H.B. NO. ¹⁵² H.D. 1

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO WHEELING.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Hawaii's electricity 2 customers continue to endure the highest electricity prices in 3 the country, and the high cost of electricity imposes substantial burdens on Hawaii's households and businesses. 4 Although some states in the 1990s opted to fully or partially 5 6 unbundle their electricity sectors to allow for competitive 7 generation segments, separate transmission and distribution 8 segments, and independent system operators, Hawaii has yet to 9 unbundle its electricity sector, with each island's utility 10 still operating as a vertically-integrated regulated monopoly.

11 The legislature also finds that retail wheeling refers to 12 the distribution of electricity owned by an independent power 13 supplier and sold to a retail consumer over transmission and 14 distribution lines of a public utility that is not itself 15 producing the electricity. Fifteen states have actively 16 restructured their energy markets and adopted retail wheeling in 17 some form. However, in Hawaii, independent power producers must



1

H.B. NO. ¹⁵² H.D. 1

sell power to a public utility rather than allowing for direct
sale to end users.

The legislature believes that given Hawaii's environment and electricity market, wheeling can provide a vehicle for increased competition in energy markets and improved service and customer choice without requiring the utility to divest its own generation assets or lose control over the operation of transmission and distribution.

9 The legislature finds that retail wheeling can be an 10 effective means of fostering innovation and greater renewable 11 energy production, as independent power producers can take 12 advantage of end user preferences for cleaner power to secure 13 higher prices for their output than may be possible under a 14 given utility's avoided cost formula. Retail wheeling would 15 provide an alternative option for independent power producers 16 that is not available under the feed-in-tariff schedule being 17 established by the public utilities commission and the consumer 18 advocate.

19 The legislature believes that expanding independent power 20 producers' off-take options will help to attract additional 21 renewable energy investment, thus contributing to local economic

HB152 HD1 HMS 2017-2122

2

H.B. NO. ¹⁵² H.D. 1

development, job creation, and greater energy security for the
State.

The purpose of this Act is to require the public utilities commission to explore the feasibility of implementing retail wheeling in Hawaii to increase competition within Hawaii's electrical markets, expand customer choice, provide incentives for the production of renewable energy, and diversify Hawaii's energy base.

9 SECTION 2. The public utilities commission shall explore, 10 including the opening of an investigatory docket as may be 11 necessary, the feasibility of implementing retail wheeling in 12 Hawaii and, if implementing retail wheeling is found to be 13 beneficial, to explore the appropriate steps to be taken to 14 implement retail wheeling. The public utilities commission 15 shall report on the status of this investigation, including any proposed legislation, to the legislature no later than twenty 16 17 days prior to the convening of the regular session of 2018. 18 Thereafter, the public utilities commission shall submit an 19 annual report on the status of the implementation of retail 20 wheeling in the State, if any, until the implementation is 21 complete.



3

H.B. NO. ¹⁵² H.D. 1

1

SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2017.



H.B. NO. ¹⁵² ^{H.D. 1}

Report Title: Electricity; Retail Wheeling

Description:

Requires the Public Utilities Commission to explore the feasibility of implementing retail wheeling in Hawaii. Requires the Commission to report on the status of the investigation and the status of the implementation of retail wheeling annually until the implementation is complete. (HB152 HD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.

