A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ELECTIONS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the current 2 plurality voting method in special elections allows a candidate 3 to win an election with less than a majority of votes when there are more than two candidates for the office. In elections with 4 5 many candidates, the plurality method may result in winners who received small percentages of votes and who are not widely 6 supported by voters. For the winners, this may raise concerns 7 about a lack of public support and confidence that may undermine 8 9 the ability of the elected to govern effectively.

Ranked choice voting is an election method that provides voters the ability to rank candidates in order of choice, as the voter's first, second, and later choices. Tabulation begins with each voter's first choice vote. If a candidate receives a majority of votes, that candidate wins. If no candidate receives a majority of votes, the candidate with the fewest votes is eliminated and each vote counting for that candidate



counts for the voter's next choice in the subsequent round.
 That process repeats by eliminating the candidate with the
 fewest votes and counting each vote for the highest ranked
 remaining candidate in the next round, until two candidates
 remain, and the candidate with the most votes wins.

6 The legislature further finds that ranked choice voting has been used effectively in the United States and around the world. 7 8 Notable cities include San Francisco, Oakland, Berkeley, and San Leandro, California; and Minneapolis and Saint Paul, Minnesota. 9 10 In 2010, North Carolina used ranked choice voting for a statewide judicial vacancy election as well as three county-11 12 level judicial elections. Five states, South Carolina, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, and Arkansas use ranked choice 13 14 voting for uniformed and overseas voters in primary elections 15 with potential runoffs. Ranked choice voting is used in many other countries, including by voters in Australia, Ireland, New 16 Zealand, Malta, Northern Ireland, and Scotland. Voters in the 17 state of Maine voted to adopt ranked choice for all state and 18 19 congressional offices in November 2016.



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Finally, the legislature finds that modern voting systems,
1 including optical scanners produced by Hawaii's current voting
2 system vendor, have federal certification for ranked choice
3 voting capability.

4 The purpose of this Act is to authorize the use of ranked 5 choice voting for special elections held for Congressional races 6 in this State and for council member races in counties that 7 adopt ranked choice voting.

8 SECTION 2. Chapter 11, Hawaii Revised States, is amended
9 by adding three new sections to part X to be appropriately
10 designated and to read as follows:

11 "§11-A Ranked choice voting; procedure for counting votes. 12 (a) To determine the winners in an election conducted by ranked choice voting, election officials shall initially count each 13 ballot as one vote for the candidate at its highest continuing 14 15 ranking or as an inactive ballot. If a candidate has more than half of the total votes counting for candidates, that candidate 16 shall be declared the winner for that office and tabulation is 17 18 complete.

19 (b) If no candidate is declared the winner after the

20 initial count, the tabulation proceeds in rounds. Each round

21 shall proceed sequentially as follows:



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1	(1)	If two or fewer continuing candidates remain, the
2		candidate with the greatest number of votes shall be
3		declared the winner for that office and tabulation is
4		complete; and
5	(2)	If more than two continuing candidates remain, the
6		candidate with the fewest votes is deemed defeated.
7		Votes for the defeated candidate shall cease counting
8		for the defeated candidate and shall be added to the
9		totals of each ballot's highest ranked continuing
10		candidate or counted as inactive ballots. A new round
11		then begins with subsection (b)(1).
12	(c)	Once a winner has been declared pursuant to subsection
13	(b), a ce	rtificate of election declaring the results shall be
14	issued pu	rsuant to section 11-156.
15	<u>§11-</u>	B Ranked choice voting; generally. (a) A ballot
16	shall be	deemed inactive if it does not rank any continuing
17	candidate	s, if it ranks more than one continuing candidate at
18	its highe	st continuing ranking, or if it includes two or more
19	consecuti	ve skipped rankings prior to its highest continuing
20	ranking.	
21	(b)	The chief election official shall determine a random
22	selection	algorithm prior to tabulation to resolve ties between
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1	candidates. If a tie between candidates occurs at any stage in
2	the tabulation and tabulation cannot proceed until the tie is
3	resolved, then the random selection algorithm shall resolve the
4	tie.
5	§11-C Ranked choice voting; application. (a) Any federal
6	election not held on the date of a regularly scheduled primary
7	or general election shall be conducted by ranked choice voting.
8	Any federal election conducted by ranked choice voting shall be
9	conducted by mail, pursuant to section 11-91.5. No subsequent
10	separate runoff election shall be held.
11	(b) Any county may declare, by ordinance, charter, or
12	charter amendment, that elections for county council member
13	shall be conducted by ranked choice voting. For any such
14	elections, no prior primary election or subsequent separate
15	runoff election shall be held.
16	(c) The election proclamation required pursuant to section
17	11-91 shall state that votes shall be cast and tabulated using
18	ranked choice voting and provide an explanation of ranked choice
19	voting.
20	(d) For purposes of this section, the chief election
21	officer and county clerks shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter
22	91 to provide for the use of mechanical, electronic, or other
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1	means dev:	ised for marking, sorting, and counting the ballots and
2	tabulating	g the votes for any election conducted by ranked choice
3	voting.	
4	(e)	For any election conducted by ranked choice voting
5	prior to	the year 2021, the chief election officer and county
6	clerks may	y modify the ballot and tabulation to the extent
7	necessary	to administer the election on the current voting
8	system in	any of the following ways:
9	(1)	The number of allowable rankings may be limited to no
10		fewer than three;
11	(2)	If a candidate in any round has more than half of the
12		votes counting for candidates in that round, then that
13		candidate may be elected and no further tabulation
14		shall be conducted;
15	(3)	The method for resolving ties between candidates at
16		any point in the tabulation procedure may be modified
17		as necessary; or
18	(4)	An inactive ballot may be modified as necessary;
19		provided that a ballot that ranks a continuing
20		candidate at its highest continuing ranking may not be
21		counted as an inactive ballot.



