[CHAPTER 572D] UNIFORM PREMARITAL AGREEMENT ACT

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" [§572D-1] Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

"Premarital agreement" means an agreement between prospective spouses made in contemplation of marriage and to be effective upon marriage.

"Property" means an interest, present or future, legal or equitable, vested or contingent, in real or personal property, including income and earnings. [L 1987, c 321, pt of §1]

" [§572D-2] Formalities. A premarital agreement must be in writing and signed by both parties. It is enforceable without consideration. [L 1987, c 321, pt of §1]

Case Notes

Cited: 522 F. Supp. 2d 1272 (2007).

- " [§572D-3] Content. (a) Parties to a premarital agreement may contract with respect to:
 - (1) The rights and obligations of each of the parties in any of the property of either or both of them whenever and wherever acquired or located;
 - (2) The right to buy, sell, use, transfer, exchange, abandon, lease, consume, expend, assign, create a security interest in, mortgage, encumber, dispose of, or otherwise manage and control property;
 - (3) The disposition of property upon separation, marital dissolution, death, or the occurrence or nonoccurrence of any other event;
 - (4) The modification or elimination of spousal support;
 - (5) The making of a will, trust, or other arrangement to carry out the provisions of the agreement;
 - (6) The ownership rights in and disposition of the death benefit from a life insurance policy;
 - (7) The choice of law governing the construction of the agreement; and
 - (8) Any other matter, including their personal rights and obligations, not in violation of public policy or a statute imposing a criminal penalty.
- (b) The right of a child to support may not be adversely affected by a premarital agreement. [L 1987, c 321, pt of §1]
- " [§572D-4] Effect of marriage. A premarital agreement becomes effective upon marriage of the parties to each other. [L 1987, c 321, pt of §1]

- " [§572D-5] Amendment; revocation. After marriage, a premarital agreement may be amended or revoked only by a written agreement signed by the parties. The amended agreement or the revocation is enforceable without consideration. [L 1987, c 321, pt of §1]
- " [§572D-6] Enforcement. (a) A premarital agreement is enforceable and shall be binding in any action unless the party against whom enforcement is sought proves that:
 - (1) That party did not execute the agreement voluntarily; or
 - (2) The agreement was unconscionable when it was executed and, before execution of the agreement, that party:
 - (A) Was not provided a fair and reasonable disclosure of the property or financial obligations of the other party;
 - (B) Did not voluntarily and expressly waive, in writing, any right to disclosure of the property or financial obligations of the other party beyond the disclosure provided; and
 - (C) Did not have, or reasonably could not have had, an adequate knowledge of the property or financial obligations of the other party.
- (b) If a provision of a premarital agreement modifies or eliminates spousal support and that modification or elimination causes one party to the agreement to be eligible for support under a program of public assistance at the time of separation or marital dissolution, a court, notwithstanding the terms of the agreement, may require the other party to provide support to the extent necessary to avoid eligibility for public assistance.
- (c) An issue of unconscionability of a premarital agreement shall be decided by the court as a matter of law. [L 1987, c 321, pt of §1]
- " [§572D-7] Enforcement; void marriage. If a marriage is determined to be void, an agreement that would otherwise have been a premarital agreement is enforceable only to the extent necessary to avoid an inequitable result. [L 1987, c 321, pt of §1]
- " [§572D-8] Limitation of actions. Any statute of limitations applicable to an action asserting a claim for relief under a premarital agreement is tolled during the marriage of the parties to the agreement. However, equitable defenses limiting the time for enforcement, including laches and estoppel, are available to either party. [L 1987, c 321, pt of §1]

- " [§572D-9] Application and construction. This chapter shall be applied and construed to effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law with respect to the subject of this chapter among states enacting it. [L 1987, c 321, pt of §1]
- " [§572D-10] Prior agreements. All written agreements entered into prior to July 1, 1987, between prospective spouses for the purpose of affecting any of the provisions of this chapter shall be valid and enforceable if otherwise valid as contracts. [L 1987, c 321, pt of §1]

Revision Note

"July 1, 1987" and "chapter" substituted for "the enactment of this Act" and "Act".

Case Notes

If the premarital agreement is a valid contract, the agreement must be enforced. The agreement will not be enforced if party did not freely and voluntarily enter into the agreement or the agreement is unconscionable. Issue of unconscionability of provision governing division of property should be evaluated at time agreement was executed. 69 H. 497, 748 P.2d 1362.

Where marriage of husband and wife and their relinquishment of their rights in each other's estate constituted adequate consideration for their premarital agreement, no evidence was adduced that wife signed the agreement under duress, coercion, undue influence, or any other circumstances indicating lack of free will or voluntariness, and agreement was not unacceptably one-sided and did not involve terms of unfair surprise so as to render it unconscionable, trial court erred in concluding that agreement was unenforceable. 114 H. 286 (App.), 162 P.3d 2 (2007).

" [§572D-11] Short title. This chapter may be cited as the Uniform Premarital Agreement Act. [L 1987, c 321, pt of §1]