
5		necessary to enhance resiliency of critical	
6		infrastructure sectors.	
7	(g)	The council shall submit a report summarizing its	
8	findings,	recommendations, and the status of actions to enhance	
9	electric	grid and other critical infrastructure sector security	
10	and resil	iency to the governor, legislature, and mayor and	
11	county council of each county no later than twenty days prior t		
12	the conve	ning of the regular session of 2019, and every two	
13	years the	reafter.	
14	(h)	In carrying out its duties, the council, to the extent	
15	permitted	by law, shall take appropriate measures to protect	
16	from publ	ic release any confidential or sensitive information if	
17	the relea	se of that information could expose critical	
18	infrastru	cture to attack or damage.	
19	(i)	Nothing in this section shall be deemed to delegate or	
20	detract i	n any way from the functions, powers, and duties	

1 conferred by law or ordinance on any state or county department 2 or agency." 3 SECTION 3. Section 128A-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 amended by adding three new definitions to be appropriately 5 inserted and to read as follows: 6 ""Critical infrastructure sector" means a sector whose 7 assets, systems, and networks, whether physical or virtual, are 8 vital to the State's security, economic security, public health 9 or safety, or any combination thereof, including but not limited 10 to the water, transportation, electrical energy, fuel import and 11 refining, and communications sectors. 12 "Electric grid" means the network of electric generators, 13 transmission and distribution lines, substations, energy storage 14 devices, and supporting infrastructure used to produce and 15 deliver electricity to end-users. 16 "Resiliency" means the capacity to prevent or reduce the **17** severity of damage from natural disaster or manmade emergencies, 18 and to enable faster recovery of normal infrastructure 19 operations after a natural disaster or manmade emergency." 20 SECTION 4. There is appropriated out of the general

revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$

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or so

- 1 much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2018-2019 for
- 2 the homeland security and resiliency council to perform its
- 3 duties under chapter 128A, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
- 4 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the office of
- 5 homeland security for the purposes of this Act.
- 6 SECTION 5. New statutory material is underscored.
- 7 SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect on January 1, 2100.

### Report Title:

Homeland Security and Resiliency Council; Appropriation

### Description:

Establishes a homeland security and resiliency council to assess the resilience of the State's electric grid and other critical infrastructure to natural disasters and other emergencies and make recommendations. Requires the council to report to legislature. Appropriates funds. Takes effect on 1/1/2100. (SD)

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