1	(f) In any election conducted by ranked choice voting, the
2	ballot shall be simple and easy to understand. The ballot shall
3	allow voters to rank every listed candidate in order of choice,
4	or if the chief election officer determines that it is not
5	feasible to allow voters to rank every candidate, the number of
6	allowable rankings may be limited to the smaller of six or the
7	number of candidates listed. Prior to finalization and
8	printing, sample ballots shall be made available for at least
9	seven days on the office of elections' website and at the office
10	of elections for public review and comment. Sample ballots
11	illustrating the procedures for ranked choice voting shall be
12	included in the instruction materials for mail ballots, and
13	posted on the office of elections' website. The office of
14	elections shall distribute educational materials explaining
15	ranked choice voting prior to the election."
16	SECTION 3. Section 11-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17	amended by adding four new definitions to be appropriately
18	inserted and to read as follows:
19	" "Continuing candidate" means any candidate that has not
20	been defeated or elected.



1	"Highest continuing ranking" means the highest ranking for
2	any continuing candidate on a ballot that is not an inactive
3	ballot.
4	"Ranked choice voting" means the method of casting and
5	tabulating votes in which voters rank candidates in order of
6	choice, tabulation proceeds in sequential rounds in which last-
7	place candidates are defeated, and the candidate with the most
8	votes in the final round is elected.
9	"Ranking" means the number assigned by a voter to a
10	candidate to express the voter's choice for that candidate. A
11	ranking of "1" is the highest ranking followed by "2" then "3"
12	and proceeding until the largest number is reached."
13	SECTION 4. Section 11-112, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended to read as follows:
15	"§11-112 Contents of ballot. (a) The ballot shall contain
16	the names of the candidates, their party affiliation or
17	nonpartisanship in partisan election contests, the offices for
18	which they are running, and the district in which the election
19	is being held. In multimember races the ballot shall state that
20	the voter shall not vote for more than the number of seats



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available or the number of candidates listed where [such] the number of candidates is [less] fewer than the number of seats available.

(b) The ballot may include questions concerning proposed
 state constitutional amendments, proposed county charter
 amendments, or proposed initiative or referendum issues.

4 (c) At the chief election officer's discretion, the ballot
5 may have a background design imprinted onto it.

6 (d) When the electronic voting system is used, the ballot
7 may have pre-punched codes and printed information which
8 identify the voting districts, precincts, and ballot sets to
9 facilitate the electronic data processing of these ballots.

(e) The name of the candidate may be printed with the
Hawaiian or English equivalent or nickname, if the candidate so
requests in writing at the time the candidate's nomination
papers are filed. Candidates' names, including the Hawaiian or
English equivalent or nickname, shall be set on one line.

15 (f) The ballot shall bear no word, motto, device, sign, or
16 symbol other than <u>as</u> allowed in this title.

17 (g) The ballot may include information necessary to use
18 ranked choice voting as described in sections 11-A, 11-B, and

19 <u>11-C.</u>"



1	SECT:	ION 5. Section 11-151, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended to	o read as follows:
3	"§11	-151 Vote count. [Each] Except for contests conducted
4	by ranked	choice voting, each contest or question on a ballot
5	shall be	counted independently as follows:
6	(1)	If the votes cast in a contest or <u>on a</u> question are
7		equal to or less than the number to be elected or
8		chosen for that contest or question, the votes for
9		that contest or question shall be counted;
10	(2)	If the votes cast in a contest or question exceed the
11		number to be elected or chosen for that contest or
12		question, the votes for that contest or question shall
13		not be counted; and
14	(3)	If a contest or question requires a majority of the
15		votes for passage, any blank, spoiled, or invalid
16		ballot shall not be tallied for passage or as votes
17		cast except that such ballots shall be counted as
18		votes cast in ratification of a constitutional
19		amendment or a question for a constitutional
20		convention."
21	SECT	ION 6. Section 11-152, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is

22 amended to read as follows:



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"§11-152 Method of counting. (a) In an election using 1 2 the paper ballot voting system, immediately after the close of the polls, the chairperson of the precinct officials shall open 3 the ballot box. The precinct officials at the precinct shall 4 proceed to count the votes as follows: 5 The whole number of ballots shall first be counted to 6 (1)7 see if their number corresponds with the number of 8 ballots cast as recorded by the precinct officials; If the number of ballots corresponds with the number 9 (2)of persons recorded by the precinct officials as 10 having voted, the precinct officials shall then 11 12 proceed to count the [vote] votes cast for each candidate; and 13 If there are more ballots or [less] fewer ballots than 14 (3) 15 the record calls for the precinct, officials shall proceed as directed in section 11-153. 16 In those precincts using the electronic voting system, 17 (b) the ballots shall be taken in the sealed ballot boxes to the 18 19 counting center according to the procedure and schedule promulgated by the chief election officer to promote the 20 security of the ballots. In the presence of official observers, 21 counting center employees may start to count the ballots prior 22



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1 to the closing of the polls; provided <u>that</u> there shall be no
2 printout by the computer or other disclosure of the number of
3 votes cast for a candidate or on a question prior to the closing
4 of the polls. For the purposes of this section, the closing of
5 the polls is that time identified in section 11-131 as the
6 closing hour of voting.

7 (c) In an election conducted by ranked choice voting,
8 votes shall be counted as provided in sections 11-A and 11-B."
9 SECTION 7. Section 11-155, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10 amended to read as follows:

11 "§11-155 Certification of results of election. On receipt 12 of certified tabulations from the election officials concerned, 13 the chief election officer <u>in state elections</u> or county clerk in 14 county elections shall compile, certify, and release the 15 election results after the expiration of the time for bringing 16 an election contest. The certification shall be based on a 17 comparison and reconciliation of the following:

18 (1) The results of the canvass of ballots conducted19 pursuant to chapter 16;

20 (2) The audit of pollbooks (and related record books) and
21 resultant overage and underage report;

22 (3) The audit results of the manual audit team;



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1	(4) 7	The results of the absentee ballot reconciliation
2	1	report compiled by the clerks; and
3	(5) <i>I</i>	All logs, tally sheets, and other documents generated
4	C	during the election and in the canvass of the election
5]	results.
6	A cert	cificate of election or a certificate of results
7	declaring t	the results of the election as of election day shall
8	be issued p	pursuant to section 11-156; provided that in the event
9	of an overa	age or underage, a list of all precincts in which an
10	overage or	underage occurred shall be attached to the
11	certificate	e. The [number of] candidates to be elected
12	[receiving	the highest number of] who receive the most votes in
13	any electio	on district shall be declared to be elected $[-]_{j}$
14	provided t	hat candidates for office elected by ranked choice
15	voting sha	ll be declared to be elected pursuant to section 11-A.
16	Unless oth	erwise provided, the term of office shall begin or end
17	as of the	close of polls on election day. The position on the
18	question r	eceiving the appropriate majority of the votes cast
19	shall be r	eflected in a certificate of results issued pursuant
20	to section	11-156."
21	SECTI	ON 8. In codifying the new sections added by section

22 2 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute



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1 appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating 2 the new sections in this Act. 3 SECTION 9. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 4 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. 5 SECTION 10. This Act shall take effect upon its approval; 6 provided that no later than December 31, 2017, the chief 7 election officer and each county clerk shall adopt rules 8 pursuant to chapter 91, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to effectuate 9 the purposes of this Act.

INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 1 9 2017



Report Title: Elections; Ranked Choice Voting

Description:

Establishes ranked choice voting for special election for Congressional races and for the election of council members in counties that have adopted the method.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

